AUTOMATIC DATA PROCESSING INC Form DFAN14A November 01, 2017

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A

(Rule 14a-101)

SCHEDULE 14A INFORMATION

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of

the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Filed by the Registrant

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Check the appropriate box:

Preliminary Proxy Statement

Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))

Definitive Proxy Statement

Definitive Additional Materials

Soliciting material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

Automatic Data Processing, Inc.

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

William A. Ackman

Veronica M. Hagen

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Pershing Square Capital Management, L.P.

PS Management GP, LLC

Pershing Square, L.P.

Pershing Square II, L.P.

Pershing Square International, Ltd.

Pershing Square Holdings, Ltd.

Pershing Square VI Master, L.P.

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

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On November 1, 2017 Pershing Square Capital Management, L.P. and certain affiliates delivered the following presentation relating to Automatic Data Processing, Inc., which may also be posted on www.ADPascending.com:

ADP Ascending The Choice for Shareholders November 1, 2017

Disclaimer

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The information contained in this presentation (Information) is based on publicly available information about Automatic Dabeen independently verified by Pershing Square Capital Management, L.P. ("Pershing Square"). Pershing Square recognizes the information in the possession of ADP or others that could lead ADP or others to disagree with Pershing Square s conclusions, recommendation or solicitation to buy or sell any securities.

The analyses provided may include certain forward-looking statements, estimates and projections prepared with respect to, am changes in management, changes in Board (defined below) composition, actions of ADP and its subsidiaries or competitors, the pursue business opportunities in the human capital management industry. Such forward-looking statements, estimates, and proconcerning anticipated results that are inherently subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies and have been included uncertainties detailed in the continuous disclosure and other filings of ADP with the Securities and Exchange Commission (Source made as to the accuracy or completeness of such forward-looking statements, estimates or projections or with respect to an from the estimates and projected results contained herein.

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This presentation is neither an offer to purchase nor a solicitation of an offer to sell any securities of any investment funds man presentation relates to Pershing Square s solicitation of proxies in connection with the 2017 annual meeting (the Annual Meeting Square and certain of its affiliated funds have filed a definitive proxy statement and an accompanying GOLD proxy of with the Annual Meeting and the election of a slate of director nominees at the Annual Meeting (the Solicitation).

PERSHING SQUARE STRONGLY ADVISES ALL STOCKHOLDERS OF ADP TO READ THE DEFINITIVE PROXY STATEMENT AND OTHER PROXY MATERIALS RELATED TO THE SOLICITATION WHEN THEY BECOMINFORMATION, INCLUDING INFORMATION RELATING TO THE PERSONS WHO MAY BE DEEMED PARTICIPAL AVAILABLE AT NO CHARGE ON THE SEC S WEBSITE AT WWW.SEC.GOV. IN ADDITION, THE PARTICIPANTS PROXY STATEMENT AND OTHER RELEVANT DOCUMENTS WITHOUT CHARGE, WHEN AVAILABLE, UPON RITHE PARTICIPANTS PROXY SOLICITOR, D.F. KING & CO., INC., 48 WALL STREET, 22ND FLOOR, NEW YORK, FREE: (866) 342-1635) OR EMAIL: ADP@DFKING.COM.

I believe that change, and the ever increasing pace of change, that we re all witnessing, puts an incredible pressure on our organizations, and the people in those organizations. I believe that people, human beings, fundamentally do not like change. It causes discomfort. I believe, that change and accelerating change without good leadership can turn that discomfort into fear. I believe that fear, left unchecked, can cause organizations

good people to ignore reality. Do some really strange things. Ultimately cause the demise of their organization. Or, make them into something that is insignificant, compared to their past. John Paul Jones ADP, Chairman of the Board Former Chairman and CEO of Air Products Source: Villanova University. Summit on Leadership. Leading Today in Changing World (Circa 2009). https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nHbDZ0c_hsM

ADP s Employer Services business is underperforming its potential ADP can significantly improve its performance and competitive position with improved operational efficiency and greater technology leadership Employer Services, currently earning a ~19% operating margin, should achieve 35% or greater margins Employer Services growth can increase to ~7%+ Achieving ADP s structural potential will drive enormous shareholder value The long-term health of ADP will be driven by an improved and superior culture, employee engagement, innovation, and operational efficiency ADP s transformation can be accomplished without undue risk The transformations of Solera (f.k.a. Claims Services) and CDK (f.k.a. Dealer Services), previously owned by ADP, provide

roadmap ADP has an Enormous Opportunity for Improvement

4

We

believe

there

is

likely

a

valid

case

for

accelerated

margin

expansion

at

ADP...

There

is

a

10-15 [percentage point] delta between **ADP** and competitor margins which cannot be easily explained by structural differences Lisa Ellis, Bernstein (Aug 31, 2017) [W]e agree that there are significant margin expansion opportunities and expect the activist involvement to potentially help drive greater focus on improving the Employer Services margins going forward. Bryan Keane, Deutsche Bank (Sep 5, 2017) We agreed with many of the points highlighted by Pershing There is an opportunity to further improve margins. ADP's revenue [per] employee lags competitors reflecting multiple platforms

and redundant service centers.

Mark Marcon, Baird (Aug 18, 2017)

Note: Permission to use quotations throughout this presentation neither sought nor obtained. Emphasis added.

Wall Street Analysts Agree

We

believe

there

is

sufficient

evidence

to

suggest

that

additional

margin

expansion

should

be

achievable

in

Employer

Services,

specifically

the

[Paychex]

comp,

the

CDK

case,

headcount

intensity, and lack of committed-to margin expansion from current initiatives.

Lisa Ellis, Bernstein (Oct 31, 2017)

```
83% of ADP s current long shareholders support Pershing Square s involvement in ADP 83% of ADP s current long shareholders find it somewhat compelling or compelling that ADP s Employer Services should achieve operating margins of 35% or greater 88% of ADP s current long shareholders find it somewhat compelling or compelling that ADP s Employer Services revenue growth can be accelerated through operational improvements and a best-in-class offering in ADP's Enterprise business 5 Shareholders support Pershing Square s views:

(1) Shareholders and Proxy Advisory Firms Agree
```

The proxy advisory firms see the opportunity (emphasis added):

```
[ADP]
is
not
performing
to
its
full
potential,
operationally
or
financially,
and
is
not
maximizing
value for long-term shareholders. In our view, when compared to the productivity, profitability
and
growth
of
ADP's
competitors
in
the
HCM
industry
the
substantial
opportunity
that
Pershing
Square
has
outlined
for
ADP
to
potentially
achieve
becomes
readily
apparent.
Glass, Lewis & Co. (Oct 23, 2017)
 [T]he
dissident
does
appear
to
make
```

a

1' 1
valid
point
when
noting
hat
ADP's
margins
all
ar ar
hort
of Paychex's Moreover, economies of scale in areas such as R&D and corporate expense
should
nelp
ADP's
margin
elative
0
Paychex.
ADP's
evenues
excluding
pass-throughs
and
clients' funds' interest) are approximately three times that of Paychex, and its payroll-related
evenue is more than four times that of Paychex.
e conde la maia tour times that of rajonox.
SS (Oct 25, 2017)
1)

Lisa Ellis, Bernstein. ADP vs. Ackman: And the Investor Survey Says...The Vote Might Be Closer Than You Thought. October

6

(1)

ADP s gross margins adjusted to exclude float income (-\$397m) but add-back Systems Development and Programming Costs to be more consistent with competitor gross margin presentation. Competitor gross margins have similarly been adjusted (as represented as a percentage of adjusted net operational revenue, excluding float income and reporting the PEO net of pass-throug (2)

Excludes services and implementation revenue / associated gross profit.

(3)

Assumes ES achieved competitor-level gross margins of 74% on \$8.5bn of Net Operational Revenue.

Adjusted Net Operational Gross Profit Margins

(1)

(%)

Recurring Median: 74% Median: 71%

ES: ~58%

(2) Achieving competitor-level gross margins would drive ~\$1.35bn of profit uplift or ~1,600 of margin improvement in Employer Services (3) Smallest Largest ADP has a Substantial Opportunity to Improve its **Gross Margins** 60% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100% ADP (1) Paychex Workday Ultimate Insperity TriNet Cornerstone Paycom **Paylocity ADP** Excluding PEO (ADP) SMB

Enterprise

PEO

HCM

Major Accounts

Recurring Adjusted Gross Profit

Net Operational Revenue per Employee

(1)

(Ex-Float)

ADP has a Substantial Opportunity to Improve its

Labor Efficiency Median: \$232

Smallest

Largest

ES:

~\$153

(2)

Note: Based on latest fiscal year end, as relevant. Note that Kronos and Ceridian are two privately-owned competitors which d

Net operational revenue excludes float income (Funds Held for Clients) and PEO Services pass-through costs (~\$2.6bn for

Insperity Net Operational Revenue estimated based on TriNet s gross margins.

(3) Estimated based on the average of two methodologies: (1) assumes ES achieved peer-level productivity on current headcount of estimated 40% margin flow-through implying \$1.5bn uplift in EBIT, and (2)assumes headcount reduction on the current base of revenue at an estimated fully-burdened cost per employee of \$70k, driving a \$1.2bn EBIT uplift. Achieving competitor-level labor productivity would drive ~\$1.4bn of profit uplift or ~1,600bps of margin improvement in Employer Services (3) ES: ~\$212 \$214 \$238 \$209 ~\$269 \$249 \$232 \$159 \$148 \$161 \$0 \$50 \$100 \$150

\$200

\$250

\$300

ADP

Paychex

Workday

Ultimate

Insperity

Trinet

Cornerstone

Paycom

Paylocity

ADP

Excluding PEO

SMB

Enterprise

PEO

HCM

Major Accounts

While Paychex historically generated similar Revenue per Employee to ADP (from 2008-2011), it has dramatically outperformed ADP since 2011 ADP vs. Paychex: the Gap is Widening Revenue per Employee (1) (\$ 000)Revenue Per Employee (1,3,4)(\$ 000)

(1)

For both ADP and Paychex analysis excludes Client Funds and PEO pass-through costs. Source: SEC public financials and/or

2008-2014 includes Dealer Services given lack of consistent disclosure. 2015 through 2017 excludes Dealer Services. Note that at the time of the spinoff from ADP.

(3)

PEO

estimated

~11%

of total revenue based on management commentary noting PEO comprises 1/4 of HRS revenue (Q2 2017 earnings call), growing double-digits. Pass-through costs estimated at \$165m. Adjusted results for Paychex change in accounting with respect to PEO pass-through costs in FY 20 2011, consistent with management commentary. ADP excludes Dealer Services in both periods. 2009 employee headcount excluding Dealer Services based on disclosure from \$100 \$150 \$200 \$250 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 ADP (2) Paychex (3) \$159 \$161 \$158 \$214 \$100 \$150 \$200 \$250 2009A 2017A

ADP Paychex +1.4x 4.4% CAGR

```
9
ADP vs. Paychex
Paychex is a mature ADP competitor with a similar growth profile; yet,
ADP s Employer Services trails Paychex significantly across all key metrics:
revenue productivity, gross margin, and operational profit margin
Net Op. Revenue per
Employee
(1)
($ 000)
Adjusted Gross
Profit Margin
(1,2)
(%)
Adjusted Operational
EBIT Margin
(1,3)
(%)
+2,200 bps
```

+1,600bps +38% 19% 41% 22% **ADP** Paychex 58% 74% 60% **ADP** Paychex \$153 \$212 \$161 \$214 **ADP** Paychex ADP (Employer Services)

Paychex (Excluding PEO)

Total: Including PEO, Net

(1)

For both ADP and Paychex analysis excludes Client Funds and PEO pass-through costs. Paychex PEO pass-through estimated revenue. Assumes ADP has 2,500 dedicated PEO employees. Assumes Paychex has 650 dedicated PEO employees, 75% gross profit margin.

(2)

ADP s gross margins adjusted to exclude float income (-\$397m) but add-back Systems Development and Programming Costs (+\$226m) to be more consistent with competitor gross margin presentation. Gross profit margins presented as a percentage of float income and reporting the PEO net of pass-through costs. Assumes ADP s PEO has a 72% net gross profit margin (exclude (3)

Excludes float income and pass-through costs. Note ADP s Employer Services margin of 19%; ADP s PEO has a 48% net or

```
Paychex (~41% EBIT Margins) is Comparable to At
Least ~$3bn of ADP s Employer Services Business
Paychex has ~35k clients and ~$0.7bn of revenue in its mid-market business (avg. 75-100 EEs),
(1)
comparable to the smaller client sub-vertical of ADP s mid-market (~$1bn of ADP revenue)
10
Our client base in the mid-market is about a little bit over 6% of our total clients. And you can assume that,
from
a
revenue
standpoint,
that's
three
```

to

```
four
times
what
our
client
base
is
[18-24%],
if
that
helps.
Efrain Rivera, Paychex CFO (Dec 21, 2016)
ADP vs. Paychex: Revenue Composition by
Underlying Client Size
Implies all other ES
revenue (>150 EEs)
margins of ~6%
Implied ADP Employer Services Margin
Excl. Paychex Comparable Revenue
x41%
ADP
Mid-Market
(50-999)
~$2bn
~$2bn
(RUN
by
ADP)
~$0.6bn
~$1bn
$2.8bn
$8.5bn
~$2bn
$1.7bn
$1.8bn
~$5.5bn
$8.5bn
~$2bn
~$1bn
~$0.8bn
~$0.4bn
(1)
 EEs is an ADP / HCM industry term which denotes the number of underlying employees per client.
$1.6bn
$0.4bn
$5.5bn
= 6%
Workforce
```

Now \$0 \$1 \$2 \$3 \$4 \$5 \$6 \$7 \$8 \$9 Paychex ADP SMB (1-49) Large-Mid Market (150-999) Enterprise (1,000+) International All Other Net Operational Revenue Operational EBIT Small-Mid Market (50-149)

```
ADP s Management Has Admitted That There is
 Plenty of Room for Improvement
Carlos
Rodriguez,
President
&
CEO
   When you look at ADP's overall pretax operating margin, it's pretty darn good, but when
I stack
it
up
against
other
companies
that
are
in
similar
industries
```

to

us, I think there is plenty of room there. So we have one or two competitors that have higher operating margins than we do [e.g. Paychex] and that would be a good example of how much space, how much room there is. So we believe there is room inherently, but I think there are data points out there that would lead you to believe that a 20% pretax operating

margin

is nice, particularly for some other industries, but in our world it leaves, I think, plenty of room for improvement over the years. ADP Sanford Bernstein Conference May 29, 2013 11 Management should be held accountable to deliver margin expansion

which, based on the company s own statements, is clearly achievable

Growth in ADP s Employer Services is Deteriorating Growth in Employer Services has deteriorated in recent years and must dramatically accelerate to meet ADP s September 12th plan 12

```
Source: ADP SEC financials, financial press releases.
```

```
(1)
```

FY 2012 through FY 2016 based on ADP management s Constant Dollar Internal Revenue Growth metric. FY 2017 based ADP s

Plan

(18-20)

calls

for

ES

growth

of 6-7%; will require 19- 20 inflection

Employer Services Revenue Growth (%) ACA (Obamacare) related activity significantly boosts revenue growth ACA tailwinds fade, growth declines 6% 6% 7% 6% 6% 4% 2% 3% 7% 9% 7% 9% 2% 3% 4% 5% 6% 7% 8% 9% FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018E FY 2019E FY 2020E Organic Revenue Growth (%) Implied FY 2018 -FY 2020 Plan (Midpoint)

(1)

ADP is Falling Behind Competitors, Particularly in Enterprise HCM (~20% of Employer Services) 13 ADP s board and management have failed to develop a best-in-class offering for the Enterprise market, a failure which has allowed competitors to capture meaningful market share and value at the expense of ADP Change in HCM Client Count (Since Launch of Vantage) (1) Change in Revenue (FY 2009 FY 2017) (\$bn) (3) **Enterprise Value Creation** (FY 2009 FY 2017) (\$bn) (5)

(1)
Presented
as
the
change
in
client
count
from
FY
2011
through
FY
2017
(consistent
with
the
launch
of
Vantage).
Note
client
counts
may
not
be
directly
comparable.
(2)
Current Vantage count
from 5/3/2017 commentary when ADP described having 350 live Vantage clients.
(3)
Based
on
the
change
in
revenue
from
FY
2009
FY
2017.
Workday
2009
revenue
of

\$50m

based
on
public
news
articles
(Forbes.
Duffield
Scores
Biggest
Round.
4/30/2009).
(4)
Fiscal year 2009 based on ADP s 2009 Analyst Day Investor Presentation. FY 2017 estimated at 20% of headline Employer S
(5)
Workday 2009 valuation based on its Series E private financing round, per Fortune. http://fortune.com/2012/10/15/the-vc-firm
(6)
Assumes 40% flow through from revenue to EBIT, a 33% tax rate and a 25x unlevered earnings multiple.
(2)
(4)
(6)
In the case of an ADP So I consider them a more coopetition. They're not really trying to be best to beat in HR When I
think about people that we compete against for cloud HR, performance, learning, recruiting I'd say probably more
Ultimate. That's where we want to dominate.
Aneel
Bhusri, Workday CEO, June 2, 2016
In the case of an ADP So I consider them a more coopetition. They're not really trying to be best to beat in HR When I
think about people that we compete against for cloud HR, performance, learning, recruiting I'd say probably more
Ultimate. That's where we want to dominate.
Aneel
Bhusri, Workday CEO, June 2, 2016
Despite ADP s installed base (circa 11)
of ~4k, a large client base to sell to
Est. ~40% directly comp-
arable to ADP Enterprise
bn
350
1,344
1,400 ADB
ADP (Ventege)
(Vantage)
Workday
Ultimate
Software

(\$0.2)

\$1.5

\$0.6

ADP

(Enterprise)

Workday

Ultimate

Software

(\$1.3)

\$20.2

\$5.1

ADP

(Enterprise) Workday

Ultimate

Software

Ultimate Software Wins ~45% of Clients from ADP; What These Clients Say About ADP is Instructive 14 Why are they looking to replace their old vendor (e.g., ADP)? What factors are allowing Ultimate to win versus incumbent providers (e.g., ADP)?

Source: Ultimate Software Investor Presentation.

Competitors published reasons for why they re winning in the marketplace invalidates ADP s claim that its current service offering is a point of competitive advantage

15 (1) Net operational revenues, excludes float allocations. Adjusts for currency and divestitures. Consistent with ADP s prior present Based on ADP s 2009 Analyst Day disclosure as contrasted against recent comments (Q3 2017 Earnings Call). Employer Services has achieved a ~5% constant-currency organic revenue **CAGR** since 2009 (1) despite Enterprise revenues declining ~10% (2) over that If Enterprise had a best-in-class product and grew at least in-line with the broader ES business, growth would accelerate to ~7%+ ADP s PEO

business
is
massively
underpenetrated
relative
to
ADP s
client
base (at 5% to 7% of ADP s addressable client base vs. 14% to 16% for the
broader economy)
the PEO has extremely attractive relative unit economics
Additional growth drivers include: (1) big-data, (2) gig economy or other

Additional growth drivers include: (1) big-data, (2) gig economy or other related HCM offerings, and (3) consumer-focused product extensions & adjacencies

ADP Can Grow More Quickly

With best-in-class technology capabilities, Employer Services could increase growth from mid-single-digits% to high-single-digits%

Root Causes 16

ADP s senior executive management

Executives

have

decades

of

tenure

at

ADP

and

effectively

no

outside

experience

or

perspectives

ADP s CTO is not a technologist by training (previously a GM) He s [Bill Ackman] saying that somehow the company is insular and that people stick around forever, and the people that have worked for me have been around the company for a long, long time. What he s not aware of is that my team is almost entirely new from the time I became CEO. Carlos Rodriguez (CNBC August 10, 2017) ADP s Senior Management Team is Insular 17 Name Position Age Joined Tenure Carlos Rodriguez CEO, President & Director 53 1999 18 Jan Siegmund CFO & Corporate VP 53 1999 18 Thomas Perrotti President of Worldwide Sales & Marketing 48 1993 24 Edward Flynn President of Global Enterprise Solutions

57

1988 29 Deborah Dyson President of National Account Services and Client Experience, Continuous Improvement 1988 29 John Ayala President of Major Account Services & ADP Canada 50 2002 15 Maria Black President of Small Business Solutions & HR Outsourcing 43 1996 21 Douglas Politi President of Added Value Services & Corporate VP 55 1992 25 Stuart Sackman Corporate VP, Global Product and Technology 56 1992 25 Donald Weinstein Corporate VP, Chief Strategy Officer 48 2006 11 Michael Bonarti Corporate VP, General Counsel & Secretary 51 1997 20 Dermot O Brien Chief Human Resources Officer 51 2012 5 Average Tenure

20

Source: Glassdoor, Inc. July 2017.

Overall Rating
Approval of CEO
Approve of Senior
Management
ADP Rank:

Last

2 to Last

Last

ADP Trails Major Peers Across a Variety

of Employee Satisfaction Metrics

18

4.4

3.7

4.2

- 4.2
- 4.2
- 4.2
- 4.6
- 3.8
- 3.7
- 3.5
- 2.0
- 3.0
- 4.0
- 5.0

Paylocity

Paycom

Cornerstone

OnDemand

Intuit

Kronos

Ceridian

Ultimate

Software

Workday

Paychex

ADP

- 95%
- 81%
- 95%
- 96%
- 96%
- 91%
- 97%
- 91%
- 93%
- 86%
- 50%
- 60%
- 70%
- 80%
- 90%
- 100%
- 4.3
- 3.7
- 4.1
- 3.9 3.9
- 4.1
- 4.6
- 3.7
- 3.5
- 3.1
- 2.0

3.0

4.0

5.0

ADP

SMB

Mid-Market

Enterprise

"Beyond Payroll"

nd

Note: Green stars denote Glassdoor Highest Rated CEOs from 2016 or 2017 based on U.S. employee feedback between 5/2/15

Source: Glassdoor, Inc. July 2017.

Culture & Values

Recommend to a

Friend

Positive Business

Outlook

ADP Rank:

Last

Last

Last

ADP Trails Major Peers Across a Variety

of Employee Satisfaction Metrics

19

4.5

3.9

- 4.5
- 4.4
- 4.2
- 4.3
- 4.7
- 4.0
- 3.8
- 3.5
- 2.0 3.0
- 4.0
- 5.0
- Paylocity
- Paycom
- Cornerstone
- OnDemand
- Intuit
- Kronos
- Ceridian
- Ultimate
- Software
- Workday
- Paychex
- ADP
- 86%
- 69%
- 85%
- 86%
- 85%
- 88%
- 92%
- 72%
- 71%
- 68%
- 50%
- 60%
- 70% 80%
- 90%
- 100%
- 85%
- 67%
- 80%
- 83%
- 82%
- 83%
- 93%
- 77%
- 66%
- 59%

50%

60%

70%

80%

90%

100%

ADP

SMB

Mid-Market

Enterprise

"Beyond Payroll"

ADP s Culture Needs to Change
ADP s insular, bureaucratic, and staid corporate culture causes the
Company to trail competitors in recruiting talent, eroding the Company s
long-term competitive position
Many of ADP s direct competitors rank
amongst the best places to work in
the country, according to prestigious
lists such as the Fortune 100 Best
Companies to Work For
Challenge in recruiting employees
Insular, outsiders don t get ahead
Outside views aren t considered or
embraced, change never pursued
ADP is an accounting and
processing company

ADP is not a technology or software

company

- 7. Ultimate Software
- 8. Salesforce
- 13. Intuit
- 18. Workday

20

ADP is notably absent

Prior Dispositions Provide a Roadmap for ADP 21

ADP s Prior Dispositions Demonstrate The Opportunity For Improvement 22 CDK (f.k.a. Dealer Services) Solera (f.k.a. Claims Services) Adjusted EBIT Margins (%)

Adjusted EBIT Margins (%)

Source: ADP, Solera and CDK Global financials. Adjusted EBIT as presented includes certain non-GAAP adjustments consist See page 76, ADP Ascending: Detailed Supporting Materials (October 11, 2017).

ADP

Owned

Solera

ADP

Owned

CDK

These dispositions highlight ADP s inadequate business oversight and governance +2.2x+2.2xADP has recently sold yet another business (CHSA / COBRA to WageWorks) which is also poised to double margins (1) In our view, the Solera and CDK cases are perhaps the most compelling evidence of the ADP board's sub-optimal business oversight and the validity of the opportunity asserted by Pershing Square for ADP's Employer Services to substantially improve its performance given more effective board oversight, proper direction, a different mentality and a new operating plan. Glass, Lewis & Co. (Oct 23, 2017)

Glass, Lewis & Co. (Oct 23, 2017) 18% 40% FY 2005A FY 2011A 16% ~35% FY 2014A FY 2019E (Exit)

Adj. Rev Growth (excl

F/X):

Adj. EBITA Margins:

CDK embraced the views of shareholders, hired a consultant to evaluate its potential, and publicly announced a transformation plan. CDK s financial results and share price performance have been consistently positive

CDK: Dividend-Adjusted Share Price Performance

2015A

8%

18%

Jun 16, 2015: CDK announces

Transformation Plan to Strengthen the Business and Enhance Long-term Value

7% 22% 2017A 6% 26% May 23, 2016: CDK announces a comprehensive reorganization streamlining the organization around a new operating structure Aug 3, 2016: CDK reports FY 2016 results including FY 2019 target of Adj. EBITDA exit margin of 40% or above Oct 27, 2014: Sachem Head files 13D, announces 9.8% stake in CDK May 4, 2016: Elliott letter identifies an opportunity for CDK to expand Adj. EBITDA margins to 42% 2018E ~4-5% ~30% CDK Embraced the Views of Shareholders and Delivered on its Potential Aug 3, 2016: CDK adds two independent directors after agreement with Elliott Oct 1, 2014: CDK spins-out of ADP at \$31 per share Source: CapIQ, CDK Global SEC financials and public press releases. \$20 \$25 \$30 \$35 \$40 \$45 \$50 \$55 \$60 \$65 \$70 Sep-14 Feb-15 Jul-15 Dec-15 May-16 Oct-16 Mar-17

2016A

Aug-17

CDK Global: What Was CDK s Transformation Plan? 24 Under ADP s Ownership / Post-Spin CDK Transformation Plan Segments Sales R&D We re committed to an avg. 40-50bps of margin improvement over the next five years (10)

(1)

```
CDK 8K (May 23, 2016).
(2)
Q3 2016 Earnings Call (May 5, 2016).
(3)
CDK at JPMorgan TMT Conference (May 24, 2016).
(4)
CDK Global Investor Day (June 16, 2015).
CDK 8K (May 23, 2016).
(6)
CDK Fiscal 2017 Results (August 1, 2017).
CDK at Robert W Baird Global, Consumer, Technology & Services Conference (June 9, 2016).
(8)
Q2 2017 Earnings Call (February 2, 2017).
(9)
Q1 2016 Earnings Call (November 3, 2015).
(10)
ADP 2009 Analyst Day Presentation (March 25, 2009).
Margins (%)
~16% to ~35% over 5 years
 Seven R&D organizations reporting
to six different places
(3)
 Five sales organizations
(3)
Reducing complexity
 One
global
R&D
organization
(7)
Duplication
 Multiple
organizations
doing
the
same
thing
(3)
12
different
 old
and
clunky
systems
CDK s Transformation Plan is comprised of 200 discrete projects with individual project leaders
 One
```

sales

organization (7) Billing Systems Product Sprawl 1,500 software version; 74 products (2) < 400 versions and declining (6) Complexity Excessive legacy complexity (3) Simplified structure (5) One system (8) Implementations Reducing average implementation times by approximately 30% (9) Overly cumbersome and lengthy product implementation process (4) Reducing duplication

Three separate entities

(1)

CDK was NOT a risky and complicated technology transformation neither is ADP CDK s transformation consisted mostly of basic blocking-and-tackling and operational excellence: 25 All of these initiatives improve the client experience and will lead to higher client retention and satisfaction

Simplifying the organizational structure

Delayering middle-management Engaging in facility rationalization Improving labor productivity Streamlining service and implementation Enhancing strategic sourcing Promoting pricing discipline ADP s Response is Not Adequate 26

Attempting to discredit Pershing Square, including claiming we are uninformed about ADP s business

Promoting a false TSR which it claims is in excess of its HCM competitors

Selectively recasting its historical operating performance in a misleading light for shareholders

Using fear tactics that our plan will introduce unacceptable risk including necessitating drastic headcount reductions Claiming to already be doing it and having a plan in place to

deliver 500bps of margin improvement by FY 2020 An Overview of ADP s Engagement Throughout this Proxy Contest 27

The Company's selective presentation of certain metrics, calculated inconsistently or without context, purportedly to make ADP's absolute or relative performance appear better, in this case is a tactic which considerably weakens the Company's defense, in our view.

Glass, Lewis & Co. (Oct 23, 2017)

ADP s defense has consisted of:

Reality

[W]hen

ADP's

total

returns

are

calculated

appropriately

and

objectively,

and

judged

in

proper

context

against

a

peer

set

consisting

of

the

most

directly

comparable

publicly-listed

companies

that

compete

with

ADP

in

the

HCM

industry,

ADP's

TSR

performance

is

not

as strong
as the Company claims.
Glass, Lewis & Co. (Oct 23, 2017)

ADP Says to Shareholders That It Is Outperforming But This is Not True 28

Source: Capital IQ; Total Shareholder Return. Dividend adjusted share price, assuming dividends reinvested (including CDK price).

(1)

See

pages

30-43

of

Pershing

Square s

Response

To

ADP s September 12 th Investor Presentation (September 25, 2017) available www.adpascending.com. Actual HCM Competitors comprised of a market-cap weighted index of Paychex, Ultimate Software, Insperity, and Corner Includes the TSR of competitors which went public subsequent to the TSR measurement date. The starting date for the respect May 9, 2012 (respectively) or the competitors **IPO** date/price (for Workday, TriNet, Paycom and Paylocity). ADP s Actual **TSR** Since Mr. Rodriguez s Appointment as CEO ADP claims a 203% TSR over CEO Carlos Rodriguez s tenure and claims to be outperforming its HCM-related peers ADP s purported **TSR** is misleading: (1) Uses the day after

the

CEO starts Does not use the unaffected price; instead includes the increase in the stock price from Pershing Square s investment Inappropriately includes CDK outperformance (CDK underperformed under ADP and was fixed by post spin-off board and management) Uses a distorted peer group of largely unrelated companies to assert its outperformance (2,3)**Public** Competitors as of Nov 8, 2011 (2)-50% Includes Subsequent **IPOs** (3) Upon review, we consider several of the Company's reported **TSR** figures to be overstated, and the Company's TSR comparisons to be less relevant than those presented in the Dissident's materials we find ADP's TSR performance to be far less impressive than touted by the board and management. Most notably, ADP's total returns are either merely consistent with or

meaningfully

lower than the average returns of the Company's closest **HCM** competitors. Glass, Lewis & Co. (Oct 23, 2017) 141% 126% 165% 191% ADP **ADP** Purported "HCM-Related Players" (Market Cap Weighted) Actual HCM Competitors (Market

Cap Weighted)

Instead of Embracing the Opportunity, ADP
Management Has Affirmed the Status Quo
29
On
September
12
th
,
ADP
responded to Pershing Square
and released its Transformation
Plan, which:
Is an affirmation of the

status quo

Delivers no meaningful improvement despite the fact

that ADP significantly trails competitors and its potential [ADP s] rebuttal was, in our view, a confident, well-articulated, detailed, reiteration of the status quo for ADP, providing plenty of insightful incremental data points and disclosures, but no material change to the financial outlook for the company. **ADP** established three-year guidance for the first time,

but the guidance

was consistent with its already-disseminated FY18 guidance and long-term business model. (2) Lisa Ellis, Bernstein (Sep 13, 2017) ADP s Transformation Plan ADP s board and management have effectively said they can t do any better +40-75 bps per annum (1) Presented on an as-reported basis for comparability purposes. Includes both Client Funds income and PEO pass-through reven Permission to use quotations throughout this presentation neither sought nor obtained. Emphasis added. Adjusted EBIT (%) (1) 20% 21-22% 32% ADP, Current (FY 2017) ADP's Long-Term Plan (FY 2020) **PSCM Plan** (FY 2022)

ADP Has Failed to Address The Substance of Our

Business Case

30

Perhaps

most

concerning

has

been

the

company's

failure

to

directly

address

the

dissident's

main

criticisms.

In

its public response to the dissident, the board did not seem to provide adequate answers as to why its EBIT margin trails Paychex's so widely or how it plans to reverse market share losses among large customers, focusing instead on making pointed criticisms of the dissident's track record, fee structure, and behavior in this contest the company's lack of direct public response to two key issues raised by the dissident how it will reverse market share loss among

large customers and why its **EBIT** margin trails Paychex's so widely suggests that having a significant shareholder on the board could help ensure that the company is addressing those challenges and responding to them with sufficient urgency. ISS (Oct 25, 2017) [T]he Company's lack of a substantive response to several of the Dissident's arguments, including a series of questions raised by Pershing Square during this campaign with respect to ADP's operational performance (such as ADP's profit margins in Employer Services by subsegment), suggests that particularly convincing evidence to refute the Dissident's critique does not exist... In our view, the board's response, or lack thereof, to the substance of Pershing Square's argument leaves much

to be desired by shareholders and, similarly, the board's stated operational and financial plan strikes us as being inadequate $\quad \text{and} \quad$ underwhelming given

the

substantial opportunity thoroughly detailed by Pershing Square.

Glass, Lewis & Co. (Oct 23, 2017)

Note: Emphasis added.

ADP Is Now Attempting to Pivot Its Tone and Message In Response to Shareholder Support for Our Views 31

I m directly saying [Bill Ackman] doesn t know what he s talking about

Mr. Rodriguez, CNBC (Aug 10, 2017)

[W]e strongly disagree with many of the assertions made by Mr. Ackman [it] betrays a fundamental lack of understanding of the current state of ADP's business

Press Release (Aug 17, 2017)

ADP s strategy is working

Shareholder Materials (Sep 12, 2017)

ADP s Original Messaging (Aug / Sep)

[ADP] has not offered a convincing rebuttal, or even attempted to squarely address the substance of the Dissident's core arguments Upon review, we find the Company's plan to be underwhelming [T]he board's plan fails to acknowledge the magnitude of the opportunity Glass, Lewis & Co. (Oct 23, 2017) ADP s Revised Tone and Message (Oct) Source: Various ADP press releases, shareholder letters, and management public commentary available on ADP s website and (1) We have noted that neither Pershing Square, Wall Street research analysts (including Glass Lewis), or other shareholders with whom we have spoken can reconcile this claimed 500 bps number with their stated aggregate margin goal of 100-200bps through FY 2020 (which is entirely consistent with their ex We probably agree on a lot of different things from a thematic standpoint: The need to transform our technology at ADP, the need to be efficient, to improve margins he s a few years late in terms of the ideas that he has Mr. Rodriguez, Yahoo Finance (Oct 20, 2017) [W]e just guided to

another

500bps

(1)

improvement

over the next three years, so if Ackman is advocating for a 1200 bps margin improvement we ve, over the course of six to nine years, we ve been able to accomplish the same thing.

-

Mr. Rodriguez, Bloomberg TV (Oct 18, 2017)

ADP s stated Adj. EBIT margin guidance is only 100 to 200 bps by FY 2020 Implies only ~220bps of Employer Services margin expansion Consistent with the natural flow-through margins of the business suggesting that the various productivity initiatives claimed by ADP will have no net impact on the business 32

ADP Claims Its Plan Achieves 500bps of Margin Expansion

It Is Not True
ADP s current plan calls for just ~300bps
of net operational margin expansion
Operational Margin Expansion of ~500 bps
ADP s Claim
Reality

Upon closer scrutiny, ADP's three-year plan calls for only approximately 300 basis

points in net operating margin expansion, and only 220 basis points of margin expansion in Employer Services, which is consistent with ADP's historical performance and long-term plan of delivering 50 to 100 basis points per year.

Glass, Lewis & Co. (Oct 23, 2017)

ADP is attempting to overstate its operational progress, but this is not credible Pershing Square has publicly demanded that ADP provide detailed support for this 500bps claim or retract this misleading statement

There Is Much More That ADP Can Do To Improve Current initiatives should be paired with a more comprehensive plan to achieve ADP s full structural potential ADP has additional opportunities to improve performance, including: Corporate restructuring / reducing legacy silos / spans-and-layers Design products for self-sufficiency; restructure support organization, reduce labor intensity Implementation automation Back-end technology improvements Reduced spending on legacy platforms Technology and innovation leadership ADP claims to have some elements of these workstreams underway, while entirely ignoring others, and the company has made no commitment to deliver

on the margin improvement these changes should drive

ADP s Transformation is Timely and Actionable Without Undue Risk

The Time is Now

Small-

(~25% of ES revenue) and Mid-market (~35%) migrations will be complete by year-end

International and Multinational (~20%) generally do not require significant product migrations for efficiency improvements to be delivered

While Enterprise (~20% of ES, ~15% of total) will require product migrations over the coming years to achieve ADP s full potential,

Pershing Square has suggested

various

risk-mitigating

strategies

which

ADP

is

now

adopting

We believe the majority of Enterprise customers can and should be considered for migrations

to

Workforce

Now.

(1)

This

would
accelerate
the
timing
and
reduce
the
risk
of
migrations while driving further platform density and efficiency
we understand that
ADP has now communicated it intends to adopt this strategy
(2)
ADP s slow and plodding approach of small, incremental improvement risks ADP s
long-term competitive position and is not good for employees, customers, and
shareholders
35

(1)
Workforce
Now
functions
quite
well
for
most
companies
with
up
to
3-4k
employees.
According
to
US
census
data
(2014
County
Business
Patterns)
~75%
of
total
businesses
with
more than 1k employees are in the 1-4k range; this is consistent with estimates of the percentage of ADP s clients below ~4k
(2)
We
first

this
as
a
potential
strategy
during
our
August
17th
presentation.
This
was
referenced
by
Stifel
following
our
presentation:
One
tidbit
we
found
most
interesting.
The

suggested

Enterprise market has been a known challenge for ADP and perhaps one of Pershing s most interesting points was that they are could run on WorkForce

Now, ADP s mid-market platform. (Source: Stifel, Aug 17, 2017) More recently, management appears to be suggesting this by BMO: [M]anagement stated it could migrate some of the smaller Enterprise clients to its Workforce Now platform as Per Markets, Sep 13, 2017).

As a proxy tactic, ADP has made vague and alarmist assertions about the risk of a transformation

claims which are not supported by facts and do not align with our proposals

The vast majority of our proposed initiatives do not involve touching ADP s clients or product

migrations,

but

rather

focus

on

improving

ADP s

underlying

operations

basic

operational excellence

Our plan for ADP s transformation is responsive to clients needs (better technology,

improved support, etc.) and will improve ADP s client experience ADP has recently claimed our plan will require drastic headcount reduction, introducing risk that is not accurate and not supported by the facts (1) **ADP** has high (>10%)associate attrition **ADP** needs to hire ~6,000 new employees each year to keep headcount flat ADP can grow into its labor productivity, much like Paychex; at ADP s growth rate it should be able to achieve competitor-level productivity within 5 years CDK made enormous margin improvement while maintaining headcount at ~9k Most of the changes necessary for ADP to achieve its potential will never be visible to ADP s client, beyond a better client implementation process and a higher-quality and more responsive service experience 36 (1) See pages 12 13, Pershing Square Letter to ISS (October 30, 2017). ADP s Transformation Can Be Accomplished in a

Prudent and Measured Way

A Transformation of ADP Will Not Require a Reset of Earnings

While a transformation of ADP may require new or redirected investments, such investments should not cause a decline in ADP s near-term earnings

ADP s resources (e.g., technology spend, salesforce, financial strength) are vast, even relative to its greater scale versus competitors

ADP s technology R&D spend is already dramatically higher than competitors \$859mm per annum of total R&D spend and ~9,000 employees in technology is a multiple of competitors

Innovative R&D spend of \$450mm per annum

0

ADP is already spending on needed next-generation strategic initiatives; the output from these initiatives remains to be seen

Bloated legacy technology maintenance spend of \$410mm per annum has increased despite platform migrations and should be substantially decreased

Significant and immediate savings from operational efficiencies and reduced legacy technology spend will more than offset any necessary investments

The transformations of CDK (f.k.a. Dealer Services) and Solera (f.k.a. Claims Services) were highly successful, with immediate and consistent progress

A transformation of ADP should provide for immediate and consistent improvement in performance, while driving significant long-term value for shareholders



The Choice for Shareholders

Enormous Value
Add a major shareholder and two new independent directors to the Board
Establish a long-term vision for ADP
Form Board Committee to oversee the transformation plan
Hire an independent consultant to help develop detailed plan
Evaluation of necessary product, technology, and operating enhancements
required to deliver on ADP s significant potential
Evaluation of management necessary to execute transformation
Redesign management incentives and compensation to align with
transformation objectives and long-term value creation
Highlight long-term opportunity to shareholders and outline path to
achieve long-term potential
39
Step One

With Support From Shareholders, ADP Can Create

Step Two

Step Three

Step Four

Step Five

Build a best-in-class HCM software, technology, and service company

The Choice for Shareholders
40
The choice for shareholders is clear support the status quo or support
ADP in achieving its potential
Pershing Square Plan
Achieve Potential
Management
Status Quo
[N]o material change to the financial outlook for the company
(1)
Nominal margin expansion
(but significantly below ADP s
competitors and its potential)
[R]eiteration

of the strategy and business outlook that the company has already had under way

(1)

Requires meaningful increase in Employer Services growth to achieve long-term revenue guidance No concrete plan or urgency to fix ADP s enterprise business

Fresh perspectives and a focus on operational efficiency and margin

expansion

Achievement of efficiency and margins approaching ADP s competitors and its potential Acting urgently to strengthen ADP s competitive position, most notably in its Enterprise business

Accelerated revenue growth Accelerated earnings growth

(1)

Lisa

Ellis.

ADP

vs.

Ackman

Where

do

things

stand,

and

what

to

do

with the

stock?

Bernstein.

September

19,

2017.

Permission

to

use

quotations

neither

sought

nor

obtained.

The Nominees for ADP s Transformation Will Bring
Fresh Perspectives & Relevant Skills to ADP s Board
To fulfill its potential, ADP s board needs expertise in both (i) business
transformation and operating efficiency and (ii) technology and the HCM industry
ADP s board already has relevant technology and HCM experience
ADP s own board skill set matrix suggests just 4 of 10 existing directors have
technology and HCM industry experience
(1)
We are not
seeking to replace any
of these directors
ADP s board does not have directors with business transformation and
operating efficiency experience
We are proposing three directors to ADP s board, The Nominees for ADP s
Transformation, who bring a shareholder orientation, fresh perspectives and

relevant skills in business transformation and operating efficiency

ADP s board committees are chaired by the longest tenured directors replacing these directors will allow newer board additions to assume greater responsibility within the boardroom

41

(1)

See

page

39

of

ADP:

Driving

Superior

Results

Through

Market

Leadership

and

Continuous

Innovation

(September

12,

2017).

Director since 2007 (10 years)
Has overseen ADP s underperformance relative to its peers and its potential
No technology / HCM experience beyond ADP board role
Divested assets which promptly doubled margins
didn t
see the opportunity
As Audit Committee Chair, has presided over
significant reduction in disclosure despite business
simplification
42
The Nominees for ADP s Transformation Bring
Relevant Skills and Fresh Perspectives
The Nominees for ADP s Transformation

Incumbent Long-Tenured Directors

John Jones

(Board Chairman)

Glenn Hubbard (Chair, Nominating & Governance)

Eric Fast (Chair, Audit)

William Ackman (CEO of Pershing Square Capital Management, LP)

Veronica Hagen (Former Chief Executive Officer, Polymer Group)

Paul Unruh (Former Vice Chairman, Bechtel)

Director since 2005 (12 years)

Has overseen ADP s underperformance relative to its

peers and its potential

No technology / HCM experience beyond ADP board role

Divested assets which promptly doubled margins

didn t

see the opportunity

Prior Chairman and CEO of Air Products. Led Air

Products underperformance

under Mr. Jones tenure,

fell behind direct competitor, Praxair

Director since 2004 (13 years)

Serial board member; sits on an excessive number of boards

Has overseen ADP s underperformance relative to its peers

and its potential

No technology / HCM experience beyond ADP board role

Divested assets which promptly doubled margins

didn t see

the opportunity

No operating experience, business school dean

Extensive management, financial and investment experience

Significant public company board experience, including seven

years as Chairman of Howard Hughes Corporation (217% TSR)

Investor in the HCM industry for a decade

Investments in a number of successful business

transformations similar to ADP, providing valuable insights

that can be applied to the benefit of ADP

As one of the largest owners of ADP with a long-term outlook,

total alignment with all shareholders

Currently serves as a director of three large, highly respected

publicly traded companies, including having served as lead

director of Southern Company

Successfully led and sold her business (Polymer Group) to

Blackstone; continued as CEO under oversight of private equity

Extensive global executive leadership experience in

competitive industries where focus on operational efficiency

and productivity were paramount to long-term success

Personally invested over \$300,000 in ADP common stock,

more than any current ADP director

Held several senior leadership positions at Bechtel (including Vice

Chairman and CFO); obtained technology, finance, human

resources, legal, and strategic planning expertise

Significant experience on audit committees of public company boards (currently Chair of Symantec s Audit and Risk Committee) Instrumental in leading the cost and business transformation at Symantec as a member of a board subcommittee responsible for generating >\$400 million of cost savings Personally invested over \$300,000 in ADP common stock, more than any current ADP director

43

A Vote for The Nominees for ADP s Transformation

The election of The Nominees for ADP s Transformation would add to the board:

A major shareholder s voice

Fresh perspectives

Relevant expertise in business transformation and operating efficiency

Directors who are ADP shareholders with significant skin in the game

(1)

If elected, The Nominees for ADP s Transformation will represent three of ten directors, with only one representative from Pershing Square

These new directors will not have the ability to make unilateral changes to the company s strategy or management, and instead will work with the other directors to seek consensus on the best outcome for all stakeholders While our nominees, if elected, will represent a minority of the board, their election by shareholders will provide a clear mandate for the reconstituted board

election by shareholders will provide a clear mandate for the reconstituted boar to transform ADP into a more efficient, profitable and competitive company

⁽¹⁾ Pershing Square has invested approximately \$2.3 billion to acquire our stake in ADP. Our two independent nominees, Verdinvested over \$300,000 of their personal funds in ADP common stock. Together, Ms. Hagen and Mr. Unruh have made a large ADP than all ADP directors combined.

Independent Proxy Advisors Support Pershing Square s Campaign for Change at ADP 44

Note: Permission to use quotations throughout this presentation neither sought nor obtained. Dissident nominee Ackman would bring a strong understanding of the company, with the resources and analytical ability that his firm has demonstrated while digging deeply into ADP's business, asking valid questions, presenting detailed data, and proposing solutions. His real estate background could also be helpful at this point in the company's life cycle, given ADP's ongoing initiatives to rationalize its footprint [T]he company's lack of direct public

response

to

two

key

issues

raised

by

the dissident how it will reverse

market

share loss among large customers and why its EBIT margin trails Paychex's so widely suggests that having a significant shareholder on the board could help ensure that the company is addressing those challenges and responding to them with sufficient urgency.

[W]e believe Pershing Square has argued the more convincing case, particularly that: (i) ADP is underperforming its potential; (ii) ADP's historical leadership position and scale advantages breed complacency with incremental improvements that accrue relatively easily year after year; (iii) ADP is not keeping pace with smaller competitors in key market segments in the evolving HCM industry; (iv) an inefficient corporate structure and insular culture restrain ADP from identifying and urgently responding to business opportunities and threats; and (v) ADP's performance can be significantly improved, and shareholder returns enhanced, pursuant to a transformation plan implemented in a prudent manner under the oversight of a partly reconstituted board of directors. In our view, the board's response, or lack thereof, to the substance of Pershing Square's argument leaves much to be desired by shareholders and, similarly, the board's stated operational and financial plan strikes us as being inadequate and underwhelming given the substantial opportunity thoroughly detailed by Pershing Square.

We believe that Pershing Square s nominees will reinforce the Board and management in addressing operational inefficiencies, strengthen corporate governance and unlock ADP s potential in order to maximize shareholder value.

Support for Bill

Ackman: withhold on

Eric Fast

Support

for

all

three of

The Nominees for

ADP s Transformation

Support

for

all

three

of

The Nominees for

ADP s Transformation

To

Support

ADP s

Transformation

Vote

GOLD

The

ONLY

way

to

support

ADP s

transformation

is

to

vote

GOLD

Three highly-qualified and experienced independent director nominees:

o

Bill Ackman, Veronica (Ronee) Hagen, V. Paul Unruh A withhold vote on the white card IS NOT a vote for any of the Nominees for ADP s Transformation and DOES NOT ensure any or all of our nominees will be elected to the Board We proposed a universal ballot to **ADP** on September 15 th after ADP s board rejected all of our candidates. This proposal was rejected 45

[W]e agree with the Dissident's assessment that the ADP board appears to be lacking in business transformation and operating efficiency experience, which forms the basis of Pershing Square's nomination of Ms. Hagen and Mr. Unruh. Furthermore, in nominating Mr. Ackman, Pershing Square believes his election would address a lack of significant stock ownership by the incumbent directors, promote an owner's mentality in the boardroom and add the perspective of an investor who has been involved in several business transformations.

Glass Lewis (Oct. 23, 2017)

46
You
can
vote
by
Internet,
telephone
or
by
signing,
dating
and
returning
the
GOLD
Proxy

Card

or

GOLD

Voting

Instruction

Form

today.

Shareholders

are

urged

NOT

to

use

any

white

proxy

card

received

from

ADP

and

are

strongly

encouraged

to

discard

the

white

proxy

card.

If

you

previously

voted

ADP s

white

proxy

card

you

may

change

your

vote

by

voting

a

later

dated

GOLD

Proxy

Card or **GOLD** Voting Instruction Form. Only your last dated proxy card will count. Additional information regarding the proxy contest, as well as Pershing Square s presentation to **ADP** shareholders is available www.ADPascending.com. For questions about how to vote your shares, please contact our proxy solicitor, D.F.

King & Co.,

Inc., at (866) 342-1635.

Q&A