DT INDUSTRIES INC Form 10-Q November 07, 2001

FORM 10-Q

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended Sept	cember 23, 2001
Commission File Number: 0-23400	
DT INDUS	TRIES, INC.
(Exact name of registrant a	as specified in its charter)
Delaware	44-0537828
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
907 West Fifth Stree	et, Dayton, Ohio 45407
(Address of principal exe	ecutive offices) (Zip Code)
(937)	586-5600
(Registrant's telephone no	umber, including area code)
(Former name, former addre if changed sine	ess and former fiscal year, ce last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934
during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and

(2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X No

The number of shares of Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, of the registrant outstanding as of November 2, 2001 was 10,387,274.

DT INDUSTRIES, INC.

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Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 23, 2001 and June 24, 2001

Consolidated Statement of Operations for the three months ended September 23, 2001 and September 24, 2000

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Signature

DT INDUSTRIES, INC.

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)
(UNAUDITED)

```
ASSETS
  Current assets:
      Cash
      Accounts receivable, net
      Costs and estimated earnings in excess of amounts billed
        on uncompleted contracts
      Inventories, net
      Prepaid expenses and other
         Total current assets
   Property, plant and equipment, net
   Goodwill, net
   Other assets, net
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
   Current liabilities:
      Senior secured term and revolving credit facility (Note 4)
      Current portion of other long-term debt
      Accounts payable
      Customer advances
      Accrued liabilities
         Total current liabilities
   Senior secured term and revolving credit facility (Note 4)
   Other long-term debt
   Other long-term liabilities
```

Commitments and contingencies (Note 10) Company-obligated, mandatorily redeemable convertible preferred securities of subsidiary DT Capital Trust holding solely convertible junior subordinated debentures of the Company Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 1,500,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 10,387,274 and 10,337,274 shares issued and outstanding at September 23, 2001 and June 24, 2001, respectively) Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit Cumulative translation adjustment Unearned portion of restricted stock Less -Treasury stock (988,488 and 1,038,488 shares at September 23, 2001 and June 24, 2001, respectively), at cost Total stockholders' equity See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. DT INDUSTRIES, INC. ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA) (UNAUDITED) PAGE 3

Net sales Cost of sales Gross profit Selling, general and administrative expenses Operating income Interest expense, net Dividends on Company-obligated, mandatorily redeemable convertible preferred securities of subsidiary DT Capital Trust holding solely convertible junior subordinated debentures of the Company, at 7.16% per annum Income (loss) before provision for income taxes Provision (benefit) for income taxes Net income (loss) Net income (loss) per common share: Basic Diluted Weighted average common shares outstanding: Basic Diluted See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. DT INDUSTRIES, INC. ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 23, 2001 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED) PAGE 4

		Accumulated other comprehensive loss		
Balance, June 24, 2001	\$ (6,965)	\$ (2,058)	\$ 113	\$127 , 853
Comprehensive income:				
Net income	859			
Foreign currency translation		(8)		
Total comprehensive income				
Issuance of 50,000 shares of restricted stock				(1,064)
Amortization of earned portion of restricted stock				
Payment on stock subscriptions receivable				35
Balance, September 23, 2001		\$ (2,066)	·	\$126 , 824

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

DT INDUSTRIES, INC.

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)
(UNAUDITED)
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CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net income (loss)

Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation Amortization Other (Increase) decrease in current assets, excluding the effect of dispositions: Accounts receivable Costs and earnings in excess of amounts billed Inventories Prepaid expenses and other Increase (decrease) in current liabilities, excluding the effect of dispositions: Accounts payable Customer advances Accrued liabilities Net cash provided (used) by operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from the sale of assets Capital expenditures Other Net cash provided (used) by investing activities CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Net borrowings (paydowns) on revolving loans Payments on borrowings Financing costs Deferral of dividends on convertible preferred securities Net proceeds from equity transactions

Effect of exchange rate changes

Net cash provided (used) by financing activities

Net increase (decrease) in cash

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

DT INDUSTRIES, INC.

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)
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1. UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of DT Industries, Inc. (DTI or the Company) have been prepared in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. However, in the opinion of management, the information includes all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations for the periods presented. Operating results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results for any other quarter or for the full year. These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 24, 2001.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year financial statements for comparative purposes. These reclassifications had no effect on net income (loss).

2. PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

The accounts of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are maintained in their respective local currencies. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated and adjusted to reflect U.S. dollars in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

3. ASSET SALES

In the first quarter of fiscal 2002, the Company sold substantially all

of the assets of two divisions. The following table summarizes certain information regarding these sales:

DATE OF SALE	BUSINESS	N CA PROC	-
June 2001	Detroit Tool Metal Products Co. (DTMP)	\$	14,250
July 2001	Scheu & Kniss		3,939
		\$	18 , 189

The losses associated with the sale of these divisions were recognized in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001. The combined net sales and operating profit of DTMP (Other business segment) and Scheu and Kniss (Packaging business segment) for the three months ended September 24, 2000 were \$9,910 and \$412, respectively.

In October 2001, the Company completed the sale of the remaining Components division resulting in net proceeds of approximately \$700. The sale had no effect on net income.

DT INDUSTRIES, INC.

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)
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4. FINANCING

As of September 23, 2001 and June 24, 2001, current and long-term debt consisted of the following:

	September 23 2001
Term and revolving loans under senior secured credit facility:	
Term loan	\$ 8,703
Revolving loans	87 , 259

Foreign currency denominated debt	1,576
Other long-term debt	5 , 558
	103,096
Less - senior secured credit facility maturing July 2, 2002	95,962
Less - current portion of other long-term debt	425
Long-term debt	\$ 6,709 ======

The Company's senior credit facility includes an \$113,146 revolving credit facility and an \$8,703 term credit facility and matures on July 2, 2002. Borrowings under the amended credit facility bear interest at floating rates based on the prime rate plus 3% for domestic borrowings and the Eurodollar rate plus 6% on foreign currency borrowings through December 31, 2001. After December 31, 2001, the prime rate increment increases to 3.5% and the Eurodollar rate increment increases to 6.5%. Borrowings under the credit facility are secured by substantially all of the assets of DTI and its domestic subsidiaries. Total borrowing availability under the credit facility as of September 23, 2001 was \$22,895. The Company was in compliance with each of the financial covenants under the amended credit facility as of September 23, 2001.

In August 2001, the Company extended the senior credit facility, which was scheduled to mature on July 2, 2001, through an amendment to the term and revolving loan agreement. The amended agreement requires the following principal pre-payments on the term and revolving loan agreements:

- \$35,500 in scheduled principal pre-payments from August 2001 through June 2002;
- the use of 80-100% of the proceeds from the sale of assets by the Company's or its subsidiaries to reduce the principal balance of the term and revolving loan agreements; and
- the use of 30% of the cash receipts of a specified contract to reduce the principal balance of the term and revolving loan agreements, estimated to be approximately \$8,500 assuming the contract cash receipts are received in fiscal 2002.

At September 23, 2001, the Company had made all required payments under the amended agreement.

Since the Company's senior credit facility matures on July 2, 2002, borrowings of \$95,962 under this facility have been presented within current liabilities in the Company's September 24, 2001 consolidated balance sheet. The Company has initiated discussions with several lenders for purposes of refinancing borrowings under its credit facilities, and expects to complete such refinancing prior to July 2, 2002, although there can be no assurance that such refinancing will be completed by this date. The Company has implemented various cash management initiatives, including a reduction in discretionary capital expenditures, increased focus on collections of accounts receivable, and accelerated payment terms from customers, among other things.

DT INDUSTRIES, INC.

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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5. COMPANY-OBLIGATED, MANDATORILY REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SECURITIES OF SUBSIDIARY DT CAPITAL TRUST HOLDING SOLELY CONVERTIBLE JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY (CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SECURITIES)

On June 12, 1997, the Company completed a private placement to institutional investors of 1,400,000 7.16% Convertible Preferred Securities (liquidation preference of \$50 per Convertible Preferred Security). The placement was made through the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, DT Capital Trust (Trust), a Delaware business trust. The securities represent undivided beneficial ownership interests in the Trust. The sole asset of the Trust is the \$72,165 aggregate principal amount of the 7.16% Convertible Junior Subordinated Deferrable Interest Debentures Due 2012 which were acquired with the proceeds from the offering as well as the sale of common securities to the Company. The Company's obligations under the Convertible Junior Subordinated Debentures, the Indenture pursuant to which they were issued, the Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust of the Trust and the Guarantee of DTI, taken together, constitute a full and unconditional quarantee by DTI of amounts due on the Convertible Preferred Securities. The Convertible Preferred Securities are convertible at the option of the holders at any time into the common stock of DTI at an effective conversion price of \$38.75 per share and are redeemable at DTI's option after June 1, 2000 and mandatorily redeemable in 2012. The net proceeds of the offering of approximately \$67,750 were used by DTI to retire indebtedness. In conjunction with the amendment of the Company's senior credit facility in September 1999, the Company elected to defer interest payments on the Convertible Junior Subordinated Debentures for up to 5 years. As a result, quarterly distributions on the Convertible Preferred Securities have been deferred and DTI will not declare or pay dividends on its common stock. Dividends on the Convertible Preferred Securities in the amount of \$12,092 have been deferred and accrued as of September 23, 2001 and are included in the principal amount of the securities.

DT INDUSTRIES, INC.

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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6. BUSINESS SEGMENTS

Financial information for the Company's reportable segments consisted of the following:

	Th
	September 23, 2
Net sales	
Automation	\$ 81,50
Packaging	18,41
Other	56
Consolidated total	\$100,48 ======
	September 23,
Total assets	
	\$278,96
Automation	80,38
Automation Packaging	
	3,45
Packaging	3,45 11,13

In the first quarter of fiscal 2002, the Company sold substantially all of the assets of a division in the Packaging segment and a division in the Other business segment. See Note 3.

The reconciliation of segment operating income to consolidated income (loss) before income taxes consisted of the following:

Septem

Automation

Packaging

Operating income for reportable segments

Operating income (loss) for other businesses

Corporate

Interest expense, net

Dividends on Company-obligated, mandatorily redeemable convertible preferred securities of subsidiary DT Capital Trust holding solely convertible junior subordinated debentures of the Company

Consolidated income (loss) before income taxes

DT INDUSTRIES, INC.

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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7. SUPPLEMENTAL BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION

Inventories, net:

Raw materials

Work in process

Finished goods

Less provision for excess and obsolete inventories

September

5

-

Accrued liabilities:

Accrued employee compensation and benefits

Accrued warranty

Restructuring accrual

Other

8. STOCK PLANS

During the first quarter of fiscal 2002, the Company issued 50,000 shares of restricted common stock of the Company with four-year vesting periods. Upon issuance of the restricted shares, unearned compensation expense equivalent to the market value at the date of grant was charged to Stockholders' Equity and will be amortized to expense over the vesting period. The lapsing of restrictions on these shares will be accelerated in certain circumstances, one of which is a change in control of the Company.

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9. ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2001, the FASB approved Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, "Business Combinations" (SFAS 141) and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" (SFAS 142).

SFAS 141 addresses financial accounting and reporting for business combinations. The most significant impact of SFAS 141 is that the purchase method of accounting must be used for all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001 and that specific criteria are provided for recognizing intangible assets apart from goodwill. SFAS 141 is effective for all fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2001. Adoption of SFAS 141 will not have a material impact on financial position or results of operation.

SFAS 142 addresses the financial accounting and reporting for goodwill and other intangible assets subsequent to their initial recognition. Among the new requirements of SFAS 142 are:

- Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets will no longer be amortized;
- Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets will be tested for impairment at the reporting unit level annually;
- The amortization period of intangible assets that have finite lives will no longer be limited to 40 years; and
- Additional financial statement disclosures about goodwill and intangible assets will be required.

SFAS 142 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001, however, early adoption is permitted in certain instances.

In the first quarter of 2002 the Company elected to early adopt the provisions of SFAS 142.

The following tables summarizes the Company's intangible assets at September 23, 2001:

	С	Gross arrying Amount	umulated rtization
AMORTIZED INTANGIBLE ASSET			
Unpatented technology	\$	589	\$ 226

The amortization expense related to the intangible asset was \$29 for the first quarters of fiscal 2002 and 2001. Amortization expense is expected to be \$116 for each of the fiscal years 2002, 2003, 2004 and \$44 for fiscal year 2005. The intangible asset is held by a foreign subsidiary and the gross carrying amount, accumulated amortization and amortization expense will vary depending on the prevailing foreign currency exchange rate.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the quarter ended September 23, 2001 are as follows:

GOODWILL		utomation Segment 		ackaging Segment		Tota
Balance as of June 24, 2001	\$	95,458	\$	28,309	\$	123
Foreign currency translation		175		354		
Balance as of September 23, 2001	\$	95 , 633	\$	28,663	\$	124
	====		====		====	

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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The carrying value of goodwill is assessed for recoverability by management based on an analysis of future expected cash flows from the underlying operations of the Company. During the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended June 24, 2001, management determined that the goodwill recorded for certain subsidiaries had been impaired and recorded an impairment charge of \$38,219. The write-down of goodwill was primarily a result of a continued decline in the financial results of certain subsidiaries and management assumptions regarding future performance and strategic planning. The Company calculated the present value of expected cash flows to determine the fair value of the subsidiaries using a discount rate of 12%, which represents the weighted cost of capital. Included in the goodwill write-down was a full impairment charge of \$5,943 related to the Stokes division. This charge was based on a sales price outlined in a letter of intent to sell such division, which established fair value of the division based on a current transaction. The net loss on the disposal of Scheu & Kniss included a full impairment of the related goodwill of \$5,018. Management will continue to assess the recoverability of the carrying value of goodwill on an annual basis.

The following table summarizes the effect of adoption of SFAS 142 on net income (loss) and earnings (loss) per share:

		For the three ser 23, 2001	
Reported net income (loss) Add back: Goodwill amortization (net of tax)	\$	859 -	\$ (3, 1,
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ ======	859 ======	\$ (1,
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE: Reported net income (loss) Add back: Goodwill amortization (net of tax)	\$	0.08	\$ (0
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ ======	0.08	\$ (0

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is involved in legal proceedings, including a Securities Action, as previously described in Part 1, "Item 3. Legal Proceedings" of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 24, 2001.

Since the end of the fiscal year ended June 24, 2001, there have been no material developments in previously reported legal proceedings other

than as follows:

On October 4, 2001, the Federal District Court for the Western District of Missouri granted the Company's motion to dismiss the Securities Action, without prejudice. Pursuant to the Court's dismissal order, all defendants were dismissed, but the plaintiffs were granted the right to amend their complaint. On October 24, 2001, plaintiffs filed a motion with the Court indicating their intent to file an amended complaint. To date, however, no such amended complaint has been filed.

DT INDUSTRIES, INC.

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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If and when the Securities Action is revived by an amended complaint, the Company intends to defend it vigorously. While it is not feasible to predict or determine the final outcome of the Securities Actions or similar proceedings, or to estimate the amounts or potential range of loss with respect to these matters, management believes the Company and its officers and directors have adequate liability insurance to cover the liabilities, costs and expenses arising out of the Securities Actions, although there can be no assurance that the insurance proceeds will be adequate to cover any such losses. Further, there can be no assurance that an adverse outcome with respect to the Securities Actions will not have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flow.

In addition to the above-described items, the Company is from time to time subject to claims and suits arising in the ordinary course of business. Although the ultimate disposition of such proceedings is not presently determinable, management does not believe that the ultimate resolution of these matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. The Company maintains comprehensive general liability insurance that it believes to be adequate for the continued operation of its business.

11. RESTRUCTURING RESERVE

In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, a restructuring charge of \$3,694 was established for severance costs associated with management changes and workforce reductions, idle facility costs and personnel relocation costs resulting from the Corporate office move and the closure of four Packaging segment sales offices and non-cash asset write-downs. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, \$815 of this reserve was used resulting in a restructuring reserve accrual of \$2,879 at June 24, 2001. The breakdown of the remaining restructuring reserve as of June 24, 2001 and September 23, 2001 was as follows:

AS OF JUNE 24, CHARGES TO AS OF 2001 ACCRUAL

	=====		=====		 :==
	\$	2 , 879	\$	(1,062)	\$
Other		373		(158)	
Relocation costs		544		(329)	
Idle facility costs		685		(95)	
Severance costs	\$	1,277	\$	(480)	\$

The Company has utilized approximately \$1,877 of the restructuring accrual as of September 23, 2001 resulting in a remaining accrual of \$1,817 expected to be substantially used during fiscal 2002. The Company continues to review current operations with a goal of further cost cuts and other measures to streamline operations and enhance profitability.

DT INDUSTRIES, INC.
ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS
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GENERAL OVERVIEW

The following discussion summarizes the significant factors affecting the consolidated operating results and financial condition of DT Industries, Inc. (DTI or the Company) for the three months ended September 23, 2001 compared to the three months ended September 24, 2000. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 24, 2001 and the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The Company primarily operates in two business segments, Automation and Packaging. The Automation segment designs and builds integrated systems for the assembly, test and handling of discrete products. The Packaging segment manufactures tablet processing, counting and liquid filling systems and plastics processing equipment including thermoforming, blister packaging and heat-sealing systems.

The percentage of completion method of accounting is used by the Company to recognize revenues and related costs. Under the percentage of completion method, revenues for customer contracts are measured based on the ratio of engineering and manufacturing labor hours incurred to date compared to total estimated engineering and manufacturing labor hours or, for certain customer contracts, the ratio of total costs incurred to date to total estimated costs. Any revisions in the estimated total costs or values of the contracts during the course of the work are reflected when the facts that require the revisions become known. For contracts not accounted for under the percentage of completion method, revenue is recognized upon shipment to unaffiliated customers.

Costs and related expenses to manufacture the products are recorded as cost of sales when the related revenue is recognized. Provisions for estimated losses on

uncompleted contracts are made in the period in which such losses are determined.

Gross margins may vary in a given period as a result of the variations in profitability of contracts for large orders of automated production systems or special machines. In addition, changes in the product mix in a given period affect gross margins.

Certain information contained in this report, particularly the information appearing under the headings "Results of Operations", "Liquidity and Capital Resources", "Backlog", and "Seasonality and Fluctuations in Quarterly Results", includes forward-looking statements. These statements, comprising all statements which are not historical, are based upon the Company's interpretation of what it believes are significant factors affecting its businesses, including many assumptions regarding future events, and are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. References to "opportunities", "growth potential", "objectives" and "goals", the words "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "expect", and similar expressions used herein indicate such forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in any forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including economic downturns in industries or markets served, delays or cancellations of customer orders, delays in shipping dates of products, significant cost overruns on certain projects, excess product warranty expenses, collectability of past due customer receivables, significant restructuring or other special, non-recurring charges, foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, delays in achieving anticipated cost savings or in fully implementing project and information management systems, availability of financing at acceptable terms, the Company's ability to sell existing business units on favorable terms, changes in interest rates, increased inflation, the outcome of pending litigation related to the previously announced accounting irregularities, and the Company's ability to implement operational and financial systems to manage the Company's decentralized operations. Additional information regarding important factors that could cause actual results of operations or outcomes of other events to differ materially from any such forward-looking statement also appears elsewhere herein, including under the headings "Results of Operations", "Liquidity and Capital Resources", "Backlog", and "Seasonality and Fluctuations in Quarterly Results".

DT INDUSTRIES, INC.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS PAGE 15

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the percentage of consolidated net sales represented by certain items reflected in the Company's consolidated statement of operations:

Three Months Ended
September 23, Sept
2001

Net sales	100.0%
Cost of sales	79.1
Gross profit	20.9
Selling, general and administrative expenses	15.0
Operating income	5.9
Interest expense	3.1
Dividends on Company-obligated, mandatorily redeemable	
convertible preferred securities of subsidiary DT Capital Trust	1.4
Income (loss) before provision for income taxes	1.4
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	0.5
Net income (loss)	0.9%

DT INDUSTRIES, INC.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS PAGE $16\,$

THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 23, 2001 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 24, 2000

The comparability of the operating results for the first quarters of fiscal 2002 and 2001 was affected by the sale of substantially all of the assets of three divisions. The following table summarizes first quarter results for fiscal 2002, fiscal 2001 as reported, and fiscal 2001 proforma excluding the operating results of the divisions sold in millions:

		Three Mon	ths Ended
	September 23, 2001	September 24, 2000 as reported	Proforma adjustments
Net sales	\$ 100.5	\$ 116.5	\$ (10.8)
Gross profit	\$ 21.0	\$ 20.0	\$ (0.8)

Gross margin	20.9%	17.2%	7.4%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 15.0	\$ 19.7	\$ (1.2)
Operating income	\$ 6.0	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.4
Operating margin	5.9%	0.3%	3.7%

Consolidated net sales for the three months ended September 23, 2001 were \$100.5 million, a decrease of \$16.0 million, or 13.7%, from \$116.5 million for the three months ended September 24, 2000.

Net sales by segment were as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended September 23, 2001	Three Months Ended September 24, 2000	Decrease		
Automation	\$ 81.5	\$ 84.4	\$ (2.9)		
Packaging	18.4	22.8	(4.4)		
Other	0.6	9.3	(8.7)		
	\$ 100.5	\$ 116.5 ====================================	\$ (16.0)		

Automation segment sales decreased \$2.9 million, or 3.4%, to \$81.5 million during the three months ended September 23, 2001. The decrease in sales reflects a substantial decrease in automotive related orders over the last 12 months. Sales to the automotive related industry decreased by approximately \$13 million or 31% from the first quarter of fiscal 2001. This decrease was partially offset by a large order that generated an \$11 million increase in sales for the heavy truck industry. Sales to the electronic market showed a slight increase from the prior year. Additionally, \$0.9 million of the decrease in sales in the first quarter of fiscal 2002 is attributable to the sale of Vanguard Technical Solutions (Vanguard) in March 2001.

Packaging segment sales decreased \$4.4 million, or 19.3%, to \$18.4 million during the three months ended September 23, 2001. The sale of Scheu & Kniss in the first quarter of 2002 contributed to \$1.4 million of the decrease in sales from the first quarter of fiscal 2001. The remaining decrease in Packaging segment sales was primarily attributable to the Company's decision to exit the extrusion business and lower sales of thermoforming equipment related to the softness in the plastics market. Extrusion sales in the first quarter of fiscal 2001 were \$2.0 million.

DT INDUSTRIES, INC.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Sales from the Company's other businesses decreased \$8.7 million as a result of the sale of substantially all of the assets of Detroit Tool Metal Products Co. (DTMP) in the first quarter of fiscal 2002. DTMP's sales were \$8.5 million in first quarter fiscal 2001.

Gross profit increased by \$1.0 million to \$21.0 million for the three months ended September 23, 2001 versus \$20.0 million for the three months ended September 24, 2000. The gross margin increased to 20.9% from 17.2%. The increase reflects higher gross margins in both the Automation and Packaging segments in the first quarter of fiscal 2001.

The gross margins in the Automation segment increased to 20.2% in the first quarter of 2002 from 17.2% in the first quarter of fiscal 2001. The increase in gross margins were primarily as a result of higher margins in the electronics market gained from manufacturing efficiencies in the production of duplicate systems.

The Packaging segment's margins increased to 24.2% in the first quarter of 2002 from 19.9% in the first quarter of 2001. Several packaging businesses showed significant improvements in gross margins in the first quarter of 2002 partially resulting from fiscal 2001 restructurings which reduced headcount and overhead costs.

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses were \$15.0 million for the three months ended September 23, 2001 compared to \$19.7 million for the three months ended September 24, 2000. The \$4.7 million decrease in SG&A expenses is primarily a result of the restructurings which reduced administrative headcount, discontinuance of goodwill amortization in fiscal 2002, and divestitures. See the discussion below regarding the adoption of new accounting pronouncement related to goodwill and other intangible assets. \$1.2\$ million of the decrease in SG&A expenses is attributable to the sale of Vanguard, DTMP, and Scheu and Kniss. SG&A expenses as a percentage of consolidated net sales decreased to 15.0 % from 16.9 %.

Operating income was \$6.0 million for the three months ended September 23, 2001 versus \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 24, 2000, as a result of the factors noted above.

Interest expense decreased \$0.3 million to \$3.2 million for the three months ended September 23, 2001 versus \$3.5 million for the three months ended September 24, 2000. The decrease resulted from the lower outstanding borrowings from the divestiture proceeds. Dividends on the convertible preferred securities were \$1.4 and \$1.3 million for the three months ended September 23, 2001 and September 24, 2000, respectively. The dividends are currently being deferred and accrued in conjunction with the September 1999 amendment to the credit facility.

The provision for income taxes for the three months ended September 23, 2001 reflected an effective tax rate of approximately 37%. The provision for income taxes for the three months ended September 24, 2000, reflects book income plus permanent differences, primarily non-deductible goodwill amortization related to certain acquisitions, multiplied by statutory federal and applicable state tax rates.

Net income was \$0.9 million for the three months ended September 23, 2001 compared to a net loss of \$3.1 million for the three months ended September 24, 2000. Basic and diluted earnings per share were \$0.08 for the three months ended September 23, 2001 compared to basic and diluted loss per share of \$0.31 for the three months ended September 24, 2000. Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding were 10.3 and 10.4 million shares for the three months ended September 23, 2001, respectively. Basic and diluted weighted average common shares outstanding were both 10.1 million for the three months ended September

24, 2000.

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 142 (SFAS 142), "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" in the first quarter of fiscal 2002. Under SFAS 142, goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets are not amortized but are tested annually for impairment.

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The following table summarizes the effect of adoption of SFAS 142 on net income (loss) and earnings (loss) per share (EPS):

			onths ended September 24,	
Reported net income (loss) Add back: Goodwill amortization (net of tax)	\$	859 -	\$	(3, 1,
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ ======	859 	\$ ======	(1,
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE: Reported net income (loss) Add back: Goodwill amortization (net of tax)	\$	0.08	\$	(0
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ =======	0.08	\$ ======	(0

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Net income plus non-cash operating charges provided \$3.4 million of operating cash flow for the quarter ended September 23, 2001 compared to \$0.9 million for the quarter ended September 24,2000. Net decreases in working capital balances provided operating cash of \$9.7 million, resulting in net cash provided by operating activities of \$13.1 million for the quarter ended September 23, 2001. The lower working capital balances primarily reflect decreased accounts receivable and costs and earnings in excess of amounts billed and are partially offset by lower accounts payable. The decrease in accounts receivable and costs and earnings in excess of amounts billed was largely in the Automation segment and resulted primarily from the shipment, collection and progress billings on several large projects for the electronics market in the first quarter of 2002. Accounts payable decreased from the balance at June 24, 2001 largely due to the decrease in work in process in the first quarter of 2002.

Working capital balances can fluctuate significantly between periods as a result of the significant costs incurred on individual contracts, and the relatively large amounts invoiced and collected by the Company for a number of large contracts, and the amounts and timing of customer advances or progress payments

associated with certain contracts.

During the three months ended September 23, 2001, the Company made \$31.1 million in payments under its senior credit facility and other debt agreements. The proceeds from the first quarter asset sales of \$18.2 million as well as a \$9.7 million decrease in working capital contributed to the paydown of debt in the first quarter of fiscal 2002. The Company also paid \$2.3 million in financing costs in the first quarter of fiscal 2002 as a result of the extension of the credit facility in August 2001 and made capital expenditures of \$0.3 million. During the three months ended September 24, 2000, the Company borrowed \$18.2 million on its revolving credit facility. The funds were used primarily for working capital requirements and capital expenditures of \$0.9 million.

The Company's credit facility includes a \$113.1 million revolving credit facility and an \$8.7 million term credit facility and matures on July 2, 2002. Borrowings under the amended credit facility bear interest at floating rates based on the prime rate plus 3% for domestic borrowings and the Eurodollar rate plus 6% on foreign currency borrowings through December 31, 2001. After December 31, 2001, the prime rate increment increases to 3.5% and the Eurodollar rate increment increases to 6.5%. Borrowings under the credit facility are secured by substantially all of the assets of DTI and its domestic subsidiaries. Total borrowing availability under the credit facility as of September 23, 2001 was \$22.9 million. The Company was in compliance with each of the financial covenants under the amended credit facility as of September 23, 2001.

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In August 2001, the Company extended the senior credit facility, which was scheduled to mature on July 2, 2001, through an amendment to the term and revolving loan agreement. The amended agreement requires the following principal pre-payments on the term and revolving loan agreements:

- \$35.5 million in scheduled principal pre-payments from August 2001 through June 2002;
- the use of 80-100% of the proceeds from the sale of assets by the Company's or its subsidiaries to reduce the principal balance of the term and revolving loan agreements; and
- the use of 30% of the cash receipts of a specified contract to reduce the principal balance of the term and revolving loan agreements, estimated to be approximately \$8.5 million assuming the contract cash receipts are received in fiscal 2002.

At September 23, 2001, the Company had made all required payments under the amended agreement.

Since the Company's credit facility matures on July 2, 2002, borrowings of \$96 million under this facility have been presented within current liabilities in the Company's September 24, 2001 consolidated balance sheet. The Company has initiated discussions with several lenders for purposes of refinancing borrowings under its credit facilities, and expects to complete such refinancing prior to July 2, 2002, although there can be no assurance that such refinancing will be completed by this date. The Company has implemented various cash management initiatives, including a reduction in discretionary capital expenditures, increased focus on collections of accounts receivable, accelerated payment terms from customers, among other things. As discussed earlier, the

Company sold substantially all of the net assets of DTMP and S&K for aggregate net cash proceeds of \$18.2 million.

The Company has also been pursuing the sale of the Stokes division, another small business and a product line of the Packaging segment, and the possible sale/leaseback of various owned properties. Due primarily to the current economic situation, the Company was not able to complete the planned sale of Stokes or the Packaging product line in the first quarter of 2002. The Company continues to pursue the sale of these businesses. In October 2001, the Company completed the sale of the remaining Components division resulting in net proceeds of approximately \$0.7 million. In the first quarter of fiscal 2002 the Company announced the consolidation of two divisions within each of the Automation and Packaging business segments. One of the packaging facilities is scheduled to be shut down by December 2001. The consolidations are expected to provide more effective use of the common sales force and provide combined annual savings of approximately \$1.5 million.

In conjunction with an amendment to the credit facility in September 1999, the Company elected to defer interest payments on its convertible junior subordinated debentures. The credit facility requires that the deferral continue until the maturity of the credit facility. As a result, quarterly distributions on the Convertible Preferred Securities are also being deferred and DTI is not declaring or paying any dividends on its common stock. Dividends on the Convertible Preferred Securities in the amount of \$12.1 million have been deferred and accrued as of September 23, 2001 and are included in the principal amount of the securities.

Management anticipates capital expenditures for fiscal 2002 to be in the range of \$4.0 to \$6.0 million. This includes primarily only recurring replacement or refurbishment of machinery and equipment. Funding for capital expenditures is expected to be provided by cash from operating activities and through the Company's credit facilities.

Based on its ability to generate funds from operations and the availability of funds under its current credit facilities, the Company believes that it will have sufficient funds available to meet its currently anticipated operating and capital expenditure requirements through the remainder of fiscal 2002.

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BACKLOG

The Company's backlog is based upon customer purchase orders that the Company believes are firm. As of September 23, 2001, the Company had \$151.3 million of orders in backlog, which compares to a backlog of approximately \$311.1 million as of September 24, 2000.

The backlog for the Automation segment at September 23, 2001 was \$129.9 million, a decrease of \$137.2 million, or 51.4%, from a year ago. The decrease in backlog reflects the unusually high backlog of orders of automation systems at September 24, 2000 from key electronic and tire markets. The Company has not been able to replace this work with the current economic conditions affecting most of its other markets. The sale of Vanguard in March 2001 also resulted in a \$5.1

million decrease in backlog. Backlog for the Packaging segment was \$21.4 million at September 23, 2001, a decrease of \$14.3 million, or 40.1%, from the backlog at September 24, 2000. The decrease in backlog is primarily due to the soft order activity for Kalish and Sencorp in the first quarter.

SEASONALITY AND FLUCTUATIONS IN QUARTERLY RESULTS

In general, the Company's business is not subject to seasonal variations in demand for its products. However, because orders for certain of the Company's products can be several million dollars, a relatively limited number of orders can constitute a meaningful percentage of the Company's revenue in any one quarterly period. As a result, a relatively small reduction or delay in the number of orders can have a material impact on the timing of recognition of the Company's revenues. Certain of the Company's revenues are derived from fixed price contracts. To the extent that original cost estimates prove to be inaccurate, profitability from a particular contract may be adversely affected. Gross margins may vary between comparable periods as a result of the variations in profitability of contracts for large orders of special machines as well as product mix between the various types of custom and proprietary equipment manufactured by the Company. Accordingly, results of operations of the Company for any particular quarter are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for any subsequent quarter or related fiscal year.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

See Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Market Risk of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 24, 2001. There has been no material change to that information that is required to be disclosed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION PAGE 21

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is involved in legal proceedings, including a Securities Action, as previously described in Part 1, "Item 3. Legal Proceedings" of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 24, 2001.

Since the end of the fiscal year ended June 24, 2001, there have been no material developments in previously reported legal proceedings other than as follows:

On October 4, 2001, the Federal District Court for the Western District of Missouri granted the Company's motion to dismiss the Securities Action, without prejudice. Pursuant to the Court's dismissal order, all defendants were dismissed, but the plaintiffs were granted the right to amend their complaint. On October 24, 2001, plaintiffs filed a motion with the Court indicating their intent to file an amended complaint. To date, however, no such amended complaint has been filed.

If and when the Securities Action is revived by an amended complaint, the Company intends to defend it vigorously. While it is not feasible

to predict or determine the final outcome of the Securities Actions or similar proceedings, or to estimate the amounts or potential range of loss with respect to these matters, management believes the Company and its officers and directors have adequate liability insurance to cover the liabilities, costs and expenses arising out of the Securities Actions, although there can be no assurance that the insurance proceeds will be adequate to cover any such losses. Further, there can be no assurance that an adverse outcome with respect to the Securities Actions will not have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flow.

In addition to the above-described items, the Company is from time to time subject to claims and suits arising in the ordinary course of business. Although the ultimate disposition of such proceedings is not presently determinable, management does not believe that the ultimate resolution of these matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. The Company maintains comprehensive general liability insurance that it believes to be adequate for the continued operation of its business.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits:

None

(b) On August 15, 2001, a Current Report on Form 8-K was filed to report, pursuant to Items 5 and 7 thereof, the release of the Company's earnings for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, among other things.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DT INDUSTRIES, INC.

Date: November 7, 2001 /s/ John M. Casper

(Signature)

John M. Casper Senior Vice President - Finance and Chief Financial Officer