TSR INC Form 10-Q April 14, 2017

UNITED STATES	
SECURITIES AND EXCHANG	GE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549	
FORM 10-Q	
Quarterly Report Pursuant t	o Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the period ended February 2	28, 2017
Transition report Pursuant to	Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the transition period from _	to
Commission File Number: 0-86	56
TSR, Inc.	
(Exact name of registrant as spe	ecified in its charter)
Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of Incorporation or organization)	13-2635899 (I.R.S. Employer

400 Oser Avenue, Hauppauge, NY 11788
(Address of principal executive offices)
631-231-0333
(Registrant's telephone number)
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):
Large Accelerated Filer Non-Accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller Reporting Company
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of March 31, 2017, there were 1,962,062 shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share, issued and outstanding.

TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS	February 28, 2017 (Unaudited)	May 31, 2016 (see Note 1)
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$4,898,622	\$4,514,157
Certificates of deposit and marketable securities	1,290,960	1,553,272
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$185,000	6,742,094	7,703,680
Other receivables	11,911	10,853
Prepaid expenses	215,500	99,069
Prepaid and recoverable income taxes Deferred income taxes	156,833	129,000
Total Current Assets	118,000 13,433,920	128,000 14,009,031
Total Cullent Assets	13,433,920	14,009,031
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$276,447 and \$262,076	19,771	27,998
Prepaid expenses	30,559	-
Other assets	49,653	49,653
Deferred income taxes	1,000	3,000
Total Assets	\$13,534,903	\$14,089,682
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:	¢ 415 764	¢722.705
Accounts and other payables	\$415,764	\$723,705
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities Income taxes payable	2,241,703	2,634,110 14,810
Advances from customers	1,231,242	1,245,563
Advances from customers	1,231,242	1,243,303
Total Liabilities	3,888,709	4,618,188
Commitments and contingencies	, ,	, ,
Equity:		
TSR, Inc.:		
Preferred stock, \$1 par value, authorized 500,000 shares; none issued	-	-
Common stock, \$.01 par value, authorized 12,500,000 shares; issued 3,114,163 shares, 1,962,062 outstanding	31,142	31,142
Additional paid-in capital	5,102,868	5,102,868
Retained earnings	18,017,577	17,811,884
	, - ,- , -	, ,

	23,151,587	22,945,894
Less: Treasury stock, 1,152,101 shares, at cost	13,514,003	13,514,003
Total TSR, Inc. Equity	9,637,584	9,431,891
Noncontrolling Interest	8,610	39,603
Total Equity	9,646,194	9,471,494
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$13,534,903	\$14,089,682

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For The Three and Nine Months Ended February 28, 2017 and February 29, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months	s Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	February 28,	February 29,	February 28,	February 29,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Revenue, net	\$15,390,236	\$15,074,832	\$45,675,408	\$45,494,626	
Cost of sales	12,988,277	12,770,009	38,081,928	38,164,592	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,521,189	2,318,607	7,181,611	6,791,922	
	15,509,466	15,088,616	45,263,539	44,956,514	
Income (loss) from operations	(119,230)	(13,784)	411,869	538,112	
Other income (loss):					
Interest and dividend income	2,649	2,250	8,067	5,999	
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities, net	1,200	(4,144)	3,688	(3,896)	
Income (loss) before income taxes	(115,381)	(15,678)	423,624	540,215	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(58,000)	(7,000)	188,000	270,000	
Consolidated net income (loss)	(57,381)	(8,678)	235,624	270,215	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	11,020	14,969	29,931	40,049	
Net income (loss) attributable to TSR, Inc.	\$(68,401)	\$(23,647)	\$205,693	\$230,166	
Net income (loss) per TSR, Inc. common share	\$(0.03)	\$(0.01)	\$0.10	\$0.12	
Weighted average number common shares outstanding	1,962,062	1,962,062	1,962,062	1,962,062	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

For The Nine Months Ended February 28, 2017 and February 29, 2016

(UNAUDITED)

2017

	Shares of common	Common stock	paid-in	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	TSR, Inc.	Non- controlling	Total equity
Balance at May 31, 2015	stock 3,114,163	\$31,142	capital \$5,102,868	\$17,412,658	\$(13,514,003)	1 0	interest \$70,269	\$9,102,934
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,049	40,049
Distribution to noncontrolling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	(87,641)	(87,641)
Net income attributable to TSR, Inc.	-	-	-	230,166	-	230,166	-	230,166
Balance at February 29, 2016	3,114,163	\$31,142	\$5,102,868	\$17,642,824	\$(13,514,003)	\$9,262,831	\$22,677	\$9,285,508
Balance at May 31, 2016	3,114,163	\$31,142	\$5,102,868	\$17,811,884	\$(13,514,003)	\$9,431,891	\$39,603	\$9,471,494
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,931	29,931
Distribution to noncontrolling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	(60,924)	(60,924)
Net income attributable to TSR, Inc.	-	-	-	205,693	-	205,693	-	205,693
Balance at February 28, 2017	3,114,163	\$31,142	\$5,102,868	\$18,017,577	\$(13,514,003)	\$9,637,584	\$8,610	\$9,646,194

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For The Nine Months Ended February 28, 2017 and February 29, 2016

(UNAUDITED)

	Nine Month February 28, 2017	I 2	Ended February 29, 2016	
Cash flows from operating activities:	Ф225 (24	4	h 070 015	
Consolidated net income	\$235,624	1	\$270,215	
Adjustments to reconcile consolidated net income to net cash pro	vided by			
operating activities:	14271		16 010	
Depreciation and amortization	14,371	`	16,919	
Unrealized loss (gain) on marketable securities, net Deferred income taxes)	3,896	
Deferred income taxes	12,000		24,000	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	961,586		203,357	
Other receivables	•)	(7,062)
Prepaid expenses	(146,990	_	(23,373)
Prepaid and recoverable income taxes	(156,833	-)
Accounts and other payables and accrued expenses and other curr	The state of the s	-)
Income taxes payable	•	-	(3,877)
Advances from customers		-		
Net cash provided by operating activities	185,533	,	324,338	,
Cash flows from investing activities:	100,000		321,330	
Proceeds from maturities of marketable securities	1,509,000		1,493,000	,
Purchases of marketable securities	(1,243,000		(1,778,000	
Purchases of equipment and leasehold improvements	-)	(8,857)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	259,856		(293,857	
Cash flows from financing activities:			()	,
Distribution to noncontrolling interest	(60,924)	(87,641)
Net cash used in financing activities		-	(87,641)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	384,465)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	4,514,157		3,669,790	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$4,898,622		\$3,612,630	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow data:				
Income taxes paid	\$348,000	9	\$254,000	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

February 28, 2017

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of TSR, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company"). All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The condensed balance sheet as of May 31, 2016, which has been derived from audited financial statements, and the unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applying to interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and normally included in the Company's annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements as of and for the three months and nine months ended February 28, 2017 are unaudited; however, in the opinion of management, such statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company for the periods presented. The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that might be expected for future interim periods or for the full year ending May 31, 2017. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended May 31, 2016.

2. Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share

Basic net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) available to common stockholders of TSR, Inc. by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. The Company had no stock options or other common stock equivalents outstanding during any of the periods presented.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers short-term highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents were comprised of the following as of February 28, 2017 and May 31, 2016:

February 28, 2016

Cash in banks \$4,083,962 \$3,974,007

Money market funds \$14,660 540,150 \$4,898,622 \$4,514,157

4. Revenue Recognition

The Company's contract computer programming services are generally provided under time and materials arrangements with its customers. Revenue is recognized in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 605, "Revenue Recognition," when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the services have been rendered, the price is fixed or determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured. These conditions occur when a customer agreement is effected and the consultant performs the authorized services. Revenue is recorded net of all discounts and processing fees. Advances from customers represent amounts received from customers prior to the Company's provision of the related services and credit balances from overpayments.

Reimbursements received by the Company for out-of-pocket expenses are characterized as revenue.

TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

February 28, 2017

(Unaudited)

5. Certificates of Deposit and Marketable Securities

The Company has characterized its investments in certificates of deposit and marketable securities, based on the priority of the inputs used to value the investments, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1), and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure the investments fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

Investments recorded in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets are categorized based on the inputs to valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1- These are investments where values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets in an active market the Company has the ability to access.

Level 2- These are investments where values are based on quoted market prices that are not active or model derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable in active markets.

Level 3- These are investments where values are derived from techniques in which one or more significant inputs are unobservable.

The following are the major categories of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of February 28, 2017 and May 31, 2016 using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1), significant other observable inputs (Level 2) and significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

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February 28, 2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Certificates of Deposit Equity Securities	\$- 28,960 \$28,960	\$1,262,000 - \$1,262,000	\$ - - \$ -	\$1,262,000 28,960 \$1,290,960
May 31, 2016	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Certificates of Deposit Equity Securities	\$- 25,272 \$25,272		\$ - - \$ -	\$1,528,000 25,272 \$1,553,272

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TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

February 28, 2017

(Unaudited)

Based upon the Company's intent and ability to hold its certificates of deposit to maturity (which maturities range up to twelve months at purchase), such securities have been classified as held-to-maturity and are carried at amortized cost, which approximates market value. The Company's equity securities are classified as trading securities, which are carried at fair value, as determined by quoted market prices, which is a Level 1 input, as established by the fair value hierarchy. The related unrealized gains and losses are included in earnings. The Company's certificates of deposit and marketable securities at February 28, 2017 and May 31, 2016 are summarized as follows:

February 28, 2017 Current	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Holding Gains	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses	Recorded Value
Certificates of Deposit	\$1,262,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,262,000
Equity Securities	16,866	12,094	-	28,960
	\$1,278,866	\$ 12,094	\$ -	\$1,290,960
		Gross	Gross	
May 31, 2016	Amortized	T T 11	TT 1' 1	D 1 1
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Recorded
Current	Cost	Holding	Unrealized Holding	Recorded Value
Current				
Current Certificates of Deposit		Holding	Holding	
	Cost	Holding Gains	Holding Losses	Value

The Company's investments in marketable securities consist primarily of investments in certificates of deposit and equity securities. Market values were determined for each individual security in the investment portfolio. When evaluating the investments for other-than-temporary impairment, the Company reviews factors such as length of time and extent to which fair value has been below cost basis, the financial condition of the issuer, and the Company's ability and intent to hold the investment for a period of time, which may be sufficient for anticipated recovery in market values.

6. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

ASC Topic 825, "Financial Instruments," requires disclosure of the fair value of certain financial instruments. For cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts and other payables, accrued liabilities and advances from customers, the amounts presented in the condensed consolidated financial statements approximate fair value because of the short-term maturities of these instruments.

TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

February 28, 2017

(Unaudited)

7. Equity

During the nine months ended February 28, 2017 and February 29, 2016, the Company did not purchase any shares of its common stock. As of April 7, 2016, the previously announced repurchase plan was terminated with 56,318 shares remaining available for purchase.

8. Other Matters

From time to time, the Company is party to various lawsuits, some involving material amounts. Management is not aware of any lawsuits that would have a material adverse impact on the consolidated financial position of the Company.

9. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued an update to ASC 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." This update to ASC 606 provides a five-step process to determine when and how revenue is recognized. The core principle of the guidance is that a company should recognize revenue upon transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the expected consideration to be received in exchange for those goods or services. This update to ASC 606 will also result in enhanced disclosures about revenue, providing guidance for transactions that were not previously addressed comprehensively, and improving guidance for multiple-element arrangements. This update to ASC 606 is effective for the Company in the fiscal year ending May 31, 2018. The Company expects the impact of the update, if any, to be immaterial on its consolidated financial statements.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-17, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes," which applies to the classification of deferred tax assets and liabilities. The update eliminates the requirement to classify deferred tax assets and liabilities as noncurrent or current within a classified statement of financial position. This ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and for interim periods within those annual periods. This ASU should be applied prospectively with early adoption permitted at the

beginning of an interim or annual reporting period. The Company will classify any deferred tax assets and liabilities as noncurrent beginning with the first quarter of fiscal 2018.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, "Financial Instruments – Overall: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." The amendments in this update require all equity investments to be measured at fair value with changes in the fair value recognized through net income. The amendments in this update also require an entity to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments. In addition, the amendments in this update eliminate the requirement to disclose the fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost for entities that are not public business entities and the requirement to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet for public business entities. This update is effective for the Company in the fiscal year ending May 31, 2019. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, of this update on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)." This update includes a lease accounting model that recognizes two types of leases – finance leases and operating leases. The standard requires that a lessee recognize on the balance sheet assets and liabilities relating to leases with terms of more than 12 months. The recognition, measurement, and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by a lessee will depend on its classification as a finance or operating lease. This update is effective for the Company in the fiscal year ending May 31, 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, of this update on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08, "Principal versus Agent Consideration (Topic 606)." This update contains guidance on principal versus agent assessments when a third party is involved in providing goods or services to a customer. It specifies that an entity is a principal, and thus records revenue on a gross basis, if it controls a good or service before transferring the good or service to the customer. An entity is an agent, and thus records revenue on a net basis, if it arranges for a good or service to be provided by another entity. This update is effective for the Company in the fiscal year ending May 31, 2019. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, of this update on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-12, "Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients (Topic 606)." This update provides certain clarifications to reduce potential diversity and to simplify the standard. The amendments in ASU 2016-12 clarify the following key areas: assessing collectibilty; presenting sales taxes and other similar taxes collected from customers; noncash consideration; contract modifications at transition; completed contracts at transition; and disclosing the accounting change in the period of adoption. This update is effective for the Company in the fiscal year ending May 31, 2019. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, of this update on its consolidated financial statements.

TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Part I. Financial Information

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes to such financial statements.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, including statements concerning the Company's plans, future prospects and the Company's future cash flow requirements are forward-looking statements, as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Actual results may differ materially from those projections in the forward-looking statements due to known and unknown risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to the following: the success of the Company's plan for internal growth; the impact of adverse economic conditions on client spending which has a negative impact on the Company's business; risks relating to the competitive nature of the markets for contract computer programming services; the extent to which market conditions for the Company's contract computer programming services will continue to adversely affect the Company's business; the concentration of the Company's business with certain customers; uncertainty as to the Company's ability to maintain its relations with existing customers and expand its contract computer consulting services business; the impact of changes in the industry, such as the use of vendor management companies in connection with the consultant procurement process; the increase in customers moving IT operations offshore; the Company's ability to adapt to changing market conditions; and other risks and uncertainties set forth in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company is under no obligation to publicly update or revise forward-looking statements.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, certain financial information derived from the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations. There can be no assurance that trends in operating results will continue in the future:

Three months ended February 28, 2017 compared with three months ended February 29, 2016

	(Dollar amounts in thousands) Three Months Ended							
	February	12	28,		February 29,			
	2017				2016			
	Amount % of		Amount % of		Amount		% of	
	Amount		Revenue		Amoun	ι	Revenue	;
Revenue, net	\$15,390		100.0	%	\$15,07	5	100.0	%
Cost of sales	12,988		84.4	%	12,77	0	84.7	%
Gross profit	2,402		15.6	%	2,305		15.3	%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,521		16.4	%	2,319		15.4	%
Loss from operations	(119)	(0.8))%	(14)	(0.1)%
Other income (expense), net	4		0.0	%	(2)	(0.0))%
Loss before income taxes	(115)	(0.8))%	(16)	(0.1)%
Benefit for income taxes	(58)	(0.4))%	(7)	(0.0))%
Consolidated net loss	(57)	(0.4))%	(9)	(0.1)%
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	11		0.1	%	15		0.1	%
Net loss attributable to TSR, Inc.	\$(68)	(0.5)%	\$(24)	(0.2)%

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TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Revenue

Revenue consists primarily of revenue from computer programming consulting services. Revenue for the quarter ended February 28, 2017 increased \$315,000 or 2.1% from the prior year quarter. The overall average number of consultants on billing with customers increased from 357 for the quarter ended February 29, 2016 to 394 for the quarter ended February 28, 2017, while the average number of computer programming consultants decreased from 357 for the quarter ended February 29, 2016 to 328 in the quarter ended February 28, 2017. The 394 consultants on billing for the current quarter include 66 administrative workers that the Company placed with two large customers at billing rates 70.1% lower than those charged for computer programming consultants. The Company did not make any placements of administrative workers in the prior year quarter. The Company made these placements of administrative workers in the current quarter at the customers' specific requests. The Company charges lower daily billing rates for administrative workers, but also pays lower rates to the administrative workers. The Company has not yet determined whether it will provide administrative placements on a more widespread basis in the future.

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales for the quarter ended February 28, 2017 increased \$218,000 or 1.7% to \$12,988,000 from \$12,770,000 in the prior year quarter. The increase in cost of sales resulted primarily from an increase in consultants placed with customers. The placement of lower paid administrative workers at two major customers offset the reduction in the average number of computer programming consultants placed with customers. Cost of sales as a percentage of revenue decreased from 84.7% in the quarter ended February 29, 2016 to 84.4% in the quarter ended February 28, 2017. The decrease in cost of sales as a percentage of revenue was primarily attributable to the placement of administrative workers at higher average markups than the Company's computer programming consultants. However, because their pay rates averaged 73.1% lower than the computer programming consultants, the daily gross profit in dollars is still lower for the administrative workers than the computer programming consultants.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of expenses relating to account executives, technical recruiters, facilities costs, management and corporate overhead. These expenses increased \$202,000 or 8.7% from \$2,319,000 in the quarter ended February 29, 2016 to \$2,521,000 in the quarter ended February 28, 2017. The increase in these expenses primarily resulted from hiring additional recruiters and increases in other related expenses to support the administrative placement opportunities. Selling, general and administrative expenses, as a percentage of revenue,

increased from 15.4% in the quarter ended February 29, 2016 to 16.4% in the quarter ended February 28, 2017 as a result of the additional recruiters hired.

Other Income (Expense)

Other income for the quarter ended February 28, 2017 resulted primarily from interest and dividend income of \$3,000 and a mark to market gain of \$1,000 on the Company's equity securities. Other expense for the quarter ended February 29, 2016 resulted primarily from a mark to market loss of \$4,000 on the Company's equity securities and interest and dividend income of \$2,000.

Income Taxes

The income tax benefit included in the Company's results of operations for the quarters ended February 28, 2017 and February 29, 2016 reflect the Company's estimated effective tax rate for the years ending May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. These rates were (50.4)% for the quarter ended February 28, 2017 and (43.8)% for the quarter ended February 29, 2016.

Net Loss Attributable to TSR, Inc.

Net loss attributable to TSR, Inc. increased \$44,000 from \$24,000 in the quarter ended February 29, 2016 to \$68,000 in the quarter ended February 28, 2017. This increase was attributable to an increase in selling, general and administrative expenses primarily related to the placement of administrative workers.

TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Nine months ended February 28, 2017 compared with nine months ended February 29, 2016

	(Dollar amounts in thousands)					
	Nine Months Ended					
	February	28,		February		
	2017			2016		
	Amount	% of		Amount	% of	
	Amount	Revenue		Amount	Revenue	•
Revenue, net	\$45,675	100.0	%	\$45,495	100.0	%
Cost of sales	38,082	83.4	%	38,165	83.9	%
Gross profit	7,593	16.6	%	7,330	16.1	%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	7,181	15.7	%	6,792	14.9	%
Income from operations	412	0.9	%	538	1.2	%
Other income, net	12	0.0	%	2	0.0	%
Income before income taxes	424	0.9	%	540	1.2	%
Provision for income taxes	188	0.4	%	270	0.6	%
Consolidated net income	236	0.5	%	270	0.6	%
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	30	0.1	%	40	0.1	%
Net income attributable to TSR, Inc.	\$206	0.4	%	\$230	0.5	%

Revenue

Revenue consists primarily of revenue from computer programming consulting services. Revenue for the nine months ended February 28, 2017 increased \$180,000 from the prior year period. The overall average number of consultants on billing with customers increased from 351 for the nine months ended February 29, 2016 to 374 for the nine months ended February 28, 2017, while the average number of computer programming consultants decreased from 351 for the nine months ended February 29, 2016 to 324 in the nine months ended February 28, 2017. The 374 consultants on billing for the current nine month period include 50 administrative workers that the Company placed with two large customers at billing rates 66.7% lower than those charged for computer programming consultants. The Company did not make any placements of administrative workers in the prior year period. The Company made these placements of administrative workers in the current period at the customers' specific requests. The Company charges lower daily billing rates for administrative workers, but also pays lower rates to the administrative workers. The Company has not yet determined whether it will provide administrative placements on a more widespread basis in the future.

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales for the nine months ended February 28, 2017 decreased \$83,000 or 0.2% to \$38,082,000 from \$38,165,000 in the prior year period. The decrease in cost of sales resulted primarily from a reduction of computer programming consultants placed with customers, offset by the placement of lower paid administrative workers at two major customers. Cost of sales as a percentage of revenue decreased from 83.9% in the nine months ended February 29, 2016 to 83.4% in the nine months ended February 28, 2017. The decrease in cost of sales as a percentage of revenue was primarily attributable to the placement of administrative workers at higher average markups than the Company's computer programming consultants. However, because their pay rates averaged 70.7% lower than the computer programming consultants, the daily gross profit in dollars is still lower for the administrative workers than the computer programming consultants.

TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of expenses relating to account executives, technical recruiters, facilities costs, management and corporate overhead. These expenses increased \$389,000 or 5.7% from \$6,792,000 in the nine months ended February 29, 2016 to \$7,181,000 in the nine months ended February 28, 2017. The increase in these expenses primarily resulted from hiring additional recruiters and increases in other related expenses to support the administrative placement opportunities. Selling, general and administrative expenses, as a percentage of revenue, increased from 14.9% in the nine months ended February 29, 2016 to 15.7% in the nine months ended February 28, 2017 as a result of the additional recruiters hired.

Other Income

Other income for the nine months ended February 28, 2017 resulted primarily from a mark to market gain of \$4,000 on the Company's equity securities and interest and dividend income of \$8,000. Other income for the nine months ended February 29, 2016 resulted primarily from interest and dividend income of \$6,000 and a mark to market loss of \$4,000 on the Company's equity securities.

Income Taxes

The income tax provision included in the Company's results of operations for the nine month periods ended February 28, 2017 and February 29, 2016 reflect the Company's estimated effective tax rate for the years ending May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. These rates were 44.3% for the nine months ended February 28, 2017 and 50.0% for the nine months ended February 29, 2016.

Net Income Attributable to TSR, Inc.

Net income attributable to TSR, Inc. decreased \$24,000 from \$230,000 in the nine months ended February 29, 2016 to \$206,000 in the nine months ended February 28, 2017. This decrease was attributable to an increase in selling, general and administrative expenses primarily related to the placement of administrative workers.

TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company expects that its cash and cash equivalents, certificates of deposit and marketable securities and cash flow provided by operations will be sufficient to provide the Company with adequate resources to meet its liquidity requirements for at least the next 12 months. The Company does not maintain a line of credit facility with any banking institution.

At February 28, 2017, the Company had working capital (total current assets in excess of total current liabilities) of \$9,545,000 including cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit and marketable securities of \$6,190,000 as compared to working capital of \$9,391,000 including cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit and marketable securities of \$6,067,000 at May 31, 2016.

For the nine months ended February 28, 2017, net cash provided by operating activities was \$186,000 compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$324,000 for the nine months ended February 29, 2016. The cash provided by operating activities in the nine months ended February 28, 2017 resulted primarily from consolidated net income of \$236,000 and a decrease in accounts receivable of \$962,000 offset by a decrease in accounts and other payables and accrued expenses and other liabilities of \$700,000, an increase in prepaid expenses of \$147,000 and an increase in prepaid and recoverable income taxes of \$157,000. The cash provided by operating activities in the nine months ended February 29, 2016 resulted primarily from consolidated net income of \$270,000 and a decrease in accounts receivable of \$203,000 offset by a decrease in advances from customers of \$148,000.

Net cash provided by investing activities of \$260,000 for the nine months ended February 28, 2017 primarily resulted from not reinvesting a certificate of deposit until after the end of the period. Net cash used in investing activities of \$294,000 for the nine months ended February 29, 2016 primarily resulted from investing in additional certificates of deposit of \$285,000 and the purchase of fixed assets of \$9,000.

In the nine months ended February 28, 2017, net cash used in financing activities resulted from a distribution to the noncontrolling interest of \$61,000, resulting primarily from the distribution of fiscal 2016 earnings from that entity. In the nine months ended February 29, 2016, net cash used in financing activities resulted from a distribution to the noncontrolling interest of \$88,000.

The Company's capital resource commitments at February 28, 2017 consisted of lease obligations on its branch and corporate facilities. The Company intends to finance these lease commitments from cash flows provided by operations, available cash and short-term marketable securities.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued an update to ASC 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." This update to ASC 606 provides a five-step process to determine when and how revenue is recognized. The core principle of the guidance is that a company should recognize revenue upon transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the expected consideration to be received in exchange for those goods or services. This update to ASC 606 will also result in enhanced disclosures about revenue, providing guidance for transactions that were not previously addressed comprehensively, and improving guidance for multiple-element arrangements. This update to ASC 606 is effective for the Company beginning in the fiscal year ending May 31, 2018. The Company expects the impact of the update, if any, to be immaterial on its consolidated financial statements.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-17, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes," which applies to the classification of deferred tax assets and liabilities. The update eliminates the requirement to classify deferred tax assets and liabilities as noncurrent or current within a classified statement of financial position. This ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and interim periods within those annual periods. This ASU should be applied prospectively with early adoption permitted at the beginning of an interim or annual reporting period. The Company will classify any deferred tax assets and liabilities as noncurrent beginning with the first quarter of fiscal 2018.

TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, "Financial Instruments – Overall: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." The amendments in this update require all equity investments to be measured at fair value with changes in the fair value recognized through net income. The amendments in this update also require an entity to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments. In addition, the amendments in this update eliminate the requirement to disclose the fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost for entities that are not public business entities and the requirement to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet for public business entities. This update is effective for the Company in the fiscal year ending May 31, 2019. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, of this update on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)." This update includes a lease accounting model that recognizes two types of leases – finance leases and operating leases. The standard requires that a lessee recognize on the balance sheet assets and liabilities relating to leases with terms of more than 12 months. The recognition, measurement, and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by a lessee will depend on its classification as a finance or operating lease. This update is effective for the Company in the fiscal year ending May 31, 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, of this update on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08, "Principal versus Agent Consideration (Topic 606)." This update contains guidance on principal versus agent assessments when a third party is involved in providing goods or services to a customer. It specifies that an entity is a principal, and thus records revenue on a gross basis, if it controls a good or service before transferring the good or service to the customer. An entity is an agent, and thus records revenue on a net basis, if it arranges for a good or service to be provided by another entity. This update is effective for the Company in the fiscal year ending May 31, 2019. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, of this update on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-12, "Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients (Topic 606)." This update provides certain clarifications to reduce potential diversity and to simplify the standard. The amendments in ASU 2016-12 clarify the following key areas: assessing collectibility; presenting sales taxes and other similar taxes collected from customers; noncash consideration; contract modifications at transition; completed contracts at transition; and disclosing the accounting change in the period of adoption. This update is effective for the Company in the fiscal year ending May 31, 2019. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, of this update on its consolidated financial statements.

Critical Accounting Policies

The Securities and Exchange Commission defines "critical accounting policies" as those that require the application of management's most difficult subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain and may change in subsequent periods.

The Company's significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to the Company's consolidated financial statements, contained in its May 31, 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company believes that those accounting policies require the application of management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgments. There have been no changes in the Company's significant accounting policies as of February 28, 2017.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures. The Company conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the principal executive officer and principal accounting officer, of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")). Based on this evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal accounting officer concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. There was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the Company's most recently reported completed fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

TSR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Part II. Other Information

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibit 31.1 – Certification by J.F. Hughes pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 31.2 – Certification by John G. Sharkey pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.1 – Certification by J.F. Hughes pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.2 – Certification by John G. Sharkey pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 101 – The following financial information from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended February 28, 2017, formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) the Balance Sheets, (ii) the Statements of Operations, (iii) the Statements of Equity, (iv) the Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) the Notes to Financial Statements.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereto duly authorized.

TSR, Inc. (Registrant)

Date: April 14, 2017 /s/ J.F. Hughes

J.F. Hughes, Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President

Date: April 14, 2017 /s/ John G. Sharkey

John G. Sharkey, Vice President-Finance and Principal Accounting Officer