

OCEANFIRST FINANCIAL CORP  
Form 10-Q  
November 08, 2007  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

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**FORM 10-Q**

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**x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007

**.. TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 0-27428

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**OceanFirst Financial Corp.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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**Delaware**  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**22-3412577**  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**975 Hooper Avenue, Toms River, NJ**  
(Address of principal executive offices)

**08754-2009**  
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (732)240-4500

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES  NO .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer  Accelerated Filer  Non-accelerated Filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES  NO .

As of November 6, 2007, there were 12,346,465 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, outstanding.

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**OceanFirst Financial Corp.**

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**Table of Contents****OceanFirst Financial Corp.****Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition**

(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	September 30, 2007 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2006
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 29,456	\$ 32,204
Investment securities available for sale	58,133	82,384
Federal Home Loan Bank of New York stock, at cost	22,040	25,346
Mortgage-backed securities available for sale	58,285	68,369
Loans receivable, net	1,678,937	1,701,425
Mortgage loans held for sale	3,244	82,943
Interest and dividends receivable	8,357	8,083
Real estate owned, net	433	288
Premises and equipment, net	17,372	18,196
Servicing asset	9,340	9,787
Bank Owned Life Insurance	38,087	37,145
Intangible Assets	23	1,114
Other assets	13,123	9,718
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,936,830</b>	<b>\$ 2,077,002</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Deposits	\$ 1,310,941	\$ 1,372,328
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase with retail customers	69,742	50,982
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase with the Federal Home Loan Bank	13,000	34,000
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	371,500	430,500
Other borrowings	27,500	17,500
Advances by borrowers for taxes and insurance	8,247	7,743
Other liabilities	12,329	31,629
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1,813,259</b>	<b>1,944,682</b>
<b>Stockholders' equity:</b>		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 55,000,000 shares authorized, 27,177,372 shares issued and 12,341,915 and 12,262,307 shares outstanding at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively	272	272
Additional paid-in capital	203,237	201,936
Retained earnings	154,317	164,121
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2,704)	(470)
Less: Unallocated common stock held by Employee Stock Ownership Plan	(5,612)	(6,369)
Treasury stock, 14,835,457 and 14,915,065 shares at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively	(225,939)	(227,170)
Common stock acquired by Deferred Compensation Plan	1,406	1,457
Deferred Compensation Plan Liability	(1,406)	(1,457)
<b>Total stockholders' equity</b>	<b>123,571</b>	<b>132,320</b>

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Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,936,830	\$ 2,077,002
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See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****OceanFirst Financial Corp.****Consolidated Statements of Operations**

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	For the three months ended September 30,		For the nine months ended September 30,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)	
<b>Interest income:</b>				
Loans	\$ 25,945	\$ 27,825	\$ 79,528	\$ 79,051
Mortgage-backed securities	688	812	2,127	2,518
Investment securities and other	1,590	1,679	5,494	5,102
<b>Total interest income</b>	<b>28,223</b>	<b>30,316</b>	<b>87,149</b>	<b>86,671</b>
<b>Interest expense:</b>				
Deposits	9,326	8,939	27,778	24,040
Borrowed funds	6,066	6,918	19,431	18,343
<b>Total interest expense</b>	<b>15,392</b>	<b>15,857</b>	<b>47,209</b>	<b>42,383</b>
<b>Net interest income</b>	<b>12,831</b>	<b>14,459</b>	<b>39,940</b>	<b>44,288</b>
Provision for loan losses	75	50	525	100
<b>Net interest income after provision for loan losses</b>	<b>12,756</b>	<b>14,409</b>	<b>39,415</b>	<b>44,188</b>
<b>Other income (loss):</b>				
Loan servicing income	126	136	356	408
Fees and service charges	2,942	2,677	8,724	7,854
Net gain (loss) and lower of cost or market adjustment on sales of loans and securities available for sale	1,156	3,515	(11,676)	8,474
Net income (loss) from other real estate operations	8	(60)	27	(60)
Income from Bank Owned Life Insurance	324	291	942	840
Other	6	44	41	55
<b>Total other income (loss)</b>	<b>4,562</b>	<b>6,603</b>	<b>(1,586)</b>	<b>17,571</b>
<b>Operating expenses:</b>				
Compensation and employee benefits	6,755	7,497	22,227	22,752
Occupancy	1,569	1,244	4,028	3,564
Equipment	543	767	1,631	1,975
Marketing	359	531	1,046	1,230
Federal deposit insurance	168	133	444	400
Data processing	859	859	2,625	2,569
General and administrative	2,357	2,483	8,430	7,735
Goodwill impairment			1,014	
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>12,610</b>	<b>13,514</b>	<b>41,445</b>	<b>40,225</b>
<b>Income (loss) before provision (benefit) for income taxes</b>	<b>4,708</b>	<b>7,498</b>	<b>(3,616)</b>	<b>21,534</b>
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	1,582	2,592	(1,597)	7,461

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Net income (loss)	\$ 3,126	\$ 4,906	\$ (2,019)	\$ 14,073
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.43	\$ (0.18)	\$ 1.22
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.42	\$ (0.18)	\$ 1.18
Average basic shares outstanding	11,561	11,465	11,522	11,567
Average diluted shares outstanding	11,643	11,689	11,522	11,880

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****OceanFirst Financial Corp.****Consolidated Statements of****Changes in Stockholders Equity (Unaudited)**

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Employee Stock Ownership Plan	Treasury Stock	Common Stock Acquired by Deferred Compensation Plan	Deferred Compensation Plan Liability	Total
Balance at December 31, 2005	\$ 272	\$ 197,621	\$ 164,613	\$ (1,223)	\$ (7,472)	\$ (215,027)	\$ 1,383	\$ (1,383)	\$ 138,784
Comprehensive income:									
Net income			14,073						14,073
Other comprehensive income:									
Unrealized gain on securities (net of tax expense \$244)				354					354
Total comprehensive income									14,427
Stock award		278							278
Tax benefit of stock plans		2,035							2,035
Purchase 669,604 shares of common stock						(15,288)			(15,288)
Allocation of ESOP stock					827				827
ESOP adjustment		1,385							1,385
Cash dividend \$.60 per share			(6,897)						(6,897)
Exercise of stock options			(3,720)			5,179			1,459
Purchase of stock for the deferred compensation plan							134	(134)	
Balance at September 30, 2006	\$ 272	\$ 201,319	\$ 168,069	\$ (869)	\$ (6,645)	\$ (225,136)	\$ 1,517	\$ (1,517)	\$ 137,010
Balance at December 31, 2006	\$ 272	\$ 201,936	\$ 164,121	\$ (470)	\$ (6,369)	\$ (227,170)	\$ 1,457	\$ (1,457)	\$ 132,320

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Comprehensive loss:										
Net loss										(2,019)
Other comprehensive loss:										
Unrealized loss on securities (net of tax benefit \$1,543)									(2,234)	(2,234)
Total comprehensive loss										(4,253)
Stock awards		354								354
Treasury stock allocated to restricted stock plan		(295)	(3)			298				
Tax benefit of stock plans		337								337
Purchase 49,701 shares of common stock									(1,112)	(1,112)
Allocation of ESOP stock						757				757
ESOP adjustment		905								905
Cash dividend \$.60 per share									(6,784)	(6,784)
Exercise of stock options									2,045	1,047
Sale of stock for the deferred compensation plan									(51)	51
Balance at September 30, 2007	\$	272	\$	203,237	\$	154,317	\$	(2,704)	\$	(5,612)
	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	(225,939)
	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	1,406
	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	(1,406)
	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	123,571

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****OceanFirst Financial Corp.****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(dollars in thousands)

	For the nine months	
	ended September 30,	ended September 30,
	2007	2006
	(Unaudited)	
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net (loss) income	\$ (2,019)	\$ 14,073
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization of premises and equipment	1,486	1,531
Amortization of ESOP	757	827
ESOP adjustment	905	1,385
Stock award	354	278
Amortization of servicing asset	1,648	1,509
Amortization and impairment of intangible assets	1,091	77
Net premium amortization in excess of discount accretion on securities	81	194
Net amortization of deferred costs and discounts on loans	729	506
Provision for loan losses	525	100
Lower of cost or market write-down on loans held for sale	9,400	
Provision for repurchased loans	3,760	
Net loss on write-off of fixed assets	21	
Net loss on sale of real estate owned	(11)	99
Net gain on sales of loans and securities	(1,484)	(8,474)
Loans repurchased	(1,012)	
Proceeds from sales of mortgage loans held for sale	352,373	514,441
Mortgage loans originated for sale	(281,342)	(537,480)
Increase in value of Bank Owned Life Insurance	(942)	(840)
Increase in interest and dividends receivable	(274)	(1,277)
Increase in other assets	(1,862)	(627)
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities	(12,453)	11,761
<b>Total adjustments</b>	<b>73,750</b>	<b>(15,990)</b>
<b>Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities</b>	<b>71,731</b>	<b>(1,917)</b>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Net decrease (increase) in loans receivable	15,880	(60,892)
Loans repurchased	(14,128)	
Proceeds from sales of loans repurchased	8,666	
Proceeds from maturities or calls of investment securities available for sale	20,780	2,584
Purchase of investment securities available for sale	(681)	(748)
Proceeds from sale of investment securities available for sale		437
Proceeds from sale of mortgage-backed securities available for sale		6,241
Purchase of mortgage-backed securities available for sale		(6,439)
Principal payments on mortgage-backed securities available for sale	10,378	13,480
Decrease (increase) in Federal Home Loan Bank of New York stock	3,306	(2,842)
Net proceeds (disbursements) from sales and acquisition of real estate owned	638	(39)
Purchases of premises and equipment	(683)	(3,135)

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Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	44,156	(51,353)
		Continued

**Table of Contents****OceanFirst Financial Corp.****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)**

(dollars in thousands)

	For the nine months	
	ended September 30, 2007	2006
	(Unaudited)	
Cash flows from financing activities:		
(Decrease) increase in deposits	\$ (61,387)	\$ 15,170
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	3,760	(3,939)
Repayments of securities sold under agreements to repurchase with the Federal Home Loan Bank		(10,000)
Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances	20,000	190,000
Repayments of Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(85,000)	(127,000)
Proceeds from other borrowings	10,000	12,500
Increase in advances by borrowers for taxes and insurance	504	1,089
Exercise of stock options	1,047	1,459
Dividends paid	(6,784)	(6,897)
Purchase of treasury stock	(1,112)	(15,288)
Tax benefit of stock plans	337	2,035
<b>Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities</b>	<b>(118,635)</b>	<b>59,129</b>
Net (decrease) increase in cash and due from banks	(2,748)	5,859
Cash and due from banks at beginning of period	32,204	31,108
Cash and due from banks at end of period	\$ 29,456	\$ 36,967
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 47,590	\$ 41,689
Income taxes	227	3,947
Non cash activities:		
Transfer of loans receivable to real estate owned	772	70
Transfer of securities sold under agreements to repurchase to advances	21,000	15,000

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****OceanFirst Financial Corp.****Notes To Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements****Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of OceanFirst Financial Corp. (the Company) and its wholly-owned subsidiary, OceanFirst Bank (the Bank) and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Columbia Home Loans, LLC, OceanFirst REIT Holdings, LLC, and OceanFirst Services, LLC. At September 30, 2007 most of the operations of Columbia Home Loans, LLC were discontinued.

The interim consolidated financial statements reflect all normal and recurring adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, considered necessary for a fair presentation of the financial condition and results of operations for the periods presented. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that may be expected for all of 2007.

Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC).

These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report to Stockholders on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Certain amounts previously reported have been reclassified to conform to the current period's classification.

**Earnings per Share**

The following reconciles shares outstanding for basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (in thousands):

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Weighted average shares issued net of Treasury shares	12,329	12,345	12,317	12,481
Less: Unallocated ESOP shares	(681)	(804)	(710)	(837)
Unallocated incentive award shares and shares held by deferred compensation plan	(87)	(76)	(85)	(77)
Average basic shares outstanding	11,561	11,465	11,522	11,567
Add: Effect of dilutive securities:				
Stock options	15	150		240
Incentive awards and shares held by deferred compensation plan	67	74		73
Average diluted shares outstanding	11,643	11,689	11,522	11,880

For the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, 1,408,000 and 924,000, respectively, antidilutive stock options were excluded from earnings per share calculations. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, 1,312,000 and 659,000, respectively, antidilutive stock options were excluded from earnings per share calculations. In addition, for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, 113,000 antidilutive potential shares of common stock have been excluded from the calculation of average diluted shares outstanding, as the Company incurred a net loss for the period.

**Comprehensive Income (Loss)**

For the three month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, total comprehensive income, representing net income plus or minus the change in unrealized gains or losses on securities available for sale amounted to \$1,224,000 and \$5,598,000, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 total comprehensive (loss) income amounted to \$(4,253,000) and \$14,427,000.



**Table of Contents****Note 2. Loans Receivable, Net**

Loans receivable, net at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
Real estate:		
One-to-four family	\$ 1,104,566	\$ 1,231,716
Commercial real estate, multi-family and land	317,080	306,288
Construction	14,172	13,475
Consumer	209,232	190,029
Commercial	46,532	49,693
<b>Total loans</b>	<b>1,691,582</b>	<b>1,791,201</b>
Loans in process	(3,883)	(2,318)
Deferred origination costs, net	5,169	5,723
Allowance for loan losses	(10,687)	(10,238)
<b>Total loans, net</b>	<b>1,682,181</b>	<b>1,784,368</b>
Less: Mortgage loans held for sale	3,244	82,943
<b>Loans receivable, net</b>	<b>\$ 1,678,937</b>	<b>\$ 1,701,425</b>

**Note 3. Reserve for Repurchased Loans**

An analysis of the reserve for repurchased loans for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 follows (in thousands). There was no balance in the reserve at September 30, 2006. The reserve is included in other liabilities in the accompanying statement of financial condition.

	Three months ended	Nine months ended
	September 30, 2007	September 30, 2007
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 5,397	\$ 9,600
(Recovery) provision charged to operations	(200)	3,760
Loss on loans repurchased	(2,444)	(10,607)
<b>Balance at end of period</b>	<b>\$ 2,753</b>	<b>\$ 2,753</b>

The reserve for repurchased loans is established to provide for expected losses related to outstanding loan repurchase requests and additional repurchase requests which may be received on loans previously sold to investors. In establishing the reserve for repurchased loans, the Company considered all types of sold loans, however, the actual types of loans which resulted in loss estimates included subprime loans with 100% financing, all other subprime loans and a small amount of ALT-A loans. At September 30, 2007, the Company utilized \$15.1 million to repurchase loans from investors of which \$12.2 million were subsequently resold. Also, at September 30, 2007 the Company had unresolved loan repurchase requests of \$618,000.

**Note 4. Deposits**

The major types of deposits at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 were as follows (in thousands):

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<u>Type of Account</u>	September 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
Non-interest-bearing	\$ 113,488	\$ 114,950
Interest-bearing checking	442,195	408,666
Money market deposit	86,442	105,571
Savings	193,872	200,544
Time deposits	474,944	542,597
	\$ 1,310,941	\$ 1,372,328

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**Table of Contents****Note 5. Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In February 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ( SFAS ) No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities . SFAS No. 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The objective is to improve financial reporting by providing entities with the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. The statement is effective as of the beginning of an entity 's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007 with early adoption permitted as of the beginning of a fiscal year that begins on or before November 15, 2007. The Company does not expect the adoption of statement No. 159 to have a material impact on its financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements. This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This Statement applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, the FASB having previously concluded in those accounting pronouncements that fair value is the relevant measurement attribute. Accordingly, this Statement does not require any new fair value measurements. The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company does not expect the adoption of Statement No. 157 to have a material impact on its financial statements.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes. The interpretation clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise 's financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement 109

Accounting for Income Taxes. This Interpretation presents a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The Company adopted the Interpretation effective January 1, 2007. The adoption of Interpretation No. 48 did not have a material impact on the Company 's financial statements.

In March 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 156, Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets. SFAS No. 140, Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities, establishes, among other things, the accounting for all separately recognized servicing assets and servicing liabilities. SFAS No. 156 amends Statement 140 to require that all separately recognized servicing assets and servicing liabilities be initially measured at fair value, if practicable. This Statement permits, but does not require, the subsequent measurement of separately recognized servicing assets and servicing liabilities at fair value. An entity that uses derivative instruments to mitigate the risks inherent in servicing assets and servicing liabilities is required to account for those derivative instruments at fair value. Under this Statement, an entity can elect subsequent fair value measurement to account for its separately recognized servicing assets and servicing liabilities. By electing that option, an entity may simplify its accounting because this Statement permits income statement recognition of the potential offsetting changes in fair value of those servicing assets and servicing liabilities and derivative instruments in the same accounting period. The Company adopted the Statement effective January 1, 2007. The adoption of SFAS No. 156 did not have a material impact on the Company 's financial statements.

**Item 2. Management 's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**  
**Critical Accounting Policies**

Note 1 to the Company 's Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2006 included in the Company 's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, as supplemented by this report, contains a summary of significant accounting policies. Various elements of these accounting policies, by their nature, are inherently subject to estimation techniques, valuation assumptions and other subjective assessments. Certain assets are carried in the consolidated statements of financial condition at fair value or the lower of cost or fair value. Policies with respect to the methodologies used to determine the allowance for loan losses, the reserve for repurchased loans, the valuation of Mortgage Servicing Rights and judgments regarding securities impairment are the most critical accounting policies because they are important to the presentation of the Company 's financial condition and results of operations, involve a higher degree of complexity and require management to make difficult and subjective judgments which often require assumptions or estimates about highly uncertain matters. The use of different judgments, assumptions and estimates could result in material differences in the results of operations or financial condition. These critical accounting policies and their application are reviewed periodically and, at least annually, with the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors.

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**Table of Contents****Summary**

The Company's results of operations are primarily dependent on net interest income, which is the difference between the interest income earned on interest-earning assets, such as loans and investments, and the interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities, such as deposits and borrowings. The Company also generates non-interest income such as income from loan sales, loan servicing, loan originations, merchant credit card services, deposit accounts, the sale of alternative investments, trust and asset management services and other fees. The Company's operating expenses primarily consist of compensation and employee benefits, occupancy and equipment, marketing, data processing and general and administrative expenses. The Company's results of operations are also significantly affected by general economic and competitive conditions, particularly changes in market interest rates, government policies and actions of regulatory agencies.

During the second quarter, the Board of Directors of the Bank decided to discontinue most of the operations of Columbia Homes Loans, LLC, the Bank's mortgage banking subsidiary. During the third quarter, the Bank decided to completely shutter all of Columbia's loan origination activity by discontinuing the two remaining small loan production offices. The Bank is retaining Columbia's loan servicing portfolio. Columbia originated a full product line of residential mortgage loans including the origination of subprime mortgage loans. These subprime loans were ordinarily sold to investors in the normal course of business. The loan sale agreements generally required Columbia to repurchase certain loans previously sold in the event of an early payment default, generally defined as the failure by the borrower to make a payment within a designated period early in the loan term. Columbia may also be required to repurchase a loan in the event of a breach to a representation or warranty. Columbia experienced early payment defaults primarily related to subprime mortgage loans with 100% financing relative to the value of the underlying property. During the first quarter of 2007, Columbia originated \$38.2 million in subprime loans of which \$8.7 million were loans with 100% financing. In March 2007, the Company discontinued the origination of all subprime loans. A reserve was established to account for Columbia's potential obligation to repurchase loans. In establishing the reserve for repurchased loans, the Company considered all types of sold loans, however, the actual types of loans which resulted in loss estimates included subprime loans with 100% financing, all other subprime loans and a small amount of ALT-A loans. As a result of the analysis of the reserve for repurchased loans at September 30, 2007, the Company recognized a reversal of the provision for repurchased loans of \$200,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2007. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the provision for repurchased loans was \$3.8 million which is included as part of the gain (loss) on sale of loans. Columbia also maintained an inventory of loans held for sale. These loans were originated for sale to investors, however, a large amount of subprime loans remained unsold at March 31, 2007 due to a significant decline in liquidity in the subprime loan market during the first quarter of 2007, primarily related to changes in investor product specifications. The loans were initially underwritten to the specifications of particular investors and were generally intended to be sold in bulk. When the investors' product specifications changed, there was an absence of traditional buyers for these loans creating the significant decline in liquidity in the subprime loan market. During the second quarter of 2007, Columbia closed on a bulk sale of subprime loans with a stated principal balance of \$42.6 million for which Columbia recognized a loss on sale, net of reserves, of \$1.3 million. Additionally, included in the loss on sale of loans for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, is a charge of \$9.4 million incurred by Columbia to reduce loans held for sale to their current fair market value. There was no lower of cost or market value charge for the quarter ended September 30, 2007. At September 30, 2007, Columbia was holding subprime loans with a gross principal balance of \$7.2 million and a carrying value, net of reserves and lower of cost or market adjustment, of \$4.4 million.

The interest rate yield curve began the year in an inverted position and generally remained flat to inverted through most of the second quarter when longer-term rates rose and the interest rate yield curve had a modest upward slope. During the third quarter shorter-term rates began to decline resulting in a continued upward slope to the interest rate yield curve. The flat to inverted yield curve experienced throughout most of 2006 and through the beginning of 2007 has generally had a negative impact on the Bank's results of operations and net interest margin as interest-earning assets, both loans and securities, are priced against longer-term indices, while interest-bearing liabilities, primarily deposits and borrowings, are priced against shorter-term indices. The Bank has generally not repriced all core deposits (defined as all deposits other than time deposits) at the same pace as market increases in short-term interest rates. Any upward repricing of core deposits would likely have a negative impact on the Bank's results of operations and net interest margin. Conversely, a prolonged steepening to the yield curve may have a small positive impact on the Bank's results of operations and net interest margin in the latter part of 2007 and into 2008.

**Table of Contents****Analysis of Net Interest Income**

Net interest income represents the difference between income on interest-earning assets and expense on interest-bearing liabilities. Net interest income depends upon the relative amounts of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and the interest rate earned or paid on them.

The following tables set forth certain information relating to the Company for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006. The yields and costs are derived by dividing income or expense by the average balance of assets or liabilities, respectively, for the periods shown except where noted otherwise. Average balances are derived from average daily balances. The yields and costs include certain fees which are considered adjustments to yields.

	FOR THE QUARTERS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,					
	2007			2006		
	AVERAGE		AVERAGE	AVERAGE		AVERAGE
	BALANCE	INTEREST	YIELD/ COST (Dollars in thousands)	BALANCE	INTEREST	YIELD/ COST
<b>Assets</b>						
Interest-earnings assets:						
Interest-earning deposits and short-term investments	\$ 17,191	\$ 217	5.05%	\$ 8,960	\$ 117	5.22%
Investment securities (1)	62,836	895	5.70	83,917	1,212	5.78
FHLB stock	22,432	478	8.52	25,940	350	5.40
Mortgage-backed securities (1)	60,539	688	4.55	74,679	812	4.35
Loans receivable, net (2)	1,696,679	25,945	6.12	1,806,060	27,825	6.16
Total interest-earning assets	1,859,677	28,223	6.07	1,999,556	30,316	6.06
Non-interest-earning assets	102,284			99,144		
Total assets	\$ 1,961,961			\$ 2,098,700		
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders Equity</b>						
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
Transaction deposits	\$ 727,233	3,837	2.11	\$ 703,986	3,039	1.73
Time deposits	488,688	5,489	4.49	557,093	5,900	4.24
Total	1,215,921	9,326	3.07	1,261,079	8,939	2.84
Borrowed funds	489,662	6,066	4.96	567,003	6,918	4.88
Total interest-bearing liabilities	1,705,583	15,392	3.61	1,828,082	15,857	3.47
Non-interest-bearing deposits	116,895			124,998		
Non-interest-bearing liabilities	16,834			12,896		
Total liabilities	1,839,312			1,965,976		
Stockholders equity	122,649			132,724		
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 1,961,961			\$ 2,098,700		
Net interest income		\$ 12,831			\$ 14,459	
Net interest rate spread (3)			2.46%			2.59%

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Net interest margin (4)	2.76%	2.89%
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	FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,					
	2007			2006		
	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE
	BALANCE	INTEREST	YIELD/ COST (Dollars in thousands)	BALANCE	INTEREST	YIELD/ COST
<b>Assets</b>						
Interest-earning assets:						
Interest-earning deposits and short-term investments	\$ 11,212	\$ 430	5.11%	\$ 8,706	\$ 315	4.82%
Investment securities (1)	69,980	3,661	6.98	84,480	3,880	6.12
FHLB stock	24,575	1,403	7.61	24,289	907	4.98
Mortgage-backed securities (1)	63,912	2,127	4.44	79,506	2,518	4.22
Loans receivable, net (2)	1,743,488	79,528	6.08	1,751,643	79,051	6.02
Total interest-earning assets	1,913,167	87,149	6.07	1,948,624	86,671	5.93
Non-interest-earning assets	101,345			96,516		
Total assets	\$ 2,014,512			\$ 2,045,140		
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders Equity</b>						
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
Transaction deposits	\$ 723,194	11,116	2.05	\$ 717,194	8,544	1.59
Time deposits	501,697	16,662	4.43	531,557	15,496	3.89
Total	1,224,891	27,778	3.02	1,248,751	24,040	2.57
Borrowed funds	529,584	19,431	4.89	526,266	18,343	4.65
Total interest-bearing liabilities	1,754,475	47,209	3.59	1,775,017	42,383	3.18
Non-interest-bearing deposits	115,299			124,508		
Non-interest-bearing liabilities	19,153			11,563		
Total liabilities	1,888,927			1,911,088		
Stockholders equity	125,585			134,052		
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 2,014,512			\$ 2,045,140		
Net interest income		\$ 39,940			\$ 44,288	
Net interest rate spread (3)			2.48%			2.75%
Net interest margin (4)			2.78%			3.03%

- (1) Amounts are recorded at average amortized cost.
- (2) Amount is net of deferred loan fees, undisbursed loan funds, discounts and premiums and estimated loss allowances and includes loans held for sale and non-performing loans.
- (3) Net interest rate spread represents the difference between the annualized yield on interest-earning assets and the annualized cost of interest-bearing liabilities.
- (4) Net interest margin represents annualized net interest income divided by average interest-earning assets.

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**Comparison of Financial Condition at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006**

Total assets at September 30, 2007 were \$1.937 billion, a decrease of \$140.2 million, compared to \$2.077 billion at December 31, 2006.

Investment and mortgage-backed securities available for sale decreased \$34.3 million to \$116.4 million at September 30, 2007 as compared to \$150.8 million at December 31, 2006 due to calls of investment securities and repayment of mortgage-backed securities. Loans receivable, net decreased by \$22.5 million to a balance of \$1.679 billion at September 30, 2007, compared to a balance of \$1.701 billion at December 31, 2006. Increases of \$7.6 million in commercial and commercial real estate loans and \$19.2 million in consumer loans were more than offset by a decline in one-to-four family mortgage loans. Mortgage loans held for sale decreased \$79.7 million to a balance of \$3.2 million at September 30, 2007 compared to a balance of \$82.9 million at December 31, 2006. The decrease was reflective of the discontinuance of most of Columbia's mortgage banking operations.

Deposit balances decreased \$61.4 million to \$1.311 billion at September 30, 2007 from \$1.372 billion at December 31, 2006 as the Bank maintained its disciplined pricing relating to certificates of deposit. Total Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings decreased by \$80.0 million to \$384.5 million at September 30, 2007 as compared to \$464.5 million at December 31, 2006 due to lower asset balances. Additionally, during the quarter ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued \$10.0 million of debt in the form of Trust Preferred Securities which is included in other borrowings.

Stockholders' equity at September 30, 2007 decreased to \$123.6 million, compared to \$132.3 million at December 31, 2006. The Company repurchased 49,701 shares of common stock during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 at a total cost of \$1.1 million. Stockholders' equity was further reduced by the net loss, the cash dividend and an increase in accumulated other comprehensive loss.

**Comparison of Operating Results for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 and September 30, 2006**

**General**

Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2007 was \$3.1 million, or \$.27 per diluted share, as compared to \$4.9 million, or \$.42 per diluted share, for the corresponding prior year period. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the net loss was \$2.0 million, or \$.18 per diluted share, as compared to net income of \$14.1 million, or \$1.18 per diluted share, for the corresponding prior year period.

**Interest Income**

Interest income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 was \$28.2 million and \$87.1 million, respectively, compared to \$30.3 million and \$86.7 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006. The yield on interest-earning assets increased to 6.07% for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to 6.06% and 5.93%, respectively, for the same prior year periods. Average interest-earning assets decreased by \$139.9 million and \$35.5 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same prior year periods partly reflective of the discontinuance of most of Columbia's mortgage banking operations.

**Interest Expense**

Interest expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 was \$15.4 million and \$47.2 million, respectively, compared to \$15.9 million and \$42.4 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006. The cost of interest-bearing liabilities increased to 3.61% and 3.59%, respectively, for the

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three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to 3.47% and 3.18%, respectively, in the same prior year periods. Average interest-bearing liabilities decreased by \$122.5 million and \$20.5 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same prior year periods.

**Net Interest Income**

Net interest income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 decreased to \$12.8 million and \$39.9 million, respectively, as compared to \$14.5 million and \$44.3 million, respectively, in the same prior year periods. The net interest margin decreased to 2.76% and 2.78%, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 from 2.89% and 3.03%, respectively, in the same prior year periods. The slope of the interest rate yield curve caused the increase in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities to outpace the increase in the yield on interest-earning assets.

**Provision for Loan Losses**

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Bank's provision for loan losses was \$75,000 and \$525,000, respectively, compared to \$50,000 and \$100,000, respectively, in the same prior year periods. Non-performing loans increased to \$9.2 million at September 30, 2007 from \$4.5 million at December 31, 2006. The non-performing loan total includes \$887,000 of repurchased one-to-four family and consumer loans and \$3.3 million of one-to-four family and consumer loans previously held-for-sale, which were previously written down to their fair market value, which included an assessment of each loan's potential credit impairment. As a result, these loans do not currently require an adjustment to the allowance for loan losses. Loans receivable, net declined modestly during the first nine months of 2007 and net charge-offs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 were \$7,000 and \$76,000, respectively. The increase in the provision for loan losses was primarily due to the increase in non-performing loans.

**Other Income (Loss)**

Other income (loss) decreased to income of \$4.6 million and a loss of \$1.6 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, compared to income of \$6.6 million and \$17.6 million, respectively, for the same prior year periods. The net gain (loss) on the sale of loans was a gain of \$1.2 million and a loss of \$11.7 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to a net gain of \$3.5 million and \$8.5 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006. The decrease in the gain on sale is partly due to the decision to discontinue most operations of Columbia. For the three months ended September 30, 2007, the gain on the sale of loans benefited from a \$200,000 reduction to the reserve for repurchased loans. The net loss on the sale of loans for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 includes a loss of \$1.3 million on the bulk sale of subprime loans and lower of cost or market charges of \$9.4 million taken by Columbia to reduce loans held for sale to their current fair market value. Also included in the net loss on the sale of loans for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 is a \$3.8 million charge to increase the reserve for repurchased loans.

Fees and service charges increased \$265,000, or 9.9%, and \$870,000, or 11.1%, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to the same prior year periods primarily related to increases in fees generated from trust services and deposit accounts.

**Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses were \$12.6 million and \$41.4 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to \$13.5 million and \$40.2 million, respectively, in the same prior year periods. The decrease in operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the corresponding prior year period was due to the discontinuation of most of the operations at Columbia and lower ESOP expense. These reductions were partly offset by the cost of new branches, higher professional fees and total severance costs at Columbia of \$101,000. Total severance costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 amounted to \$879,000. Additionally, occupancy expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 includes a \$375,000 charge for lease termination costs at Columbia. Additionally, included in operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 is \$1.0 million representing the write-off of the previously established goodwill on the August 2000 acquisition of Columbia.

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### Provision (benefit) for Income Taxes

Income tax expense (benefit) was an expense of \$1.6 million and a benefit of \$1.6 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to an expense of \$2.6 million and \$7.5 million, respectively, for the same prior year periods.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The Company's primary sources of funds are deposits, principal and interest payments on loans and mortgage-backed securities, proceeds from the sale of loans, FHLB and other borrowings and, to a lesser extent, investment maturities. While scheduled amortization of loans is a predictable source of funds, deposit flows and mortgage prepayments are greatly influenced by general interest rates, economic conditions and competition. The Company has other sources of liquidity if a need for additional funds arises, including lines of credit and FHLB advances.

At September 30, 2007 the Company had outstanding overnight borrowings from the FHLB of \$27.5 million as compared to \$42.5 million in overnight borrowings at December 31, 2006. The Company utilizes the overnight line to fund short-term liquidity needs. The Company had total FHLB borrowings, including overnight borrowings, of \$384.5 million at September 30, 2007, a decrease from \$464.5 million at December 31, 2006.

The Company's cash needs for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 were primarily satisfied by principal payments on loans and mortgage-backed securities, maturities or calls of investment securities, proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans held for sale and the issuance of debt in the form of trust preferred securities. The cash was principally utilized for loan originations and repurchases, to fund deposit outflows and reduce Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the cash needs of the Company were primarily satisfied by principal payments on loans and mortgage-backed securities, increased deposits and borrowings, and proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans held for sale. The cash provided was principally used for the origination of loans and the repurchase of common stock.

In the normal course of business, the Company routinely enters into various off-balance sheet commitments, primarily relating to the origination and sale of loans. At September 30, 2007, outstanding commitments to originate loans totaled \$62.1 million; outstanding unused lines of credit totaled \$188.6 million; and outstanding commitments to sell loans totaled \$11.0 million. The Company expects to have sufficient funds available to meet current commitments arising in the normal course of business.

Time deposits scheduled to mature in one year or less totaled \$422.8 million at September 30, 2007. Based upon historical experience management estimates that a significant portion of such deposits will remain with the Company.

Under the Company's stock repurchase programs, shares of OceanFirst Financial Corp. common stock may be purchased in the open market and through other privately-negotiated transactions, from time-to-time, depending on market conditions. The repurchased shares are held as treasury stock for general corporate use. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company purchased 49,701 shares of common stock at a total cost of \$1.1 million compared with purchases of 669,604 shares for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 at a total cost of \$15.3 million. At September 30, 2007, there were 489,062 shares remaining to be repurchased under the existing stock repurchase program. Cash dividends declared and paid during the first nine months of 2007 were \$6.8 million, a decrease from \$6.9 million in the same prior year period. On October 17, 2007, the Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of twenty cents (\$.20) per common share. The dividend is payable on November 16, 2007 to stockholders of record at the close of business on November 2, 2007.

The primary sources of liquidity for OceanFirst Financial Corp., the holding company of OceanFirst Bank, are capital distributions from the banking subsidiary and the issuance of debt instruments. For the first nine months of 2007, OceanFirst Financial Corp. received no dividend payments from OceanFirst Bank. The Office of Thrift Supervision (OTS) has previously notified the Bank that it does not object to the payment of capital dividends, so long as the Bank remains well capitalized after each capital distribution, and also maintains a tier one core leverage ratio above 6.0% and a total risk-based capital ratio above 10.5% after each capital distribution. The Bank's tier one core leverage ratio and total risk-based capital ratio at September 30, 2007 were 6.9% and 10.9%, respectively. Applicable Federal law or the OTS, may further limit the amount of capital distributions OceanFirst

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Bank may make. OceanFirst Financial Corp. s ability to continue to pay dividends and repurchase stock is partly dependent upon capital distributions from OceanFirst Bank and may be adversely affected by the Bank s current capital constraints. The Company raised \$10.0 million during the second quarter of 2007 from the issuance of trust preferred securities. The trust preferred securities carry a floating rate of 175 basis points over 3 month LIBOR and adjust quarterly. Accrued interest is due quarterly with principal due at the maturity date of September 1, 2037. At September 30, 2007, OceanFirst Financial Corp. held \$6.4 million in cash and \$6.3 million in investment securities available for sale. Additionally, OceanFirst Financial Corp. has an available line of credit for up to \$4.0 million.

At September 30, 2007, the Bank exceeded all of its regulatory capital requirements with tangible capital of \$134.0 million, or 6.9% of total adjusted assets, which is above the required level of \$29.1 million or 1.5%; core capital of \$134.0 million or 6.9% of total adjusted assets, which is above the required level of \$58.1 million, or 3.0%; and risk-based capital of \$144.3 million, or 10.9% of risk-weighted assets, which is above the required level of \$105.5 million or 8.0%. The Bank is considered a well-capitalized institution under the Office of Thrift Supervision s Prompt Corrective Action Regulations.

**Off-Balance-Sheet Arrangements and Contractual Obligations**

In the normal course of operations, the Company engages in a variety of financial transactions that, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, are not recorded in the financial statements. These transactions involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit, interest rate, and liquidity risk. Such transactions are used for general corporate purposes or for customer needs. Corporate purpose transactions are used to help manage credit, interest rate, and liquidity risk or to optimize capital. Customer transactions are used to manage customers requests for funding. These financial instruments and commitments include unused consumer lines of credit and commitments to extend credit. The Company also has outstanding commitments to sell loans amounting to \$11.0 million.

The following table shows the contractual obligations of the Company by expected payment period as of September 30, 2007 (in thousands):

Contractual Obligation	Total	Less than			More than
		One year	1-3 years	3-5 years	5 years
Debt Obligations	\$ 481,742	\$ 198,242	\$ 218,000	\$ 38,000	\$ 27,500
Commitments to Originate Loans	\$ 62,060	\$ 62,060			
Commitments to Fund Unused Lines of Credit	\$ 188,559	\$ 188,559			

Debt obligations include borrowings from the FHLB, Securities Sold under Agreements to Repurchase and other borrowings. The borrowings have defined terms and, under certain circumstances, \$40.0 million of the borrowings are callable at the option of the lender.

Commitments to originate loans and commitments to fund unused lines of credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since some of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Company s exposure to credit risk is represented by the contractual amount of the instruments.

**Table of Contents****Non-Performing Assets**

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's non-performing assets consisting of non-accrual loans and Real Estate Owned ( REO ). It is the policy of the Company to cease accruing interest on loans 90 days or more past due or in the process of foreclosure.

	September 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
	(dollars in thousands)	
Non-accrual loans:		
Real estate One-to-four family	\$ 6,144	\$ 2,703
Commercial Real Estate	1,739	286
Consumer	414	281
Commercial	865	1,255
Total non-performing loans	9,162	4,525
REO, net	433	288
Total non-performing assets	\$ 9,595	\$ 4,813
Allowance for loan losses as a percent of total loans receivable	.63%	.57%
Allowance for loan losses as percent of total non-performing loans	116.64	226.25
Non-performing loans as a percent of total loans receivable	.54	.25
Non-performing assets as a percent of total assets	.50	.23

The non-performing loan total includes \$887,000 of repurchased one-to-four family and consumer loans and \$3.3 million of one-to-four family and consumer loans previously held for sale, which were previously written down to their fair market value. The commercial real estate category includes an \$883,000 relationship for the construction of townhouses which has experienced sales delays. The Company also classifies assets in accordance with certain regulatory guidelines. At September 30, 2007 the Company had \$10.2 million designated as Special Mention, \$11.9 million classified as Substandard and \$105,000 classified as Doubtful as compared to \$18.2 million, \$8.2 million and \$185,000, respectively, designated as Special Mention and classified as Substandard and Doubtful at December 31, 2006. The largest Substandard relationship at September 30, 2007 is comprised of two loans totaling \$2.2 million for a start-up business for which operating revenue is not currently supporting the debt obligation. The loans are current as to payments. The largest Special Mention relationship at September 30, 2007 comprised several credit facilities to a large, real estate agency with an aggregate balance of \$4.4 million which was current as to payments, but criticized due to declining revenue and net income of the borrower. The loans are secured by commercial real estate and corporate assets and the personal guarantee of the principals. Included in the Substandard and Doubtful categories are all of the non-performing loans noted above.

**Private Securities Litigation Reform Act Safe Harbor Statement**

In addition to historical information, this quarterly report contains certain forward-looking statements which are based on certain assumptions and describe future plans, strategies and expectations of the Company. These forward-looking statements are generally identified by use of the words believe, expect, intend, anticipate, estimate, project, or similar expressions. The Company's ability to predict results or the actual future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could have a material adverse effect on the operations of the Company and the subsidiaries include, but are not limited to, changes in interest rates, general economic conditions, legislative/regulatory changes, monetary and fiscal policies of the U.S. Government, including policies of the U.S. Treasury and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the quality or composition of the loan or investment portfolios, demand for loan products, deposit flows, competition, demand for financial services in the Company's market area and accounting principles and guidelines. These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on statements. The Company does not undertake - and specifically disclaims any obligation - to publicly release the result of any revisions which may be made to any forward-looking

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statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events. Further description of the risks and uncertainties to the business are included in Item 1, Business and Item 1A, Risk Factors of the Company's 2006 Form 10-K.

**Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

The Company's interest rate sensitivity is monitored through the use of an interest rate risk (IRR) model. The following table sets forth the amounts of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities outstanding at September 30, 2007 which were anticipated by the Company, based upon certain assumptions, to reprice or mature in each of the future time periods shown. At September 30, 2007 the Company's one-year gap was negative 12.55% as compared to negative 0.80% at December 31, 2006.

At June 30, 2007 (dollars in thousands)	3 Months or Less	More than 3 Months to 1 Year	More than 1 Year to 3 Years	More than 3 Years to 5 Years	More than 5 Years	Total
<b>Interest-earning assets: (1)</b>						
Interest-earning deposits and short-term investments	\$ 2,942	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,942
Investment securities	54,953	295			7,333	62,581
FHLB stock					22,040	22,040
Mortgage-backed securities	6,687	13,302	26,471	8,619	3,217	58,296
Loans receivable (2)	253,724	330,642	539,429	272,709	291,195	1,687,699
<b>Total interest-earning assets</b>	<b>318,306</b>	<b>344,239</b>	<b>565,900</b>	<b>281,328</b>	<b>323,785</b>	<b>1,833,558</b>
<b>Interest-bearing liabilities:</b>						
Money market deposit accounts	3,936	11,808	31,489	39,209		86,442
Savings accounts	10,670	26,172	69,791	87,239		193,872
Interest-bearing checking accounts	155,432	40,965	109,241	136,557		442,195
Time deposits	113,030	309,922	41,270	9,692	1,030	474,944
FHLB advances	37,500	91,000	205,000	38,000		371,500
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	69,742		13,000			82,742
Other borrowings	22,500				5,000	27,500
<b>Total interest-bearing liabilities</b>	<b>412,810</b>	<b>479,867</b>	<b>469,791</b>	<b>310,697</b>	<b>6,030</b>	<b>1,679,195</b>
<b>Interest sensitivity gap (3)</b>	<b>\$ (94,504)</b>	<b>\$ (135,628)</b>	<b>\$ 96,109</b>	<b>\$ (29,369)</b>	<b>\$ 317,755</b>	<b>\$ 154,363</b>
<b>Cumulative interest sensitivity gap</b>	<b>\$ (94,504)</b>	<b>\$ (230,132)</b>	<b>\$ (134,023)</b>	<b>\$ (163,392)</b>	<b>\$ 154,363</b>	<b>\$ 154,363</b>
<b>Cumulative interest sensitivity gap as a percent of total interest-earning assets</b>	<b>(5.15)%</b>	<b>(12.55)%</b>	<b>(7.31)%</b>	<b>(8.91)%</b>	<b>8.42%</b>	<b>8.42%</b>

(1) Interest-earning assets are included in the period in which the balances are expected to be redeployed and/or repriced as a result of anticipated prepayments, scheduled rate adjustments, and contractual maturities.

(2) For purposes of the gap analysis, loans receivable includes loans held for sale and non-perf