

F&M BANK CORP  
Form 10-Q  
May 10, 2018

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly report Under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018.

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File Number: 000-13273

F & M BANK CORP.

Virginia 54-1280811  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

P. O. Box 1111  
Timberville, Virginia 22853  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(540) 896-8941  
(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

|                            |                      |   |                              |                            |
|----------------------------|----------------------|---|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Large accelerated<br>filer | Accelerated<br>filer | Non-accelerated filer<br><br>(Do not check if a smaller reporting<br>company) | Smaller reporting<br>company | Emerging growth<br>company |
|----------------------------|----------------------|---|------------------------------|----------------------------|

If and emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section

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13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

| Class                         | Outstanding at May 2, 2018 |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Common Stock, par value - \$5 | 3,254,471 shares           |



F & M BANK CORP.

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Part I Financial Information  
Item 1 Financial Statements

F & M BANK CORP.  
Consolidated Balance Sheets  
(dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

|   | March 31,<br>2018 | December 31,<br>2017* |
|---|-------------------|-----------------------|
|   | (Unaudited)       |                       |
| <br>  |                   |                       |
| Assets  |                   |                       |
| Cash and due from banks                                 | \$8,481           | \$10,622              |
| Money market funds                                      | 886               | 1,285                 |
| Federal funds sold                                      | -                 | -                     |
| Cash and cash equivalents                               | 9,367             | 11,907                |
| Securities:   |                   |                       |
| Held to maturity – fair value of \$125 in 2018 and 2017 | 125               | 125                   |
| Available for sale                                      | 8,312             | 28,615                |
| Other investments                                       | 11,601            | 12,503                |
| Loans held for sale                                     | 33,231            | 39,775                |
| Loans held for investment                               | 622,722           | 616,974               |
| Less: allowance for loan losses                         | (6,415)           | (6,044)               |
| Net loans held for investment                           | 616,307           | 610,930               |
| Other real estate owned, net                            | 2,028             | 1,984                 |
| Bank premises and equipment, net                        | 16,799            | 15,894                |
| Interest receivable                                     | 2,055             | 2,007                 |
| Goodwill  | 2,956             | 2,881                 |
| Bank owned life insurance                               | 14,057            | 13,950                |
| Other assets  | 12,150            | 12,699                |
| Total assets  | \$728,988         | \$753,270             |
| <br>  |                   |                       |
| Liabilities   |                   |                       |
| Deposits:   |                   |                       |
| Noninterest bearing                                     | \$163,285         | \$162,233             |
| Interest bearing  | 405,315           | 406,944               |
| Total deposits  | 568,600           | 569,177               |
| Short-term debt   | 3,640             | 25,296                |
| Accrued liabilities                                     | 16,545            | 17,789                |
| Long-term debt  | 48,542            | 49,733                |
| Total liabilities                                       | 637,327           | 661,995               |

|  |           |           |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Stockholders' Equity   |           |           |
| Preferred Stock \$25 par value, 400,000 shares authorized, 324,150 issued and outstanding for March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively                       | 7,529     | 7,529     |
| Common stock, \$5 par value, 6,000,000 shares authorized, 3,255,871 and 3,255,036 shares issued and outstanding for March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively | 16,279    | 16,275    |
| Additional paid in capital – common stock  | 10,249    | 10,225    |
| Retained earnings  | 61,323    | 60,814    |
| Noncontrolling interest in consolidated subsidiaries   | 538       | 574       |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss   | (4,257)   | (4,142)   |
| Total stockholders' equity   | 91,661    | 91,275    |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity   | \$728,988 | \$753,270 |

\*2017 Derived from audited consolidated financial statements.

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements





## F &amp; M BANK CORP.

## Consolidated Statements of Income

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

Three Months  
Ended

March 31,

|   | 2018    | 2017    |
|---|---------|---------|
| Interest and Dividend income                            |         |         |
| Interest and fees on loans held for investment          | \$8,481 | \$7,703 |
| Interest and fees on loans held for sale                | 150     | 174     |
| Interest from money market funds and federal funds sold | 20      | 57      |
| Interest on debt securities – taxable                   | 92      | 76      |
| Total interest and dividend income                      | 8,743   | 8,010   |
| Interest expense  |         |         |
| Total interest on deposits                              | 739     | 616     |
| Interest from short-term debt                           | 10      | 9       |
| Interest from long-term debt                            | 230     | 281     |
| Total interest expense                                  | 979     | 906     |
| Net interest income                                     | 7,764   | 7,104   |
| Provision for Loan Losses                               | 680     | -       |
| Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses     | 7,084   | 7,104   |
| Noninterest income                                      |         |         |
| Service charges on deposit accounts                     | 366     | 315     |
| Investment services and insurance income                | 197     | 174     |
| Mortgage banking income, net                            | 520     | 500     |
| Title insurance income                                  | 256     | 199     |
| Income on bank owned life insurance                     | 110     | 112     |
| Low income housing partnership losses                   | (192)   | (185)   |
| ATM and check card fees                                 | 347     | 330     |
| Gain on prepayment of long-term debt                    | -       | 504     |
| Loss on sale of other investments                       | -       | (42)    |
| Other operating income                                  | 129     | 138     |
| Total noninterest income                                | 1,733   | 2,045   |
| Noninterest expense                                     |         |         |
| Salaries  | 3,100   | 2,642   |
| Employee benefits                                       | 923     | 953     |
| Occupancy expense                                       | 251     | 249     |

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|  |         |         |
|--|---------|---------|
| Equipment expense                                | 258     | 186     |
| FDIC insurance assessment                        | 48      | 90      |
| Other real estate owned, net                     | (15)    | 14      |
| Marketing expense                                | 102     | 135     |
| Legal and professional fees                      | 104     | 96      |
| ATM and check card fees                          | 161     | 168     |
| Telecommunication and data processing expense    | 334     | 323     |
| Directors fees                                   | 114     | 127     |
| Bank franchise tax                               | 166     | 160     |
| Other operating expenses                         | 931     | 811     |
| Total noninterest expense                        | 6,477   | 5,954   |
| <br>   |         |         |
| Income before income taxes                       | 2,340   | 3,195   |
| Income tax expense                               | 379     | 877     |
| Net Income                                       | 1,961   | 2,318   |
| Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest | 11      | 27      |
| Net Income attributable to F & M Bank Corp.      | \$1,972 | \$2,345 |
| Dividends paid/accumulated on preferred stock    | 103     | 104     |
| Net income available to common stockholders      | \$1,869 | \$2,241 |

Per Common Share Data

|  |           |           |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Net income – basic                                   | \$.57     | \$.68     |
| Net income – diluted                                 | \$.55     | \$.65     |
| Cash dividends on common stock                       | \$.45     | \$.22     |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding – basic   | 3,255,291 | 3,271,272 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding – diluted | 3,615,422 | 3,634,958 |

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements



F & M BANK CORP.  
 Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income  
 (dollars in thousands)  
 (Unaudited)

|   | Three Months<br>Ended March 31, |         |
|---|---------------------------------|---------|
|   | 2018                            | 2017    |
| Net Income  | \$1,972                         | \$2,345 |
| Other comprehensive (loss):   |                                 |         |
| Unrealized holding gains (losses)<br>on available-for-sale securities | (146)                           | (2)     |
| Tax effect  | 31                              | 1       |
| Unrealized holding (losses), net of tax                               | (115)                           | (1)     |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss)                               | (115)                           | (1)     |
| Total comprehensive income  | \$1,857                         | \$2,344 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests  | \$(11)                          | \$(27)  |
| Comprehensive income attributable to F&M Bank Corp.                   | \$1,846                         | \$2,317 |

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements



F & M BANK CORP.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

(dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Three Months  
Ended

March 31,

2018      2017

|   |          |          |
|---|----------|----------|
| Balance, beginning of period                              | \$91,275 | \$86,682 |
| Comprehensive income                                      |          |          |
| Net income – F & M Bank Corp                              | 1,972    | 2,345    |
| Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest | (11)     | (27)     |
| Other comprehensive income (loss)                         | (115)    | (1)      |
| Total comprehensive income                                | 1,846    | 2,317    |
| Minority interest capital distributions                   | (25)     | (150)    |
| Issuance of common stock                                  | 101      | 61       |
| Repurchase of common stock                                | (72)     | -        |
| Dividends paid  | (1,464)  | (820)    |
| Balance, end of period                                    | \$91,661 | \$88,090 |

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements





F & M BANK CORP.  
 Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
 (dollars in thousands)  
 (Unaudited)

|  | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |          |
|--|---------------------------------|----------|
|  | 2018                            | 2017     |
| Cash flows from operating activities   |                                 |          |
| Net income   | \$1,972                         | \$2,345  |
| Reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:           |                                 |          |
| Depreciation   | 265                             | 202      |
| Amortization of intangibles  | 17                              | -        |
| (Accretion) amortization of securities                                       | (1)                             | 2        |
| Proceeds from loans held for sale originated                                 | 11,882                          | 17,183   |
| Gain on sale of loans held for sale originated                               | (520)                           |          |
| Loans held for sale originated   | (11,362)                        | (17,908) |
| Provision for loan losses  | 680                             | -        |
| Benefit (expense) for deferred taxes   | 143                             | 341      |
| Gain on prepayment of long-term debt   | -                               | (504)    |
| Increase in interest receivable  | (48)                            | (33)     |
| Decrease in other assets   | 607                             | 367      |
| Decrease in accrued liabilities  | (1,463)                         | (317)    |
| Amortization of limited partnership investments                              | 192                             | 185      |
| Income from life insurance investment  | (110)                           | (112)    |
| Loss on sale of investments  | -                               | 42       |
| Gain on foreclosure of and valuation adjustments for other real estate owned | (34)                            | -        |
| Net cash provided by operating activities                                    | 2,220                           | 1,793    |
| Cash flows from investing activities   |                                 |          |
| Purchase of investments available for sale and other investments             | -                               | (20,053) |
| Purchase of title insurance company  | (75)                            | (304)    |
| Proceeds from maturity of investments available for sale                     | 20,868                          | 21,288   |
| Proceeds from the sale of other investments                                  | -                               | 55       |
| Net decrease (increase) in loans held for investment                         | (6,067)                         | 404      |
| Net decrease in loans held for sale participations                           | 6,543                           | 25,761   |
| Net purchase of property and equipment                                       | (1,170)                         | (1,214)  |
| Net cash provided by investing activities                                    | 20,099                          | 25,937   |
| Cash flows from financing activities   |                                 |          |
| Net change in deposits   | (577)                           | (525)    |
| Net change in short-term debt  | (21,656)                        | (20,000) |
| Dividends paid in cash   | (1,464)                         | (820)    |

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|   |          |          |
|---|----------|----------|
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock                            | 101      | 61       |
| Repurchase of common stock  | (72)     | -        |
| Repayments of long-term debt                                      | (1,191)  | (10,688) |
| Net cash (used in) financing activities                           | (24,859) | (31,972) |
| Net decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents                         | (2,540)  | (4,242)  |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period                    | 11,907   | 16,355   |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period                          | \$9,367  | \$12,113 |
| Supplemental Cash Flow information:                               |          |          |
| Cash paid for:  |          |          |
| Interest  | \$975    | \$905    |
| Taxes   | -        | 1,980    |
| Supplemental non-cash disclosures:                                |          |          |
| Transfer from loans to other real estate owned                    | 10       | -        |
| Loans originated for the sale of other real estate owned          | -        | -        |
| Change in unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale | (115)    | (1)      |

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements



DOLLARS ARE REPORTED IN THOUSANDS THROUGHOUT THE NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

## Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of F&M Bank Corp. (“the Company”) include the accounts of Farmers & Merchants Bank, TEB Life Insurance Company, Farmers & Merchants Financial Services, Inc., VBS Mortgage, LLC (dba F&M Mortgage), (net of noncontrolling interest) and VSTitle, LLC (net of noncontrolling interest) and were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) for the interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Accordingly, these financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U. S. GAAP for complete financial statements. Operating results for the quarter ended March 31, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2018. These interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 (the “2017 Form 10-K”).

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, the Bank and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

### Nature of Operations

The Company, through its subsidiary Farmers & Merchants Bank (the “Bank”), operates under a charter issued by the Commonwealth of Virginia and provides commercial banking services. As a state chartered bank, the Bank is subject to regulation by the Virginia Bureau of Financial Institutions and the Federal Reserve Bank. The Bank provides services to customers primarily located in Rockingham, Shenandoah, Page and Augusta Counties in Virginia. Services are provided at thirteen branch offices and a Dealer Finance Division. The Company offers insurance, mortgage lending, title insurance and financial services through its subsidiaries, TEB Life Insurance, Inc.(TEB), Farmers & Merchants Financial Services, Inc (FMFS), F&M Mortgage and VSTitle, LLC. VSTitle, LLC acquired a small title company in Harrisonburg with two employees on January 1, 2018.

### Basis of Presentation

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term relate to the determination of the allowance for loan losses, goodwill and intangibles, fair value, the valuation of deferred tax assets and liabilities, pension accounting and valuation of foreclosed real estate. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, which are necessary for fair presentation of the results of operations in these financial statements, have been made.

### Reclassification

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period amounts to conform to current period presentation. None of these reclassifications are considered material and have no impact on net income.





## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

## Earnings per Share

Accounting guidance specifies the computation, presentation and disclosure requirements for earnings per share (“EPS”) for entities with publicly held common stock or potential common stock such as options, warrants, convertible securities or contingent stock agreements if those securities trade in a public market. Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted EPS is similar to the computation of basic EPS except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the dilutive common shares had been issued. The dilutive effect of conversion of preferred stock is reflected in the diluted earnings per share calculation.

Net income available to common stockholders represents consolidated net income adjusted for preferred dividends declared.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income to net income available to common stockholders for the periods presented:

For the quarter ended

March 31, March 31,  
2018      2017

## Earnings available to common stockholders:

|   |         |         |
|---|---------|---------|
| Net income                                  | \$1,961 | \$2,318 |
| Noncontrolling interest income (loss)       | (11)    | (27)    |
| Preferred stock dividends                   | 103     | 104     |
| Net income available to common stockholders | \$1,870 | \$2,241 |

The following table shows the effect of dilutive preferred stock conversion on the Company's earnings per share for the periods indicated:

Three months ended

March 31, 2018

March 31, 2017

|                                | Income  | Shares    | Per Share Amounts | Income  | Shares    | Per Share Amounts |
|--------------------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------|
| Basic EPS                      | \$1,870 | 3,255,291 | \$0.57            | \$2,241 | 3,271,272 | \$0.68            |
| Effect of Dilutive Securities: |         |           |                   |         |           |                   |
| Convertible Preferred Stock    | 103     | (360,131) | (0.02)            | 104     | (363,686) | (0.03)            |

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|             |         |           |        |         |           |        |
|-------------|---------|-----------|--------|---------|-----------|--------|
| Diluted EPS | \$1,972 | 3,615,422 | \$0.55 | \$2,345 | 3,634,958 | \$0.65 |
|-------------|---------|-----------|--------|---------|-----------|--------|





## Note 2. Investment Securities

Investment securities available for sale are carried in the consolidated balance sheets at their approximate fair value. Investment securities held to maturity are carried in the consolidated balance sheets at their amortized cost at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows:

|                   |           | Gross      | Gross      |       |
|-------------------|-----------|------------|------------|-------|
|                   | Amortized | Unrealized | Unrealized | Fair  |
|                   | Cost      | Gains      | Losses     | Value |
| March 31, 2018    |           |            |            |       |
| U. S. Treasuries  | \$125     | \$-        | \$-        | \$125 |
| December 31, 2017 |           |            |            |       |
| U. S. Treasuries  | \$125     | \$-        | \$-        | \$125 |

The amortized cost and fair value of securities available for sale are as follows:

|   | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
|---|----------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| March 31, 2018                                  |                |                        |                         |            |
| U. S. Government sponsored enterprises          | \$7,999        | \$-                    | \$163                   | \$7,836    |
| Mortgage-backed obligations of federal agencies | 484            | -                      | 8                       | 476        |
| Total Securities Available for Sale             | \$8,483        | \$-                    | \$171                   | \$8,312    |
| December 31, 2017                               |                |                        |                         |            |
| U. S. Treasuries                                | \$19,998       | \$-                    | \$-                     | \$19,998   |
| U. S. Government sponsored enterprises          | 7,999          | -                      | 19                      | 7,980      |
| Mortgage-backed obligations of federal agencies | 508            | -                      | 6                       | 502        |
| Equity securities <sup>1</sup>                  | 135            | -                      | -                       | 135        |
| Total Securities Available for Sale             | \$28,640       | \$-                    | \$25                    | \$28,615   |

<sup>1</sup>Transferred to other investments on January 1, 2018 upon adoption of ASU 2016-01.

The amortized cost and fair value of securities at March 31, 2018, by contractual maturity are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

|                                       | Securities Held to Maturity |       | Securities Available for Sale |         |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|---------|
|                                       | Amortized                   | Fair  | Amortized                     | Fair    |
|                                       | Cost                        | Value | Cost                          | Value   |
| (dollars in thousands)                |                             |       |                               |         |
| Due in one year or less               | \$125                       | \$125 | \$-                           | \$-     |
| Due after one year through five years | -                           | -     | 7,999                         | 7,836   |
| Due after five years                  | -                           | -     | 484                           | 476     |
| Due after ten years                   | -                           | -     | -                             | -       |
| Total                                 | \$125                       | \$125 | \$8,483                       | \$8,312 |



## Note 2. Investment Securities, continued

There were no gains and losses on sales of available for sale securities in the first quarter of 2018 or 2017. There were also no securities with other than temporary impairment.

A summary of unrealized losses (in thousands) and the length of time in a continuous loss position, by security type of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follows:

|   | Less than 12 Months |                   | More than 12 Months |                   | Total      |                   |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
|   | Fair Value          | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value          | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |
| March 31, 2018                                  |                     |                   |                     |                   |            |                   |
| U. S. Government sponsored enterprises          | \$7,836             | \$(163)           | \$-                 | \$-               | \$7,836    | \$(163)           |
| Mortgage-backed obligations of federal agencies | 476                 | (8)               | -                   | -                 | 476        | (8)               |
| Total   | \$8,312             | \$(171)           | \$-                 | \$-               | \$8,312    | \$(171)           |
|   | Less than 12 Months |                   | More than 12 Months |                   | Total      |                   |
|   | Fair Value          | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value          | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |
| December 31, 2017                               |                     |                   |                     |                   |            |                   |
| U. S. Government sponsored enterprises          | \$3,981             | \$(19)            | \$-                 | \$-               | \$3,981    | \$(19)            |
| Mortgage-backed obligations of federal agencies | 502                 | (6)               | -                   | -                 | 502        | (6)               |
| Total   | \$4,483             | \$(25)            | \$-                 | \$-               | \$4,483    | \$(25)            |

Other investments, which consist of investments in eighteen low-income housing and historic equity partnerships (carrying basis of \$7,215), stock in the Federal Home Loan Bank (carrying basis \$2,783) and various other investments (carrying basis \$1,603). The interests in low-income housing and historic equity partnerships have limited transferability and the interests in the other stocks are restricted as to sales. The fair values of these securities are estimated to approximate their carrying value as of March 31, 2018. At March 31, 2018, the Company was committed to invest an additional \$4,081 in six low-income housing limited partnerships. These funds will be paid as requested by the general partner to complete the projects. This additional investment has been reflected in the above carrying basis and in accrued liabilities on the balance sheet. During the first quarter of 2017, both Farmers & Merchants Financial Services and VBS Mortgage ended their relationship with Bankers Title Virginia resulting in a consolidated

loss of \$42.

Note 3. Loans

Loans held for investment outstanding at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are summarized as follows:

| (dollars in thousands)                    | 2018      | 2017      |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Construction/Land Development             | \$67,210  | \$71,620  |
| Farmland                                  | 13,811    | 13,606    |
| Real Estate                               | 185,548   | 184,546   |
| Multi-Family                              | 10,218    | 10,298    |
| Commercial Real Estate                    | 155,258   | 148,906   |
| Home Equity – closed end                  | 11,164    | 11,606    |
| Home Equity – open end                    | 55,117    | 54,739    |
| Commercial & Industrial – Non-Real Estate | 38,263    | 36,912    |
| Consumer                                  | 5,622     | 6,633     |
| Dealer Finance                            | 77,689    | 75,169    |
| Credit Cards                              | 2,822     | 2,939     |
| Total                                     | \$622,722 | \$616,974 |

The Company has pledged loans held for investment as collateral for borrowings with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta totaling \$198,793 and \$218,523 as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The Company maintains a blanket lien on its entire residential real estate portfolio and certain commercial and home equity loans.



## Note 3. Loans, continued

The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired loans (in thousands):

|   | March 31, 2018          |           |           | December 31, 2017 |           |           |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|
|   | Unpaid                  |           |           | Unpaid            |           |           |
|   | Recorded                | Principal | Related   | Recorded          | Principal | Related   |
|   | Investment <sup>1</sup> | Balance   | Allowance | Investment        | Balance   | Allowance |
| Impaired loans without a valuation allowance: |                         |           |           |                   |           |           |
| Construction/Land Development                 | \$4,478                 | \$5,038   | \$-       | \$4,352           | \$5,269   | \$-       |
| Farmland                                      | 1,984                   | 1,984     | -         | 1,984             | 1,984     | -         |
| Real Estate                                   | 1,180                   | 1,180     | -         | 1,273             | 1,273     | -         |
| Multi-Family                                  | -                       | -         | -         | -                 | -         | -         |
| Commercial Real Estate                        | 1,303                   | 1,303     | -         | 6,229             | 6,229     | -         |
| Home Equity – closed end                      | -                       | -         | -         | -                 | -         | -         |
| Home Equity – open end                        | -                       | -         | -         | -                 | 347       | -         |
| Commercial & Industrial – Non-Real Estate     | -                       | -         | -         | -                 | -         | -         |
| Consumer                                      | -                       | -         | -         | 8                 | 8         | -         |
| Credit cards                                  | -                       | -         | -         | -                 | -         | -         |
| Dealer Finance                                | 32                      | 32        | -         | 31                | 31        | -         |
|   | 8,977                   | 9,537     |           | 13,877            | 15,141    | -         |
| Impaired loans with a valuation allowance     |                         |           |           |                   |           |           |
| Construction/Land Development                 | 6,809                   | 6,809     | 2,066     | 4,998             | 4,998     | 1,661     |
| Farmland                                      | -                       | -         | -         | -                 | -         | -         |
| Real Estate                                   | 1,259                   | 1,259     | 261       | 1,188             | 1,188     | 209       |
| Multi-Family                                  | -                       | -         | -         | -                 | -         | -         |
| Commercial Real Estate                        | 4,917                   | 4,917     | 133       | -                 | -         | -         |
| Home Equity – closed end                      | -                       | -         | -         | -                 | -         | -         |
| Home Equity – open end                        | -                       | -         | -         | -                 | -         | -         |
| Commercial & Industrial – Non-Real Estate     | -                       | -         | -         | -                 | -         | -         |
| Consumer                                      | 13                      | 13        | 2         | -                 | -         | -         |
| Credit cards                                  | -                       | -         | -         | -                 | -         | -         |
| Dealer Finance                                | 166                     | 166       | 12        | 47                | 47        | 12        |
|   | 13,164                  | 13,164    | 2,474     | 6,233             | 6,233     | 1,882     |
| Total impaired loans                          | \$22,141                | \$22,701  | \$2,474   | \$20,110          | \$21,374  | \$1,882   |

<sup>1</sup>The Recorded Investment is defined as the principal balance less principal payments and charge-offs.



Loans held for sale consists of loans originated by F&M Mortgage for sale in the secondary market, and the Bank's commitment to purchase residential mortgage loan participations from Northpointe Bank. The volume of loans purchased from Northpointe fluctuates due to a number of factors including changes in secondary market rates, which affects demand for mortgage loans; the number of participating banks involved in the program; the number of mortgage loan originators selling loans to the lead bank and the funding capabilities of the lead bank. Loans held for sale as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were \$33,231 and \$39,775, respectively.



## Note 3. Loans, continued

The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired loans (in thousands):

|   | March 31, 2018 |            | December 31, 2017 |            |
|---|----------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
|   | Average        | Interest   | Average           | Interest   |
|   | Recorded       | Income     | Recorded          | Income     |
|   | Investment     | Recognized | Investment        | Recognized |
| Impaired loans without a valuation allowance: |                |            |                   |            |
| Construction/Land Development                 | \$5,154        | \$34       | \$4,969           | \$382      |
| Farmland                                      | 1,984          | -          | 1,921             | 62         |
| Real Estate                                   | 1,227          | 17         | 878               | 57         |
| Multi-Family                                  | -              | -          | -                 | -          |
| Commercial Real Estate                        | 3,766          | 5          | 1,682             | 44         |
| Home Equity – closed end                      | -              | -          | -                 | -          |
| Home Equity – open end                        | 174            | -          | 347               | -          |
| Commercial & Industrial – Non-Real Estate     | -              | -          | 124               | -          |
| Consumer                                      | 4              | -          | 10                | -          |
| Credit cards                                  | -              | -          | -                 | -          |
| Dealer Finance                                | 31             | 1          | 24                | 3          |
|   | 12,340         | 57         | 9,955             | 548        |
| Impaired loans with a valuation allowance     |                |            |                   |            |
| Construction/Land Development                 | 5,903          | 34         | 5,911             | 258        |
| Farmland                                      | -              | -          | -                 | -          |
| Real Estate                                   | 1,224          | 18         | 1,194             | 49         |
| Multi-Family                                  | -              | -          | -                 | -          |
| Commercial Real Estate                        | 2,459          | 68         | -                 | -          |
| Home Equity – closed end                      | -              | -          | -                 | -          |
| Home Equity – open end                        | -              | -          | -                 | -          |
| Commercial & Industrial – Non-Real Estate     | -              | -          | -                 | -          |
| Consumer                                      | 7              | 1          | -                 | -          |
| Credit cards                                  | -              | -          | -                 | -          |
| Dealer Finance                                | 106            | 4          | 56                | 3          |
|   | 9,699          | 125        | 7,161             | 310        |
| Total impaired loans                          | \$22,039       | \$182      | \$17,116          | \$858      |





## Note 3. Loans, continued

The following table presents the aging of the recorded investment of past due loans (in thousands) as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

|  | 30-59<br>Days Past<br>due | 60-89<br>Days Past<br>Due | Greater<br>than 90<br>Days | Total Past<br>Due | Current   | Total Loan<br>Receivable | Non-Accrual<br>Loans | Recorded<br>Investment<br>>90 days &<br>accruing |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|
| March 31, 2018                                   |                           |                           |                            |                   |           |                          |                      |  |
| Construction/Land<br>Development                 | \$187                     | \$2,521                   | \$3,794                    | \$6,502           | \$60,708  | \$67,210                 | \$4,433              | \$-  |
| Farmland   | -                         | 1,984                     | -                          | 1,984             | 11,827    | 13,811                   | -                    | -  |
| Real Estate                                      | 3,182                     | 1,072                     | 427                        | 4,681             | 180,867   | 185,548                  | 1,137                | 302  |
| Multi-Family                                     | 280                       | -                         | -                          | 280               | 9,938     | 10,218                   | -                    | -  |
| Commercial Real<br>Estate                        | 6,524                     | -                         | -                          | 6,524             | 148,734   | 155,258                  | 1,008                | -  |
| Home Equity – closed<br>end                      | 45                        | 18                        | -                          | 63                | 11,101    | 11,164                   | 2                    | -  |
| Home Equity – open<br>end                        | 234                       | 265                       | 86                         | 585               | 54,532    | 55,117                   | 190                  | -  |
| Commercial &<br>Industrial – Non- Real<br>Estate | 119                       | 274                       | 465                        | 858               | 37,405    | 38,263                   | 532                  | -  |
| Consumer   | 42                        | 10                        | -                          | 52                | 5,570     | 5,622                    | -                    | -  |
| Dealer Finance                                   | 773                       | 170                       | 65                         | 1,008             | 76,681    | 77,689                   | 126                  | -  |
| Credit Cards                                     | 22                        | 5                         | -                          | 27                | 2,795     | 2,822                    | -                    | -  |
| Total  | \$11,408                  | \$6,319                   | \$4,837                    | \$22,564          | \$600,158 | \$622,722                | \$7,428              | \$302  |

|  | 30-59<br>Days Past<br>due | 60-89<br>Days Past<br>Due | Greater<br>than 90<br>Days | Total Past<br>Due | Current | Total Loan<br>Receivable | Non-Accrual<br>Loans | Recorded<br>Investment<br>>90 days &<br>accruing |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|

## December 31, 2017

|                                  |       |         |         |         |          |          |         |     |
|----------------------------------|-------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|---------|-----|
| Construction/Land<br>Development | \$167 | \$5,459 | \$3,908 | \$9,534 | \$62,086 | \$71,620 | \$3,908 | \$- |
| Farmland                         | -     | -       | -       | -       | 13,606   | 13,606   | -       | -   |
| Real Estate                      | 2,858 | 1,954   | 560     | 5,372   | 179,174  | 184,546  | 1,720   | 143 |
| Multi-Family                     | 179   | -       | -       | 179     | 10,119   | 10,298   | -       | -   |
| Commercial Real<br>Estate        | 544   | -       | -       | 544     | 148,362  | 148,906  | -       | -   |

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|  |         |         |         |          |           |           |         |       |
|--|---------|---------|---------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------|-------|
| Home Equity – closed end                   | -       | 25      | -       | 25       | 11,581    | 11,606    | 3       | -     |
| Home Equity – open end                     | 454     | 165     | 268     | 887      | 53,852    | 54,739    | 448     | -     |
| Commercial & Industrial – Non- Real Estate | 108     | 36      | 595     | 739      | 36,173    | 36,912    | 599     | -     |
| Consumer                                   | 43      | 5       | -       | 48       | 6,585     | 6,633     | -       | -     |
| Dealer Finance                             | 1,300   | 252     | 189     | 1,741    | 73,428    | 75,169    | 226     | 54    |
| Credit Cards                               | 30      | 8       | 1       | 39       | 2,900     | 2,939     | -       | 1     |
| Total                                      | \$5,683 | \$7,904 | \$5,521 | \$19,108 | \$597,866 | \$616,974 | \$6,904 | \$198 |

At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, other real estate owned included \$177 and \$207 of foreclosed residential real estate, respectively. The Company has \$964 of consumer mortgages for which foreclosure is in process at March 31, 2018.

Nonaccrual loans at March 31, 2018 would have earned approximately \$97 in interest income for the quarter had they been accruing loans.





## Note 4. Allowance for Loan Losses

A summary of changes in the allowance for loan losses (in thousands) for March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 is as follows:

| March 31, 2018                            | Beginning Balance | Charge-offs | Recoveries | Provision | Ending Balance | Individually Evaluated for Impairment | Collectively Evaluated for Impairment |
|---|-------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Allowance for loan losses:                |                   |             |            |           |                |                                       |                                       |
| Construction/Land Development             | \$2,547           | \$19        | \$122      | \$198     | \$2,848        | \$2,066                               | \$782                                 |
| Farmland                                  | 25                | -           | -          | 56        | 81             | -                                     | 81                                    |
| Real Estate                               | 719               | 20          | -          | 58        | 757            | 261                                   | 496                                   |
| Multi-Family                              | 19                | -           | -          | 5         | 24             | -                                     | 24                                    |
| Commercial Real Estate                    | 482               | -           | 1          | 125       | 608            | 133                                   | 475                                   |
| Home Equity – closed end                  | 66                | 3           | 2          | (13)      | 52             | -                                     | 52                                    |
| Home Equity – open end                    | 209               | -           | -          | (11)      | 200            | -                                     | 200                                   |
| Commercial & Industrial – Non-Real Estate | 337               | 17          | 54         | (145)     | 229            | -                                     | 229                                   |
| Consumer                                  | 148               | 4           | 3          | (68)      | 79             | 2                                     | 77                                    |
| Dealer Finance                            | 1,440             | 651         | 229        | 413       | 1,431          | 12                                    | 1,419                                 |
| Credit Cards                              | 52                | 15          | 9          | 60        | 106            | -                                     | 106                                   |
| Total                                     | \$6,044           | \$729       | \$420      | \$680     | \$6,415        | \$2,474                               | \$3,941                               |
|   |                   |             |            |           |                |                                       |                                       |
| December 31, 2017                         | Beginning Balance | Charge-offs | Recoveries | Provision | Ending Balance | Individually Evaluated for Impairment | Collectively Evaluated for Impairment |
| Allowance for loan losses:                |                   |             |            |           |                |                                       |                                       |
| Construction/Land Development             | \$3,381           | \$620       | \$-        | \$(214)   | \$2,547        | \$1,661                               | \$886                                 |
| Farmland                                  | 34                | -           | -          | (9)       | 25             | -                                     | 25                                    |
| Real Estate                               | 843               | -           | 2          | (126)     | 719            | 209                                   | 510                                   |
| Multi-Family                              | 23                | -           | -          | (6)       | 19             | -                                     | 19                                    |
| Commercial Real Estate                    | 705               | -           | 13         | (236)     | 482            | -                                     | 482                                   |
| Home Equity – closed end                  | 75                | 7           | 25         | (27)      | 66             | -                                     | 66                                    |
| Home Equity – open end                    | 470               | 26          | 53         | (288)     | 209            | -                                     | 209                                   |

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|   |         |         |         |       |         |         |         |
|---|---------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|---------|
| Commercial &<br>Industrial – Non-Real<br>Estate | 586     | 179     | 72      | (142) | 337     | -       | 337     |
| Consumer  | 78      | 136     | 28      | 178   | 148     | -       | 148     |
| Dealer Finance                                  | 1,289   | 1,806   | 1,143   | 814   | 1,440   | 12      | 1,428   |
| Credit Cards                                    | 59      | 98      | 37      | 54    | 52      | -       | 52      |
| Total   | \$7,543 | \$2,872 | \$1,373 | \$-   | \$6,044 | \$1,882 | \$4,162 |



## Note 4. Allowance for Loan Losses, continued

| March 31, 2018                            | Loan Receivable | Individually Evaluated for Impairment | Collectively Evaluated for Impairment |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Construction/Land Development             | \$67,210        | \$11,287                              | \$55,923                              |
| Farmland                                  | 13,811          | 1,984                                 | 11,827                                |
| Real Estate                               | 185,548         | 2,439                                 | 183,109                               |
| Multi-Family                              | 10,218          | -                                     | 10,218                                |
| Commercial Real Estate                    | 155,258         | 6,220                                 | 149,038                               |
| Home Equity – closed end                  | 11,164          | -                                     | 11,164                                |
| Home Equity –open end                     | 55,117          | -                                     | 55,117                                |
| Commercial & Industrial – Non-Real Estate | 38,263          | -                                     | 38,263                                |
| Consumer                                  | 5,622           | 13                                    | 5,609                                 |
| Dealer Finance                            | 77,689          | 198                                   | 77,491                                |
| Credit Cards                              | 2,822           | -                                     | 2,822                                 |
| Total                                     | \$622,722       | \$22,141                              | \$600,581                             |

The following table presents the recorded investment in loans (in thousands) based on impairment method as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

| December 31, 2017                         | Loan Receivable | Individually Evaluated for Impairment | Collectively Evaluated for Impairment |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Construction/Land Development             | \$71,620        | \$9,350                               | \$62,270                              |
| Farmland                                  | 13,606          | 1,984                                 | 11,622                                |
| Real Estate                               | 184,546         | 2,461                                 | 182,085                               |
| Multi-Family                              | 10,298          | -                                     | 10,298                                |
| Commercial Real Estate                    | 148,906         | 6,229                                 | 142,677                               |
| Home Equity – closed end                  | 11,606          | -                                     | 11,606                                |
| Home Equity –open end                     | 54,739          | -                                     | 54,739                                |
| Commercial & Industrial – Non-Real Estate | 36,912          | -                                     | 36,912                                |
| Consumer                                  | 6,633           | 8                                     | 6,625                                 |
| Dealer Finance                            | 75,169          | 78                                    | 75,091                                |
| Credit Cards                              | 2,939           | -                                     | 2,939                                 |
| Total                                     | \$616,974       | \$20,110                              | \$596,864                             |



## Note 4. Allowance for Loan Losses, continued

The following table shows the Company's loan portfolio broken down by internal loan grade (in thousands) as of March 31, 2108 and December 31, 2017:

| March 31, 2018                            | Grade 1<br>Minimal<br>Risk | Grade 2<br>Modest<br>Risk | Grade 3<br>Average<br>Risk | Grade 4<br>Acceptable<br>Risk | Grade 5<br>Marginally<br>Acceptable | Grade 6<br>Watch | Grade 7<br>Substandard | Grade 8<br>Doubtful | Total     |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Construction/Land Development             | \$-                        | \$1,038                   | \$15,513                   | \$27,754                      | \$9,808                             | \$1,128          | \$11,969               | \$-                 | \$67,210  |
| Farmland                                  | 63                         | -                         | 3,804                      | 3,707                         | 3,760                               | 493              | 1,984                  | -                   | 13,811    |
| Real Estate                               | -                          | 1,362                     | 54,076                     | 101,518                       | 19,590                              | 4,582            | 4,420                  | -                   | 185,548   |
| Multi-Family                              | -                          | 207                       | 2,895                      | 6,940                         | 176                                 | -                | -                      | -                   | 10,218    |
| Commercial Real Estate                    | -                          | 3,132                     | 45,920                     | 88,382                        | 9,227                               | 2,090            | 6,507                  | -                   | 155,258   |
| Home Equity – closed end                  | -                          | -                         | 3,698                      | 5,209                         | 918                                 | 1,337            | 2                      | -                   | 11,164    |
| Home Equity – open end                    | 200                        | 2,138                     | 18,594                     | 29,912                        | 3,694                               | 338              | 241                    | -                   | 55,117    |
| Commercial & Industrial (Non-Real Estate) | 246                        | 1,788                     | 13,861                     | 19,009                        | 2,222                               | 573              | 564                    | -                   | 38,263    |
| Consumer (excluding dealer)               | 31                         | 482                       | 314                        | 1,008                         | 1,033                               | 2,341            | 413                    | -                   | 5,622     |
| Total                                     | \$540                      | \$10,147                  | \$158,675                  | \$283,439                     | \$50,428                            | \$12,882         | \$26,100               | \$-                 | \$542,211 |

|                | Credit Cards | Dealer Finance |
|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| Performing     | \$2,822      | \$77,624       |
| Non performing | -            | 65             |
| Total          | \$2,822      | \$77,689       |



## Note 4. Allowance for Loan Losses, continued

| December 31,<br>2017                            | Grade 1<br>Minimal<br>Risk | Grade 2<br>Modest<br>Risk | Grade 3<br>Average<br>Risk | Grade 4<br>Acceptable<br>Risk | Grade 5<br>Marginally<br>Acceptable | Grade 6<br>Watch | Grade 7<br>Substandard | Grade 8<br>Doubtful | Total     |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Construction/Land<br>Development                | \$-                        | \$690                     | \$12,974                   | \$30,197                      | \$9,165                             | \$3,520          | \$15,074               | \$-                 | \$71,620  |
| Farmland  | 63                         | -                         | 3,153                      | 4,120                         | 3,793                               | 494              | 1,983                  | -                   | 13,606    |
| Real Estate                                     | -                          | 1,512                     | 53,764                     | 101,606                       | 19,734                              | 4,660            | 3,270                  | -                   | 184,546   |
| Multi-Family                                    | -                          | 228                       | 4,780                      | 5,111                         | 179                                 | -                | -                      | -                   | 10,298    |
| Commercial Real<br>Estate                       | -                          | 3,525                     | 45,384                     | 89,195                        | 9,012                               | 634              | 1,156                  | -                   | 148,906   |
| Home Equity –<br>closed end                     | -                          | -                         | 3,535                      | 5,410                         | 1,279                               | 1,379            | 3                      | -                   | 11,606    |
| Home Equity –<br>open end                       | 235                        | 1,598                     | 17,383                     | 30,888                        | 3,945                               | 176              | 514                    | -                   | 54,739    |
| Commercial &<br>Industrial<br>(Non-Real Estate) | 262                        | 1,595                     | 13,297                     | 19,442                        | 1,480                               | 207              | 629                    | -                   | 36,912    |
| Consumer<br>(excluding dealer)                  | 34                         | 490                       | 2,226                      | 88                            | 1,065                               | 2,254            | 476                    | -                   | 6,633     |
| Total   | \$594                      | \$9,638                   | \$156,496                  | \$286,057                     | \$49,652                            | \$13,324         | \$23,105               | \$-                 | \$538,866 |

|                | Credit Cards | Dealer Finance |
|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| Performing     | \$2,938      | \$75,116       |
| Non performing | 1            | 53             |
| Total          | \$2,939      | \$75,169       |

## Description of internal loan grades:

Grade 1 – Minimal Risk: Excellent credit, superior asset quality, excellent debt capacity and coverage, and recognized management capabilities.

Grade 2 – Modest Risk: Borrower consistently generates sufficient cash flow to fund debt service, excellent credit, above average asset quality and liquidity.

Grade 3 – Average Risk: Borrower generates sufficient cash flow to fund debt service. Employment (or business) is stable with good future trends. Credit is very good.

Grade 4 – Acceptable Risk: Borrower's cash flow is adequate to cover debt service; however, unusual expenses or capital expenses must be covered through additional long term debt. Employment (or business) stability is reasonable, but future trends may exhibit slight weakness. Credit history is good. No unpaid judgments or collection items appearing on credit report.







Note 4. Allowance for Loan Losses, continued

Grade 5 – Marginally acceptable: Credit to borrowers who may exhibit declining earnings, may have leverage that is materially above industry averages, liquidity may be marginally acceptable. Employment or business stability may be weak or deteriorating. May be currently performing as agreed, but would be adversely affected by developing factors such as layoffs, illness, reduced hours or declining business prospects. Credit history shows weaknesses, past dues, paid or disputed collections and judgments, but does not include borrowers that are currently past due on obligations or with unpaid, undisputed judgments.

Grade 6 – Watch: Loans are currently protected, but are weak due to negative balance sheet or income statement trends. There may be a lack of effective control over collateral or the existence of documentation deficiencies. These loans have potential weaknesses that deserve management’s close attention. Other reasons supporting this classification include adverse economic or market conditions, pending litigation or any other material weakness. Existing loans that become 60 or more days past due are placed in this category pending a return to current status.

Grade 7 – Substandard: Loans having well-defined weaknesses where a payment default and or loss is possible, but not yet probable. Cash flow is inadequate to service the debt under the current payment, or terms, with prospects that the condition is permanent. Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the borrower and there is the likelihood that collateral will have to be liquidated and/or guarantor(s) called upon to repay the debt. Generally, the loan is considered collectible as to both principal and interest, primarily because of collateral coverage, however, if the deficiencies are not corrected quickly; there is a probability of loss.

Grade 8 – Doubtful: The loan has all the characteristics of a substandard credit, but available information indicates it is unlikely the loan will be repaid in its entirety. Cash flow is insufficient to service the debt. It may be difficult to project the exact amount of loss, but the probability of some loss is great. Loans are to be placed on non-accrual status when any portion is classified doubtful.

Credit card and dealer finance loans are classified as performing or nonperforming. A loan is nonperforming when payments of principal and interest are past due 90 days or more.



## Note 5. Employee Benefit Plan

The Bank has a qualified noncontributory defined benefit pension plan which covers substantially all of its full-time employees hired before April 1, 2012. The benefits are primarily based on years of service and earnings. The Company uses December 31st as the measurement date for the defined benefit pension plan. The Bank does not expect to contribute to the pension plan in 2018.

The following is a summary of net periodic pension costs for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (in thousands):

|                                    | Three Months Ended |                |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|                                    | March 31, 2018     | March 31, 2017 |
| Service cost                       | \$192              | \$174          |
| Interest cost                      | 124                | 122            |
| Expected return on plan assets     | (231)              | (213)          |
| Amortization of prior service cost | (4)                | (4)            |
| Amortization of net loss           | 76                 | 71             |
| Net periodic pension cost          | \$157              | \$150          |

The service cost component of net periodic benefit cost is included in salaries and benefits expense in the consolidated statements of income. All other components are included in other noninterest expense in the consolidated statements of income.

## Note 6. Fair Value

The fair value of a financial instrument is the current amount that would be exchanged between willing parties, other than in a forced liquidation. Fair value is best determined based upon quoted market prices. However, in many instances, there are no quoted market prices for the Company's various financial instruments. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques.

Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. Accordingly, the fair value estimates may not be realized in an immediate settlement of the instrument. Accounting guidance for fair value excludes certain financial instruments and all nonfinancial instruments from its disclosure requirements. Accordingly, the aggregate fair value amounts presented may not necessarily represent the underlying fair value of the Company.

The Company records fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and determines fair value disclosures utilizing a definition of fair value of assets and liabilities that states that fair value is an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Additional considerations are involved to determine the fair value of financial assets in markets that are not active.

The Company uses a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's market assumptions. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy based on these two types of inputs are as follows:

Level 1 —

Valuation is based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2 —

Valuation is based on observable inputs including quoted prices in active markets for similar assets and liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in less active markets, and model-based valuation techniques for which significant assumptions can be derived primarily from or corroborated by observable data in the market.

Level 3 —

Valuation is based on model-based techniques that use one or more significant inputs or assumptions that are unobservable in the market.



## Note 6. Fair Value, continued

The following describes the valuation techniques used by the Company to measure certain financial assets and liabilities recorded at fair value on a recurring basis in the financial statements:

## Securities

Where quoted prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 securities would include highly liquid government bonds, mortgage products and exchange traded equities. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flow. Level 2 securities would include U.S. agency securities, mortgage-backed agency securities, obligations of states and political subdivisions and certain corporate, asset backed and other securities. In certain cases where there is limited activity or less transparency around inputs to the valuation, securities are classified within Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy. The carrying value of restricted Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank stock approximates fair value based upon the redemption provisions of each entity and is therefore excluded from the following table.

## Derivatives

The Company's derivatives are recorded at fair value based on third party vendor supplied information using discounted cash flow analysis from observable-market based inputs, which are considered Level 2 inputs.

The following tables present the balances of financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 (dollars in thousands):

| March 31, 2018                                  | Total   | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| U. S. Treasuries                                | \$-     | \$-     | \$-     | \$-     |
| U. S. Government sponsored enterprises          | 7,836   | -       | 7,836   | -       |
| Mortgage-backed obligations of federal agencies | 476     | -       | 476     | -       |
| Equity securities                               | 135     | -       | 135     | -       |
| Total securities available for sale             | \$8,447 | -       | \$8,447 | -       |

  

| December 31, 2017                               | Total    | Level 1  | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|---|----------|----------|---------|---------|
| U. S. Treasuries                                | \$19,998 | \$19,998 | \$-     | \$-     |
| U. S. Government sponsored enterprises          | 7,980    | -        | 7,980   | -       |
| Mortgage-backed obligations of federal agencies | 502      | -        | 502     | -       |
| Equity securities                               | 135      | -        | 135     | -       |
| Total securities available for sale             | \$28,615 | \$19,998 | \$8,617 | -       |



Certain financial assets are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis in accordance with GAAP. Adjustments to the fair value of these assets usually result from the application of lower-of-cost-or-market accounting or write-downs of individual assets.

The following describes the valuation techniques used by the Company to measure certain financial assets recorded at fair value on a nonrecurring basis in the financial statements:

#### Loans Held for Sale

Loans held for sale are short-term loans purchased at par for resale to investors at the par value of the loan and loans originated by F&M Mortgage for sale in the secondary market. Loan participations are generally repurchased within 15 days. Loans originated for sale by F&M Mortgage are recorded at lower of cost or market. No market adjustments were required at March 31, 2018 or December 31, 2017; therefore, loans held for sale were carried at cost. Because of the short-term nature and fixed purchase price, the book value of these loans approximates fair value at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.



## Note 6. Fair Value, continued

## Impaired Loans

Loans are designated as impaired when, in the judgment of management based on current information and events, it is probable that all amounts due will not be collected according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Troubled debt restructurings are impaired loans. Impaired loans are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. If an individually-evaluated impaired loan's balance exceeds fair value, the amount is allocated to the allowance for loan losses. Any fair value adjustments are recorded in the period incurred as provision for loan losses on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

The fair value of an impaired loan and measurement of associated loss is based on one of three methods: the observable market price of the loan, the present value of projected cash flows, or the fair value of the collateral. The observable market price of a loan is categorized as a Level 1 input. The present value of projected cash flows method results in a Level 3 categorization because the calculation relies on the Company's judgment to determine projected cash flows, which are then discounted at the current rate of the loan, or the rate prior to modification if the loan is a troubled debt restructure.

Loans measured using the fair value of collateral method are categorized in Level 3. Collateral may be in the form of real estate or business assets including equipment, inventory, and accounts receivable. Most collateral is real estate. The Company bases collateral method fair valuation upon the "as-is" value of independent appraisals or evaluations.

The value of real estate collateral is determined by an independent appraisal utilizing an income or market valuation approach. Appraisals conducted by an independent, licensed appraiser outside of the Company using observable market data is categorized as Level 3. The value of business equipment is based upon an outside appraisal (Level 3) if deemed significant, or the net book value on the applicable business' financial statements (Level 3) if not considered significant. Likewise, values for inventory and accounts receivables collateral are based on financial statement balances or aging reports (Level 3).

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the fair value measurements for impaired loans with specific allocations were primarily based upon the fair value of the collateral.

The following table summarizes the Company's financial assets that were measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis during the period (dollars in thousands):

| March 31, 2018                | Total    | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3  |
|-------------------------------|----------|---------|---------|----------|
| Construction/Land Development | \$4,743  | -       | -       | \$4,743  |
| Real Estate                   | 998      | -       | -       | 998      |
| Commercial Real Estate        | 4,784    |         |         | 4,784    |
| Consumer                      | 11       |         |         | 11       |
| Dealer Finance                | 154      | -       | -       | 154      |
| Impaired loans                | \$10,690 | -       | -       | \$10,690 |

December 31, 2017

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|                               | Total   | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Construction/Land Development | \$3,337 | -       | -       | \$3,337 |
| Real Estate                   | 979     | -       | -       | 979     |
| Dealer Finance                | 35      | -       | -       | 35      |
| Impaired loans                | \$4,351 | -       | -       | \$4,351 |



## Note 6. Fair Value, continued

The following table presents information about Level 3 Fair Value Measurements for March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

| (dollars in thousands) | Fair Value at March 31, 2018    | Valuation Technique        | Significant Unobservable Inputs              | Range                 |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Impaired Loans         | \$ 10,690                       | Discounted appraised value | Discount for selling costs and marketability | 2%-19% (Average 6.0%) |
|                        | Fair Value at December 31, 2017 | Valuation Technique        | Significant Unobservable Inputs              | Range                 |
| Impaired Loans         | \$ 4,351                        | Discounted appraised value | Discount for selling costs and marketability | 3%-19% (Average 5.5%) |

## Other Real Estate Owned

Certain assets such as other real estate owned (OREO) are measured at fair value less cost to sell. Valuation of other real estate owned is determined using current appraisals from independent parties, a level two input. If current appraisals cannot be obtained prior to reporting dates, or if declines in value are identified after a recent appraisal is received, appraisal values are discounted, resulting in Level 3 estimates. If the Company markets the property with a realtor, estimated selling costs reduce the fair value, resulting in a valuation based on Level 3 inputs.

The Company markets other real estate owned both independently and with local realtors. Properties marketed by realtors are discounted by selling costs. Properties that the Company markets independently are not discounted by selling costs.

The following table summarizes the Company's other real estate owned that were measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis during the period.

| March 31, 2018          | Total   | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Other real estate owned | \$2,028 | -       | -       | \$2,028 |
| December 31, 2017       | Total   | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Other real estate owned | \$1,984 | -       | -       | \$1,984 |

The following table presents information about Level 3 Fair Value Measurements for March 31, 2018:

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| (dollars in thousands)  | Fair Value at March 31, 2018 | Valuation Technique        | Significant Unobservable Inputs | Range               |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Other real estate owned | \$ 2,028                     | Discounted appraised value | Discount for selling costs      | 5%-15% (Average 8%) |

The following table presents information about Level 3 Fair Value Measurements for December 31, 2017:

| (dollars in thousands)  | Fair Value at December 31, 2017 | Valuation Technique        | Significant Unobservable Inputs | Range               |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Other real estate owned | \$ 1,984                        | Discounted appraised value | Discount for selling costs      | 5%-15% (Average 8%) |





## Note 7. Disclosures About Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following presents the carrying amount, fair value and placement in the fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial instruments as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017. For short-term financial assets such as cash and cash equivalents and short-term liabilities, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value due to the relatively short time between the origination of the instrument and its expected realization. For financial liabilities such as noninterest bearing demand, interest bearing demand and savings deposits, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value due to these products having no stated maturity. Fair values for March 31, 2018 are estimated under the exit price notion in accordance with the prospective adoption of ASU 2016-01, "Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." Fair values for December 31, 2017 are estimated under the guidance in effect for that period, which did not require use of the exit price notion.

The estimated fair values, and related carrying amounts (in thousands), of the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

## Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2018 Using

| (dollars in thousands)         | Carrying Amount  | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | Fair Value at March 31, 2018 |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--|---|---|------------------------------|
| <b>Assets:</b>                 |                  |  |   |   |                              |
| Cash and cash equivalents      | \$9,367          | \$9,367  | \$-   | \$-                                       | \$9,367                      |
| Securities                     | 8,572            | -  | 8,572   | -   | 8,572                        |
| Loans held for sale            | 33,231           | -  | 33,231  | -   | 33,231                       |
| Loans held for investment, net | 616,307          | -  | -   | 609,019                                   | 609,019                      |
| Interest receivable            | 2,055            | -  | 2,055   | -   | 2,055                        |
| Bank owned life insurance      | 14,057           | -  | 14,057  | -   | 14,057                       |
| <b>Total</b>                   | <b>\$683,589</b> | <b>\$9,367</b>   | <b>\$57,915</b>                               | <b>\$609,019</b>                          | <b>\$676,301</b>             |
| <b>Liabilities:</b>            |                  |  |   |   |                              |
| Deposits                       | \$568,600        | \$-  | \$403,061                                     | \$167,604                                 | \$570,665                    |
| Short-term debt                | 3,640            | -  | 3,640   | -   | 3,640                        |
| Long-term debt                 | 48,542           | -  | -   | 48,671                                    | 48,671                       |
| Interest payable               | 264              | -  | 264   | -   | 264                          |
| <b>Total</b>                   | <b>\$621,046</b> | <b>\$-</b>   | <b>\$406,965</b>                              | <b>\$216,275</b>                          | <b>\$623,240</b>             |

The following presents the carrying amount, fair value and placement in the fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial instruments as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017. For short-term financial assets such as cash and cash equivalents and short-term liabilities, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value due to the relatively short time between the origination of the instrument and its expected realization. For financial liabilities

such as noninterest bearing demand, interest bearing demand and savings deposits, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value due to these products having no stated maturity. Fair values for March 31, 2018 are estimated under the exit price notion in accordance with the prospective adoption of ASU 2016-01, "Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." Fair values for December 31, 2017 are estimated under the guidance in effect for that period, which did not require use of the exit price notion.



## Note 7. Disclosures About Fair Value of Financial Instruments, continued

The estimated fair values, and related carrying amounts (in thousands), of the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

## Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2017 Using

| (dollars in thousands)         | Carrying Amount  | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | Fair Value at December 31, 2016 |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--|---|---|---------------------------------|
| <b>Assets:</b>                 |                  |  |   |   |                                 |
| Cash and cash equivalents      | \$11,907         | \$11,907   | \$-   | \$-                                       | \$11,907                        |
| Securities                     | 28,740           | 19,998   | 8,742   | -   | 28,740                          |
| Loans held for sale            | 39,775           | -  | 39,775  | -   | 39,775                          |
| Loans held for investment, net | 610,930          | -  | -   | 646,703                                   | 646,703                         |
| Interest receivable            | 2,007            | -  | 2,007   | -   | 2,007                           |
| Bank owned life insurance      | 13,950           | -  | 13,950  | -   | 13,950                          |
| <b>Total</b>                   | <b>\$707,309</b> | <b>\$31,905</b>  | <b>\$64,474</b>                               | <b>\$646,703</b>                          | <b>\$743,082</b>                |
| <b>Liabilities:</b>            |                  |  |   |   |                                 |
| Deposits                       | \$569,177        | \$-  | \$403,907                                     | \$167,210                                 | \$571,117                       |
| Short-term debt                | 25,296           | -  | 25,296  | -   | 25,296                          |
| Long-term debt                 | 49,733           | -  | -   | 49,869                                    | 49,869                          |
| Interest payable               | 260              | -  | 260   | -   | 260                             |
| <b>Total</b>                   | <b>\$644,466</b> | <b>\$-</b>   | <b>\$429,463</b>                              | <b>\$217,079</b>                          | <b>\$646,542</b>                |

## Note 8. Troubled Debt Restructuring

In the determination of the allowance for loan losses, management considers troubled debt restructurings and subsequent defaults in these restructurings by adjusting the loan grades of such loans, which are considered in the qualitative factors within the allowance for loan loss methodology. Defaults resulting in charge-offs affect the historical loss experience ratios which are a component of the allowance calculation. Additionally, specific reserves may be established on restructured loans which are evaluated individually for impairment.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, there were ten loan modifications that were considered to be troubled debt restructurings. These modifications include rate adjustments, revisions to amortization schedules, suspension of principal payments for a temporary period, re-advancing funds to be applied as payments to bring the loan(s) current, or any combination thereof.

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| (dollars in thousands)       | Number of Contracts | Pre-Modification    | Post-Modification   |
|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|                              |                     | Outstanding         | Outstanding         |
| Troubled Debt Restructurings |                     | Recorded Investment | Recorded Investment |
| Commercial Real Estate       | 1                   | \$1,008             | \$1,008             |
| Consumer                     | 9                   | 133                 | 133                 |
| Total                        | 10                  | \$1,141             | \$1,141             |

At March 31, 2018, there were no loans restructured in the previous 12 months in default or on nonaccrual status. A restructured loan is considered in default when it becomes 90 days past due.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, there were no loan modifications that were considered to be troubled debt restructurings. At March 31, 2017, there were also no loans restructured in the previous 12 months in default or on nonaccrual status. A restructured loan is considered in default when it becomes 90 days past due.



## Note 9. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The balances in accumulated other comprehensive loss are shown in the following table:

| (dollars in thousands)  | Unrealized Securities<br>Gains (Losses) | Adjustments Related to<br>Pension Plan | Accumulated Other<br>Comprehensive Loss |
|---|---|--|---|
| Balance at December 31, 2017                                  | \$(20)                                  | \$(4,122)                              | \$(4,142)                               |
| Change in unrealized securities<br>gains (losses), net of tax | (115)                                   | -                                      | (115)                                   |
| Change in unfunded pension<br>liability, net of tax           | -                                       | -                                      | -                                       |
| Balance at March 31, 2018                                     | \$(135)                                 | \$(4,122)                              | \$(4,257)                               |

There were no reclassifications adjustments reported on the consolidated statements of income during 2017 or 2018.

## Note 10. Business Segments

The Company utilizes its subsidiaries to provide multiple business segments including retail banking, mortgage banking, title insurance services, investment services and credit life and accident and health insurance products related to lending. Revenues from retail banking operations consist primarily of interest earned on loans and investment securities and service charges on deposit accounts. Mortgage Banking operating revenues consist principally of gains on sales of loans in the secondary market, loan origination fee income and interest earned on mortgage loans held for sale. Revenues from title insurance services, investment services and insurance products consist of commissions on products provided.

## Three Months Ended March 31, 2018

|   | F&M Bank | F&M<br>Mortgage | TEB<br>Life/FMFS | VS<br>Title | Parent<br>Only | Eliminations | F&M Bank Corp.<br>Consolidated |
|---|----------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| Revenues:                                   |          |                 |                  |             |                |              |                                |
| Interest Income                             | \$8,704  | \$29            | \$35             | \$-         | \$-            | \$(25)       | \$8,743                        |
| Service charges on<br>deposits              | 366      | -               | -                | -           | -              | -            | 366                            |
| Investment services and<br>insurance income | -        | -               | 203              | -           | -              | (6)          | 197                            |
| Mortgage banking<br>income, net             | -        | 520             | -                | -           | -              | -            | 520                            |
| Title insurance income                      | -        | 61              | -                | 195         | -              | -            | 256                            |
| Gain on prepayment of<br>long-term debt     | -        | -               | -                | -           | -              | -            | -                              |
| Loss on investments                         | -        | -               | -                | -           | -              | -            | -                              |
| Other operating income                      | 393      | 1               | -                | -           | -              | -            | 394                            |

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|   |           |         |         |        |          |             |           |
|---|-----------|---------|---------|--------|----------|-------------|-----------|
| Total income  | 9,463     | 611     | 238     | 195    | -        | (31)        | 10,476    |
| Expenses:   |           |         |         |        |          |             |           |
| Interest Expense  | 981       | 23      | -       | -      | -        | (25)        | 979       |
| Provision for loan losses                                 | 680       | -       | -       | -      | -        | -           | 680       |
| Salary and benefit expense                                | 3,297     | 414     | 146     | 166    | -        | -           | 4,023     |
| Other operating expenses                                  | 2,176     | 212     | 10      | 48     | 14       | (6)         | 2,454     |
| Total expense   | 7,134     | 649     | 156     | 214    | 14       | (31)        | 8,136     |
| Income before income taxes                                | 2,329     | (38)    | 82      | (19)   | (14)     | -           | 2,340     |
| Income tax expense (benefit)                              | 141       | -       | 15      | -      | 223      | -           | 379       |
| Net income (loss)   | 2,188     | (38)    | 67      | (19)   | (237)    | -           | 1,961     |
| Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest | -         | 11      | -       | -      | -        | -           | 11        |
| Net Income attributable to F & M Bank Corp.               | \$2,188   | \$(27)  | \$67    | \$(19) | \$(237)  | \$-         | \$1,972   |
| Total Assets  | \$731,512 | \$8,552 | \$6,972 | \$574  | \$91,591 | \$(110,213) | \$728,988 |
| Goodwill  | \$2,670   | \$65    | \$-     | \$57   | \$164    | \$-         | \$2,956   |





## Note 10. Business Segments, continued

Three Months Ended March 31, 2017

|   | F&M Bank  | F&M Mortgage | TEB Life/FMFS | VS Title | Parent Only | Eliminations | F&M Bank Corp. Consolidated |
|---|-----------|--------------|---------------|----------|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| Revenues:   |           |              |               |          |             |              |                             |
| Interest Income   | \$7,960   | \$35         | \$37          | \$-      | \$-         | \$(22)       | \$8,010                     |
| Service charges on deposits                               | 315       | -            | -             | -        | -           | -            | 315                         |
| Investment services and insurance income                  | -         | -            | 174           | -        | -           | -            | 174                         |
| Mortgage banking income, net                              | -         | 500          | -             | -        | -           | -            | 500                         |
| Title insurance income                                    | -         | -            | -             | 199      | -           | -            | 199                         |
| Gain on prepayment of long-term debt                      | 504       | -            | -             | -        | -           | -            | 504                         |
| Loss on investments                                       | -         | (40)         | (2)           | -        | -           | -            | (42)                        |
| Other operating income                                    | 395       | -            | -             | -        | -           | -            | 395                         |
| Total income  | 9,174     | 495          | 209           | 199      | -           | (22)         | 10,055                      |
| Expenses:   |           |              |               |          |             |              |                             |
| Interest Expense  | 907       | 21           | -             | -        | -           | (22)         | 906                         |
| Provision for loan losses                                 | -         | -            | -             | -        | -           | -            | -                           |
| Salary and benefit expense                                | 3,008     | 314          | 116           | 157      | -           | -            | 3,595                       |
| Other operating expenses                                  | 2,059     | 241          | 3             | 53       | 3           | -            | 2,359                       |
| Total expense   | 5,974     | 576          | 119           | 210      | 3           | (22)         | 6,860                       |
| Income before income taxes                                | 3,200     | (81)         | 90            | (11)     | (3)         | -            | 3,195                       |
| Income tax expense (benefit)                              | 868       | -            | 27            | -        | (18)        | -            | 877                         |
| Net income (loss)   | 2,332     | (81)         | \$63          | \$(11)   | \$15        | \$-          | \$2,318                     |
| Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest | -         | 27           | -             | -        | -           | -            | \$27                        |
| Net Income attributable to F & M Bank Corp.               | \$2,332   | \$(54)       | \$63          | \$(11)   | \$15        | \$-          | \$2,345                     |
| Total Assets  | \$717,578 | \$3,822      | \$6,670       | \$500    | \$88,991    | \$(102,675)  | \$714,886                   |
| Goodwill  | \$2,670   | \$-          | \$-           | \$-      | \$304       | \$-          | \$2,974                     |



Note 11. Debt

Short-term Debt

The Company utilizes short-term debt such as Federal funds purchased and Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta (FHLB) short term borrowings to support the loans held for sale participation program and provide liquidity. Federal funds purchased are unsecured overnight borrowings from other financial institutions. FHLB short term debt, which is secured by the loan portfolio, can be a daily rate variable loan that acts as a line of credit or a fixed rate advance, depending on the need of the Company.

Short-term debt totaled \$3,640 and \$25,296 at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, due to the cyclical decline in the loans held for sale participation program.

Long-term Debt

The Company utilizes the FHLB advance program to fund loan growth and provide liquidity. The interest rates on long-term debt are fixed at the time of the advance and range from 1.16% to 2.39%; the weighted average interest rate was 1.87% and 1.86% at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The balance of these obligations at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were \$48,446 and \$49,554 respectively. The Company recognized a gain of \$504 on prepayment of two FHLB advances totaling \$10,000 during the first quarter of 2017. There were no new borrowings in 2017 or 2018. These advances include a \$5,000 letter of credit at FHLB that is pledged to the Commonwealth of Virginia to secure public funds.

In addition, the Company has a note payable to purchase a lot adjacent to one of the Bank branches for \$85 at March 31, 2018 that is payable on January 1, 2019. There was \$170 outstanding on this note at December 31, 2017.

VSTitle, LLC has a note payable for vehicle purchases with a balance of \$11 at March 31, 2018.

Note 12. Revenue Recognition

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASU No. 2014-09 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (Topic 606) and all subsequent ASUs that modified Topic 606. The implementation of the new standard did not have a material impact on the measurement or recognition of revenue; as such, a cumulative effect adjustment to opening retained earnings was not deemed necessary. Results for reporting periods beginning after January 1, 2018 are presented under Topic 606, while prior period amounts were not adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with our historic accounting under Topic 605.

Topic 606 does not apply to revenue associated with financial instruments, including revenue from loans and securities. In addition, certain noninterest income streams such as fees associated with mortgage servicing rights, financial guarantees, derivatives, and certain credit card fees are also not in scope of the new guidance. Topic 606 is applicable to noninterest revenue streams such as deposit related fees, interchange fees, merchant income, and annuity and insurance commissions. However, the recognition of these revenue streams did not change significantly upon adoption of Topic 606. Substantially all of the Company's revenue is generated from contracts with customers. Noninterest revenue streams in-scope of Topic 606 are discussed below.

Service Charges on Deposit Accounts

Service charges on deposit accounts consist of account analysis fees (i.e., net fees earned on analyzed business and public checking accounts), monthly service fees, check orders, and other deposit account related fees. The Company's

performance obligation for account analysis fees and monthly service fees is generally satisfied, and the related revenue recognized, over the period in which the service is provided. Check orders and other deposit account related fees are largely transactional based, and therefore, the Company's performance obligation is satisfied, and related revenue recognized, at a point in time. Payment for service charges on deposit accounts is primarily received immediately or in the following month through a direct charge to customers' accounts.



Note 12. Revenue Recognition, continued

Investment Services and Insurance Income

Investment services and insurance income primarily consists of commissions received on mutual funds and other investment sales. Commissions from the sale of mutual funds and other investments are recognized on trade date, which is when the Company has satisfied its performance obligation.

Title Insurance Income

VSTitle provides title insurance and real estate settlement services. Revenue is recognized at the time the real estate transaction is completed

ATM and Check Card Fees

ATM and Check Card Fees are primarily comprised of debit and credit card income, ATM fees, merchant services income, and other service charges. Debit and credit card income is primarily comprised of interchange fees earned whenever the Company's debit and credit cards are processed through card payment networks such as Visa. ATM fees are primarily generated when a Company cardholder uses a non-Company ATM or a non-Company cardholder uses a Company ATM. Merchant services income mainly represents fees charged to merchants to process their debit and credit card transactions, in addition to account management fees.

Other

Other noninterest income consists of other recurring revenue streams such as safe deposit box rental fees, and other service charges. Safe deposit box rental fees are charged to the customer on an annual basis and recognized upon receipt of payment. The Company determined that since rentals and renewals occur fairly consistently over time, revenue is recognized on a basis consistent with the duration of the performance obligation.

Other service charges include revenue from processing wire transfers, online payment fees, cashier's checks, mobile banking fees and other services. The Company's performance obligation for fees, exchange, and other service charges are largely satisfied, and related revenue recognized, when the services are rendered or upon completion. Payment is typically received immediately or in the following month.





## Note 12. Revenue Recognition, continued

The following presents noninterest income, segregated by revenue streams in-scope and out-of-scope of Topic 606, for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017. Noninterest income out-of-scope of Topic 606 includes losses on low income housing investments and therefore results in a loss in 2018. Noninterest income out-of-scope of Topic 606 in 2017 included onetime gains on prepayment of debt of \$504, otherwise it would have been a loss as well.

|  | Three Months<br>Ended March 31, |         |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|
|  | 2018                            | 2017    |
| Noninterest Income (in thousands)              |                                 |         |
| In-scope of Topic 606:                         |                                 |         |
| Service Charges on Deposits                    | \$366                           | \$315   |
| Investment Services and Insurance Income       | 197                             | 174     |
| Title Insurance Income                         | 256                             | 199     |
| ATM and check card fees                        | 347                             | 330     |
| Other  | 116                             | 121     |
| Noninterest Income (in-scope of Topic 606)     | 1,282                           | 1,139   |
| Noninterest Income (out-of-scope of Topic 606) | 451                             | 906     |
| Total Noninterest Income                       | \$1,733                         | \$2,045 |

## Contract Balances

A contract asset balance occurs when an entity performs a service for a customer before the customer pays consideration (resulting in a contract receivable) or before payment is due (resulting in a contract asset). A contract liability balance is an entity's obligation to transfer a service to a customer for which the entity has already received payment (or payment is due) from the customer. The Company's noninterest revenue streams are largely based on transactional activity. Consideration is often received immediately or shortly after the Company satisfies its performance obligation and revenue is recognized. The Company does not typically enter into long-term revenue contracts with customers, and therefore, does not experience significant contract balances. As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company did not have any significant contract balances.

## Contract Acquisition Costs

In connection with the adoption of Topic 606, an entity is required to capitalize, and subsequently amortize into expense, certain incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer if these costs are expected to be recovered. The incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that an entity incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained (for example, sales commission). The Company utilizes the practical expedient which allows entities to immediately expense contract acquisition costs when the asset that would have resulted from capitalizing these costs would have been amortized in one year or less. Upon adoption of Topic 606, the Company did not capitalize any contract acquisition cost.





## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

F & M Bank Corp. (Company), incorporated in Virginia in 1983, is a financial holding company pursuant to section 3(a)(1) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, which provides financial services through its wholly-owned subsidiary Farmers & Merchants Bank (Bank), TEB Life Insurance Company (TEB) and Farmers & Merchants Financial Services (FMFS) are wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Bank. The Bank also holds a majority ownership in F&M Mortgage and the Company holds a majority ownership in VSTitle LLC (VST).

The Bank is a full service commercial bank offering a wide range of banking and financial services through its thirteen branch offices as well as its loan production office located in Penn Laird, VA (which specializes in providing automobile financing through a network of automobile dealers). TEB reinsures credit life and accident and health insurance sold by the Bank in connection with its lending activities. FMFS provides, brokerage services and property/casualty insurance to customers of the Bank. F&M Mortgage originates conventional and government sponsored mortgages through their offices in Harrisonburg, Woodstock and Fishersville, VA. VSTitle provides title insurance and real estate settlement services through their offices in Harrisonburg, Fishersville, and Charlottesville, VA.

The Company's primary trade area services customers in Rockingham County, Shenandoah County, Page County and Augusta County.

Management's discussion and analysis is presented to assist the reader in understanding and evaluating the financial condition and results of operations of the Company. The analysis focuses on the consolidated financial statements, footnotes, and other financial data presented. The discussion highlights material changes from prior reporting periods and any identifiable trends which may affect the Company. Amounts have been rounded for presentation purposes. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements presented in Item 1, Part 1 of this Form 10-Q and in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's December 31, 2017 Form 10-K.

### Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this report may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are statements that include projections, predictions, expectations or beliefs about future events or results or otherwise are not statements of historical fact. Such statements are often characterized by the use of qualified words (and their derivatives) such as "expect," "believe," "estimate," "plan," "project," or other statements concerning opinions or judgment of the Company and its management about future events.

Although the Company believes that its expectations with respect to certain forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions within the bounds of its existing knowledge of its business and operations, there can be no assurance that actual results, performance or achievements of the Company will not differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Actual future results and trends may differ materially from historical results or those anticipated depending on a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, the effects of and changes in: general economic conditions, the interest rate environment, legislative and regulatory requirements, competitive pressures, new products and delivery systems, inflation, changes in the stock and bond markets, technology, and consumer spending and savings habits.

We do not update any forward-looking statements that may be made from time to time by or on behalf of the Company.





Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Critical Accounting Policies

General

The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The financial information contained within the statements is, to a significant extent, financial information that is based on measures of the financial effects of transactions and events that have already occurred. The Company's financial position and results of operations are affected by management's application of accounting policies, including estimates, assumptions and judgments made to arrive at the carrying value of assets and liabilities and amounts reported for revenues, expenses and related disclosures. Different assumptions in the application of these policies could result in material changes in the Company's consolidated financial position and/or results of operations.

In addition, GAAP itself may change from one previously acceptable method to another method. Although the economics of these transactions would be the same, the timing of events that would impact these transactions could change. Following is a summary of the Company's significant accounting policies that are highly dependent on estimates, assumptions and judgments.

Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses is an estimate of the losses that may be sustained in the loan portfolio. The allowance is based on two basic principles of accounting: (i) ASC 450 (formerly SFAS No. 5) "Contingencies", which requires that losses be accrued when they are probable of occurring and estimable and (ii) ASC 310 (formerly SFAS No. 114), "Receivables", which requires that losses be accrued based on the differences between the value of collateral, present value of future cash flows or values that are observable in the secondary market and the loan balance. The Company's allowance for loan losses is the accumulation of various components that are calculated based on independent methodologies. All components of the allowance represent an estimation performed pursuant to either ASC 450 or ASC 310. Management's estimate of each ASC 450 component is based on certain observable data that management believes are most reflective of the underlying credit losses being estimated. This evaluation includes credit quality trends; collateral values; loan volumes; geographic, borrower and industry concentrations; seasoning of the loan portfolio; the findings of internal credit quality assessments and results from external bank regulatory examinations. These factors, as well as historical losses and current economic and business conditions, are used in developing estimated loss factors used in the calculations.

Allowances for loans are determined by applying estimated loss factors to the portfolio based on management's evaluation and "risk grading" of the loan portfolio. Specific allowances are typically provided on all impaired loans in excess of a defined loan size threshold that are classified in the Substandard or Doubtful risk grades. The specific reserves are determined on a loan-by-loan basis based on management's evaluation of the Company's exposure for each credit, given the current payment status of the loan and the value of any underlying collateral.

While management uses the best information available to establish the allowance for loan and lease losses, future adjustments to the allowance may be necessary if economic conditions differ substantially from the assumptions used in making the valuations or, if required by regulators, based upon information available to them at the time of their examinations. Such adjustments to original estimates, as necessary, are made in the period in which these factors and other relevant considerations indicate that loss levels may vary from previous estimates.







Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Critical Accounting Policies, continued

Goodwill and Intangibles

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASC 805, Business Combinations and ASC 350, Intangibles. The provisions of ASC 350 discontinue the amortization of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives. Instead, these assets are subject to an annual impairment review and more frequently if certain impairment indicators are in evidence. ASC 350 also requires that reporting units be identified for the purpose of assessing potential future impairments of goodwill. The Company adopted ASC 350 on January 1, 2002. Goodwill totaled \$2,639 at January 1, 2002. As of December 31, 2008, the Company recognized \$31 in additional goodwill related to the purchase of 70% ownership in F&M Mortgage. In 2017 the Company recognized \$211 in goodwill and \$285 in intangibles related to the purchase of 76% ownership in VST. The goodwill is not amortized but is tested for impairment at least annually. Based on this testing, there were no impairment charges for 2017, 2016 or 2015. The intangibles related to the VST purchase are amortized over periods up to 15 years with \$53 recorded in 2017.

At March 31, 2018, a preliminary goodwill of \$75 was recorded for VSTitle's acquisition of a small title company in Harrisonburg. The amount is subject to change after expert evaluation.

Income Tax

The determination of income taxes represents results in income and expense being recognized in different periods for financial reporting purposes versus for the purpose of computing income taxes currently payable. Deferred taxes are provided on such temporary differences and are measured using the enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be realized or settled. Further, the Company seeks strategies that minimize the tax effect of implementing its business strategies. Management makes judgments regarding the ultimate consequence of long-term tax planning strategies, including the likelihood of future recognition of deferred tax benefits. As a result, it is considered a significant estimate.

Fair Value

The estimate of fair value involves the use of (1) quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets, (2) quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques using significant assumptions that are observable in the market or (3) model-based techniques that use significant assumptions not observable in the market. When observable market prices and parameters are not fully available, management's judgment is necessary to arrive at fair value including estimates of current market participant expectations of future cash flows, risk premiums, among other things. Additionally, significant judgment may be required to determine whether certain assets measured at fair value are classified within the fair value hierarchy as Level 2 or Level 3. The estimation process and the potential materiality of the amounts involved result in this item being identified as critical.

Pension Plan Accounting

The accounting guidance for the measurement and recognition of obligations and expense related to pension plans generally applies the concept that the cost of benefits provided during retirement should be recognized over the employees' active working life. Inherent in this concept is the requirement to use various actuarial assumptions to predict and measure costs and obligations many years prior to the settlement date. Major actuarial assumptions that require significant management judgment and have a material impact on the measurement of benefits expense and

accumulated obligation include discount rates, expected return on assets, mortality rates, and projected salary increases, among others. Changes in assumptions or judgments related to any of these variables could result in significant volatility in the Company's financial condition and results of operations. As a result, accounting for the Company's pension expense and obligation is considered a significant estimate. The estimation process and the potential materiality of the amounts involved result in this item being identified as critical.



## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

## Critical Accounting Policies, continued

## Other Real Estate Owned (OREO)

OREO is held for sale and represents real estate acquired through or in lieu of foreclosure. OREO is initially recorded at fair value less costs to sell when acquired, establishing a new cost basis. Physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan occurs when legal title is obtained upon completion of foreclosure or when the borrower conveys all interest in the property to satisfy the loan through completion of a deed in lieu of foreclosure or through a similar legal agreement. The Company's policy is to carry OREO on its balance sheet at the lower of cost or fair value less estimated costs to sell. If fair value declines subsequent to foreclosure, a valuation allowance is recorded through expense. Operating costs after acquisition are expensed.

## Overview

Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was \$1,972 or \$.55 per diluted share, compared to \$2,345 or \$.65 in the same period in 2017, a decrease of 15.91%. While this is a \$373 decrease compared to the first quarter of 2017, our pre-tax core operating earnings increased \$287 in 2018 to a total of \$3,020 versus \$2,733 in 2017. Core operating earnings excludes the 2018 provision for loan losses and \$462 of non-recurring net gains in 2017. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, noninterest income decreased 15.26% and noninterest expense increased 8.78% during the same period. Net income from operations adjusted for income from Parent activities is as follows:

| In thousands  | 2018    | 2017    |
|---|---------|---------|
| Net Income from Bank Operations                       | \$2,228 | \$2,341 |
| Income from Parent Company Activities (including VST) | (256)   | 4       |
| Net Income for the three months ended March 31        | \$1,972 | \$2,345 |

## Results of Operations

As shown in Table I on page 42, the 2018 year to date tax equivalent net interest income increased \$647 or 9.06% compared to the same period in 2017. The tax equivalent adjustment to net interest income totaled \$21 for the first quarter of 2018. The yield on earning assets increased .39%, while the cost of funds increased .07% compared to the same period in 2017.

Year to date, the combination of the increase in yield on assets and the increase in cost of funds coupled with changes in balance sheet leverage has resulted in the net interest margin increasing to 4.78% at March 31, 2018, an increase of 39 basis points when compared to the same period in 2017. A schedule of the net interest margin for the three month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 can be found in Table I on page 42.

GAAP Financial Measurements:  
(Dollars in thousands).

| 2018 | 2017 |
|------|------|
|------|------|

|   |         |         |
|---|---------|---------|
| Interest Income – Loans   | \$8,631 | \$7,877 |
| Interest Income - Securities and Other Interest-Earnings Assets | 112     | 133     |
| Interest Expense – Deposits                                     | 739     | 616     |
| Interest Expense - Other Borrowings                             | 240     | 290     |
| Total Net Interest Income                                       | 7,764   | 7,104   |
| Non-GAAP Financial Measurements:                                |         |         |
| Add: Tax Benefit on Tax-Exempt Interest Income – Loans          | 21      | 34      |
| Total Tax Benefit on Tax-Exempt Interest Income                 | 21      | 34      |
| Tax-Equivalent Net Interest Income                              | \$7,785 | \$7,138 |

The following table provides detail on the components of tax equivalent net interest income:



Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Results of Operations, continued

The Interest Sensitivity Analysis contained in Table II on page 43 indicates the Company is in an asset sensitive position in the one year time horizon. As the notes to the table indicate, the data was based in part on assumptions as to when certain assets or liabilities would mature or reprice. Approximately 40.42% of rate sensitive assets and 29.74% of rate sensitive liabilities are subject to repricing within one year. The growth in earning assets and the growth in noninterest bearing accounts has resulted in the decrease in the positive GAP position in the one year time period.

Noninterest income as of March 31, 2018 decreased \$312 or 15.26% over the same time period in 2017. Noninterest income in 2017 included gains on prepayment of FHLB debt of \$504, without these gains 2018 noninterest income would have increased 12.46%. Areas of increase include service charges on deposits (\$51), investment services and insurance (\$23), mortgage banking income (\$20) and title insurance income (\$57).

Noninterest expense at March 31, 2018 increased \$523 as compared to 2017. Expenses increased in the areas of salaries and benefits (\$428), occupancy and equipment expense (\$74) and telecommunications and data processing (\$11). Increases in salaries and benefits relate to normal salary increases, special one time bonuses to staff due to tax reform, and changes in the executive structure. Occupancy, equipment and telecommunications and data processing also increased as a result of branching activities.

The Tax Cut and Jobs Act passed in 2017 reduced the corporate tax rate to 21%, therefore the Company has reported an approximately \$500 savings in tax expense as compared to March 2017.

Balance Sheet

Federal Funds Sold and Interest Bearing Bank Deposits

The Company's subsidiary bank invests a portion of its excess liquidity in either federal funds sold or interest bearing bank deposits. Federal funds sold offer daily liquidity and pay market rates of interest that at quarter end were benchmarked at 1.50% to 1.75% by the Federal Reserve. Actual rates received vary slightly based upon money supply and demand among banks. Interest bearing bank deposits are held either in money market accounts or as short-term certificates of deposits. The Company did not hold Federal funds sold at March 31, 2018 or December 31, 2017. Interest bearing bank deposits have increased since year end due to changes in the composition of the balances sheet.

Securities

The Company's securities portfolio serves to assist the Company with asset liability management.

The securities portfolio consists of investment securities commonly referred to as securities held to maturity and securities available for sale. Securities are classified as Held to Maturity investment securities when management has the intent and ability to hold the securities to maturity. Held to Maturity Investment securities are carried at amortized cost. Securities available for sale include securities that may be sold in response to general market fluctuations, liquidity needs and other similar factors. Securities available for sale are recorded at fair value. Unrealized holding gains and losses on available for sale securities are excluded from earnings and reported (net of deferred income taxes) as a separate component of stockholders' equity.



As of March 31, 2018, the fair value of securities available for sale was below their cost by \$171. The portfolio is made up of primarily agency securities with an average portfolio life of just over three years. This short average life results in less portfolio volatility and positions the Bank to redeploy assets in response to rising rates. There are \$125 in securities that will mature in 2018.

In reviewing investments as of March 31, 2018, there were no securities which met the definition for other than temporary impairment. Management continues to re-evaluate the portfolio for impairment on a quarterly basis.



## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

## Loan Portfolio

The Company operates in a predominately rural area that includes the counties of Rockingham, Page, Shenandoah and Augusta in the western portion of Virginia. The local economy benefits from a variety of businesses including agri-business, manufacturing, service businesses and several universities and colleges. The Bank is an active residential mortgage and residential construction lender and generally makes commercial loans to small and mid-size businesses and farms within its primary service area. Lending is geographically diversified within the service area. There are no loan concentrations as defined by regulatory guidelines.

Loans Held for Investment of \$622,722 increased \$5,748 at March 31, 2018 compared to December 31, 2017. Loan growth was concentrated in the commercial real estate and dealer finance segments of the portfolio.

Loans Held for Sale totaled \$33,231 at March 31, 2018, a decrease of \$6,544 compared to December 31, 2017. The NorthPointe participation loan program is typically subject to seasonal fluctuations in the early part of the year which is reflected in the decrease.

Nonperforming loans include nonaccrual loans and loans 90 days or more past due. Nonaccrual loans are loans on which interest accruals have been suspended or discontinued permanently. Nonperforming loans totaled \$7,730 at March 31, 2018 compared to \$7,102 at December 31, 2017. The loans that were added to nonaccrual since December 31, 2017 were past due and were reviewed for impairment with appropriate specific reserves established when needed based on management's impairment analyses. Although the potential exists for loan losses, management believes the bank is generally well secured and continues to actively work with its customers to effect payment. As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company held \$2,028 and \$1,984 of real estate which was acquired through foreclosure, respectively.

The following is a summary of information pertaining to risk elements and nonperforming loans (in thousands):

|   | March 31, December 31, |         |
|---|------------------------|---------|
|   | 2018                   | 2017    |
| Nonaccrual Loans                                      |                        |         |
| Real Estate   | \$5,570                | \$5,628 |
| Commercial  | 1,540                  | 599     |
| Home Equity   | 192                    | 451     |
| Other   | 126                    | 226     |
|   | \$7,428                | \$6,904 |
| Loans past due 90 days or more (excluding nonaccrual) |                        |         |
| Real Estate   | 302                    | 143     |
| Commercial  | -                      | -       |
| Home Equity   | -                      | -       |
| Other   | -                      | 55      |
|   | 302                    | 198     |
| Total Nonperforming loans                             | \$7,730                | \$7,102 |

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Restructured Loans current and performing:

|  |        |        |
|--|--------|--------|
| Real Estate  | 6,073  | 7,710  |
| Other  | 207    | 78     |
| Nonperforming loans as a percentage of loans held for investment | 1.24%  | 1.15%  |
| Net charge offs to total loans held for investment               | .05%   | .24%   |
| Allowance for loan and lease losses to nonperforming loans       | 82.99% | 85.10% |



Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses provides for the risk that borrowers will be unable to repay their obligations. The risk associated with real estate and installment notes to individuals is based upon employment, the local and national economies and consumer confidence. All of these affect the ability of borrowers to repay indebtedness. The risk associated with commercial lending is substantially based on the strength of the local and national economies.

Management evaluates the allowance for loan losses on a quarterly basis in light of national and local economic trends, changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio and trends in past due and criticized loans. Specific factors evaluated include internally generated loan review reports, past due reports, historical loan loss experience and changes in the financial strength of individual borrowers that have been included on the Bank's watch list or schedule of classified loans.

In evaluating the portfolio, loans are segregated into loans with identified potential losses, pools of loans by type, with separate weighting for past dues and a general allowance based on a variety of criteria. Loans with identified potential losses include examiner and bank classified loans. Classified relationships in excess of \$500,000 and loans identified as troubled debt restructurings are reviewed individually for impairment under ASC 310. A variety of factors are considered when reviewing these credits, including borrower cash flow, payment history, fair value of collateral, company management, industry and economic factors.

Loans that are not impaired are categorized by call report code into unimpaired and classified loans. For unimpaired loans an estimate is calculated based on actual loss experience over the last five years, for loans of that type. During 2015, the Company felt the two-year loss history utilized in 2014 and prior would not be indicative of the amount of losses that could occur in our current economic cycle, therefore the loss history was expanded to five years to capture a more representative loss history. Dealer finance loans utilize a two-year loss history. The Company monitors the net losses for this division and adjusts based on how the portfolio performs since the department was established in 2012. For classified loans, loans are grouped by call code and past due or adverse risk rating. Loss rates are assigned based on actual loss experience over the last five years multiplied by a risk factor. The Dealer finance loans are given a higher risk factor for past due and adverse risk ratings based on back testing of the risk factors.

A general allowance for inherent losses has been established to reflect other unidentified losses within the portfolio. The general allowance is calculated using nine qualitative factors identified in the 2006 Interagency Policy Statement on the allowance for loan losses. The general allowance assists in managing recent changes in portfolio risk that may not be captured in individually impaired loans, or in the homogeneous pools based on loss histories. The Board approves the loan loss provision for each quarter based on this evaluation.

The allowance for loan losses of \$6,415 at March 31, 2018 is equal to 1.03% of loans held for investment. This compares to an allowance of \$6,044 (.98%) at December 31, 2017. The Company experienced an increase in nonperforming loans during the fourth quarter of 2017 and first quarter of 2018. In addition, past due and adversely risk rated loans have higher allocation factors within the allowance for loan losses calculation. The increase in nonperforming loans is attributable to two relationships (\$1.5 million) that have been reviewed for impairment and have specific reserves in the allowance for loan losses. The increase in past due loans is primarily attributed to one borrower (\$2.4 million) that is a participation loan, Management is working with the lead to resolve. Management will continue to monitor nonperforming and past due loans and will make necessary adjustments to specific reserves and provision for loan losses should conditions change regarding collateral values or cash flow expectations.

Deposits and Other Borrowings

The Company's main source of funding is comprised of deposits received from individuals, governmental entities and businesses located within the Company's service area. Deposit accounts include demand deposits, savings, money market and certificates of deposit. Total deposits at March 31, 2018 decreased \$577 compared to December 31, 2017. Noninterest bearing deposits increased \$1,052 while interest bearing decreased \$1,629. The decrease in deposits is consistent with the first quarter of 2017, commercial accounts decline due to bonus payouts during this time of year. The Bank participates in the CDARS (Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service) and ICS (Insured Cash Sweep) programs. These programs, CDARS for certificates of deposit and ICS for demand and savings, allow the bank to accept customer deposits in excess of FDIC limits and through reciprocal agreements with other network participating banks by offering FDIC insurance up to as much as \$50 million in deposits. At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 the Company had a total of \$1.2 million in CDARS funding and \$14.5 million and \$16.7 million in ICS funding, respectively.





Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Short-term borrowings

Short-term debt consists of federal funds purchased, daily rate credit obtained from the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), and short-term fixed rate FHLB borrowings. Federal funds purchased are overnight borrowings obtained from the Bank's primary correspondent bank to manage short-term liquidity needs. Borrowings from the FHLB have been used to finance loans held for sale and also to finance the increase in short-term residential and commercial construction loans. As of March 31, 2018, short-term debt consisted of \$3,640 of Federal funds purchased. This compared to short-term borrowings of \$25,296 at December 31, 2017, all of which was FHLB short term advances and Federal Funds purchased. There were no balances in FHLB daily rate credit at March 31, 2018 or December 31, 2017.

Long-term borrowings

Borrowings from the FHLB continue to be an important source of funding. The Company's subsidiary bank borrows funds on a fixed rate basis. These borrowings are used to fund loan growth and also assist the Bank in matching the maturity of its fixed rate real estate loan portfolio with the maturity of its debt and thus reduce its exposure to interest rate changes. During the first quarter of 2017, the Company recognized a \$504,000 gain on prepayment of two FHLB long term advances and there were no new borrowings during the first quarter of 2018 or 2017. Long term borrowings totaled \$48,542 and \$49,733 at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

Capital

The Company seeks to maintain a strong capital base to expand facilities, promote public confidence, support current operations and grow at a manageable level.

In March 2015, the Bank implemented the Basel III capital requirements, which introduced the Common Equity Tier I ratio in addition to the two previous capital guidelines of Tier I capital (referred to as core capital) and Tier II capital (referred to as supplementary capital). At March 31, 2018, the Bank had Common Equity Tier I capital of 14.79%, Tier I capital of 14.79% of risk weighted assets and combined Tier I and II capital of 15.84% of risk weighted assets. Regulatory minimums at this date were 4.5%, 6% and 8%, respectively. At December 31, 2017, the Bank had Common Equity Tier I capital of 14.43%, Tier I capital of 14.43% of risk weighted assets and combined Tier I and II capital of 15.41% of risk weighted assets. The Bank has maintained capital levels far above the minimum requirements throughout the year. In the unlikely event that such capital levels are not met, regulatory agencies are empowered to require the Bank to raise additional capital and/or reallocate present capital.

In addition, the regulatory agencies have issued guidelines requiring the maintenance of a capital leverage ratio. The leverage ratio is computed by dividing Tier I capital by average total assets. The regulators have established a minimum of 4% for this ratio but can increase the minimum requirement based upon an institution's overall financial condition. At March 31, 2018, the Bank reported a leverage ratio of 12.72%, compared to 12.07% at December 31, 2017. The Bank's leverage ratio was also substantially above the minimum. The Bank also reported a capital conservation buffer of 7.84% at March 31, 2018 and 7.41% at December 31, 2017. The capital conservation buffer is designed to strengthen an institution's financial resilience during economic cycles. Financial institutions are required to maintain a minimum buffer as required by the Basel III final rules in order to avoid restrictions on capital distributions and other payments. Beginning January 1, 2016, a capital conservation buffer of 0.625% became effective. The capital conservations buffer for 2018 is 1.875% and will be increased to 2.5% on January 1, 2019.





Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Liquidity

Liquidity is the ability to meet present and future financial obligations through either the sale or maturity of existing assets or the acquisition of additional funds through liability management. Liquid assets include cash, interest-bearing deposits with banks, federal funds sold, investments and loans maturing within one year. The Company's ability to obtain deposits and purchase funds at favorable rates determines its liquidity exposure. As a result of the Company's management of liquid assets and the ability to generate liquidity through liability funding, management believes that the Company maintains overall liquidity sufficient to satisfy its depositors' requirements and meet its customers' credit needs.

Additional sources of liquidity available to the Company include, but are not limited to, loan repayments, the ability to obtain deposits through the adjustment of interest rates and the purchasing of federal funds. To further meet its liquidity needs, the Company's subsidiary bank also maintains a line of credit with Community Bankers Bank, Zions Bank and Pacific Coast Bankers Bank. The Bank also has a line of credit with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta that allows for secured borrowings.

Interest Rate Sensitivity

In conjunction with maintaining a satisfactory level of liquidity, management must also control the degree of interest rate risk assumed on the balance sheet. Managing this risk involves regular monitoring of interest sensitive assets relative to interest sensitive liabilities over specific time intervals. The Company monitors its interest rate sensitivity periodically and makes adjustments as needed. There are no off balance sheet items that will impair future liquidity.

As of March 31, 2018, the Company had a cumulative Gap Rate Sensitivity Ratio of 19.98% for the one year repricing period. This generally indicates that earnings would increase in an increasing interest rate environment as assets reprice more quickly than liabilities. However, in actual practice, this may not be the case as balance sheet leverage, funding needs and competitive factors within the market could dictate the need to raise deposit rates more quickly. Management constantly monitors the Company's interest rate risk and has decided the current position is acceptable for a well-capitalized community bank.

A summary of asset and liability repricing opportunities is shown in Table II, on page 43.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)." Among other things, in the amendments in ASU 2016-02, lessees will be required to recognize the following for all leases (with the exception of short-term leases) at the commencement date: (1) A lease liability, which is a lessee's obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease, measured on a discounted basis; and (2) A right-of-use asset, which is an asset that represents the lessee's right to use, or control the use of, a specified asset for the lease term. Under the new guidance, lessor accounting is largely unchanged. Certain targeted improvements were made to align, where necessary, lessor accounting with the lessee accounting model and Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The amendments in this ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early application is permitted upon issuance. Lessees (for capital and operating leases) and lessors (for sales-type, direct financing, and operating leases) must apply a modified retrospective transition approach for leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements. The modified retrospective approach would not require any transition accounting for leases that expired before the earliest comparative period presented. Lessees and lessors may not apply a full retrospective transition approach. The

Company is currently assessing the impact that ASU 2016-02 will have on its consolidated financial statements by gathering data on current lease agreements and analyzing the capital impact of expected right of use assets that will be recorded. No changes are expected regarding total lease expense.



## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

## Recent Accounting Pronouncements, continued

During June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments." The amendments in this ASU, among other things, require the measurement of all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Financial institutions and other organizations will now use forward-looking information to better inform their credit loss estimates. Many of the loss estimation techniques applied today will still be permitted, although the inputs to those techniques will change to reflect the full amount of expected credit losses. In addition, the ASU amends the accounting for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities and purchased financial assets with credit deterioration. The amendments in this ASU are effective for SEC filers for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company is currently assessing the impact that ASU 2016-13 will have on its consolidated financial statements and has formed a Current Expected Credit Losses steering committee that is researching methods and models.

During January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment". The amendments in this ASU simplify how an entity is required to test goodwill for impairment by eliminating Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. Step 2 measures a goodwill impairment loss by comparing the implied fair value of a reporting unit's goodwill with the carrying amount of that goodwill. Instead, under the amendments in this ASU, an entity should perform its annual, or interim, goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount. An entity still has the option to perform the qualitative assessment for a reporting unit to determine if the quantitative impairment test is necessary. Public business entities that are U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) filers should adopt the amendments in this ASU for annual or interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU 2017-04 to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

During March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017 08, "Receivables—Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310 20), Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities." The amendments in this ASU shorten the amortization period for certain callable debt securities purchased at a premium. Upon adoption of the standard, premiums on these qualifying callable debt securities will be amortized to the earliest call date. Discounts on purchased debt securities will continue to be accreted to maturity. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. Upon transition, entities should apply the guidance on a modified retrospective basis, with a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption and provide the disclosures required for a change in accounting principle. The Company is currently assessing the impact that ASU 2017 08 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

During August 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-12, "Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities." The amendments in this ASU modify the designation and measurement guidance for hedge accounting as well as provide for increased transparency regarding the presentation of economic results on both the financial statements and related footnotes. Certain aspects of hedge effectiveness assessments will also be simplified upon implementation of this update. The amendments are effective for annual periods, including interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in any interim period. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU 2017-12 to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.







Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements, continued

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-03, "Technical Corrections and Improvements to Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." The amendments provide targeted improvements to address certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial instruments. Specifically, the amendments include clarifications related to: measurement elections, transition requirements, and adjustments associated with equity securities without readily determinable fair values; fair value measurement requirements for forward contracts and purchased options on equity securities; presentation requirements for hybrid financial liabilities for which the fair value option has been elected; and measurement requirements for liabilities denominated in a foreign currency for which the fair value option has been elected. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU 2018-03 to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Other accounting standards that have been issued by the FASB or other standards-setting bodies are not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial position, result of operations or cash flows.

Existence of Securities and Exchange Commission Web Site

The Securities and Exchange Commission maintains a Web site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding registrants that file electronically with the Commission, including F & M Bank Corp. and the address is (<http://www.sec.gov>).



TABLE I  
F & M BANK CORP.  
Net Interest Margin Analysis  
(on a fully taxable equivalent basis)  
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

| Average   | Three Months Ended              |                    |                  | Three Months Ended              |                    |                  |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
|   | March 31, 2018                  |                    |                  | March 31, 2017                  |                    |                  |
|   | Income/<br>Balance <sup>4</sup> | Average<br>Expense | Average<br>Rates | Income/<br>Balance <sup>4</sup> | Average<br>Expense | Average<br>Rates |
| Interest income                                 |                                 |                    |                  |                                 |                    |                  |
| Loans held for investment <sup>1,2</sup>        | \$619,108                       | \$8,502            | 5.57%            | \$587,484                       | \$7,737            | 5.34%            |
| Loans held for sale                             | 22,002                          | 150                | 2.76%            | 25,168                          | 174                | 2.80%            |
| Federal funds sold                              | 4,485                           | 16                 | 1.45%            | 28,707                          | 54                 | .76%             |
| Interest bearing deposits                       | 1,105                           | 4                  | 1.47%            | 1,532                           | 3                  | .79%             |
| Investments                                     |                                 |                    |                  |                                 |                    |                  |
| Taxable <sup>3</sup>                            | 13,583                          | 92                 | 2.75%            | 11,287                          | 76                 | 2.73%            |
| Partially taxable                               | 125                             | -                  | -                | 125                             | -                  | -                |
| Total earning assets                            | \$660,408                       | \$8,764            | 5.38%            | \$654,303                       | \$8,044            | 4.99%            |
| Interest Expense                                |                                 |                    |                  |                                 |                    |                  |
| Demand deposits                                 | 115,910                         | 131                | .46%             | 120,259                         | 125                | .42%             |
| Savings   | 121,569                         | 135                | .45%             | 111,494                         | 121                | .44%             |
| Time deposits                                   | 165,381                         | 473                | 1.16%            | 156,222                         | 370                | .96%             |
| Short-term debt                                 | 2,833                           | 10                 | 1.43%            | 13,246                          | 9                  | .28%             |
| Long-term debt                                  | 48,865                          | 230                | 1.91%            | 58,504                          | 281                | 1.95%            |
| Total interest bearing liabilities              | \$454,558                       | \$979              | .87%             | \$459,725                       | \$906              | .80%             |
| Tax equivalent net interest income <sup>3</sup> |                                 | \$7,785            |                  |                                 | \$7,138            |                  |
| Net interest margin                             |                                 |                    | 4.78%            |                                 |                    | 4.42%            |

1  
Interest income on loans includes loan fees.

2  
Loans held for investment include nonaccrual loans.

3  
An incremental income tax rate of 21% was used to calculate the tax equivalent income on nontaxable and partially taxable investments and loans in 2018 and 34% was used in 2017.

4

Average balance information is reflective of historical cost and has not been adjusted for changes in market value annualized.



TABLE II

F & M BANK CORP.  
Interest Sensitivity Analysis  
March 31, 2018  
(In Thousands of Dollars)

The following table presents the Company's interest sensitivity.

|   | 0-3<br>Months | 4-12<br>Months | 1-5<br>Years | Over 5<br>Years | Not<br>Classified | Total     |
|---|---------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Uses of funds                                   |               |                |              |                 |                   |           |
| Loans   |               |                |              |                 |                   |           |
| Commercial                                      | \$31,148      | \$35,286       | \$122,291    | \$28,825        | \$-               | \$217,550 |
| Installment                                     | 3,713         | 1,361          | 63,311       | 14,926          | -                 | 83,311    |
| Real estate loans for investments               | 94,276        | 60,261         | 156,120      | 8,382           | -                 | 319,039   |
| Loans held for sale                             | 33,231        | -              | -            | -               | -                 | 33,231    |
| Credit cards                                    | 2,822         | -              | -            | -               | -                 | 2,822     |
| Interest bearing bank deposits                  | 886           | -              | -            | -               | -                 | 886       |
| Federal funds sold                              | -             | -              | -            | -               | -                 | -         |
| Investment securities                           | 125           | 5,880          | 1,956        | 476             | 135               | 8,572     |
| Total   | \$166,201     | \$102,788      | \$343,678    | \$52,609        | \$135             | \$665,411 |
| Sources of funds                                |               |                |              |                 |                   |           |
| Interest bearing demand deposits                | \$-           | \$31,069       | \$67,162     | \$18,046        | \$-               | \$116,277 |
| Savings deposits                                | -             | 24,700         | 74,099       | 24,700          | -                 | 123,499   |
| Certificates of deposit \$100,000 and over      | 6,792         | 16,824         | 33,580       | -               | -                 | 57,196    |
| Other certificates of deposit                   | 9,531         | 33,991         | 64,821       | -               | -                 | 108,343   |
| Short-term borrowings                           | 3,640         | -              | -            | -               | -                 | 3,640     |
| Long-term borrowings                            | 1,107         | 8,407          | 29,403       | 9,625           | -                 | 48,542    |
| Total   | \$21,070      | \$114,991      | \$269,065    | \$52,371        | \$-               | \$457,497 |
| Discrete Gap                                    | \$145,131     | \$(12,203)     | \$74,613     | \$238           | \$135             | \$207,914 |
| Cumulative Gap                                  | \$145,131     | \$132,928      | \$207,541    | \$207,779       | \$207,914         |           |
| Ratio of Cumulative Gap to Total Earning Assets | 21.81%        | 19.98%         | 31.19%       | 31.23%          | 31.25%            |           |

Table II reflects the earlier of the maturity or repricing dates for various assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2018. In preparing the above table, no assumptions were made with respect to loan prepayments. Loan principal payments are included in the earliest period in which the loan matures or can reprice. Principal payments on installment loans

scheduled prior to maturity are included in the period of maturity or repricing. Proceeds from the redemption of investments and deposits are included in the period of maturity. Estimated maturities of deposits, which have no stated maturity dates, were derived from guidance contained in FDICIA 305.





Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company considers interest rate risk to be a significant market risk and has systems in place to measure the exposure of net interest income to adverse movement in interest rates. Interest rate shock analyses provide management with an indication of potential economic loss due to future rate changes. There have not been any changes which would significantly alter the results disclosed as of December 31, 2017 in the Company's 2017 Form 10-K, Item 7A or Part II.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company's management evaluated, with the participation of the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of March 31, 2018 to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during the three months ended March 31, 2018 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, the Company believes that no system of controls, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide absolute assurance that all control issues have been detected.



Part II Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

There are no material pending legal proceedings other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to its business, to which the Company is a party or of which the property of the Company is subject.

Item 1a. Risk Factors –

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds –None

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities – None

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures None

Item 5. Other Information – None

Item 6. Exhibits

(a)  
Exhibits

31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) (filed herewith).

31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) (filed herewith).

32 Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sabanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).

101 The following materials from F&M Bank Corp.’s Quarterly Report on Form 10Q for the period ended March 31, 2018, formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL), include: (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders’ Equity, (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (vi) related notes (filed herewith).



Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

F & M BANK CORP.

/s/ Dean W. Withers  
Dean W. Withers  
Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Carrie A. Comer  
Carrie A. Comer  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

May 10, 2018



Exhibit Index:

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