China Jianye Fuel, Inc. Form 10-Q February 22, 2011

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2010

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_to\_\_\_\_.

Commission File Number: 000-52496

CHINA JIANYE FUEL, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 20-8296010

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

100 Wall Street, 15th Floor, New York, NY, 10005 (Address of principal executive office and zip code)

212-232-0120

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the issuer (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (229.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer,

or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o	Accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company x
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell com Yes o No x	apany (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
As of February 19, 2011, 29,976,923 shares of the Registrar	nt's common stock, \$0.001 par value, were outstanding.

# CHINA JIANYE FUEL, INC.

# FORM 10-Q

For the quarter ended December 31, 2010

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# ITEM 1. Financial Information

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# CHINA JIANYE FUEL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

Accests	December 31, 2010	June 30, 2010
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,195	\$ 6,312
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of	47,551	43,881
nil and \$4,485,305 at December 31, 2010 and June 30, 2010, respectively		
Inventory, net	1,732,289	1,599,140
Advances to suppliers	73,170	57,854
Due from related parties	63,122	57,307
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	298,017	299,434
Total current assets	2,219,344	2,063,928
Property and equipment, net	2,268,474	2,315,009
Intangibles, net	45,765	45,596
Total assets	\$ 4,533,583	\$ 4,424,533
Liabilities and stockholders' equity		
Current liabilities:	<b>*</b> 4.4.4.2.2	<b>.</b>
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 141,123	\$ 144,535
VAT tax payable	469,009	458,314
Income tax payable	545,666	530,304
Due to related parties	1,275,384	1,188,006
Other current liabilities	29,908	35,560
Total current liabilities	2,461,090	2,356,719
Total liabilities	2,461,090	2,356,719
Stockholders' equity:	20.055	20.077
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value, 200,000,000 shares	29,977	29,977
Authorized, 29,976,923 shares issued and outstanding at		
December 31, 2010 and June 30, 2010	- CO- O-O	# 60# 0#O
Additional paid-in capital	5,695,058	5,695,058
Retained Earnings	(4,540,955)	
Accumulated other comprehensive income	888,413	806,897
Total stockholders' equity	2,072,493	2,067,814
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 4,533,583	\$ 4,424,533
Total habilities and stockholders equity	ψ +,555,565	Ψ +,+4+,333

The Accompanying Notes Are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

# CHINA JIANYE FUEL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended December				For the Six Months Ended December					
	31, 2010		D	2009	,	31, 2010		De	ecember 31, 2009	
Sales	\$ 3,205		\$	1,036,545		\$3,882		\$	3,577,545	
Cost of sales	(36,152	)		(873,459	)	(71,407	)		(3,260,149	)
Gross profit	(32,947	)		163,086		(67,525	)		317,396	
Operating expenses										
Selling, general and administrative	(23,971	)		(114,809	)	(45,232	)		(138,401	)
(Loss) income from operations	(56,918	)		48,277		(112,757	)		178,995	
Other expenses	44,784			428		44,407			142	
(Loss) income before provision for income tax	(12,134	)		48,705		(68,350	)		179,137	
Provision for income tax	-			(12,176	)	-			(44,784	)
Net (loss) income	(12,134	)		36,529		(68,350	)		134,353	
Other comprehensive income										
Foreign currency translation adjustment	47,886			(6	)	81,667			11,572	
Comprehensive income	\$ 35,752		\$	36,523		\$13,317		\$	145,925	
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$ (0.00	)	\$	(0.00	)	\$(0.00	)	\$	(0.00	)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$ (0.00	)	\$	(0.00	)	\$(0.00	)	\$	(0.00	)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:										
Basic	29,976,92	3		29,976,923		29,976,92	3		29,976,923	
Diluted	29,976,92	3		29,976,923		29,976,92	3		29,976,923	

The Accompanying Notes Are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

# CHINA JIANYE FUEL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

Cash flows from operating activities:   Net (Loss) Income   \$(68,35)   \$134,353     Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash used in operating activities:   Depreciation and amortization   125,780   28,773     Changes in current assets and current liabilities:   Accounts receivable   (2,324   841,373     Inventory, net   (84,128   616,683   224,055     Advances to suppliers   (13,368   224,055   344,654   244,654   244,654   244,654   244,654     Accounts payable and accrued expenses   (7,587   2444,654   24,984   24,985   24,985   24,965		For the S December		Months Ended	
Net (Loss) Income		31,	-	•	
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash used in operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization  Changes in current assets and current liabilities:  Accounts receivable  (2,324   841,373   10	· ·				
Used in operating activities:   Depreciation and amortization   125,780   28,773		\$ (68,351	)	\$ 134,353	
Depreciation and amortization   125,780   28,773					
Changes in current assets and current liabilities:   Accounts receivable   (2,324   841,373   1 (1) (616,683   )   Advances to suppliers   (13,368   (24,055   )   Advances to suppliers   (13,368   (24,055   )   Prepaid expense and other current assets   10,158   (21,436   )   Accounts payable and accrued expenses   (7,587   (444,654   )   Advances to suppliers   (2,898   4,694   )   Accounts payable and accrued expenses   (7,587   (444,654   )   Accounts payable and accrued expenses   (7,587   (444,654   )   Accounts payable   (416   45,517   )   Accounts					
Accounts receivable   (2,324   841,373     Inventory, net		125,780		28,773	
Inventory, net					
Advances to suppliers       (13,368 ) (24,055 )         Prepaid expense and other current assets       10,158 (21,436 )         Accounts payable and accrued expenses       (7,587 ) (444,654 )         VAT tax payable       (2,898 ) 4,694           Income tax payable       (416 ) 45,517           Other current liabilities       5,982 (2,804 )         Total adjustments       (94,581 ) (218,048 )         Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities       (37,152 ) (54,922 )         Cash flows from investing activities:          Acquisition of property and equipment       (11,090 ) -         Acquisition of intangible assets          Net cash used in investing activities       (11,090 ) -         Cash flows from financing activities:          Due to related parties       47,111   18,052         Net cash provided by financing activities       47,111   18,052         Effect of foreign currency translation on cash       14   59         Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents       (1,117 ) (36,811 )         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year       6,312   55,202         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$5,195   \$18,391		` '	)		
Prepaid expense and other current assets         10,158         (21,436 )         Accounts payable and accrued expenses         (7,587 ) (444,654 )         (444,654 )         (444,654 )         (444,654 )         (444,654 )         (446,694 )         Income tax payable         (416 ) 45,517         (45,517 )         Other current liabilities         5,982 (2,804 )         (2804 )         (7,587 ) (54,922 )         (7,587 ) (54,922 )         (7,587 ) (54,922 )         (7,587 ) (7,587		(84,128	)	(616,683	)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses       (7,587 ) (444,654 )         VAT tax payable       (2,898 ) 4,694         Income tax payable       (416 ) 45,517         Other current liabilities       5,982 (2,804 )         Total adjustments       (94,581 ) (218,048 )         Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities       (37,152 ) (54,922 )         Cash flows from investing activities:       (11,090 ) -         Acquisition of property and equipment       (11,090 ) -         Acquisition of intangible assets       -         Net cash used in investing activities       (11,090 ) -         Cash flows from financing activities:       47,111 18,052         Net cash provided by financing activities       47,111 18,052         Reffect of foreign currency translation on cash       14 59         Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents       (1,117 ) (36,811 )         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year       6,312 55,202         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$5,195 \$ 18,391		(13,368	)		)
VAT tax payable       (2,898 ) 4,694         Income tax payable       (416 ) 45,517         Other current liabilities       5,982 (2,804 )         Total adjustments       (94,581 ) (218,048 )         Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities       (37,152 ) (54,922 )         Cash flows from investing activities:       (11,090 ) -         Acquisition of property and equipment       (11,090 ) -         Acquisition of intangible assets       -         Net cash used in investing activities       (11,090 ) -         Cash flows from financing activities:       +         Due to related parties       47,111   18,052         Net cash provided by financing activities       47,111   18,052         Effect of foreign currency translation on cash       14   59         Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents       (1,117 )   (36,811 )         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year       6,312   55,202         Cash and cash equivalents at end of year       \$5,195   \$18,391	Prepaid expense and other current assets	10,158		(21,436	)
Income tax payable         (416 ) 45,517           Other current liabilities         5,982 (2,804 )           Total adjustments         (94,581 ) (218,048 )           Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities         (37,152 ) (54,922 )           Cash flows from investing activities:         (11,090 ) -           Acquisition of property and equipment         (11,090 ) -           Acquisition of intangible assets            Net cash used in investing activities         (11,090 ) -           Cash flows from financing activities:         47,111 18,052           Due to related parties         47,111 18,052           Net cash provided by financing activities         47,111 18,052           Effect of foreign currency translation on cash         14 59           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (1,117 ) (36,811 )           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         6,312 55,202           Cash and cash equivalents at end of year         \$5,195 \$ 18,391	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(7,587	)	(444,654	)
Other current liabilities 5,982 (2,804 ) Total adjustments (94,581 ) (218,048 )  Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities (37,152 ) (54,922 )  Cash flows from investing activities: Acquisition of property and equipment (11,090 ) - Acquisition of intangible assets  Net cash used in investing activities (11,090 ) -  Cash flows from financing activities: Due to related parties 47,111 18,052  Net cash provided by financing activities 47,111 18,052  Effect of foreign currency translation on cash 14 59  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (1,117 ) (36,811 )  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,195 \$ 18,391	VAT tax payable	(2,898	)	4,694	
Total adjustments (94,581 ) (218,048 )  Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities (37,152 ) (54,922 )  Cash flows from investing activities:  Acquisition of property and equipment (11,090 ) -  Acquisition of intangible assets  Net cash used in investing activities (11,090 ) -  Cash flows from financing activities:  Due to related parties 47,111 18,052  Net cash provided by financing activities 47,111 18,052  Effect of foreign currency translation on cash 14 59  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (1,117 ) (36,811 )  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,195 \$ 18,391	Income tax payable	(416	)	45,517	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:  Acquisition of property and equipment Acquisition of intangible assets  Net cash used in investing activities:  Cash flows from financing activities  (11,090 ) -  Cash flows from financing activities  Use to related parties  Net cash provided by financing activities  47,111 18,052  Net cash provided by financing activities  Effect of foreign currency translation on cash  14 59  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents  (1,117 ) (36,811 )  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year  55,202  Cash and cash equivalents at end of year  \$5,195 \$ 18,391	Other current liabilities	5,982		(2,804	)
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Cash flows from investing activities: Acquisition of property and equipment Acquisition of intangible assets  Net cash used in investing activities  (11,090 ) -  Cash flows from financing activities:  Due to related parties  Net cash provided by financing activities  47,111 18,052  Net cash provided by financing activities  47,111 18,052  Effect of foreign currency translation on cash  14 59  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents  (1,117 ) (36,811 )  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year  6,312 55,202  Cash and cash equivalents at end of year  \$5,195 \$ 18,391					
Acquisition of property and equipment Acquisition of intangible assets -  Net cash used in investing activities  Cash flows from financing activities:  Due to related parties  Net cash provided by financing activities  47,111  18,052  Net cash provided by financing activities  47,111  18,052  Effect of foreign currency translation on cash  14  59  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents  (1,117 ) (36,811 )  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year  6,312  55,202  Cash and cash equivalents at end of year  \$5,195  \$ 18,391	Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(37,152	)	(54,922	)
Acquisition of property and equipment Acquisition of intangible assets -  Net cash used in investing activities  Cash flows from financing activities:  Due to related parties  Net cash provided by financing activities  47,111  18,052  Net cash provided by financing activities  47,111  18,052  Effect of foreign currency translation on cash  14  59  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents  (1,117 ) (36,811 )  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year  6,312  55,202  Cash and cash equivalents at end of year  \$5,195 \$ 18,391	Cash flows from investing activities:				
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Cash flows from financing activities:  Due to related parties 47,111 18,052  Net cash provided by financing activities 47,111 18,052  Effect of foreign currency translation on cash 14 59  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (1,117) (36,811)  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 6,312 55,202  Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$5,195 \$ 18,391		_		-	
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Effect of foreign currency translation on cash  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents  (1,117 ) (36,811 )  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year  6,312 55,202  Cash and cash equivalents at end of year  \$5,195 \$ 18,391	Due to related parties	47,111		18,052	
Effect of foreign currency translation on cash  Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents  (1,117 ) (36,811 )  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year  6,312 55,202  Cash and cash equivalents at end of year  \$5,195 \$ 18,391					
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Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (1,117) (36,811)  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 6,312 55,202  Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$5,195 \$ 18,391					
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (1,117) (36,811)  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 6,312 55,202  Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$5,195 \$ 18,391	Effect of foreign currency translation on cash	14		59	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 6,312 55,202  Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$5,195 \$ 18,391					
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Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$5,195 \$ 18,391	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6,312		55,202	
	i e e ;			ŕ	
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$5,195		\$ 18,391	
Cumplemental disalogues of each flavor					
Cumplemental disabours of each flavor					
Supplemental disclosure of cash flows	Supplemental disclosure of cash flows				
Interest paid \$- \$ 483	••	\$ -		\$ 483	

The Accompanying Notes Are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

# CHINA JIANYE FUEL, INC. NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2010

#### Note 1 – Organization and SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation— The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") for interim financial reporting and in accordance with instructions for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contained in this report reflect all adjustments that are normal and recurring in nature and considered necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and the results of operations for the interim periods presented. The year-end condensed balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. The results of operations for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year. These unaudited, condensed consolidated financial statements, footnote disclosures and other information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Organization — China Jianye Fuel Inc. was incorporated as Standard Commerce, Inc. ("Standard Commerce") in December 1994 in Nevada. On November 13, 2007, Standard Commerce acquired the outstanding capital stock of American Jianye Ethanol Company, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("American Jianye") and changed its name to China Jianye Fuel Inc. For accounting purposes, the acquisition was treated as a recapitalization of American Jianye. American Jianye is a holding company that owns 100% of Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel Co., Ltd. ("Zhao Dong"), a corporation organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of China Jianye Fuel Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company"). The Company's primary business is to manufacture and distribute ethanol and methanol as alternative fuel for automobile use.

Basis of Consolidation — The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of China Jianye Fuel, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions are eliminated.

Use of Estimates — The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents— Cash and cash equivalents include cash and all highly liquid instruments with original maturities of three months or less.

Inventory — Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined by using the weighted-average method. The Company periodically reviews the age and turnover of its inventory to determine whether any inventory has become obsolete or has declined in value, and charges to operations for known and anticipated inventory obsolescence. The Company did not record any provision for slow-moving and obsolete inventory as of December 31, 2010 and June 30, 2010.

Intangible Assets — Intangible assets consist of "Rights to use land" for 32 years in China and therefore amortized over 32 years based on straight-line method.

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Recently Issued Accounting Guidance —These Accounting Standards Updates should be applied on a prospective basis for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010, with earlier application permitted. Alternatively, an entity can elect to adopt these standards on a retrospective basis, but both these standards must be adopted in the same period using the same transition method. The Company expects to apply this standard on a prospective basis for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified beginning January 1, 2011. It is expected the adoption of this Statement will have no material effect on the Company's Financial Statements.

ASC Update ("ASU") No. 2010-01, Equity (Topic 505): Accounting for Distributions to Shareholders with Components of Stock and Cash. This update clarifies that the stock portion of a distribution to shareholders that allows them to elect to receive cash or stock with a potential limitation on the total amount of cash that all shareholders can elect to receive in the aggregate is considered a share issuance that is reflected in earnings per share prospectively and is not a stock dividend. This ASU codified the consensus reached in EITF Issue No. 09-E "Accounting for Stock Dividends, Including Distributions to Shareholders with Components of Stock and Cash". ASU 2010-01 is effective for interim and annual periods ending on or after December 15, 2009, and should be applied on a retrospective basis. The adoption of this update did not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

ASC Updated ("ASU") No. 2010-02, Consolidation (Topics 810) – Accounting and Reporting for Decreases in Ownership of a Subsidiary - A Scope Clarification. This update provides guidance for non-controlling interests and changes in ownership interests of a subsidiary. An entity is required to deconsolidate a subsidiary when the entity ceases to have a controlling financial interest in the subsidiary. Upon deconsolidation of a subsidiary, an entity recognizes a gain or loss on the transaction and measures any retained investment in the subsidiary at fair value. The gain or loss includes any gain or loss associated with the difference between the fair value of the retained investment in the subsidiary and its carrying amount at the date the subsidiary is deconsolidated. In contrast, an entity is required to account for a decrease in its ownership interest of a subsidiary that does not result in a change of control of the subsidiary as an equity transaction. The adoption of this update did not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

ASC Update ("ASU") No. 2010-13, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Effect of Denominating the Exercise Price of a Share-Based Payment Award in the Currency of the Market in Which the Underlying Equity Security Trades. This update is to codify the consensus reached in EITF Issue No. 09-J, "Effect of Denominating the Exercise Price of a Share-Based Payment Award in the Currency of the Market in Which the Underlying Equity Security Trades." The amendments to the Codification clarify that an employee share-based payment award with an exercise price denominated in the currency of a market in which a substantial portion of the entity's equity shares trades should not be considered to contain a condition that is not a market, performance, or services condition. Therefore, an entity would not classify such an award as a liability if it otherwise qualifies as equity. The adoption of this update did not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

ASC Update ("ASU") No. 2010-21, Accounting for Technical Amendments to Various SEC Rules and Schedules. This update amends various SEC paragraphs in the FASB Accounting Standards Codification pursuant to SEC Final Rule, "Technical Amendments to Rules Forms, Schedules and Codification of Financial Reporting Policies". The adoption of this update did not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

ASC Update ("ASU") No. 2010-22, Accounting for Various Topics. This update amends various SEC paragraphs in the FASB Accounting Standards Codification based on external comments received and the issuance of Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 112 which amends or rescinds portion of certain SAB topics. SAB 112 was issued to bring existing SEC guidance into conformity with ASC 805 "Business Combination" and ASC 810 "Consolidation". The adoption of this update did not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Other accounting standards that have been issued or proposed by the FASB or other standards-setting bodies that do not require adoption until a future date are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements upon adoption.

#### Note 2 – Inventory

Inventory at December 31, 2010 and June 30, 2010 consists of the following:

	Dece 2010	ember 31,	Jun	e 30, 2010
Raw materials	\$	544,662	\$	475,880
Packaging supplies		59,524		29,211
Finished goods		1,128,103		1,094,049
Total	\$	1,732,289	\$	1,599,140

#### Note 3 – Due From/To Related Parties

The Company and its affiliated entities regularly borrow money from each other, which is unsecured and non-interest bearing. The balance due to these entities at December 31, 2010 and June 30, 2010 was \$1,275,384 and \$1,188,006, respectively. The balance due from these entities at December 31, 2010 and June 30, 2010 was \$63,122 and \$57,307, respectively.

#### Note 4 - Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated all other subsequent events through February 11, 2011, the date these consolidated financial statements were issued, and determined that there were no other subsequent events or transactions that require recognition or disclosures in the financial statement

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking" statements, as such term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements consist of information relating to the Company that is based on the beliefs of the Company's management as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to the Company's management. When used in this report, the words "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect" and "intend" and words or phrases of similar import, as they relate to the Company or Company management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements reflect the current risks, uncertainties and assumptions related to certain factors including, without limitation, competitive factors, general economic conditions, customer relations, relationships with vendors, the interest rate environment, governmental regulation and supervision, seasonality, distribution networks, product introductions and acceptance, technological change, changes in industry practices, onetime events and other factors described herein and in other filings made by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Based upon changing conditions, should any one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described herein as anticipated, believed, estimated, expected or intended. The Company does not intend to update these forward-looking statements.

#### **BUSINESS OVERVIEW**

China Jianye Fuel, Inc. ("China Jianye") was originally incorporated as Standard Commerce, Inc. ("Standard Commerce") in December 1994 in Nevada. On November 13, 2007, Standard Commerce acquired the outstanding capital stock of American Jianye Ehtanol Company, Inc. ("American Jianye"), a Delaware Corporation, and changed its name to China Jianye Fuel, Inc. ("China Jianye"). China Jianye, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, American Jianye, owns 100% of the registered capital of Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel Co., Ltd. ("Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel"), a corporation organized in 2004 under the laws of The People's Republic of China. Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel is engaged in the business of developing, manufacturing and distributing alcohol-based automobile fuel products in the People's Republic of China.

American Jianye was organized under the laws of the State of Delaware in March 2007. It never initiated any business activity. In November 2007, American Jianye acquired 100% of the net assets of Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel in exchange for debt and equity in American Jianye. Those shares represent the only asset of American Jianye.

Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel Co., Ltd. was founded in April 2004 under the laws of the People's Republic of China with registered capital of RMB 9 million Yuan (US\$1.3 million). The offices and manufacturing facility operated by Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel are located at 47 Huagong Road, Zhaodong City, Heilongjiang Province, in northeastern China. Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel engages in the development, manufacture, and distribution of alcohol based automobile fuel. The Company's products are designed to function as a lower-cost, more environmentally friendly alternative to conventional gasoline-based auto fuel.

Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel was among the first China-based fuel manufacturers to bring to market alcohol-based automobile fuel. Alcohol-based fuel is an attractive alternative to gasoline for several reasons, including its environmental benefits. Alcohol-based fuel burns with higher efficiency and significantly lower toxic waste emissions than any lead-free gasoline that meets China's national GB17930-1999 fuel quality standards. With its average total toxic waste emission level being only 1% of the maximum toxic emission level mandated by Chinese industry regulators, the quality of alcohol-based fuel is on par with or exceeds the international fuel quality standards for Type IV lead-free gasoline. In addition, due to the lower costs of the raw materials used in the manufacturing process, the average integrated cost of such fuels is only about 4,000-4,150 Renminbi ("RMB") (\$590-610) per ton, lower than the prevailing wholesale price of #93 lead-free gasoline in China by as much as 1,000 RMB (\$147) per ton.

Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel has, since its formation, been engaged in developing its products and its refinery. The Company now has a facility capable of producing 300,000 tons of fuel annually, and has developed the core staff needed for full production operations. In the Spring of 2008, the Company began to ship commercial quantities of fuel to customers, although it continues to operate at only a small fraction of its capacity due to a need for working capital to fund the launch of full-scale operations.

The Company is currently capable of producing alcohol-based fuels comparable to lead-free gasoline with octane ratings ranging from #90 to #98. The Company's products include both ethanol-based fuels (E10, E30, E50, E60, E70, E80 and E85), and methanol-based fuels (M10, M30, M50, M60, M70, M80 and M85), although the primary focus of its business plan is on methanol-based fuels due to their environmental and economic advantages. Recently, the Company has also been engaged in research and development of methanol/ethanol blended fuels, including ME80 and ME85.

Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel commenced operations in 2004. Until the Spring of 2008, however, its activities were essentially developmental. Its research and development efforts have led to the development of a series of fuel products and the award of several patents. With funds provided by its Chairman, Jianye Wang, it has developed a state-of-the-art refinery for the production of methanol-based and ethanol-based fuels. In addition, it has organized a staff of engineers, managers and sales professionals that will be able to support its full-scale entry into the fuel market.

Until the year ended June 30, 2008, the Company's revenue-producing activities had been incidental to the company's research and development activities. Prior to September 30, 2007, Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel sold modest amounts of fuel to a variety of customers, primarily to (a) develop the channels through which it will market when it commences full scale production and (b) introduce new products to those markets for testing and publicity. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 this incidental marketing effort generated \$541,103 in revenue. In the year ended on June 30, 2007, however, Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel suspended most of its revenue-producing activities in order to focus on internal organization activities. As a result, only \$61,555 in revenue was generated during the 2007 fiscal year.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2007, Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel recorded its first significant revenue -\$3,449,434. This occurred because Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel completed a sale and delivery of fuel additives to Zhanjiang Runtong Trading Corp. In the quarter ended March 31, 2008, we realized additional significant revenue from the sale of fuel, as we sold 4,200 tons of methanol-based fuel to CIPC Heilongjiang HuBei, a fuel distributor, for \$3,249,795. These two sales represented approximately 97% of our revenues for the year ended June 30, 2008. Zhanjiang Runtong Trading Corp. and CIPC Heilongjiang HuBei are unrelated third parties, and the transactions were the result of arms length negotiation. After year ended June 30, 2008, however, our sales to Zhanjiang Runtong Trading Corp. and CIPC Heilongjiang HuBei consisted only incidental sales of sales batches.

We expect to develop more consistent revenue streams in the current fiscal year. In July 2008, Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel entered into a contract with Zhuhai Zhonghuan Oil Ltd., which contemplates that the customer will purchase 15,000 tons of ethanol-based automobile fuel per month. Then, in September 2008, Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel entered into contract with Shanxi Province Hanzhong Xilan Liquefied Petroleum Limited to provide the company 200 to 300 tons of M30 fuel each month. Neither of these contracts represents a binding purchase commitment as the customers commit to purchase fuel for only one month at a time. However, these contracts suggest that we are beginning to achieve a consistent stream of revenue.

Our business operates primarily in Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"), but we report our results in our SEC filings in U.S. Dollars. The conversion of our accounts from RMB to U.S. dollars results in translation adjustments. While our net income is added to the retained earnings on our balance sheet, the translation adjustments are added to a line item on our balance sheet labeled "accumulated other comprehensive income," since it is more reflective of changes in the relative values of U.S. and Chinese currencies than of the success of our business. During the year ended March 31, 2010, the effect of converting our financial results to U.S. Dollars added \$33,092 to our accumulated other comprehensive income.

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

	For the Three Months Ended September,				Increase / (Decrease)	
	2010		2009			
Revenues	\$ 3,205	\$	1,036,545	5	(1,033,34	0)
Cost of Sales	36,152		873,459		(837,307	)
Gross Profit	(32,947)		163,086		(196,033	)
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	23,971		114,809		(90,838	)
Income (loss) from operations	(56,918)		48,277		(105,195	)
Other Income (expenses)	44,784		428		44,356	
Income (loss) before provision for income taxes	(12,134)		48,705		(60,839	)
Income taxes	-		12,176		(12,176	)
Net Income (loss)	(12,134)		36,529		(48,663	)
Total other income (expense)	47,886		(6	)	47,892	
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	\$ 35,752		36,523		(771	)

Revenues. Revenues decreased approximately \$1,033,340, or 100%, to \$3,205 for the three months ended December 31, 2010 from \$1,036,545 for the same period in 2009.

Cost of Sales. Our cost of sales decreased approximately \$837,307, or 96%, to \$36,152 for the three months ended December 31, 2010 from \$873,459 for the same period in 2009. This decrease was mainly due to sales decrease.

Gross Profit. Our gross profit decreased approximately \$196,033, or 120%, to a gross loss of \$32,947 for the three months ended December 31, 2010 from a gross profit of \$163,086 for the same period in 2009. This decrease was mainly due to a decrease in sale revenue.

Other Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Other selling, general and administrative expenses decreased approximately \$90,838, or 79%, to \$23,971 for the three months ended December 31, 2010 from \$114,809 for the same period in 2009. Such decrease was due to an increase in sales revenue.

Income (loss) from operations. Income (loss) from operations decreased approximately \$105,195 or 218 %, to \$(56,918) for the three months ended December 31, 2010 from \$48,277 for the same period in 2009. This decrease was mainly due to a decrease in sale revenue.

Other Income (expenses). Other income increased approximately \$44,356, to \$44,784 for the three months ended December 31, 2010 from approximately \$428 for the same period in 2009. The increase was mainly due to an income of government grant.

Income (loss) Before Provision of Income Taxes. Income before income taxes decreased approximately \$60,839, or 125 %, to \$(12,134) for the three months ended December 31, 2010 from \$48,705 for the same period in 2009. This decrease was mainly due to an increase in revenues, an decrease in operating profits, and a decrease in operating expenses.

Income Taxes. Income taxes decreased approximately \$12,176, or 100 %, to nil for the three months ended December 31, 2010 from approximately \$12,176 for the same period in 2009. This decrease was mainly due to a decrease in net income.

Net Income (loss). Net income decreased approximately \$48,663, or 133 %, to \$(12,134) for the three months ended December 31, 2010 from \$36,529 for the same period in 2009. This decrease in profitability for the period ended December 31, 2010 was due to the reasons described above.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our operations to date have been funded primarily by capital contributions and short-term loans from our Chairman, Jianye Wang, which have been adequate to bring us to the point where we are prepared to commence full scale production.

For the three months ended December 31, 2010, our operations in that period increased our cash position by \$32,583.

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Results of Operations for the Six Months Ended December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

	For the Si En Septe	ded		Increase / (Decrease)	
	2010	moci	2009	(Decrease)	
Revenues	\$ 3,882	\$	3,577,545	(3,573,663)	)
Cost of Sales	71,407		3,260,149	(3,188,742)	)
Gross Profit	(67,525)		317,396	(384,921)	)
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	45,232		138,401	(93,169)	)
Income (loss) from operations	(112,757)		178,995	(291,752)	)
Other Income (expenses)	44,407		142	44,265	
Income (loss) before provision for income taxes	(68,350 )		179,137	(247,487)	)
Income taxes	-		44,784	(44,784)	)
Net Income (loss)	(68,350 )		134,353	(202,703)	)
Total other income (expense)	81,667		11,572	70,095	
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	\$ 13,317		145,925	(132,608)	)

Revenues. Revenues decreased approximately \$3,573,663, or 100%, to \$3,882 for the six months ended December 31, 2010 from \$3,577,545 for the same period in 2009.

Cost of Sales. Our cost of sales decreased approximately \$3,188,742, or 98%, to \$71,407 for the six months ended December 31, 2010 from \$3,260,149 for the same period in 2009. This decrease was mainly due to sales decrease.

Gross Profit. Our gross profit decreased approximately \$384,921, or 121%, to a gross loss of \$67,525 for the six months ended December 31, 2010 from a gross profit of \$317,396 for the same period in 2009. This decrease was mainly due to a decrease in sale revenue.

Other Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Other selling, general and administrative expenses decreased approximately \$93,169, or 67%, to \$45,232 for the six months ended December 31, 2010 from \$138,401 for the same period in 2009. Such decrease was due to an increase in sales revenue.

Income (loss) from operations. Income (loss) from operations decreased approximately \$291,752 or 163 %, to \$(112,757) for the six months ended December 31, 2010 from \$178,995 for the same period in 2009. This decrease was mainly due to a decrease in sale revenue.

Other Income (expenses). Other income increased approximately \$44,265, to \$44,407 for the six months ended December 31, 2010 from approximately \$142 for the same period in 2009. The increase was mainly due to an income of government grant.

Income (loss) Before Provision of Income Taxes. Income before income taxes decreased approximately \$247,487, or 138 %, to \$(68,350) for the six months ended December 31, 2010 from \$179,137 for the same period in 2009. This decrease was mainly due to an increase in revenues, an decrease in operating profits, and a decrease in operating expenses.

Income Taxes. Income taxes decreased approximately \$44,784, or 100 %, to nil for the six months ended December 31, 2010 from approximately \$44,784 for the same period in 2009. This decrease was mainly due to a decrease in net income.

Net Income (loss). Net income decreased approximately \$202,703, or 151 %, to \$(68,350) for the six months ended December 31, 2010 from \$134,353 for the same period in 2009. This decrease in profitability for the period ended December 31, 2010 was due to the reasons described above.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our operations to date have been funded primarily by capital contributions and short-term loans from our Chairman, Jianye Wang, which have been adequate to bring us to the point where we are prepared to commence full scale production.

For the six months ended December 31, 2010, our operations in that period decreased our cash position by \$37,152.

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In preparing our financial statements we are required to formulate working policies regarding valuation of our assets and liabilities and to develop estimates of those values. In our preparation of the financial statements there were two estimates made which were (a) subject to a high degree of uncertainty and (b) material to our results. These estimates were:

Our decision, indicated in the Consolidated Financial Statements, to record a provision of \$0 for uncollectible accounts, against total related accounts receivable of \$47,551. This decision was based on our relationship with the debtors and our knowledge of their capacity to repay the debts.

Our decision, described in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, to record no provision for obsolete inventories. This decision was based on fact that our inventory at December 31, 2010 amounted to less than two months' sales and was primarily usable raw materials.

We have made no material changes to our critical accounting policies in connection with the preparation of financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Impact of Accounting Pronouncements

There were no recent accounting pronouncements that have had a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Recently Issued Accounting Policies

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued guidance, which contains amendments to Accounting Standards Codification 810, "Consolidation," relating to how a company determines when an entity that is insufficiently capitalized or is not controlled through voting (or similar rights) should be consolidated. The determination of whether a company is required to consolidate an entity is based on, among other things, an entity's purpose and design and a company's ability to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance. These provisions became effective for us on January 1, 2010, but did not have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In October 2009, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Updated ("ASU") No. 2009-13, "Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements," which amends existing revenue recognition accounting pronouncements that are currently within the scope of ASC 605. This guidance eliminates the requirement to establish the fair value of undelivered products and services and instead provides for separate revenue recognition based upon management's estimate of the selling price for an undelivered item when there is no other means to determine the fair value of that undelivered item. ASU 2009-13 is effective for the Company prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified beginning January 1, 2011. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, that the adoption of this amendment will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-06, Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements , which, among other things, amends Accounting Standards Topic 820 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (ASC 820) to require entities to separately present purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in their reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements (i.e., to present such items on a gross basis rather than on a net basis), and which clarifies existing disclosure requirements provided by ASC 820 regarding the level of disaggregation and the inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value for measurements that fall within either Level 2 or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. ASU No. 2010-06 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the roll forward of activity in Level 3 fair value measurements which are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010 and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company's adoption of this standard had no impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### **OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risks

Not applicable due to smaller reporting company status.

Item 4T. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

The Company's management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"). Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, such controls and procedures were effective.

#### Changes in internal controls.

The term "internal control over financial reporting" (defined in SEC Rule 13a-15(f)) refers to the process of a company that is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Company's management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fourth quarter of the year covered by this quaterely report, and they have concluded that there was no change to the Company's internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. We have assessed the effectiveness of those internal controls as of June 30, 2009, using the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") Internal Control – Integrated Framework as a basis for our assessment.

Because of inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

A material weakness (within the meaning of PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 5) is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. In the course of making our assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting, we identified two material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting. These material weaknesses consisted of:

- a. Lack of expertise in U.S accounting principles among the personnel in our Chinese headquarters. Our books are maintained and our financial statements are prepared by the personnel employed at our executive offices in Heilongjiang Province in the People's Republic of China. Few of our employees have experience or familiarity with U.S accounting principles. The lack of personnel in our Heilongjiang office who are trained in U.S. accounting principles is a weakness because it could lead to improper classification of items and other failures to make the entries and adjustments necessary to comply with U.S. GAAP.
- b. Lack of independent control over related party transactions. Jianye Wang is the sole director of China Jianye Fuel and of its subsidiary, Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel. From time to time Mr. Wang has made loans and capital contributions to finance the operations of Zhao Dong Jianye Fuel. The absence of other directors to review these transactions is a weakness because it could lead to improper classification of such related party transactions.

Management is currently reviewing its staffing and their training in order to remedy the weaknesses identified in this assessment. To date, we are not aware of significant accounting problems resulting from these weaknesses; so we have to weigh the cost of improvement against the benefit of strengthened controls. However, because of the above conditions, management's assessment is that the Company's internal controls over financial reporting were not effective as of June 30, 2010.

This quarterly report does not include an attestation report of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the Company's independent registered public accounting firm pursuant to the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit the Company to provide only management's report in this quarterly report.

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

From time to time, we may become involved in various lawsuits and legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business. We are currently not aware of any such legal proceedings or claims that we believe will have a material adverse affect on our business, financial condition or operating results.

proceedings operating res	s or claims that we believe will have a material adverse affect on our business, financial condition or sults.
Item 1A. Ris	sk Factors
Not required	for smaller reporting companies.
Item 2. Unre	egistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds
None.	
Item 3. Defa	ults Upon Senior Securities.
None.	
Item 4. (Rea	moved and Reserved)
Item 5. Othe	er Information.
None.	
Item 6. Exh	ibits.
Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
	because you of the barbanes office of 2002.
32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to

Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

#### CHINA JIANYE FUEL INC.

By: /s/ Shobu Yu

Name: Shobu Yu

Title: Chief Executive Officer and

Director

(principal executive officer) Date: February 19, 2011

By:/s/ Haishen Fei

Name: Haishen Fei

Title: Chief Financial Officer and

Director

(principal accounting officer) Date: February 19, 2011