BP PLC Form 6-K February 08, 2005

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

Report of Foreign Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

for the period ended 8 February 2005

BP p.l.c. (Translation of registrant's name into English)

1 ST JAMES'S SQUARE, LONDON, SW1Y 4PD, ENGLAND (Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F |X| Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2 (b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No |X|

BP p.l.c. Group Results 4th Quarter and Full Year 2004

London 8 February 2005

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

RECORD ANNUAL RESULT AND STRONG CASH FLOW FOURTH QUARTERLY DIVIDEND INCREASED 26% ON A YEAR AGO

Fourth Third Fourth

Quarter (~	Quarter 2004	\$ million	2004	Year 2003	%
2,250	3 , 456	3,028	Replacement cost profit for the period (a)	14,088	10,466	====
637	481 	618	Acquisition amortization(b)	2,120	2 , 392	
•	,	3,646 =====	Pro forma result	•	12 , 858	26 ====
13.07 0.78 7.68	18.17 1.09 9.99	16.89 1.02 9.05	<pre>- per ordinary share (cents) - per ADS (dollars) - per ordinary share (pence)</pre>	4.46		28 14
=======						
		8.50 0.51 4.522	Dividend per share (cents) Dividend per ADS (dollars) Dividend per share (pence)		26.00 1.56 15.517	13
			The state of the s		=======	====

- BP's fourth quarter pro forma result was \$3,646 million, compared with \$2,887 million a year ago, an increase of 26%. For the year, the result was \$16,208 million compared with \$12,858 million, up 26%. Replacement cost profit for the fourth quarter and year was \$3,028 million and \$14,088 million respectively, compared with \$2,250 million and \$10,466 million a year ago.
- The fourth quarter result includes net exceptional and non-operating charges of \$1,127 million compared with a net gain of \$204 million in the fourth quarter of 2003.
- o The fourth quarter trading environment was stronger than a year ago, with higher oil and gas realizations and higher refining, marketing and chemicals margins.
- o Net cash outflow for the quarter was \$1.0 billion and net cash inflow for the year was \$6.0 billion, compared with an outflow of \$1.8 billion and an inflow of \$1.4 billion a year ago. Net cash inflow from operating activities for the quarter and year was \$7.0 billion and \$28.6 billion respectively, compared with \$3.5 billion and \$21.7 billion a year ago. Strong annual cash flow has enabled significant share buy-backs.
- O The pro forma ratio of net debt to net debt plus equity was 24% at the end of the quarter.
- Return on average capital employed for the quarter and year respectively, on a pro forma basis, was 17.4% and 19.6%, compared with 15.5% and 17.8% a year ago. The cash return for the quarter was 39% compared with 28% a year ago, and for the year was 35% compared with 31% a year ago.
- The quarterly dividend is 8.50 cents per share (\$0.51 per ADS). This compares with 6.75 cents per share a year ago. For the year the dividend showed an increase of 13%. In sterling terms, the quarterly dividend is 4.522 pence per share compared with 3.674 pence a year ago; for the year the dividend showed an increase of 4%. During the year, the company repurchased for cancellation 827 million of its own shares, at a cost of \$7.5 billion.

BP Group Chief Executive, Lord Browne, said:

"Against the backdrop of strong oil demand, we have had a very successful year both operationally and financially. Our strong cash flow is now reflecting the results of our significant investment programme over the past few years and improvements in underlying performance in line with strategy. As a result of the strong cash flow we have been able to continue to invest for the future of the company, we have made significant share buybacks and we have consistently increased the dividend. In addition, our confidence in the future has enabled us to make the step change in the dividend announced today."

The pro forma result has been derived from the group's reported UK GAAP accounting information but is not in itself a recognized UK or US GAAP measure. This financial performance information and measures derived therefrom, shown above and elsewhere in the document, are provided in order to enable investors to evaluate better BP's performance against that of its competitors. BP will discontinue pro forma reporting at the time it adopts International Financial Reporting Standards with effect from the first quarter of 2005.

- (a) Replacement cost profit for the period includes the net profit or loss on the sale of fixed assets and businesses or termination of operations. It also includes non-operating items identified by the group, primarily asset write-downs/impairment, environmental and other provisions and restructuring, integration and rationalization costs. These items do not meet the criteria to be classified as operating exceptional items.
- (b) Acquisition amortization is depreciation and amortization relating to the fixed asset revaluation adjustments and goodwill consequent upon the ARCO and Burmah Castrol acquisitions. The results for 2003 and 2004 include accelerated depreciation of the revaluation adjustment in respect of the impairment of former ARCO assets.

Summary Fourth Quarter Results

Exploration and Production's record fourth quarter result was up 68% on a year ago reflecting higher liquids and gas realizations and increased volumes, partly offset by the impact of the weaker US dollar and higher costs.

The Refining and Marketing result was a record \$1,799 million, an increase of \$1,268 million compared with a year ago. This was driven primarily by significantly higher refining margins, higher marketing margins and an exceptional gain, offset partly by charges related primarily to a review of carrying values of fixed and current marketing assets.

The Petrochemicals result reflects exceptional and non-operating charges, higher fixed costs and adverse foreign exchange impacts, offset partially by higher margins and volumes.

In Gas, Power and Renewables, the improved result reflects a higher marketing and trading result, a higher contribution from the natural gas liquids and solar businesses and an exceptional gain.

Interest and other finance expense for the quarter was \$315 million compared with \$235 million for the prior quarter. The increase relates primarily to an increase in debt, higher interest rates and a revaluation of environmental and other provisions at a lower discount rate.

The pro forma effective tax rate on replacement cost profit was 36.6%.

Capital expenditure, excluding acquisitions, was \$4.6 billion for the quarter. Total capital expenditure and acquisitions was \$6.1 billion including the acquisition of Solvay's interests in BP Solvay Polyethylene Europe and BP Solvay Polyethylene North America. Disposal proceeds for the quarter were \$1 billion.

Net debt at the end of the quarter was \$21.6 billion. The pro forma ratio of net debt to net debt plus equity was 24% at the end of the year compared with 22% at the end of the third quarter.

During the fourth quarter, the company repurchased for cancellation 206 million of its own shares, at a cost of \$2 billion.

The commentaries above and following are based on the pro forma replacement cost results.

TNK-BP operational and financial information has been estimated.

BP Solvay ventures were consolidated with effect from 2 November 2004.

The financial information for 2003 has been restated to reflect (a) the transfer of natural gas liquids (NGLs) operations from the Exploration and Production segment to Gas, Power and Renewables on 1 January 2004; (b) the adoption by the group of Financial Reporting Standard No. 17 'Retirement Benefits' (FRS 17) with effect from 1 January 2004; and (c) the adoption by the group of Urgent Issues Task Force Abstract No. 38 'Accounting for ESOP Trusts' with effect from 1 January 2004. For further information see Note 1.

Exceptional and Non-Operating Items

		4Q 2004			
<pre>\$ million</pre>	Exceptional Items				
Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing	32 58	(52)			
Petrochemicals	(377)	(1,149)			
Gas, Power and Renewables	40	-			
Other businesses and corporate	(26)	(29)			
	(273)	(1,230)			
Taxation	130	246(b)(c)			
	(143)	(984)			

- (a) Charges for environmental and other provisions have been classified as non-operating items in 2004 and prior periods restated to conform with this treatment.
- (b) The Petrochemicals non-operating items, primarily impairment charges, attract tax relief at a lower rate than described in note (c) below
- (c) Tax on other non-operating items and Unrealized Profit in Stock (UPIS) is calculated using the pro forma effective tax rate on replacement cost profit, excluding exceptional items, of 34.3%.

Reconciliation of Reported Results to Pro Forma Results

Pro Forma Result			4Q 2	004	Pro Forma Re		a Result
2003	2004	2004	Acq. Amort+	Earnings*	<pre>\$ million</pre>	2004 =====	2003
					Exploration and		
3 , 274	5,144	5 , 489	396	5,093	Production Refining and	19 , 759	16,232
531	1,301	1,799	222	1,577	Marketing	5,603	3,144
					Petrochemicals Gas, Power	(900)	568
86	130	399	_	399	and Renewables Other businesses	943	570
465	(424)	(227)	 	(227)	and corporate	314	(184)
					RC profit before		
4,397	6 , 339	6 , 189	618		interest and tax	25 , 719	20,330
					Interest and Other		
(312)	(235)	(315)	_	(315)	finance expense	(999)	(1, 191)
(1, 157)	(2, 109)	(2, 152)	_	(2,152)	Taxation	(8,282)	(6,111)
(41)	(58)	(76)	_	(76)	MSI	(230)	(170)
2,887	3 , 937	3,646	618	3,028	RC profit	16,208	12,858
				(494)	Stock holding gains	(losses)	
				2,534	HC profit		

- * Replacement cost profit for the period includes the net profit or loss on the sale of fixed assets and businesses or termination of operations. It also includes non-operating items identified by the group, primarily asset write-downs/impairment, environmental and other provisions and restructuring, integration and rationalization costs. These items do not meet the criteria to be classified as operating exceptional items.
- + Acquisition amortization is depreciation and amortization relating to the fixed asset revaluation adjustments and goodwill consequent upon the ARCO and Burmah Castrol acquisitions. The results for 2003 and 2004 include accelerated depreciation of the revaluation adjustment in respect of the impairment of former ARCO assets.

Operating Results and Per Share Amounts

Fourth Quarter 2003	Third Quarter 2004	Fourth Quarter 2004		-	2004	Year 2003
3 , 760	5 , 858	5 , 571	Replacement cost Profit before interest and tax	(\$m)	23,599	17,938
			Results for the period (\$m)			

2,887 2,250 2,334	3,456	3,646 3,028 2,534	-	it 14,088	10,466
			Shares in issue at		
22,122,610	21,713,966	21,525,978	period end (thousand)2 - ADS equivalent	21,525,978	22,122,610
3,687,102	3,618,994	3,587,663	•	3,587,663	3,687,102
22,103,542	21,683,963	21,607,872	-	21,820,535	22,170,741
3,683,924	3,613,994	3,601,312		3,636,756	3,695,124
			Per ordinary share (cents)		
13.07	18.17	16.89	Pro forma result RC profit	74.27	57.99
10.18	15.96	14.03	-	64.55	47.20
10.56	20.67	11.80	-	72.08	47.27
			Per ADS (cents)		
78.42	109.02	101.34	Pro forma result RC profit	445.62	347.94
61.08	95.76	84.18	-	387.30	283.20
63.36	124.02	70.80	-	432.48	283.62

Exploration and Production

4 Q	3Q	4Q		Y	ear
			\$ million		2003
======		====		======	=====
			Replacement cost profit		
2,848 4	•	•	before interest and tax	18,520	•
426	261	396	Acquisition amortization	1,239	1 , 566
			Pro forma replacement cost result		
3,274 5	•	•	before interest and tax	19,759	•
======		====	Results include:	======	=====
(308)	(7)	(117)	Asset write-downs/impairment	(407)	(357)
_	_	_	Environmental and other provisions	_	_
			Restructuring, integration and		
(15)	_	-	rationalization costs	_	(117)
_	(35)	8	Other	(27)	_
(57)	(95)	57	Unrealized profit in stock (UPIS)	(191)	(61)
(380)	(137)	(52)	Total non-operating items and UPIS	(625)	(535)
(49)	23	32	Exceptional items	152	913
======		====		======	
			Total non-operating items, UPIS		
(429)	(114)	(20)	and exceptional items	(473)	378
======				======	

193	135	258	Exploration expense Of which:	637	542
129	34	151		274	297
			Production (Net of Royalties)		
2,248	2,298	2,396	Crude oil (mb/d)	•	1,911
206	181	197	Natural gas liquids (mb/d)	191	210
2,454	2,479	2,593	Total liquids (mb/d)(a)	2,531	2,121
8,600	8,275	8,714	Natural gas (mmcf/d)	8,503	8,613
3,936	3,906	4,095	Total hydrocarbons (mboe/d)(b)	3 , 997	3,606
=====				======	
			Average realizations		
28.18			Crude oil (\$/bbl)	36.45	
20.15			Natural gas liquids (\$/bbl)		19.26
27.30	38.29	39.88	Total liquids (\$/bbl)	35.39	27.25
3.18	3.66	4.28	Natural gas (\$/mcf)	3.86	3.39
23.15	30.08	32.64	Total hydrocarbons (\$/bbl)	29.20	23.69
=====				======	
			Average oil marker prices (\$/bbl)		
29.43	/1 E/	/2 OE	Brent	20 27	28.83
31.15			West Texas Intermediate		31.06
29.43			Alaska North Slope US West Coast	38.96	29.59
			Average natural gas marker prices		
4 58	5 75	7.07		6 13	5.37
7.50	J. /J	7.07	nenty hab gas price (4/himbed) (c)	0.13	3.37
			UK Gas - National		
27.30	23.63	28.51	Balancing Point (p/therm)	24.39	20.28
=====				======	

- (a) Crude oil and natural gas liquids.
- (b) Natural gas is converted to oil equivalent at 5.8 billion cubic feet = 1 million barrels.
- (c) Henry Hub First of the Month Index.

Exploration and Production

The pro forma replacement cost result before interest and tax for the fourth quarter was \$5,489 million, a record result, up 68% from the fourth quarter of 2003. The primary drivers for the change are the higher realizations in both liquids and gas and increased volumes partly offset by the impact of the weaker US dollar and higher costs. This quarter benefited from an exceptional gain of \$32 million. The corresponding quarter in 2003 contained exceptional losses of \$49 million.

Included in the results for the quarter was a net non-operating charge totalling \$109 million. This charge primarily results from impairments of fields in the deepwater Gulf of Mexico and US Onshore.

The fourth quarter result also includes a credit of \$57 million, reflecting a decrease in the provision for Unrealized Profit in Stock (UPIS), which removes the upstream margin from downstream inventories. This compares with a charge of \$57 million in the equivalent quarter of last year.

The full year result of \$19,759 million is a record, up \$3,527 million on a year ago, reflecting the higher realizations combined with increased volumes.

Production for the quarter was up over 4% to 4,095 mboe/d compared with a year ago. This reflects the continuing ramp-up of production in the New Profit

Centres and increased volumes from TNK-BP. This is partly offset by decline in our Existing Profit Centres. Total production for the year was 3,997 mboe/d, an increase of more than 10% over the prior year. Our expectation for 2005, based on our \$20/bbl planning basis, is that production will be between 4.1 and 4.2 million barrels of oil equivalent per day before any acquisitions or divestments.

Projects in the New Profit Centres remain on track. In the Gulf of Mexico, the Holstein and Mad Dog projects achieved first production in December 2004 and January 2005 respectively. In Indonesia, we approved our share of the investment in the Tangguh gas project and in Angola we approved the Rosa project. In Azerbaijan, construction of the Azeri project and the BTC pipeline is on track.

In the UK, construction of the Clair platform has been completed and the project is on track to commence production in the first quarter of 2005.

In the fourth quarter we had further exploration success in Trinidad with the Chachalaca well.

BP's proved reserve replacement ratio, on a UK GAAP/SORP basis, was 106% in respect of subsidiaries, 118% for equity-accounted entities and 110% on a combined basis. The proved reserve replacement has exceeded production for the twelfth consecutive year.

BP has also calculated its reserve replacement ratio on a US GAAP/SEC basis which requires the use of year-end prices. On this basis, the proved reserve replacement ratio for subsidiaries was 78%, for equity-accounted entities was 114% and was 89% on a combined basis. The lower US GAAP/SEC replacement ratio for subsidiaries was primarily a result of the impact of higher 2004 year-end prices versus our planning prices on reserves in production sharing contracts (PSCs). In fields subject to PSCs our reserves entitlement is based on volumes required to recover agreed costs and an agreed percentage of the remaining volumes. Applying higher year end prices to reserves in PSCs has the effect of decreasing the volume required to recover the agreed costs. These effects considerably outweigh any increases in tax and royalty regimes arising from fields having a longer economic life.

All our proved reserve replacement ratios represent bookings through discoveries, extensions, revisions and improved recovery and exclude the impact of acquisitions and divestments.

During the quarter we completed our divestments of certain properties in the Gulf of Mexico and the North Sea and in Australia we sold 5.3% of our reserves in the North West Shelf to the China National Offshore Oil Company, resulting in total exceptional gains in the quarter of \$32 million.

Customer Facing Segments Refining and Marketing

4 Q	3Q	4 Q		Υe	ear
2003	2004	2004	<pre>\$ million</pre>	2004	2003
======	======			======	
320 211	1,081	1 , 577 222	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax Acquisition amortization	4 , 722 881	2,318 826
			Pro forma replacement cost result		
531	1,301	1,799	before interest and tax	5,603	3,144
=======				======	

				Results include:		
	_	(206)	_	Asset write-downs/impairment Environmental and other provisions	(206)	(369)
		(200)		Restructuring, integration and	(200)	(303)
(156)	_	_	rationalization costs	_	(287)
,	10	_	_	Other	_	10
	146)	(206)	_	1 3	(206)	(646)
	(91)	(17)	58	Exceptional items	(117)	(213)
====				Total non one mating and		======
(237)	(223)	58	Total non-operating and exceptional items	(323)	(859)
====	231) =====	(223)	======	exceptional Items	======	======
				Refinery throughputs (mb/d)		
	389	410	420	UK	407	397
	873	882	781	Rest of Europe	854	932
1,	374	1,417	1,436	USA	1,373	1,386
	378	296	296	Rest of World	342	382
	014	•	2,933	Total throughput	2 , 976	3 , 097
	==== 4.9	94.9	96.6	Refining availability	95.4	95.5
====		 ========	=====	Refining availability	=====	======
				Oil sales volumes (kb/d)		
				Refined products		
:	257	334	335	UK	322	271
1,	290	1,406	1,363	Rest of Europe	1,360	1,311
1,	761	1,696	1,664	USA	1,682	1,767
	658	621	627	Rest of World	638	620
		4 057	2 000	Tatal manhating calca	4 000	2 000
		4,057 2,627	3,989 2,194	Total marketing sales Trading/supply sales	4,002 2,396	3,969 2,719
				rrading/suppry sales		
6,	575	6,684	6,183	Total refined product sales	6 , 398	6,688
		3 , 679	3 , 731	Crude oil	3 , 808	3 , 837
10,	560	10,363	9,914	Total oil sales	10,206	10,525
====				Clabal Talianta Basia a Manaia (a)	======	======
				<pre>Global Indicator Refining Margin(a) (\$/bbl)</pre>		
2	.21	4.37	4.72	NWE	4.28	2.62
	.53	6.99	5.52	USGC	7.15	4.71
	.89	5.01	1.65	Midwest	5.08	4.54
	.09	11.28	10.36	USWC	11.27	7.06
	.20	5.48	8.02	Singapore	4.94	1.77
3	.14	6.20	5.60	BP Average	6.08	3.88
====					======	

(a) The Global Indicator Refining Margin (GIM) is the average of six regional indicator margins weighted for BP's crude refining capacity in each region. Each regional indicator margin is based on a single representative crude with product yields characteristic of the typical level of upgrading complexity. The regional indicator margins may not be representative of the margins achieved by BP in any period because of BP's particular refinery configurations and crude and product slate.

Customer Facing Segments Refining and Marketing

The pro forma replacement cost results before interest and tax for the fourth quarter and the year were records of \$1,799 million and \$5,603 million

respectively, compared with \$531 million and \$3,144 million respectively for the equivalent periods in 2003.

The improvement in the fourth quarter compared with a year ago was driven primarily by significantly higher refining margins, higher marketing margins and an exceptional gain in the quarter compared with net non-operating and exceptional charges in the equivalent quarter of 2003. The improvement was offset partly by charges of \$310 million, related primarily to a review of carrying values of fixed and current marketing assets (this is not classified as a non-operating item). The year-on-year increase in BP's realized refining margins in the quarter was higher than that suggested by the increase in the Global Indicator Margin due to the combination of wider light/heavy spreads, higher clean fuels premia, locational advantages and greater supply optimization benefits. Marketing margins were stronger than in the equivalent period in 2003 assisted by the fall in crude and product prices late in the quarter. The exceptional gain related primarily to the Cushing to Chicago Pipeline disposal in the US.

The improvement in the result for the year compared with a year ago was attributable to stronger refining margins due to the factors outlined above and lower net non-operating and exceptional charges of \$323 million compared with \$859 million a year ago. The improvement was offset by significantly lower marketing margins, despite the improvement in the fourth quarter, the impact of the weaker US dollar and the charges in 2004 related primarily to a review of carrying values of fixed and current marketing assets.

Refining throughputs for the quarter were 2,933 mb/d, some 81 mb/d lower than in the fourth quarter of 2003, due principally to the disposal of BP's interests in the Singapore Refining Company Private Limited and the closure of refining operations at the ATAS Refinery in Mersin, south eastern Turkey earlier in 2004. The quarter's refining availability was 96.6%. Marketing sales in the fourth quarter were 3,989 kb/d, a similar level to the equivalent quarter a year ago.

During the quarter BP China and Sinopec announced the establishment of the BP-Sinopec (Zhejiang) Petroleum Co., Ltd, a retail joint venture between BP and Sinopec, to build, operate and manage a network of 500 service stations in Hangzhou, Ningbo and Shaoxing. Also during the quarter BP China and PetroChina announced the establishment of BP-PetroChina Petroleum Company Limited, to acquire, build, operate and manage 500 service stations in the province. BP continued its strategic progress in the development of premium offers. This included the opening of 101 new format Connect stores by the end of the quarter, bringing the total worldwide to 576. The group also continued its roll-out of new generation Ultimate gasoline and diesel fuels, now available in the UK, Germany, Austria, Spain, Portugal, Greece, France, Poland, Australia and the US.

From 1 January 2005, the Aromatics and Acetyls business will be included in the segment and the Lavera and Grangemouth refineries will be included in the Olefins and Derivatives business, which will be reported as part of Other businesses and corporate.

Customer Facing Segments Petrochemicals

4Q	3Q	4Q		Year
2003	2004	2004	<pre>\$ million</pre>	2004 2003
======				==========
			Replacement cost profit	
41	188	(1,271)	before interest and tax	(900) 568
_	_	_	Acquisition amortization	

				Pro forma replacement cost result		
	41	188	(1,271)	before interest and tax	(900)	568
=:					=====	======
				Results include:		
	_			Asset write-downs/impairment		
	_	(58)	_	Environmental and other provisions	(58)	(20)
			(20)	Restructuring, integration and	(20)	_
	_	_	, ,	rationalization costs	(39)	
	_	_	_	Other	_	(36)
_		(58)	(1.149)	Total non-operating items	(1.207)	(51)
				Exceptional items		38
=:		=======			, ,	======
				Total non-operating and		
	16	(96)	(1,526)	exceptional items	(1,770)	(13)
=						
	109	138	166(b)Chemicals Indicator Margin(a)(\$/te)	140 (b) 112
=:					=====	======
				Petrochemicals production (kte)		
		728		UK	•	3,186
	•	2,724	•	-	10,990	•
	•	2,600	•	USA	10,204	•
_	1,133	1,097	1,101	Rest of World	4,405	4,002
	7,153	7 , 149	7,364	Total production	28 , 927	27 , 943
=				-		

- (a) The Chemicals Indicator Margin (CIM) is a weighted average of externally-based product margins. It is based on market data collected by Nexant in their quarterly market analyses, then weighted based on BP's product portfolio. It does not cover our entire portfolio of products, and consequently is only indicative of the margins achieved by BP in any particular period.
- (b) Provisional. The data for the fourth quarter is based on two months' actuals and one month of provisional data.

Petrochemicals' pro forma replacement cost results before interest and tax for the fourth quarter and year were a loss of \$1,271 million and \$900 million respectively, down by \$1,312 million and \$1,468 million respectively compared with the equivalent periods a year ago. The decreases were due to exceptional charges reflecting business exits and the closure of facilities, and non-operating charges in respect of asset impairments, together with higher fixed costs and adverse foreign exchange impacts. Partially offseting these impacts were higher margins and volumes. The fourth quarter result was \$1,459 million lower than the third quarter due to higher exceptional and non-operating charges, higher fixed costs, including a number of non-routine charges, and adverse foreign exchange impacts, offset partially by higher margins and volumes.

Production for the fourth quarter and the year was a record, at 7,364 thousand tonnes and 28,927 thousand tonnes respectively, an increase of 3% and 4% respectively. Improved production was due to higher asset utilization and increased Asian PTA capacity during the year, with additional High Density Polyethylene capacity in the fourth quarter from the acquisition of the BP Solvay ventures.

During the quarter we have continued to implement plans to consolidate the Olefins and Derivatives business into a separate entity to operate as a stand-alone business within the BP Group and have announced that Grangemouth and

Lavera refineries will be included in that entity. We have completed the acquisition of Solvay's interests in the BP Solvay High Density Polyethylene ventures and have reached agreement in principle with Nova Chemicals Corporation to combine our respective European Styrene Polymer interests within a joint venture. As part of restructuring efforts we also announced the closure of plants at Pasadena in Texas, and at Grangemouth and Hull in the UK.

Customer Facing Segments
Gas, Power and Renewables

4Q 2003	3Q 2004 ======	4Q 2004	<pre>\$ million</pre>	2004	ear 2003
86	130	399	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax Acquisition amortization	943	570
86	130	399	Pro forma replacement cost result before interest and tax	943	570
- - -	- - -	- - -	Results include: Asset write-downs/impairment Environmental and other provisions Restructuring, integration and rationalization costs Other	- - -	- - -
(10)	 	40	Total non-operating items Exceptional items	 _ 56	(6)
(10)	16	40	Total non-operating and exceptional items	56	(6)
5,956 511 12,121	4,463 485 13,585 13,250		Gas sales volumes (mmcf/d) UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World		6,801 441 11,528
31,726	31,783	31,416	Total gas sales volumes	31,690	
2 - 400 234	9 7 358 161	11 12 421 240	NGL sales volumes (mb/d) UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	8 6 393 203	3 - 329 205
636 =====	535 =====	684	Total NGL sales volumes	610	537

The pro forma replacement cost result before interest and tax for the fourth quarter was \$399 million compared with \$86 million a year ago. The improved result is due to a higher marketing and trading result, a higher contribution from the natural gas liquids and solar businesses and an exceptional gain from the disposal of BP's interest in an NGL plant in Canada.

The result for the year was \$943 million compared with \$570 million a year ago. The improvement is due principally to a higher contribution from the natural gas

liquids and solar businesses and exceptional gains from the disposals of BP's interests in two NGL plants in Canada.

Other Businesses and Corporate

4 Q	3Q	4Q		Yea	ar
	2004		\$ million	2004	2003
======	======	=====		======	=====
			Replacement cost profit (loss)		
465	(424)	(227)	before interest and tax	314	(184)
-	-	_	Acquisition amortization	-	-
			Pro forma replacement cost result		
465	(424)	(227)	-	314	(184)
=======				======	
			Results include:		
_	_	(12)	Asset write-downs/impairment	(12)	-
(81)	(225)	_	Environmental and other provisions	(225)	(193)
			Restructuring, integration and		
_	(19)	(83)	rationalization costs	(102)	-
585	_	66	Other	66	585
504	(244)	(29)	Total non-operating items	(273)	392
119		(26)	· ,	1,287	
=======				=======	
			Total non-operating		
623	(243)	(55)	and exceptional items	1,014	491
=======		=====		=======	

Other businesses and corporate comprises Finance, the group's coal asset (divested in October 2003), the group's aluminium asset, its investments in PetroChina and Sinopec (divested in January 2004), interest income and costs relating to corporate activities. The fourth quarter result includes a net charge of \$55 million for non-operating charges and exceptional losses. This primarily comprises a charge in respect of the separation of the Olefins and Derivatives business partially offset by a credit primarily resulting from the reversal of vacant space provisions in the UK and the US. In the first quarter, BP sold its interest in PetroChina for \$1.65 billion and its interest in Sinopec for \$0.7 billion. These interests were previously included in Other businesses and corporate.

Dividends

4 Q	3Q	4Q		Y	ear
2003	2004	2004		2004	2003
				======	
		8.50 4.522	Dividends per ordinary share cents pence	29.45 16.099	
40.5	42.6	51.0	Dividends per ADS (cents)	176.70	156.0

BP today announced a fourth quarterly dividend for 2004 of 8.50 cents per

ordinary share. Holders of ordinary shares will receive 4.522 pence per share and holders of American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) \$0.51 per ADS share. The dividend is payable on 14 March to shareholders on the register on 18 February. Participants in the Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRIP) or the DRIP facility in the US Direct Access Plan will receive the dividend in the form of shares, also on 14 March. The first quarter 2005 results and dividend will be announced on 26 April 2005.

Out.look

BP Group Chief Executive, Lord Browne, concluded:

"World economic growth was sustained into the fourth quarter of 2004, completing a year of strong growth. The current outlook is for a moderation of global growth towards trend rates through 2005.

"Oil prices averaged a record high \$43.85 per barrel (Dated Brent) in the fourth quarter, more than \$2 per barrel higher than in the third quarter. The price peaked at over \$52 per barrel in the second half of October in face of the production disruptions caused by Hurricane Ivan. The Dated Brent price has averaged over \$44 per barrel during 2005 to date. However, despite a counter seasonal rise in inventories, prices are expected to remain supported at historically high levels by ongoing supply concerns and OPEC's decision to reduce above quota production from the start of January.

"US natural gas prices averaged a record \$7.07/mmbtu (Henry Hub first of month index) in the fourth quarter, up by over \$1/mmbtu versus the third quarter. Working gas inventories remain above year-earlier and 5-year average levels but the futures market continues to signal a supplyconstrained market. The 12-month futures strip (NYMEX Henry Hub) is trading currently (4 February 2005) at just above \$6.50/mmbtu, above imputed fuel oil parity.

"Refining margins slipped 60c/bbl versus the third quarter to \$5.60/bbl but were still the highest fourth quarter margins for at least 15 years. Margins moderated further in early 2005, particularly for sweet crude refiners, but global average margins remain healthy by historic standards. Retail margins began the fourth quarter under pressure but improved as crude prices retreated. However, with oil prices rising again, retail margins have weakened early in the new year. Robust product demand, however, is likely to underpin both refining and retail margins in the near term. In Petrochemicals, industry utilization rates rose during the quarter, reflecting an improvement in overall market conditions. As a consequence, both sales volumes and margins strengthened for most products but notably for the paraxylene and olefins businesses. We expect a continuation of this effect in the near term.

"Our strategy is unchanged and our operations are on track with the plans laid out last year. We continue to focus on positioning the company for the future and on post tax cash flow, and shareholder distributions in the form of dividends and share buybacks. Capital expenditure, excluding acquisitions, for the year was \$14.4 billion. 2005 capital expenditure is expected to be around \$14 billion, in line with the guidance given with our third quarter results.

"We aim to continue with our distribution policy of a growing dividend and using excess cash flow to fund share buybacks. Total distributions in 2004 were \$13.7 billion, and the number of shares outstanding was reduced by 3%. BP's financial condition is very healthy with gearing at 24%, at the bottom of the target range. I believe all of this gives us a strong base for a sustainable future."

The foregoing discussion, in particular the statements under "Outlook", contains forward looking statements particularly those regarding BP's asset portfolio and changes in it, capital expenditure, costs, demand, divestments, dividends, future performance, growth and other trend projections, impact of foreign exchange rates, maintenance, margins, petrochemicals sales volumes, prices, production, share buybacks, supply and the timing of projects and pending transactions. By their nature, forward looking statements involve risks and uncertainties and actual results may differ from those expressed in such statements depending on a variety of factors including the following: the timing of bringing new fields on stream; industry product supply; demand and pricing; currency exchange rates; operational problems; general economic conditions including inflationary pressures; political stability and economic growth in relevant areas of the world; changes in governmental regulations; exchange rate fluctuations; development and use of new technology and successful commercial relationships; the actions of competitors; natural disasters and other changes in business conditions; prolonged adverse weather conditions; wars and acts of terrorism or sabotage; and other factors discussed in this Announcement. For more information you should refer to our Annual Report and Accounts 2003 and our 2003 Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission.

BP p.l.c. and Subsidiaries Summarized Group Results

Quarter 2003	Third Quarter 2004	Quarter 2004			ear 2003
	\$ millior				illion
320 41 86	1,081 188 130	1,577 (1,271) 399	Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Petrochemicals Gas, Power and Renewables	943	2,318 568 570
465	(424)	(227)	Other businesses and corporate	314	(184)
•	•	•	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax Stock holding gains (losses) (Note	•	•
160	156	189	Historical cost profit before interest and tax Interest expense (Note 6) Other finance expense (Note 7)	25 , 242 642 357	•
•	•	•	Profit before taxation Taxation (Note 8)	24,243	
			Profit after taxation Minority shareholders' interest	15,961 230	
2,334	4 , 483	2,534	Profit for the period	15 , 731	10,482

		1,530	•	Distribution to shareholders	6 , 371	
_	10.56 10.32	20.67	11.80	Earnings per ordinary share - cents Basic Diluted	72.08 70.79	47.27 46.83
_				Replacement Cost Results		
	·	·	·	Historical cost profit for the period Stock holding (gains) losses net of minority shareholders' interest	15,731 (1,643)	10,482
_	2,250	3 , 456	3,028	Replacement cost profit for the period	14,088	10,466
=	10.18	15.96 	14.03	Earnings per ordinary share - cents On replacement cost profit for the period	64.55	47.20 =====

Summarized Group Balance Sheet

	31	December 2004		2003
			 illi	
Fixed assets				
Intangible assets				13,642
Tangible assets Investments				91,911
investments		18,406		17,458
		127,230		123,011
Current assets				
Stocks		15 , 698		11,617
Debtors		46,696		33,902
Investments		328		185
Cash at bank and in hand		1,156		1,947
		63 , 878		47,651
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year Finance debt		10 104		0.456
Other creditors				9,456
Other creditors		54,341		41,128
Net current assets (liabilities)		(647)		(2,933)
Total assets less current liabilities		126,583		120,078
Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year				
Finance debt		12,907		12,869
Other creditors				6,030
Provisions for liabilities and charges				
Deferred taxation		15,050		14,371
Other provisions				8,599
Net assets excluding pensions and other				

post-retirement benefit balances Defined benefit pension plan surplus Defined benefit pension plan deficits Other post-retirement benefit plan deficits	(5 , 863)	1,146 (5,005)
Net assets		(2,630) 71,720
Minority shareholders' interest - equity		1,125
BP shareholders' interest		70,595
Movement in BP shareholders' interest:		\$ million
At 31 December 2003 Prior year adjustment - change in accounting polic	V	75,938
(see Note 1)	1	(5,343)
As restated		70,595
Profit for the period		15,731
Distribution to shareholders		(6,371)
Currency translation differences (net of tax)		2,136
Actuarial gain (loss) on pension and other post-re benefit plans (net of tax) Unrealised gain on acquisition of further investme		203
in equity-accounted investments	110	94
Issue of ordinary share capital for employee share	schemes	487
Issue of ordinary share capital for TNK-BP		1,250
Net release of shares by ESOP trusts		21
Net movement in LTPP provision		58
Repurchase of ordinary share capital		(7,548)
At 31 December 2004		76,656 =====

Summarized Group Cash Flow Statement

		Quarter 2004		2004	ear 2003	
	million				\$ million	
3,500	6,919	7,044	Net cash inflow from operating activities (a)	28,554	21,698	
51	1,061	662	Dividends from joint ventures	1,908	131	
120	69	94	Dividends from associated undertakings	291	417	
			Servicing of finance and returns on investments			
51	50	196	Interest received	332	175	
			Interest paid	(694)	(1,006)	
			Dividends received		140	
			Dividends paid to			
(3)	(15)	(8)	minority shareholders	(33)	(20)	

Net cash outflow from servicing of

(76)	(111)	(18)	finance and returns on investments	(342)	(711)
			Taxation UK corporation tax Overseas tax		(1,185) (3,619)
(1,516)	(1,788)	(2,391)	Tax paid	(6,378)	(4,804)
			Capital expenditure and financial investment	/12 005)	410 055
			Proceeds from the sale	(13,035)	
1,410	537 	595 	of fixed assets	4,323 	6 , 253
(2,273)	(2,714)	(3,484)	Net cash outflow for capital expenditure and financial investment	(8,712)	(6,124)
(33)	-	(1,489)	Acquisitions and disposals Acquisitions, net of cash acquired Proceeds from the sale	(1,503)	(211)
_	37	383	of businesses Net investment in	725	179
274	23	_	TNK-BP joint venture	(1,250)	(2,351)
(162)	(75)	(84)	Net investment in other joint ventures	(272)	(178)
(227)	(171)	(190)	Investments in associated undertakings	(942)	(987)
(148)	(186)	(1,380)	Net cash (outflow) inflow for acquisitions and disposals	(3,242)	(3,548)
(1,438)	(1,536)	(1,535)	Equity dividends paid	(6,041)	(5,654)
(1,780)	1,714	(1,008)	Net cash inflow (outflow)	6,038	
(223) 797	73 24	74	Financing (b) Management of liquid resources (Decrease) increase in cash	6,777 132 (871)	1,129 (41) 317 1,405
=======	======	======		======	======
Fourth Quarter (2004		Analysis of Cash Flow	Y 2004 =====	
\$	million		(a) Reconciliation of historical cost profit before interest and tax to net cash inflow from operating activities		illion
3,844 3,093 129	6,885 2,648 34	5,077 4,383 151	Historical cost profit before interest and tax Depreciation and amounts provided Exploration expenditure written off Net operating charge for pensions and other post-retirement	25,242 12,583 274	

	(2,190)	39	(49)	benefits, less contributions		(2,913)
	(494)	(1,117)	(948)	Share of profits of joint ventures and associated undertakings		(1,438)
	(121)	(49)		Interest and other income		(341)
	, ,	(- /	(/	(Profit) loss on sale of fixed	(/	(- ,
	15	15	273	assets and businesses	(815)	(831)
	214		(1)	Charge for provisions	671	782
		(168)		Utilization of provisions	(781)	
		(2,573)		(Increase) decrease in stocks		
	375 (799)	4,008	(4,539)	(Increase) decrease in debtors Increase (decrease) in creditors	9,861	
-				increase (accrease) in creations		
				Net cash inflow from		
	3,500	6,919	7,044	operating activities	28,554	21,698
=			======	(b) Financing	=======	======
				(b) Financing		
	(1,666)		(900)	Long-term borrowing	(2,675)	
	776		921	Repayments of long-term borrowing		
	(1,738)	(338)	(2 , 730)	Short-term borrowing	(3 , 335)	(4,706)
	278	170	174	Repayments of short-term borrowing	2 275	4,708
_	270	4/5	1/4	borrowing	5, 575	4,700
	(2,350)	(563)	(2,535)		(431)	(760)
				Issue of ordinary share capital		
	(61)		(108)		(487)	
	57	87	1	Purchase of shares by ESOP trusts	147	63
	_	2,250	2 0/19	Repurchase of ordinary share capital	7 5/18	1,999
_				Share Capitar		
				Net cash outflow		
	(2,354)	1,617	(593)	(inflow) from financing	6 , 777	1,129
-			=====		=======	
			I	Adjusted Operating Cash Flow		
	2 500	6 010	7 044	Net cash inflow from operating	00 554	01 600
	3,500	6 , 919	7,044	activities (a) Dividends received from	28,554	21,698
	51	1,061	662	joint ventures	1,908	131
	01	1,001	002	Dividends received from	1,300	101
	120	69	94	associated undertakings	291	417
				Net cash outflow from servicing		
	(5.6)	(444)	(10)	of finance and returns on	(0.40)	(544)
	(/6)	(111)	(18)	investments	(342)	(711)
				Adjusted operating cash		
	3 , 595	7 , 938	7,782	flow (pre-tax)	30,411	21,535
		(1,821)		Tax paid on operations*	(6,639)	
-						
	1 005	6 117	F 0.61	Adjusted operating cash	00 770	16 054
	1,995	6 , 117	5,261	flow (post-tax)	23,772	16,854
				* Components of tax payments		
	(1,600)	(1,821)	(2,521)	Tax paid on operations	(6,639)	(4,681)
				Tax refunded/(paid) on		
	84	33	130	exceptional items (b)	261	(123)
-	(1 516)	(1,788)	(2 301)	Total tax paid	(6,378)	(4 204)
=		(1,700) ======		rocar can para	(0,3/0)	

- (a) Includes pre-tax discretionary pension funding of \$146 million in 4Q 2004 (\$99 million post-tax), \$395 million in the year 2004 (\$270 million post-tax), \$1,586 million in 4Q 2003 (\$1,046 million post-tax) and \$2,533 million in the year 2003 (\$1,646 million post-tax).
- (b) Deemed to be the tax credit (charge) on exceptional items in the income statement.

Capital Expenditure and Acquisitions

Quarter	Third Quarter 2004	Quarter 2004		Y 2004	ear 2003
2	======= \$ million	n		====== \$ m	illion
			By business Exploration and Production		
189			UK	762	
75			Rest of Europe	255	
	1,035		USA		4,097
1,191	1,150	1,218	Rest of World (a)	6 , 080	10,208
2 , 595	2,444	2,621		11,193	15 , 370
			Refining and Marketing		
249			UK	481	
446			Rest of Europe	745	783
623			USA		1,509
181	59 	293	Rest of World	444	311
1,499	609	1,301		3,014	3,080
			Petrochemicals		
35	66		UK (b)	294	
69	69		Rest of Europe (b)	1,086	137
130			USA (b)	695	291
65	25	90	Rest of World	214	231
299	232	1,710		2 , 289	775
			Gas, Power and Renewables		
21	6	154	UK	166	69
46	2		Rest of Europe	19	76
49	14		USA	81	160
27	43	122	Rest of World	272 	136
143	65	330		538	441
29	51	63	Other businesses and corporate UK	129	108
1	_	_	Rest of Europe	_	2
43	11	52	USA	85	234
1	_ 	1	Rest of World	1 	2
74	62	116		215	346
4,610	3,412	6,078		17,249	20,012
523	414	832	By geographical area UK (b)	1,832	1 , 556

4,610	3,412	6 , 078		17,249	20,012
1,465	1,277	1,724	Rest of World (a)	7,011	10,888
1,985	1,423	2,169	USA (b)	6,301	6,291
637	298	1,353	Rest of Europe (b)	2,105	1,277

- (a) Year 2004 included \$1,354 million investment in TNK's interest in Slavneft within TNK-BP. Year 2003 included the investment in the TNK-BP joint venture.
- (b) Fourth quarter and year 2004 included \$1,355 million for the acquisition of Solvay's interests in BP Solvay Polyethylene Europe and BP Solvay Polyethylene North America.

			Exchange rates		
			US dollar/sterling average rate		
1.70	1.82	1.86	for the period	1.83	1.63
1.78	1.80	1.92	US dollar/sterling period-end rat	e 1.92	1.78
			US dollar/euro average rate		
1.19	1.22	1.29	for the period	1.24	1.13
1.25	1.23	1.36	US dollar/euro period-end rate	1.36	1.25
		=====			

Fourth Third Fourth

Analysis of Replacement Cost Profit Before Interest and Tax

~			ear 2003
		======= \$ m:	====== illion
	By business		
	Exploration and Production		
981	UK	3,384	3 , 397
222	Rest of Europe	837	587
1,531	USA	6,094	5,100
2,359	Rest of World	8,205	5,582
5,093		18,520	14,666
	Refining and Marketing		
101	UK	(435)	(472)
593	Rest of Europe	1,859	1,373
661	USA	2,478	748
222	Rest of World		669
1,577			2,318
	Petrochemicals		
(716)	UK	(1,041)	(325)
		185	476
(215)	USA	(291)	205
(58)	Rest of World	247	212
(1,271)		(900)	568
	Quarter 2004 981 222 1,531 2,359 5,093 101 593 661 222 1,577 (716) (282) (215)	Quarter 2004 By business Exploration and Production 981 UK 222 Rest of Europe 1,531 USA 2,359 Rest of World 5,093 Refining and Marketing 101 UK 593 Rest of Europe 661 USA 222 Rest of World 1,577 Petrochemicals (716) UK (282) Rest of Europe (215) USA (58) Rest of World	Quarter 2004 2004 2004 2004 2004 2004 2004 200

Gas, Power and Renewables

40 (11) 5 52		(4) 90	UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	97 (27) 422 451	266
86	130	399		943	570
(42)	(147) 21 (268) (30)	(177) (251)	Other businesses and corporate UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	(163)	(26) (49) (384) 275
465	(424)	(227)		314	(184)
•	5 , 858	•		23,599	17 , 938
293 878	293 921 2,003 2,641	352 1,816	By geographical area UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	1,927 2,691	2,650 2,350 5,935
•	5 , 858	•		23,599	•
402	942 165	772 169	<pre>Included above: Share of profits of joint ventures Share of profits of associated undertakings</pre>	2,933 605	923 511
	1,107			•	1,434 =====

Pro Forma Result: Replacement Cost Profit Before Interest and Tax Adjusted for Acquisition Amortization

Fourth Quarter (Quarter	Quarter					ear
	2004						2003
\$	million				-		===== illion
			By busin	iess			
			Explorat	ion and Producti	.on		
689	775	1,014	UK			3,514	3,531
154	246	222	Rest c	of Europe		837	587
1,091	1,785	1,883	USA			7,089	6,231
1,340	2,338	2,370	Rest c	of World		8,319	5,883
3,274	5,144	5,489				19 , 759	16,232
			Refining	g and Marketing			
(36)	(27)	228	UK			66	(26)
158	533	593	Rest c	of Europe		1,859	1,373
269	631	756	USA			2,858	1,128
140	164	222	Rest c	of World		820	669
531	1,301	1,799				5,603	3,144
			Petroche	emicals			
(65)	(107)	(716)	UK			(1,041)	(325)
34	130	(282)	Rest c	of Europe		185	476

6 66	30 135	(215) (58)	USA Rest of World	(291) 247	205 212
41	188	(1,271)		(900)	568
			Gas, Power and Renewables		
40	(46)		UK	97	76
(11) 5	(9) 139	(4) 90	Rest of Europe USA	(27) 422	(37) 266
52		180	Rest of World	451	265
86	130	399		943	570
			Other businesses and corporate		
		282	UK	(78)	
(42)	21 (268)		Rest of Europe USA	(163)	(49) (384)
206	(30)	(81)	Rest of World		275
465	(424)	(227)		314	(184)
4,397	 6 , 339	6 , 189		25 , 719	20,330
			By geographical area		
952	448	941	UK	2,558	3,230
293		352	Rest of Europe	2,691	2,350 7,446
1,348	2,317		USA Rest of World	9,420 11,050	
	0 (50		RAST OF WORLD	11.050	/ - 304
	2,653	2,633 	Nese of world		
1,804	2,653 6,339 		Rest of world	25,719 =====	
1,804			Analysis of Exceptional Items	25,719 =====	
1,804 	6,339 	6,189 		25,719 =====	20,330
1,804 	6,339 	6,189 ===== Fourth Quarter		25,719 =====	
1,804 	6,339 Third Quarter (6,189 Fourth Quarter 2004		25,719 ===== S Y 2004	20,330 =====
1,804 	6,339 Third Quarter (2004	6,189 Fourth Quarter 2004	Analysis of Exceptional Items	25,719 ===== S Y 2004	20,330 ====== ear 2003
1,804 	6,339 Third Quarter (2004	6,189 Fourth Quarter 2004		25,719 ===== S Y 2004	20,330 ====== ear 2003
1,804 	Third Quarter (2004 million (3) (1)	6,189 ====== Fourth Quarter 2004 ======	Analysis of Exceptional Items Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe	25,719 ====== 25,719 ====== 2004 ====== \$ m (21) (1)	ear 2003 illion 735 (30)
1,804 	Third Quarter (2004 ==================================	Fourth Quarter 2004 (15) - (6)	Analysis of Exceptional Items Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe USA	25,719 ====== 25,719 ====== \$ 2004 ====== \$ m (21) (1) 31	ear 2003 ===== illion 735 (30) (230)
1,804 	Third Quarter (2004 ==================================	6,189 ====== Fourth Quarter 2004 ======	Analysis of Exceptional Items Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe	25,719 ====== 25,719 ====== 2004 ====== \$ m (21) (1)	ear 2003 illion 735 (30)
1,804 	Third Quarter (2004 ==================================	Fourth Quarter 2004 (15) - (6) 53	Analysis of Exceptional Items Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe USA	25,719 ====== 25,719 ====== \$ 2004 ====== \$ m (21) (1) 31	ear 2003 ===== illion 735 (30) (230)
1,804	Third Quarter (2004 ==================================	Fourth Quarter 2004 ====== (15) - (6) 53 32	Analysis of Exceptional Items Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World Refining and Marketing	25,719 ====== 25,719 ====== \$ 2004 ====== \$ m (21) (1) 31 143 152	ear 2003 ===== illion 735 (30) (230) 438 913
1,804	Third Quarter (2004 ==================================	Fourth Quarter 2004 (15) - (6) 53 32	Analysis of Exceptional Items Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World Refining and Marketing UK	25,719 ===== 25,719 ===== \$ 2004 ====== \$ m (21) (1) 31 143 152 (101)	ear 2003 ===== illion 735 (30) (230) 438 913 (44)
1,804	Third Quarter (2004 ===================================	Fourth Quarter 2004 ====== (15) - (6) 53 32 9 (28)	Analysis of Exceptional Items Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World Refining and Marketing UK Rest of Europe	25,719 ===== 25,719 ===== \$	ear 2003 ===== illion 735 (30) (230) 438 913 (44) (109)
1,804	Third Quarter (2004 ==================================	Fourth Quarter 2004 (15) - (6) 53 32	Analysis of Exceptional Items Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World Refining and Marketing UK	25,719 ===== 25,719 ===== \$ 2004 ====== \$ m (21) (1) 31 143 152 (101)	ear 2003 ===== illion 735 (30) (230) 438 913 (44) (109)
1,804	Third Quarter (2004 million (3) (1) 13 14 23 (16) (25) 16	Fourth Quarter 2004 (15) - (6) 53 32 9 (28) 95	Analysis of Exceptional Items Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World Refining and Marketing UK Rest of Europe USA	25,719 ===== 5 Y 2004 ====== \$ m (21) (1) 31 143 152 (101) (70) 113 (59)	ear 2003 20,330 20,330 20,330 20,330 230) 230) 230) 230) 244) 244) 261)
1,804	Third Quarter (2004) ===================================	Fourth Quarter 2004 (15) - (6) 53 32 9 (28) 95 (18)	Analysis of Exceptional Items Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World Refining and Marketing UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	25,719 ===== 5 Y 2004 ====== \$ m (21) (1) 31 143 152 (101) (70) 113 (59)	ear 2003 20,330 20,330 20,330 20,330 230) 230) 230) 230) 244) 250 261) 261) 261) 261
1,804	Third Quarter (2004) ===================================	Fourth Quarter 2004 ====== (15) - (6) 53 32 9 (28) 95 (18)	Analysis of Exceptional Items Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World Refining and Marketing UK Rest of Europe USA	25,719 ===== 5 Y 2004 ====== \$ m (21) (1) 31 143 152 (101) (70) 113 (59) (117)	ear 2003 20,330 20,330 20,330 20,330 230) 230) 230) 230) 244) 250 261) 261) 261) 261
1,804	Third Quarter (2004) ===================================	Fourth Quarter 2004 ====== (15) - (6) 53 32 9 (28) 95 (18) 58 (201) (13)	Analysis of Exceptional Items Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World Refining and Marketing UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of Europe USA Rest of Europe USA Rest of Europe	25,719 ===== 25,719 ===== \$ Y 2004 ====== \$ m (21) (1) 31 143 152 (101) (70) 113 (59) (117) (195) (15)	ear 2003 ===== illion 735 (30) (230) 438 (44) (109) (61) 1 (213) 2 (11)
1,804	Third Quarter (2004) ===================================	Fourth Quarter 2004 ====== (15) - (6) 53 32 9 (28) 95 (18) 58 (201) (13)	Analysis of Exceptional Items Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World Refining and Marketing UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	25,719 ===== 25,719 ===== \$ Y 2004 ====== \$ m (21) (1) 31 143 152 (101) (70) 113 (59) (117) (195) (15)	20,330 ====== ear 2003 ====== illion 735 (30) (230) 438 (213) (213) 2 (11) 11

			Edgar Filing: BP PLC - Form 6-K		
16	(38)	(377)		(563)	38
			Gas, Power and Renewables		
-	_	_		_	_
	_			(1)	_
	_			1	(6)
-	16 	40	Rest of World	56 	
(10)	16	40		56	(6)
			Other businesses and corporate		
	1	(27)	UK	(26)	24
-	1	_	Rest of Europe		(1)
	(1)			(1)	
137	_	1	Rest of World	1,314	137
119	1	(26)		1,287	99
	(15) 33		Profit (loss) on sale of fixed ass and businesses or termination of operations Taxation credit (charge)	ets 815 261	
69	18		Exceptional items after taxation	1,076	
	arter Q 2004	Fourth uarter 2004	[dentified Non-operating Items and U	Yea 2004	2003

Quarter Quarter	Quarter		Yea	ar
2003 2004			2004	
\$ million	=====		======= \$ mi	llion
(236) (77)	(54)	Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe USA (a) Rest of World		
(380) (137)	(52)		(625)	(535)
- (159)	-	Rest of Europe	(9) (20) (159) (18)	(277) (369)
(146) (206)	_		(206)	(646)
- (24) 	(420) (177) (114)	Rest of Europe	(420) (201) (114)	(15)
– (58) 	(1,149)		(1,207)	(51)

Gas, Power and Renewables

_	_	_	UK	_	_
_	_	_	Rest of Europe	_	_
_	_	_	USA	_	_
_	-	_	Rest of World	_	-
_	_	_		_	_
			Other businesses and corporate		
(74)	(21)	(59)	UK	(80)	(74)
_	-	_	Rest of Europe	_	-
578	(223)	30	USA	(193)	466
_	_	_	Rest of World	_	_
504	(244)	(29)		(273)	392
(22)	(645)	(1,230)	Total before taxation	(2,311)	(840)
157	226	246	Taxation credit (charge)	626	572
135	(419)	(984)	Total after taxation	(1,685)	(268)
=======	======	======	Total areel canacion	=======	=====

(a) Includes a credit for Unrealized Profit in Stock (UPIS) of \$57 million in 4Q 2004 and a charge of \$191 million for the year 2004 and charges of \$57 million in 4Q 2003 and \$61 million in the year 2003, which removes the upstream margin from downstream inventories.

Acquisition Amortization by Business

	uarter 2004	Quarter 2004		2004	ear 2003
\$	millior			======= \$ m:	illion
			Exploration and Production		
		33			134
		352 11	USA Rest of World		1,131 301
		396		1,239	1,566
			Refining and Marketing		
		127	UK	501	446
		95	USA	380	380
211	220	222		881	826
	481	618	Total acquisition amortization	2,120	
			Production and Realizations		
Fourth	Third	Fourth			
Quarter Q	_	_			ear
		2004			2003
				======	

		281 68 495 1,454	301 70 519	Production Crude oil (mb/d) (net of royalties) UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	312 73 530 1,425	354 79 576 902
-		2,298		Total crude oil production	2,340	
=			======	Natural gas liquids (mb/d) (net of	rovaltie	=====
	21	13	19	UK	18	23
	5	3	4	Rest of Europe	4	5
	147 33	134 31	142 32	USA Rest of World	138 31	150 32
-						
	206	101	107	Total natural gas	1 0 1	210
=	206 	181 	197 =====	liquids production	191	210
				Liquids (a) (mb/d) (net of royalties	•	
	360 79	294 71	320 74	UK Rest of Europe	330 77	377 84
			661	USA	668	726
	1,298	1,485	1,538	Rest of World	1,456	934
-	2.454	2,479	2.593	Total liquids production	2,531	2.121
=			======		======	
				Noting and (b) (mmof/d) (not of no		
	1,318	903	1,227	Natural gas (b) (mmcf/d) (net of rough	1,174	1,446
			113	Rest of Europe	125	
		2,685		USA	2,748	
	4 , 206	4 , 577	4,723	Rest of World	4,456	3,920
_	8 , 600	8 , 275	8 , 714	Total natural gas production	8,503	8 , 613
				Average realizations		
	00.10	40.00	40.01	Crude oil (\$/bbl)	06.11	00.00
	28.18 28.49		42.01	UK USA	36.11 37.40	28.30
			38.29	Rest of World	34.99	
			41.01	BP Average	36.45	28.23
=				Natural gas liquids (\$/bbl)	======	
	20.06	34.29	40.23	UK	31.79	20.08
		27.59		USA	25.67	18.39
		30.63		Rest of World	27.76	
_	20.15	28 . 77	31.20	BP Average	26.75	19.26
				Liquids (a) (\$/bbl)		
	27.71	40.06	41.91	UK	35.87	27.80
		37.46	39.73	USA	35.41	27.23
	27.33	37.53 38.29	37.94 39.88	Rest of World BP Average	34.51 35.39	26.60 27.25
=			======	-	======	=====
	2 07	2 60	F 16	Natural gas (\$/mcf)	4 20	2 10
	3.87 3.85	3.60 4.94	5.16 5.72	UK USA	4.32 5.11	3.19 4.47
	2.35		3.00	Rest of World	2.74	2.47
	3.18	3.66	4.28	BP Average	3.86	3.39
=			=====		======	

- (a) Crude oil and natural gas liquids.
- (b) Natural gas is converted to oil equivalent at 5.8 billion cubic feet = 1 million barrels.

Reconciliation of Historical Cost Profit (Loss) to Pro Forma Result

Reported earnings	Acquisition amortization	Pro forma result
4,883 1,081 188 130 (424)	261 220 - -	5,144 1,301 188 130 (424)
5 , 858	481	6,339
(235) (2,109) (58)	- - -	(235) (2,109) (58)
3 , 456	481	3,937
1,027		
4,483		
2,848 320 41 86 465	426 211 - - -	3,274 531 41 86 465
3 , 760	637	4,397
(312) (1,157) (41)	- - -	(312) (1,157) (41)
2,250	637	2,887
84		_
2,334		
	4,883 1,081 188 130 (424) 5,858 (235) (2,109) (58) 3,456 1,027 4,483 ==== 2,848 320 41 86 465 3,760 (312) (1,157) (41) 2,250 84 2,334	earnings amortization 4,883 261 1,081 220 188 - 130 - (424) - 5,858 481 (235) - (2,109) - (58) - 3,456 481

Reconciliation of Historical Cost Profit (Loss) to Pro Forma Result

\$ million	Reported earnings =======	Acquisition amortization	Pro forma result
Year 2004			
Exploration and Production	18 , 520	1,239	19 , 759
Refining and Marketing	4,722	881	5,603

Petrochemicals Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	(900) 943 314	- - -	(900) 943 314
RC profit before interest and tax Interest and other finance expense Taxation MSI	23,599 (999) (8,282) (230)	2,120 - - -	25,719 (999) (8,282) (230)
RC profit	14,088	2,120 =======	•
Stock holding gains (losses)	1,643		
HC profit	15,731 =====		
Year 2003 Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Petrochemicals Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	14,666 2,318 568 570 (184)	1,566 826 - -	16,232 3,144 568 570 (184)
RC profit before interest and tax	17,938	2 , 392	20,330
Interest and other finance expense Taxation MSI	(1,191) (6,111) (170)	- - -	(1,191) (6,111) (170)
RC profit	10,466	2,392	12,858
Stock holding gains (losses)	16	=======	=====
HC profit	10,482 =====		

Return on Average Capital Employed

Fourth Ouarter O				v	ear
~ ~	2004	~			2003
	million			====== \$ m	illion
73	67	3,028 90 76	Replacement cost basis RC profit for the period (a) Interest (b) Minority shareholders' interest		332
·	3 , 581	•	Adjusted RC profit	14,601	10,968
91,203	95 , 568		Average capital employed ROACE - replacement cost basis	97,568 15.0%	90,263
•	•	3 , 194 618	Pro forma basis Adjusted RC profit (a) Acquisition amortization	14,601 2,120	•

3,001			Adjusted RC profit - pro forma basis		13 , 360
91,203 9	5,568	99,031	Average capital employed Average capital employed	97,568	90,263
13,556 1	2,156	11,628	acquisition adjustment	12,376	15,017
77,647 8 15.5%	•	•	Average capital employed (pro forma basis) ROACE - pro forma basis	85,192 19.6%	75,246 17.8%
	67	2,534 90 76		15,731 283 230	332
2,448			Adjusted historical cost profit	16,244	•
	5,568	99,031	Average capital employed ROACE - historical cost basis	97,568 16.6%	•

- (a) 4Q 2004 includes \$(143) million in respect of exceptional items and \$(984) million in respect of non-operating items and UPIS. Year 2004 includes \$1,076 million in respect of exceptional items and \$(1,685) million in respect of non-operating items and UPIS. 4Q 2003 includes \$69 million in respect of exceptional items and \$135 million in respect of non-operating items and UPIS. Year 2003 includes \$708 million in respect of exceptional items and \$(268) million in respect of nonoperating items and UPIS.
- (b) Excludes interest on joint venture and associated undertakings' debt and is on a post-tax basis using a deemed tax rate equal to the US statutory tax rate.

Pre-Tax Cash Returns

Fourth Third Quarter Quarter 2003 2004	Quarter 2004			ear 2003
\$ million				illion
	273	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax Exceptional items	23 , 599 (815)	17 , 938 (831)
3,775 5,873	5,844	Replacement cost operating profit Acquisition amortization		
(35) 550	1,287	Pro forma replacement cost operating profit Non-operating items Pro forma DD&A, adjusted for non- cash non-operating items	,	779
6,525 9,064	•	Cash returns numerator	35 , 958	28,469 =====

94,045 96,971 101,090	Capital employed Liabilities for current and	101,090 94,045
16,068 17,531 17,302	deferred taxation	17,302 16,068
110,113 114,502 118,392 (13,362)(11,865)(11,390)	Operating capital employed Acquisition adjustment	118,392 110,113 (11,390) (13,362)
96,751 102,637 107,002	Cash returns denominator	107,002 96,751
93,755 100,908 104,820	Average cash returns denominator	101,877 90,385
28% 36% 39%	Cash return	35% 31%

Net Debt Ratio - Net Debt: Net Debt + Equity

Fourth	Third	Fourth			
Quarter	Quarter	Quarter		7	lear (
2003	2004	2004		2004	2003
======				======	
\$	millior	1		\$ n	nillion
22 225	20 445	22 001	Gross debt	22 001	22,325
•	•	•		•	•
2,132	1,821	1,484	Cash and current asset investments	1,484	2,132
20.193	18.624	21,607	Net debt	21.607	20,193
•	=======	•		•	=======
71,720	76 , 526	77,999	Equity	77,999	71,720
22%	20%	22%	Net debt ratio	22%	22%
13,362	11,865	11,390	Acquisition adjustment	11,390	13,362
26%	22%	24%	Net debt ratio - pro forma basis	24%	26%

Notes

1. Restatement of comparative information

Comparative information for 2003 has been restated to reflect the changes described below.

- (a) Transfer of natural gas liquids activities With effect from 1 January 2004 natural gas liquids (NGLs) activities have been transferred from the Exploration and Production segment to Gas, Power and Renewables.
- (b) New accounting standard for pensions and other post-retirement benefits

With effect from 1 January 2004 BP has adopted Financial Reporting Standard No. 17 'Retirement Benefits' (FRS 17). FRS 17 requires that financial statements reflect at fair value the assets and liabilities arising from an employer's retirement benefit obligations and any related funding. The operating costs of providing retirement benefits are recognized in the period in which they are earned together with any related finance costs and changes in the value of related assets and liabilities. This contrasts with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 24 'Accounting for Pension Costs', which required the cost of providing pensions to be recognized on a systematic and rational basis over the period during which the employer benefited from the employee's services.

The difference between the amount charged in the income statement and the amount paid as contributions into the pension fund was shown as a prepayment or provision on the balance sheet.

(c) Accounting for Employee Share Ownership Plans
With effect from 1 January 2004 BP has adopted Urgent Issues Task
Force Abstract No. 38 'Accounting for ESOP Trusts'. This abstract
requires that BP shares held by the group for the purposes of
Employee Share Ownership Plans (ESOPs) are deducted from equity on
the balance sheet. Such shares were previously classified as fixed
asset investments. In addition, accruals for awards under the Long
Term Performance Plan have also been included in reserves.

Balance sheet at 31 December 2003	Restated	Reported
	======== \$ mi	llion
Fixed assets		
Intangible assets	•	13,642
Tangible assets	91,911	
Investments	17,458	17,554
	123,011	123,107
Current assets	47,651	54,465
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year		
Net current assets (liabilities)	(2,933)	3,881
Total assets less current liabilities Creditors - amounts falling due after	120,078	126,988
more than one year Provisions for liabilities and charges	18,899	18,959
Deferred taxation	14,371	15,273
Other provisions	•	15,693
Net assets excluding pension and other		
post-retirement benefit balances	78,209	77,063
Defined benefit pension plan surplus	1,146	_
Defined benefit pension plan deficits	(5,005)	_
Other post-retirement benefit plan deficits	(2,630)	-
Net assets	71,720	77,063
Minority shareholders' interest		1,125
BP shareholders' interest	70 , 595	75 , 938

Notes

Income statements	Res	Restated		orted
	Fourth		Fourth	
	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year
	2003	2003	2003	2003

			==========		
		\$ mi	Illion		
Exploration and Production	2,848	14,666	2,889	14,850	
Refining and Marketing	320	2,318	274	2,127	
Petrochemicals			51		
Gas, Power and Renewables	86	570	67	466	
Other businesses and corporate	465	(184)	(176)	(805)	
Replacement cost profit before					
interest and tax	3,760	17,938	3,105	17,244	
Stock holding gains (losses)	84	16	84	16	
Historical cost profit before					
interest and tax	3,844	17,954	3,189	17,260	
Interest expense	160	644	227	851	
Other finance expense	152	547	-	-	
Profit before taxation	3 , 532	16 , 763	2,962	16,409	
Taxation			949		
Profit after taxation			2,013		
Minority shareholders' interest	41	170	41	170	
Profit for the period			1 , 972		
Distribution to shareholders			1,495		
Earnings per ordinary share - cents					
Basic	10.56	47.27	8.93	46.30	
Diluted			8.69		

Notes

2. Turnover

	Third			1	Year
Quarter 2003	2004				2003
\$	million	ı		\$ r	million
			By business		
7,450	8,660	9,875	Exploration and Production	34,914	30,753
36,903	42,989	47,196	Refining and Marketing	179,587	149,477
3,811	5,412	6,482	Petrochemicals	21,209	16,075
16,701	20,443	23,468	Gas, Power and Renewables	83,320	65 , 639
			Other businesses		
137	137	156	and corporate	546	515
65 002	77 , 641	87 177		319,576	262 459
00,002	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0,71,1	Less: sales between	313,370	202, 103
7,138	9,126	9,567		34,517	29 , 888
57 , 864	68,515	77,610	Group excluding JVs Share of sales by	285,059	232,571
1,798	2 , 967	3,054	-	9,790	3,474

59 , 662	71,482	80,664		294,849	236,045
======		======		=======	
			By geographical area		
			Group excluding JVs		
14,117	21,848	24,656	UK	81 , 155	54 , 971
12,288	13,876	15,173	Rest of Europe	54,422	50,582
26,347	29,065	34,002	USA	130,652	108,910
13,894	16,731	19,717	Rest of World	68,052	52,498
66 , 646	81 , 520	93 , 548		334 , 281	266,961
8,782	13,005	15 , 938	Less: sales between areas	49,222	34,390
57.864	68,515	77,610		285,059	232.571
======	======	======		======	=======

3. Replacement cost profit

Replacement cost profits reflect the current cost of supplies. The replacement cost profit for the period is arrived at by excluding from the historical cost profit stock holding gains and losses.

Notes

4. Operating profits are after charging:

Fourth Quarter Qu 2003	uarter			2004	Year 2003
\$ r	nillion			\$ 1	million
			Exploration expense		
1	4	17	UK	26	17
5	7	10	Rest of Europe	25	37
60	58	143	USA	361	204
127	66	88	Rest of World	225	284
193	135	258		637	542
			Production taxes (a)		
4 4	51	112	UK petroleum revenue tax	335	300
377	502	535	Overseas production taxes		1,423
421	553	647		2,149	1,723
		======		======	

⁽a) Production taxes are charged against Exploration and Production's operating profit and are not included in the charge for taxation in Note 8.

5. Stock holding gains (losses)

-	5	(3)	Exploration and Production	10	3
16	866	(578)	Refining and Marketing	1,245	(48)
10	129	59	Petrochemicals	349	55
58	27	28	Gas, Power and Renewables	39	6
84	1,027	(494) =====		1,643 ======	16 =====

Notes

6. Interest expense

Fourth	Third	Fourth			
Quarter Qu	arter Q	uarter		Ye	ar
2003	2004	2004		2004	2003
		=====		======	=====
\$ m	nillion			\$ mi	llion
172	160	188	Group interest payable	644	700
(60)	(57)	(49)	Capitalized	(208)	(190)
112	103	139		436	510
36	41	37	Joint ventures	158	89
12	12	13	Associated undertakings	48	45
160	156	189		642	644
=======		=====		=======	=====

7. Other finance expense

	460	502	519	Interest on pension and other post-retirement benefit plan liabilities Expected return on pension and other post-retirement		1,840
	(375)	(493)	(501)	-	(1,983)	(1,500)
				Interest net of expected retu	ırn	
	85	9	18	on plan assets	29	340
				Unwinding of discount		
	42	48	50	on provisions	196	173
				Unwinding of discount on deferred consideration for		
				acquisition of investment		
	25	2.2	17	in TNK-BP	91	34
				Change in discount rate		-
	-		41	for provisions	41	-
	152	79	126		357	547
==			=====		======	======

8. Charge for taxation

404	1,672	2,365	Current	7,908	4,919
753	437	(213)	Deferred	374	1,192

1,157	2,109	2,152		8,282	6,111
356	601 1 , 508	387	UK Overseas	•	1,431 4,680
	2,109				6,111

Notes

9. Analysis of changes in net debt

Quarter	Third Quarter 2004				ear 2003
	======				======
\$	millior	1		\$ m	nillion
	19,858 1,531 172	•	Opening balance Finance debt Less: Cash Current asset investment:		22,008 1,520 215
18,475	18,155	18,624	Opening net debt	20,193	20,273
1,947	20,445 1,576 245		Closing balance Finance debt Less: Cash Current asset investment:	23,091 1,156 s 328	
20,193	18,624	21,607	Closing net debt	21,607	20,193
(1,718)	(469)	(2,983)	(Increase) decrease in net debt	(1,414)	80
797	24	(489)	Movement in cash/ bank overdrafts Increase (decrease) in	(871)	317
(223)	73	74	current asset investments Net cash (inflow) outflow	132	(41)
(2 , 350)	(563) -	(2 , 535)	from financing(excluding share capital) Debt transferred to TNK-BP Exchange of Exchangeable Bond	-	(760) 93
_	_	_	for Lukoil American Depositary Shares	_	420
5	10	37	Other movements	68	144
(3)	_	_	Debt acquired	_	(15)
(1,774) 56		(2,913)	Movement in net debt before exchange effects Exchange adjustments	(1,102)	158 (78)
	(469)	(2,983)	(Increase) decrease in net debt	(1,414)	80

Notes

10. TNK-BP Operational and Financial Information

Fourth Third Fourth

29 Aug

	Quarter 2004				31 Dec 2003
======			Production (Net of royalties)	======	
			(BP share)		
669			Crude oil (mb/d)	830	
296	505	515	Natural gas (mmcf/d)	463	281
720 =====	945 	972 	Total hydrocarbons (mboe/d)(a)	910	713
Ş	million	n		\$ m:	illion
			Income statement (BP share)		
254	0.07	CEO	Replacement cost profit	2 421	E10
354	807		before interest and tax	∠ , 4∠⊥ −	512
(24)			Stock holding gains (losses) Interest expense *	(101)	(37)
	(23)	(209)	Taxation	(752)	
1	(6)		Minority shareholders' interes		-
278	521	411	Net Income	1,525	392
======			* Excludes unwinding of discou	======: nt.	======
25	22	17	on deferred consideration	91	34
			Cash Flow		
			Additional investment in		
(23)	-	_	_	(1,416)	(2,648)
			Dividends related to period		
297 	23 		prior to acquisition	166	297
274	23	_	Net investment in TNK-BP joint venture	(1 250)	(2,351)
======			-	======	
-	1,031 	610	Dividends received	1,760 ======	-=====
Fourth Quarter	Third			Y	ear
2003	2004			2004	2003
=======			Average oil marker prices (\$/b	====== bl)	======
27.90	37.23	37.75	Urals (NWE - cif)	34.08	27.20
28.00	37.41	38.82	Urals (Med - cif)	34.45	27.28
16.65	23.33	22.30	Domestic Oil	20.61	16.65
======	-=====			=====	=====
Balance S	Sheet		31 December 2004	31 De	ecember 2003
			2001		
			======= \$ mil	====	

Fixed assets - investments

Gross assets
Gross liabilities

	=======	=======
Deferred consideration		
Due within one year	1,227	1,227
Due after more than one year	1,194	2,352
	2,421	3 , 579
	=======	=======

(a) Natural gas is converted to oil equivalent at 5.8 billion cubic feet = 1 million barrels.

BP's share of the result of the TNK-BP joint venture has been included within Exploration and Production with effect from 29 August 2003. TNK-BP operational and financial information has been estimated and includes adjustments to net income in respect of prior periods amounting to a credit of \$23 million in 4Q 2004 and charges of \$36 million in the year 2004.

Notes

11. Statutory accounts

The above financial information does not constitute statutory accounts. The summarised group results, summarised group balance sheet, summarised group cash flow statement and the Notes thereon (except Note 10) for the years ended 31 December 2004 and 2003 are an extract from the BP Annual Report and Accounts 2004, approved by a duly appointed and authorized committee of the Board of Directors at the Results Committee meeting held on 7 February 2005, but not yet delivered to the UK Registrar of Companies; the report of the auditors on those accounts was unqualified.

Contacts

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http://www.bp.com/investors

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

(Registrant)

Dated: 8 February 2005 /s/ D. J. PEARL
D. J. PEARL
Deputy Company Secretary