NEWMONT MINING CORP /DE/

Form 10-Q

April 26, 2018 Table of Contents
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D. C. 20549
Form 10-Q
(Mark One)
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2018
or
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission File Number: 001-31240

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 84-1611629 (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

6363 South Fiddler's Green Circle

Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (303) 863-7414

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12-b2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company.)

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12-b2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

There were 533,486,402 shares of common stock outstanding on April 19, 2018.

Table of Contents

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
	<u>PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	
FIRST QUA	RTER 2018 RESULTS AND HIGHLIGHTS	1
<u>ITEM 1.</u>	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	5
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	6
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	7
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	8
<u>ITEM 2.</u>	MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND	
	RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	49
	<u>Overview</u>	49
	Consolidated Financial Results	49
	Results of Consolidated Operations	54
	Foreign Currency Exchange Rates	58
	Liquidity and Capital Resources	58
	Environmental Environmental	60
	Accounting Developments	61
	Non-GAAP Financial Measures	61
	Safe Harbor Statement	67
<u>ITEM 3.</u>	QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK	70
<u>ITEM 4.</u>	CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES	72
	PART II – OTHER INFORMATION	
<u>ITEM 1.</u>	<u>LEGAL PROCEEDINGS</u>	73
ITEM 1A.	RISK FACTORS	73
ITEM 2.	UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS	73
ITEM 3.	<u>DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES</u>	73
<u>ITEM 4.</u>	MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES	74
<u>ITEM 5.</u>	OTHER INFORMATION	74
<u>ITEM 6.</u>	<u>EXHIBITS</u>	75
SIGNATUR	FS	76

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

FIRST QUARTER 2018 RESULTS AND HIGHLIGHTS

(unaudited, in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound)

	Three Months Ended March 3			
	20)18	2017	
Financial Results:				
Sales	\$	1,817	\$	1,690
Gold	\$	1,739	\$	1,619
Copper	\$	78	\$	71
Costs applicable to sales (1)	\$	1,029	\$	957
Gold	\$	982	\$	918
Copper	\$	47	\$	39
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	169	\$	81
Net income (loss)	\$	191	\$	58
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Newmont				
stockholders	\$	170	\$	70
Per common share, diluted:				
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Newmont				
stockholders	\$	0.32	\$	0.13
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$	0.36	\$	0.09
Adjusted net income (loss) (2)	\$	185	\$	136
Adjusted net income (loss) per share, diluted (2)	\$	0.35	\$	0.26
Earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation and amortization (2)	\$	637	\$	561
Adjusted earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation and amortization (2)	\$	644	\$	574
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations	\$	266	\$	377
Free Cash Flow (2)	\$	35	\$	197
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$	0.140	\$	0.050
•				
Operating Results:				
Consolidated gold ounces (thousands):				
Produced		1,286		1,327
Sold		1,312		1,328
Attributable gold ounces (thousands):				
Produced		1,209		1,234
Sold		1,231		1,229
Consolidated and attributable copper pounds (millions):		,		,
Produced		26		29
Sold		27		26
Average realized price:		_,		
Gold (per ounce)	\$	1,326	\$	1,219
Copper (per pound)	\$	2.88	\$	2.68
Consolidated costs applicable to sales: (1)(2)	Ψ	2.00	Ψ	2.00
Gold (per ounce)	\$	748	\$	691
Copper (per pound)	\$	1.74	\$	1.50
All-in sustaining costs: (2)	Ψ	1./7	Ψ	1.50
All-III sustailling costs. (2)				

Gold (per ounce)	\$ 973	\$ 900
Copper (per pound)	\$ 2.07	\$ 1.77

 ⁽¹⁾ Excludes Depreciation and amortization and Reclamation and remediation.
 (2) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" beginning on page 61.

Table of Contents

First Quarter 2018 Highlights

- · Net income (loss): Delivered Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Newmont stockholders of \$170 million or \$0.32 per diluted share, an increase of \$100 million from the prior-year quarter primarily due to higher average realized gold prices.
- · Adjusted net income (loss): Delivered Adjusted net income (loss) of \$185 million or \$0.35 per diluted share, a 35% increase from the prior-year quarter (See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" beginning on page 61).
- · Adjusted EBITDA: Generated \$644 million in adjusted EBITDA, a 12% increase from the prior-year quarter (See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" beginning on page 61).
- · Cash Flow: Reported Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations of \$266 million, a 29% decrease from the prior-year quarter, and free cash flow of \$35 million (See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" beginning on page 61).
- · Portfolio improvements: Approved plans to begin the Yanacocha Sulfides feasibility study and added Chaquicocha Oxides as a new project in Peru; progressed Long Canyon Phase 2 in Nevada to pre-feasibility study; advanced Ahafo North in Ghana to definitive feasibility study; commenced development of the Tanami Power project in Australia.
 - Attributable gold production: Decreased 2% to 1.21 million ounces from lower leach activity at Yanacocha, lower grade and scheduled maintenance at Boddington, and lower grade and reduced recovery at CC&V associated with the stockpiling of concentrate for shipment to Nevada, partially offset by improved production from Merian, Tanami, Carlin and Ahafo.
- · Financial Strength: Ended the quarter with \$3.1 billion cash on hand and a first quarter dividend declared of \$0.14 per share, an increase of 180 percent over the prior-year quarter.

Our global project pipeline

Newmont's capital-efficient project pipeline supports stable production with improving margins and mine life. Near-term development capital projects are presented below. Funding for Subika Underground, Ahafo Mill Expansion, Twin Underground, Quecher Main and Tanami Power projects has been approved and these projects are in execution.

Subika Underground, Africa. This project leverages existing infrastructure and an optimized approach to develop Ahafo's most promising underground resource. First production was achieved in June 2017 with commercial production expected in the second half of 2018. The project is expected to have an average annual gold production of between 150,000 and 200,000 ounces per year for the first five years beginning in 2019 with an initial mine life of approximately 11 years. Development capital costs (excluding capitalized interest) since approval were \$106, of which \$26 related to the first quarter of 2018.

Ahafo Mill Expansion, Africa. This project is designed to maximize resource value by improving production margins and accelerating stockpile processing. The project also supports profitable development of Ahafo's highly prospective underground resources. First production is expected in the first half of 2019, with commercial production expected in the second half of 2019. The expansion is expected to have an average annual gold production of between 75,000 and 100,000 ounces per year for the first five years beginning in 2020. Development capital costs (excluding capitalized interest) since approval were \$62, of which \$20 related to the first quarter of 2018. Following the tragic construction accident at our Ahafo Mill Expansion that resulted in six fatalities, civil construction will remain suspended until Newmont and the authorities are satisfied that work can resume safely.

Twin Underground, North America. This project is a portal mine beneath Twin Creek's Vista surface mine with similar mineralization. First production was achieved in August 2017, with commercial production expected in mid-2018. The expansion is expected to have an average annual gold production of between 30,000 and 40,000 ounces per year between 2018 and 2022. Development capital costs (excluding capitalized interest) since approval were \$23, of which

\$10 related to the first quarter of 2018.

Quecher Main, South America. This project will add oxide production at Yanacocha, leverage existing infrastructure and enable potential future growth at Yanacocha. First production is expected in early 2019, with commercial production in the fourth quarter of 2019. Quecher Main extends the life of the Yanacocha operation to 2027 with average annual gold production of about 200,000 ounces per year (on a consolidated basis) between 2020 and 2025. Development capital costs (excluding capitalized interest) since approval were \$21, of which \$9 related to the first quarter of 2018.

Tanami Power, Australia. This project will lower power costs from 2019, mitigate fuel supply risk and reduce carbon emissions. The project includes a 450 kilometer natural gas pipeline to be constructed connecting the Tanami site to the Amadeus Gas Pipeline, and construction and operation of two on-site power stations. The gas supply, gas transmission and power purchase agreements are for a ten year term with options to extend.

We manage our wider project portfolio to maintain flexibility to address the development risks associated with our projects including permitting, local community and government support, engineering and procurement availability, technical issues, escalating costs and other associated risks that could adversely impact the timing and costs of certain opportunities.

Table of Contents

PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1.FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(unaudited, in millions except per share)

		hree Months		March 31,
Sales (Note 5)	\$	1,817	\$	1,690
Costs and expenses:				
Costs applicable to sales (1)		1,029		957
Depreciation and amortization		301		300
Reclamation and remediation (Note 6)		28		29
Exploration		40		36
Advanced projects, research and development		34		26
General and administrative		59		55
Other expense, net (Note 7)		11		17
		1,502		1,420
Other income (expense):		,		, -
Other income, net (Note 8)		21		(9)
Interest expense, net		(53)		(67)
•		(32)		(76)
Income (loss) before income and mining tax and other items		283		194
Income and mining tax benefit (expense) (Note 9)		(105)		(111)
Equity income (loss) of affiliates		(9)		(2)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations		169		81
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations (Note 10)		22		(23)
Net income (loss)		191		58
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests (Note 11)		1		(11)
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$	192	\$	47
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders:				
Continuing operations	\$	170	\$	70
Discontinued operations		22		(23)
	\$	192	\$	47
Net income (loss) per common share (Note 12):				
Basic:				
Continuing operations	\$	0.32	\$	0.13
Discontinued operations		0.04	4	(0.04)
Dilutad	\$	0.36	\$	0.09
Diluted:	φ	0.22	ф	0.12
Continuing operations	\$	0.32	\$	0.13
Discontinued operations		0.04		(0.04)

\$ 0.36 \$ 0.09

Cash dividends declared per common share

\$ 0.140

\$ 0.050

⁽¹⁾ Excludes Depreciation and amortization and Reclamation and remediation.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(unaudited, in millions)

	Three Months Ended March 3			
	20	18	20	17
Net income (loss)	\$	191	\$	58
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Change in marketable securities, net of tax of \$- and \$-, respectively		2		(7)
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(3)		4
Change in pension and other post-retirement benefits, net of tax of \$(1) and				
\$(4), respectively		5		6
Change in fair value of cash flow hedge instruments, net of tax of \$(1) and \$(4),				
respectively		4		9
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$	8	\$	12
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	199	\$	70
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:				
Newmont stockholders	\$	200	\$	59
Noncontrolling interests		(1)		11
	\$	199	\$	70

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited, in millions)

		nree Months Er		March 31,
Operating activities:				
Net income (loss)	\$	191	\$	58
Adjustments:				
Depreciation and amortization		301		300
Stock-based compensation (Note 14)		19		16
Reclamation and remediation		26		28
Loss (income) from discontinued operations (Note 10)		(22)		23
Deferred income taxes		10		57
Write-downs of inventory and stockpiles and ore on leach pads		82		43
Other operating adjustments		10		36
Net change in operating assets and liabilities (Note 23)		(351)		(184)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations		266		377
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of discontinued operations				
(1)		(3)		(6)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		263		371
Investing activities:				
Additions to property, plant and mine development		(231)		(180)
Proceeds from sales of investments		_		19
Other		(5)		3
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(236)		(158)
Financing activities:				
Dividends paid to common stockholders		(76)		(27)
Repurchase of common stock		(64)		_
Payments for withholding of employee taxes related to stock-based				
compensation		(39)		(13)
Funding from noncontrolling interests		32		21
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		(31)		(32)
Other		(1)		(1)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(179)		(52)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		_		1
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(152)		162
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period		3,298		2,782
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$	3,146	\$	2,944
,	_	-,	_	_,,
Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,111	\$	2,919
Restricted cash included in Other current assets	~	1	Ψ	1
Restricted cash included in Other noncurrent assets		34		24
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	3,146	\$	2,944
	Ψ	5,170	Ψ	∠ ,⊅∃∓

(1) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of discontinued operations includes \$(3) and \$(3) related to the Holt royalty obligation and \$- and \$(3) related to closing costs for the sale of Batu Hijau, all of which were paid out of Cash and cash equivalents held for use for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. For additional information regarding the Company's discontinued operations, see Note 10.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited, in millions)

	20 20	At March 31, 18	At 20	December 31,
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,111	\$	3,259
Trade receivables (Note 5)		211		124
Other accounts receivables		119		113
Investments (Note 17)		59		62
Inventories (Note 18)		657		679
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads (Note 19)		640		676
Other current assets		141		153
Current assets		4,938		5,066
Property, plant and mine development, net		12,311		12,338
Investments (Note 17)		273		280
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads (Note 19)		1,897		1,848
Deferred income tax assets		500		549
Other non-current assets		564		565
Total assets	\$	20,483	\$	20,646
LIABILITIES				
Debt (Note 20)	\$	7	\$	4
Accounts payable		331	*	375
Employee-related benefits		220		309
Income and mining taxes payable		216		248
Other current liabilities (Note 21)		407		462
Current liabilities		1,181		1,398
Debt (Note 20)		4,088		4,061
Reclamation and remediation liabilities (Note 6)		2,358		2,345
Deferred income tax liabilities		596		595
Employee-related benefits		394		386
Other non-current liabilities (Note 21)		311		342
Total liabilities		8,928		9,127
EQUITY				
Common stock		857		855
				(30)
Treasury stock		(69) 0.576		` '
Additional paid-in capital		9,576		9,592
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (Note 22)		(169)		(292)
Retained earnings		380		410
Newmont stockholders' equity		10,575		10,535
Noncontrolling interests		980		984
Total equity	ф	11,555	Φ	11,519
Total liabilities and equity	\$	20,483	\$	20,646

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(unaudited, in millions)

	Common Shares (in millio	Amount	Treasury Shares	Amount	Additional Paid-In t Capital	Comprehe	ens Ret ained	Noncontr Interests	_
Balance at December 31, 2017 Cumulative-effect	534	\$ 855	(1)	\$ (30)	\$ 9,592	\$ (292)	\$ 410	\$ 984	\$ 11,519
adjustment of adopting ASU No. 2016-01						115	(115)		
Net income (loss)	_	_	_	_	_	—	192	(1)	— 191
Other comprehensive								, ,	
income (loss) Dividends declared		_	_		—	8	— (76)		8
Dividends declared Distributions	_	_	_	_	_	_	(76)	_	(76)
declared to noncontrolling									
interests				_				(31)	(31)
Cash calls requested from noncontrolling									
interests (1)		_	_	_	_	_	_	28	28
Repurchase and retirement of									
common stock	(2)	(3)	_		(30)	_	(31)	_	(64)
Withholding of employee taxes									
related to									
stock-based compensation			(1)	(39)					(39)
Stock-based awards			(1)	(37)					(37)
and related share issuances	3	5	_	_	14				19
Balance at	5	3			17				1)
March 31, 2018	535	\$ 857	(2)	\$ (69)	\$ 9,576	\$ (169)	\$ 380	\$ 980	\$ 11,555

⁽¹⁾ Cash calls requested from noncontrolling interests of \$28 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 represent cash calls requested from Staatsolie for the Merian mine. Staatsolie paid an additional \$4 related to prior periods during the three months ended March 31, 2018.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements ("interim statements") of Newmont Mining Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively, "Newmont" or the "Company") are unaudited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (including normal recurring adjustments) and disclosures necessary for a fair presentation of these interim statements have been included. The results reported in these interim statements are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be reported for the entire year. These interim statements should be read in conjunction with Newmont's Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 filed on February 22, 2018 on Form 10-K and revisions filed April 26, 2018 on Form 8-K. The year-end balance sheet data was derived from the audited financial statements and, in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q, certain information and footnote disclosures required by United States ("U.S.") generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted. References to "A\$" refers to Australian currency and "C\$" refers to Canadian currency.

Adoption of Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-15 and No. 2016-18

Certain amounts have been retrospectively reclassified for the three months ended March 31, 2017 to conform to the current period presentation and reflect the change in Newmont's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows required with the adoption of Accounting Standard Update ("ASU") No. 2016-15 as of January 1, 2018 related to the classification of certain items on the statement of cash flows and ASU No. 2016-18 as of December 31, 2017 related to the inclusion of restricted cash in the statement of cash flows as further described in Note 3.

See Note 2 for the financial statement line items that were affected by the adoption of these standards.

Correction of Immaterial Errors

In the first quarter of 2018, Newmont corrected a computation error that was immaterial to all affected prior periods related to its methodology for calculating and recording Reclamation and remediation liabilities under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 410, "Asset Retirement and Environmental Obligations," since the adoption of the standard as of January 1, 2003. The Company concluded that the error had the effect of understating its asset retirement obligations liability and the related asset retirement cost resulting in immaterial errors in accretion and depreciation expense.

In evaluating the impact of the error, the Company followed the guidance of ASC 250, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections," Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 99, "Assessing Materiality," and SAB No. 108, "Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements." The Company concluded that the error was not material to our results of operations or financial condition on a quantitative and qualitative basis and did not require previously filed reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission to be amended. Correction of the cumulative error would have a disproportionate impact on our results for the first quarter of 2018 and for the annual estimated income for 2018. As such, the Company has corrected the error by revising the prior period financial statements. The Company also elected to correct other individually insignificant errors not previously recorded that the Company concluded were immaterial to our previously issued Consolidated Financial Statements.

See Note 2 for the financial statement line items that were affected by the correction of the error.

Certain other prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2018 presentation.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

NOTE 2 REVISION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's previously issued consolidated financial statements have been revised for the adoption of ASU No. 2016-15 and No. 2016-18 and the correction of the errors as follows:

	Three Mont		clamation	31, 2	017	
	Previously		mediation	Oth	er	As
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations	Reported		ljustments		ustments	
Sales	\$ 1,659	\$		\$	31	\$ 1,690
Costs applicable to sales	\$ 933	\$		\$	24	\$ 957
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 293	\$	1	\$	6	\$ 300
Reclamation and remediation	\$ 30	\$	(1)	\$	_	\$ 29
Income (loss) before income and mining tax and other	·		(1)			·
items	\$ ₁₉₃	\$	_	\$	1	\$ 194
Income and mining tax benefit (expense)	\$ (110)	\$	(1)	\$		\$ (111)
Net income (loss):	Ψ (110)	Ψ	(1)	Ψ		Ψ (111)
Continuing operations	\$ 81	\$	(1)	\$	1	\$ 81
Discontinued operations	(23)	_	-	7	_	(23)
· F	\$ 58	\$	(1)	\$	1	\$ 58
			、 /			
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$ (12)	\$	1	\$	_	\$ (11)
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders:						
Continuing operations	\$ 69	\$	_	\$	1	\$ 70
Discontinued operations	(23)					(23)
	\$ 46	\$	_	\$	1	\$ 47
Net income (loss) per common share						
Basic:						
Continuing operations	\$ 0.13	\$		\$		\$ 0.13
Discontinued operations	(0.04)		_			(0.04)
	\$ 0.09	\$		\$		\$ 0.09
Diluted:						
Continuing operations	\$ 0.13	\$	_	\$		\$ 0.13
Discontinued operations	(0.04)		_		_	(0.04)
	\$ 0.09	\$		\$		\$ 0.09

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

As and ASU Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Operating activities: As and ASU Previously Remediation Other Adoption As Reported Adjustments Revision Revised Operating activities:	i
Flows Reported Adjustments Revision Revised Operating activities:	d
Operating activities:	d
· ·	
$\Phi = \Phi =$	
Net income \$ 58 \$ (1) \$ 1 \$ — \$ 58	
Adjustments:	
Depreciation and amortization \$ 293 \$ 1 \$ 6 \$ — \$ 300	
Reclamation and remediation \$ 29 \$ (1) \$ — \$ 28	
Deferred income taxes \$ 56 \$ 1 \$ — \$ — \$ 57	
Net change in operating assets and liabilities \$ (175) \$ — \$ (7) \$ (2) \$ (184))
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Continuing operations \$ 379 \$ — \$ (2) \$ 377	
Discontinued operations (6) — — (6)	
\$ 373 \$ — \$ — \$ (2) \$ 371	
Investing activities:	
Acquisitions, net \$ (2) \$ — \$ - \$ 2 \$ —	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing	
** (160) * - * - * 2 ** (158))
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	
equivalents and restricted cash:	
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and \$ 162 \$ \$ \$ (1) \$ 162	
restricted cash \$ 163	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at	
beginning of period 2,756 — — 26 2,782	2
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at	
end of period \$ 2,919 \$ — \$ 5 \$ 2,944	1

	Year ended December 31, 2017				
		Reclamation			
	As	and			
	Previously	Remediation	As		
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet	Reported	Adjustments	Revised		
Property, plant and mine development	\$ 12,267	\$ 71	\$ 12,338		
Deferred income tax assets	\$ 537	\$ 12	\$ 549		
Total assets	\$ 20,563	\$ 83	\$ 20,646		

Other current liabilities (1)	\$ 459	\$ 3	\$ 462
Reclamation and remediation liabilities (2)	\$ 2,154	\$ 191	\$ 2,345
Total liabilities	\$ 8,933	\$ 194	\$ 9,127
Retained earnings	\$ 484	\$ (74)	\$ 410
Newmont stockholders' equity	\$ 10,609	\$ (74)	\$ 10,535
Noncontrolling interests	\$ 1,021	\$ (37)	\$ 984
Total equity	\$ 11,630	\$ (111)	\$ 11,519
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 20,563	\$ 83	\$ 20,646

⁽¹⁾ The adjustment at December 31, 2017 relates to the Company's current Reclamation and remediation liabilities, included in Other current liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. For further information regarding our current Other current liabilities, see Note 21.

NOTE 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Risks and Uncertainties

As a global mining company, the Company's revenue, profitability and future rate of growth are substantially dependent on prevailing prices for gold and copper. Historically, the commodity markets have been very volatile, and there can be no assurance that

⁽²⁾ Represents non-current Reclamation and remediation liabilities.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

commodity prices will not be subject to wide fluctuations in the future. A substantial or extended decline in commodity prices could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations, cash flows, access to capital and on the quantities of reserves that the Company can economically produce. The carrying value of the Company's Property, plant and mine development, net; Inventories; Stockpiles and ore on leach pads and Deferred income tax assets are particularly sensitive to the outlook for commodity prices. A decline in the Company's price outlook from current levels could result in material impairment charges related to these assets.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the accounting for and recognition and disclosure of assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenses. The Company must make these estimates and assumptions because certain information used is dependent on future events, cannot be calculated with a high degree of precision from data available or simply cannot be readily calculated based on generally accepted methodologies. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Revenue Recognition

The Company adopted ASC 606, Revenue from contracts with customers, on January 1, 2018. Changes to the accounting policy as a result of adoption are discussed below.

Newmont generates revenue by selling gold and copper produced from its mining operations. Refer to Note 4 for further information regarding the Company's operating segments.

The majority of the Company's Sales come from the sale of refined gold; however, the end product at the Company's gold operations is generally doré bars. Doré is an alloy consisting primarily of gold but also containing silver and other metals. Doré is sent to refiners to produce bullion that meets the required market standard of 99.95% gold. Under the terms of the Company's refining agreements, the doré bars are refined for a fee, and the Company's share of the refined gold and the separately-recovered silver is credited to its bullion account. Gold from doré bars credited to its bullion account is typically sold to banks or refiners.

A portion of gold sold from Boddington and Kalgoorlie in Australia, Phoenix in Nevada and CC&V in Colorado is sold in the form of concentrate which includes copper and silver. The Company's Sales also come from the sale of copper. Copper sales are generally in the form of concentrate, which is sold to smelters for further treatment and refining, and cathode. Copper sold from Boddington in Australia is sold in concentrate form and copper sold from Phoenix in Nevada is sold in either concentrate or cathode form.

Generally, if a metal expected to be mined represents more than 10 to 20% of the life of mine sales value of all the metal expected to be mined, co-product accounting should apply. Generally, if metal expected to be mined is less than the 10 to 20% of the life of mine sales value, by-product accounting should apply. Revenues from by-product sales, which are immaterial, are credited to Costs applicable to sales as a by-product credit. Copper is produced as a co-product at Phoenix and Boddington. Copper and silver is produced as a by-product at certain of the Company's other operations.

Gold Sales from Doré Production

The Company recognizes revenue for gold from doré production when it satisfies the performance obligation of transferring gold inventory to the customer, which generally occurs upon transfer of gold bullion credits as this is the point at which the customer obtains the ability to direct the use and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of ownership of the asset.

The Company generally recognizes the sale of gold bullion credits at the prevailing market price when gold bullion credits are delivered to the customer. The transaction price is determined based on the agreed upon market price and the number of ounces delivered. Payment is due upon delivery of gold bullion credits to the customer's account.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

Gold and Copper Sales from Concentrate Production

The Company recognizes revenue for gold and copper from concentrate production, net of treatment and refining charges, when it satisfies the performance obligation of transferring control of the concentrate to the customer. This generally occurs as material passes over the vessel's rail at the port of loading based on the date from the bill of lading, as the customer has the ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from the material and the customer has the risk of loss. Newmont has elected to account for shipping and handling costs for concentrate contracts as fulfillment activities and not as promised goods or services; therefore these activities are not considered separate performance obligations.

The Company generally sells gold and copper concentrate based on the future monthly average market price for a future month, dependent on the relevant contract, following the month in which the delivery to the customer takes place. The amount of revenue recognized for concentrates is initially recorded on a provisional basis based on the forward prices for the estimated month of settlement and the Company's estimated metal quantities based on assay data. The Company's sales based on a provisional price contain an embedded derivative that is required to be separated from the host contract for accounting purposes. The host contract is the receivable from the sale of the concentrates at the forward price at the time of sale. The embedded derivative, which does not qualify for hedge accounting, is marked to market through Sales each period prior to final settlement. The Company also adjusts estimated metal quantities used in computing provisional sales using new information and assay data from the smelter as it is received (if any).

A provisional payment is generally due upon delivery of the concentrate to the customer. Final payment is due upon final settlement of price and quantity with the customer.

The principal risks associated with recognition of sales on a provisional basis include metal price and quantity fluctuations between the date the sale is recorded and the date of final settlement. If a significant decline in metal prices occurs, or assay data results in a significant change in quantity between the provisional pricing date and the final settlement date, it is reasonably possible that the Company could be required to return a portion of the provisional payment received on the sale.

Copper Sales from Cathode Production

The Company recognizes revenue for copper from cathode production when it transfers control of copper cathode to the customer, which occurs when the material is picked up by the carrier. The Company generally sells copper cathode based on the weekly average market price for the week following production. The transaction price is determined based on this agreed upon price and the number of pounds delivered. Payment is due upon final settlement of price and quantity with the customer.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, ASU No. 2014-09 was issued related to revenue from contracts with customers. This ASU was further amended in August 2015, March 2016, April 2016, May 2016, December 2016 and September 2017 by ASU No. 2015-14, No. 2016-08, No. 2016-10, No. 2016-12, No. 2016-20 and No. 2017-13, respectively. The new standard provides a five-step approach to be applied to all contracts with customers and also requires expanded disclosures about revenue recognition.

The company retrospectively adopted this standard as of January 1, 2018. As there were no contracts outstanding as of December 31, 2017, there was no cumulative effect adjustment required to be recognized at January 1, 2018. The comparative information has not been adjusted and continues to be reported under the accounting standards in effect for those periods.

The adoption of this standard primarily impacts the timing of revenue recognition on certain concentrate contracts based on the Company's determination of when control is transferred. Revenue related to concentrate shipments is now generally recognized upon completion of loading the material for shipment to the customer and satisfaction of the Company's significant performance obligation.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

Prior to the adoption of this standard, revenue was recognized for these contracts when the price was determinable, the concentrate had been loaded on a vessel or received by the customer, the title had been transferred and collection of the sales price was reasonably assured.

Investments

In January 2016, ASU No. 2016-01 was issued related to financial instruments. This ASU was further amended in February 2018 by ASU No. 2018-03. The new guidance requires entities to measure equity investments that do not result in consolidation and are not accounted for under the equity method at fair value and recognize any changes in fair value in net income. This new guidance also updates certain disclosure requirements for these investments. This update is effective in fiscal years, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2017, and upon adoption, an entity should apply the amendments with the cumulative effect of initially applying the guidance recognized at January 1, 2018. The Company adopted this standard as of January 1, 2018. Upon adoption, the Company reclassified \$115 of unrealized holding gains and losses and deferred income taxes related to investments in marketable equity securities from Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to Retained earnings in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Statement of Cash Flows

In August 2016, ASU No. 2016-15 was issued related to the statement of cash flows. This new guidance addresses eight specific cash flow issues with the objective of reducing the existing diversity in practice in how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows. This update is effective in fiscal years, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company adopted the guidance as of January 1, 2018. Upon adoption, the Company reclassified \$2 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 of Acquisitions, net previously reported as a cash outflow from investing activities, to operating activities on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows related to contingent consideration payments.

Intra-Entity Transfers

In October 2016, ASU No. 2016-16 was issued related to the intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory. This new guidance requires entities to recognize the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory when the transfer occurs. This update is effective in fiscal years, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2018, and determined it had no impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements or disclosures.

Restricted Cash

In November 2016, ASU No. 2016-18 was issued related to the inclusion of restricted cash in the statement of cash flows. This new guidance requires that a statement of cash flows present the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents. This update is effective in fiscal years, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2017, and early adoption is

permitted. The Company retrospectively adopted this guidance as of December 31, 2017. Upon adoption, the Company included a reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the Consolidated Balance Sheets to the total shown in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Adoption of this guidance had no other impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements or disclosures.

Employee Benefits

In March 2017, ASU No. 2017-07 was issued related to the presentation of net periodic pension and postretirement cost. The new guidance requires the service cost component of net benefit costs to be classified similar to other compensation costs arising from services rendered by employees. Other components of net benefit costs are required to be classified separately from the service cost and outside income from operations. The Company adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2018. The adoption of this guidance resulted in the recognition of other components of net benefit costs within Other income, net rather than Costs applicable to sales or

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

General and administrative and is no longer included in costs that benefit the inventory or production process. Adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements or disclosures.

Hedging

In August 2017, ASU No. 2017-12 was issued related to hedge accounting. The new guidance expands the ability to hedge nonfinancial risk components, eliminates the current requirement to separately measure and report hedge ineffectiveness, and requires the entire change in fair value of a hedging instrument to be presented in the same income statement line as the hedged item, when reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). The guidance also eases certain hedge effectiveness documentation and assessment requirements. This update is effective in fiscal years, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2018, and early adoption is permitted. The Company adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2018, and there was no material impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements or disclosures as a result of adoption.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Leases

In February 2016, ASU No. 2016-02 was issued related to leases, which was further amended in September 2017 by ASU No. 2017-13 and in January 2018 by ASU 2018-01. The new guidance modifies the classification criteria and requires lessees to recognize the assets and liabilities arising from most leases on the balance sheet. This update is effective in fiscal years, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2018, and early adoption is permitted. The Company anticipates adopting the new guidance as of January 1, 2019.

The Company has begun its assessment of the new guidance and the impact it will have on the Consolidated Financial Statements and disclosures, and expects to complete its analysis in 2018. To date, the Company has reviewed a sample of contracts that are representative of the Company's various contracts. Management is still completing its assessment of the impacts; however, based on the sample reviewed, management anticipates certain service contracts will contain embedded leases under the revised guidance. The Company continues to assess other potential impacts of the new standard. Based on preliminary findings, the Company expects that the majority of its identified leases will be required to be reported on the Consolidated Balance Sheets; however, the Company expects there will be minimal impacts to the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company expects to have an update to the impacts of the standard in upcoming quarters.

Other Comprehensive Income Reclassifications Related to Tax Reform

In February 2018, ASU 2018-02 was issued allowing companies the option to reclassify to retained earnings the tax effects related to items in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Act") that was enacted on December 22, 2017. This update is effective in fiscal years, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2018, and early adoption is permitted. This guidance should be applied either in the period of adoption or retrospectively to each period in which the effects of the change in the U.S. federal income tax rate in the Act is recognized. The Company is still completing its assessment of the impacts and anticipated adoption date of this guidance.

NOTE 4 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company has organized its operations into four geographic regions. The geographic regions include North America, South America, Australia and Africa and represent the Company's operating segments. The results of these operating segments are reviewed by the Company's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segments and assess their performance. As a result, these operating segments represent the Company's reportable segments. Notwithstanding this structure, the Company internally reports information on a mine-by-mine basis for each mining operation and has chosen to disclose this information on the following tables. Income (loss) before income and mining tax and other items from reportable segments does not

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

reflect general corporate expenses, interest (except project-specific interest) or income and mining taxes. Intercompany revenue and expense amounts have been eliminated within each segment in order to report on the basis that management uses internally for evaluating segment performance. Newmont's business activities that are not considered operating segments are included in Corporate and Other. Although they are not required to be included in this footnote, they are provided for reconciliation purposes.

Unless otherwise noted, the Company presents only the reportable segments of its continuing operations in the tables below. The financial information relating to the Company's segments is as follows:

		Costs	Depreciation	Advanced Projects, Research	Income (Loss) before Income and	
		Applicable	and	and Development	Mining Tax	Capital
	C -1	4- C-1	A	and	and Other	F(1)
Three Months Ended	Sales	to Sales	Amortization	Exploration	Items	Expenditures(1)
March 31, 2018						
Carlin	\$ 304	\$ 199	\$ 52	\$ 7	\$ 42	\$ 30
Phoenix:	\$ 504	ў 199	φ 32	Ψ /	Ψ 42	φ 30
Gold	100	62	15			
Copper	26	16	4			
Total Phoenix	126	78	19	1	26	7
Twin Creeks	110	64	15	2	31	18
Long Canyon	59	16	19	6	19	3
CC&V	83	39	15	2	26	9
Other North America				4	(6)	2
North America	682	396	120	22	138	69
Yanacocha	143	114	30	10	(28)	16
Merian	166	67	22	3	74	22
Other South America	_		3	7	(16)	_
South America	309	181	55	20	30	38
Boddington:						
Gold	210	128	23			
Copper	52	31	6			
Total Boddington	262	159	29		74	16
Tanami	167	76	19	6	67	21

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Kalgoorlie	117	60	6	3	48	8
Other Australia			1	2	(2)	1
Australia	546	295	55	11	187	46
Ahafo	138	90	26	4	16	62
Akyem	142	67	42	3	24	10
Other Africa				1	(2)	
Africa	280	157	68	8	38	72
Corporate and Other	_	_	3	13	(110)	4
Consolidated	\$ 1,817	\$ 1,029	\$ 301	\$ 74	\$ 283	\$ 229

⁽¹⁾ Includes a decrease in accrued capital expenditures of \$2; consolidated capital expenditures on a cash basis were \$231.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

		Costs	Depreciation	Advanced Projects, Research	Income (Loss) before Income and	
		Applicable	and	and Development	Mining	Capital
				and	Other	
	Sales	to Sales	Amortization	Exploration	Items	Expenditures(1)
Three Months Ended						
March 31, 2017 Carlin	\$ 264	\$ 208	\$ 53	\$ 3	\$ (1)	\$ 48
Phoenix:	Ψ 204	φ 200	ψ 55	Ψ 3	Ψ (1)	Ψ +0
Gold	54	44	11			
Copper	26	18	5			
Total Phoenix	80	62	16	1	(2)	6
Twin Creeks	102	50	14	2	35	8
Long Canyon	39	12	13	5	9	4
CC&V	156	75	32	4	46	4
Other North America				3	(5)	2
North America	641	407	128	18	82	72
Yanacocha	179	119	36	4	9	11
Merian	133	48	21	4	60	16
Other South America	_		4	10	(19)	_
South America	312	167	61	18	50	27
Boddington:						
Gold	228	122	26			
Copper	45	21	4			
Total Boddington	273	143	30		86	15
Tanami	92	50	16	3	20	24
Kalgoorlie	104	52	4	2	43	4
Other Australia			2	1	(15)	1
Australia	469	245	52	6	134	44
Ahafo	114	76	23	6	9	17
Akyem	154	62	34	1	55	6
Other Africa				1	(1)	_
Africa	268	138	57	8	63	23

Corporate and Other			2	12	(135)	2
Consolidated	\$ 1,690	\$ 957	\$ 300	\$ 62	\$ 194	\$ 168

⁽¹⁾ Includes a decrease in accrued capital expenditures of \$12; consolidated capital expenditures on a cash basis were \$180.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

NOTE 5 SALES

The following table presents the Company's Sales by mining operation, product and inventory type:

		Gold Sales	Copper Sales		
	0.110.1	C	c	Copper	
	Gold Sales	from	from	Sales from	
	from Doré	Concentrate	Concentrate	Cathode	
					Total
TI N 1 T 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	Production	Production	Production	Production	Sales
Three Months Ended March 31, 2018	Φ 204	Ф	Φ.	ф	Φ 204
Carlin	\$ 304	\$ _	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 304
Phoenix	41	59	12	14	126
Twin Creeks	110	_	_	_	110
Long Canyon	59	_	_	_	59
CC&V	83		_		83
North America	597	59	12	14	682
Yanacocha	143		_	_	143
Merian	166	_			166
South America	309	_	_	_	309
Boddington	59	151	52	_	262
Tanami	167	_	_	_	167
Kalgoorlie	117	_	_	_	117
Australia	343	151	52	_	546
Ahafo	138			_	138
Akyem	142	_			142
Africa	280	_	_	_	280
Consolidated	\$ 1,529	\$ 210	\$ 64	\$ 14	\$ 1,817

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

		Gold Sales	Copper Sales		
	Gold Sales	from	from	Copper Sales	
	from Doré	Concentrate	Concentrate	from Cathode	
	Production	Production	Production	Production	Total Sales
Three Months Ended March 31, 2017		110000	110000	110000	24123
Carlin	\$ 264	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 264
Phoenix	24	30	15	11	80
Twin Creeks	102				102
Long Canyon	39	_	_	_	39
CC&V	150	6	_	_	156
North America	579	36	15	11	641
Yanacocha	179	_	_	_	179
Merian	133	_			133
South America	312	_	_	_	312
Boddington	59	169	45	_	273
Tanami	92				92
Kalgoorlie	104	_			104
Australia	255	169	45	_	469
Ahafo	114	_			114
Akyem	154				154
Africa	268			_	268
Consolidated	\$ 1,414	\$ 205	\$ 60	\$ 11	\$ 1,690

The following table details the receivables included within Trade receivables:

	A 201	t March 31,	At I 201	December 31,
Receivables from Sales:				
Gold sales from doré	\$	50	\$	_
Gold and copper sales from concentrate production		159		117
Copper sales from cathode production		2		7

Total receivables from Sales \$ 211 \$ 124

The impact to Sales from revenue initially recognized in previous periods due to the changes in the final pricing and changes in quantities resulting from assays is an increase of \$1 and \$2, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and an increase of \$11 and \$7, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

The impact to Sales from revenue recognized in current and previous periods due to the changes in the final pricing is an increase (decrease) of \$(2) and \$12 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The following tables summarize the impacts of adopting this standard on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the three months ended March 31, 2018:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2018		
			Balance without
		Effect of	Adoption
	As	Change	of ASC
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations	Reported	_	606
Sales	\$ 1,817	\$ (105)	\$ 1,712
Costs applicable to sales	\$ 1,029	\$ (62)	\$ 967
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 301	\$ (14)	\$ 287
Income (loss) before income and mining tax and other items	\$ 283	\$ (29)	\$ 254
Income and mining tax benefit (expense)	\$ (105)	\$ 8	\$ (97)
Net income (loss)	\$ 191	\$ (21)	\$ 170
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders:			
Continuing operations	\$ 170	\$ (21)	\$ 149
Discontinued operations	22		22
•	\$ 192	\$ (21)	\$ 171
Net income (loss) per common share			
Basic:			
Continuing operations	\$ 0.32	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.28
Discontinued operations	0.04	_	0.04
•	\$ 0.36	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.32
Diluted:		. ,	
Continuing operations	\$ 0.32	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.28
Discontinued operations	0.04	<u> </u>	0.04
•	\$ 0.36	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.32

Three Mo	nths Endec	d March 31
2018		
		Balance
		without
	Effect	Adoption
	of	raoption
As	Change	of ASC
Reported	Change	606

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Operating activities:

Net income (loss)	\$ 191	\$ (21)	\$ 170
Adjustments:			
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 301	\$ (14)	\$ 287
Deferred income taxes	\$ 10	\$ (2)	\$ 8
Net change in operating assets and liabilities	\$ (351)	\$ 37	\$ (314)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations	\$ 266	\$ —	\$ 266

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

	At March 3		
			Balance without
		Effect of	Adoption
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet	As Reported	Change	of ASC 606
Trade receivables	\$ 211	\$ (108)	\$ 103
Inventories	\$ 657	\$ 79	\$ 736
Deferred income tax assets	\$ 500	\$ 2	\$ 502
Total assets	\$ 20,483	\$ (27)	\$ 20,456
Income and mining taxes payable	\$ 216	\$ (6)	\$ 210
Total liabilities	\$ 8,928	\$ (6)	\$ 8,922
Retained earnings	\$ 380	\$ (21)	\$ 359
Newmont stockholders' equity	\$ 10,575	\$ (21)	\$ 10,554
Total equity	\$ 11,555	\$ (21)	\$ 11,534
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 20,483	\$ (27)	\$ 20,456

NOTE 6 RECLAMATION AND REMEDIATION

The Company's mining and exploration activities are subject to various domestic and international laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and are generally becoming more restrictive. The Company conducts its operations to protect public health and the environment and believes its operations are in compliance with applicable laws and regulations in all material respects. The Company has made, and expects to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations, but cannot predict the full amount of such future expenditures. Estimated future reclamation and remediation costs are based principally on current legal and regulatory requirements.

The Company's Reclamation and remediation expense consisted of:

	Three Mont	hs Ended
	March 31,	
	2018	2017
Reclamation accretion	\$ 24	\$ 23
Remediation adjustments	\$ 3	\$ 5
Remediation accretion	1	1
Total remediation expense	\$ 4	\$ 6
	\$ 28	\$ 29

The following are reconciliations of Reclamation and remediation liabilities:

	2018	2017
Reclamation balance at January 1,	\$ 2,144	\$ 1,913
Additions, changes in estimates and other	_	(1)
Payments, net	(5)	(5)
Accretion expense	24	23
Reclamation balance at March 31	\$ 2 163	\$ 1 930

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

	2018	2017
Remediation balance at January 1,	\$ 304	\$ 312
Additions, changes in estimates and other	_	2
Payments, net	(5)	(8)
Accretion expense	1	1
Remediation balance at March 31,	\$ 300	\$ 307

The current portion of reclamation liabilities was \$60 at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, and was included in Other current liabilities. The current portion of remediation liabilities was \$45 at March 31, 2018 and \$43 as of December 31, 2017, and was included in Other current liabilities. At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, \$2,163 and \$2,144, respectively, were accrued for reclamation obligations relating to operating properties. In addition, the Company is involved in several matters concerning environmental remediation obligations associated with former, primarily historic, mining activities. Generally, these matters concern developing and implementing remediation plans at the various sites involved. At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, \$300 and \$304, respectively, were accrued for such environmental remediation obligations.

Non-current restricted cash held for purposes of settling reclamation and remediation obligations was \$34 at March 31, 2018 and \$38 at December 31, 2017. Of the amounts at March 31, 2018, \$25 was related to the Ahafo and Akyem mines in Ghana, Africa, \$8 was related to the Con mine in Yellowknife, NWT, Canada, and \$1 was related to the San Jose Reservoir in Yanacocha, Peru. Of the amounts at December 31, 2017, \$25 was related to the Ahafo and Akyem mines, \$6 was related to the Con mine, \$6 was related to the San Jose Reservoir, and \$1 was related to the Midnite mine site.

Included in Other non-current assets at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, was \$68 and \$64, respectively, of non-current restricted investments, which are legally pledged for purposes of settling reclamation and remediation obligations related to the San Jose Reservoir, Midnite mine site and for various locations in Nevada.

Refer to Note 25 for further discussion of reclamation and remediation matters.

NOTE 7 OTHER EXPENSE, NET

Three Months Ende		
March 31,		
2018	2017	
\$ 6	\$ 7	
_	3	
	2	
5	5	
\$ 11	\$ 17	
	March 31, 2018	

Restructuring and other. Restructuring and other primarily represents certain costs associated with severance and legal settlements for all periods presented.

Impairment of long-lived assets. Impairment of long-lived assets primarily relates to non-cash write-downs of obsolete assets at Yanacocha and Australia in 2017.

Acquisition cost adjustments. Acquisition cost adjustments represent net adjustments to the contingent consideration and related liabilities associated with the acquisition of the final 33.33% interest in Boddington in June 2009 for all periods presented.

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

NOTE 8 OTHER INCOME, NET

	Three Months Ended		
	March 31	l ,	
	2018	2017	
Interest	\$ 11	\$ 4	
Foreign currency exchange, net	7	(17)	
Gain (loss) on asset and investment sales, net	(1)	2	
Other	4	2	
	\$ 21	\$ (9)	

Foreign currency exchange, net. Although the majority of the Company's balances are denominated in U.S. dollars, foreign currency exchange gains (losses) are recognized on balances to be satisfied in local currencies. These balances primarily relate to the timing of payments for employee-related benefits and other current liabilities in Australia, Peru and Suriname.

NOTE 9 INCOME AND MINING TAXES

A reconciliation of the U.S. federal statutory tax rate to the Company's effective income tax rate follows:

	Three N	Months Ende	d March 31 2017	,
Income (loss) before income and mining tax and other items		\$ 283		\$ 194
U.S. Federal statutory tax rate	21 %	\$ 59	35 %	\$ 68
Reconciling items:				
Percentage depletion	(6)	(17)	(17)	(32)
Change in valuation allowance on deferred tax assets	6	18	35	67
Mining and other taxes	7	21	10	19
Foreign rate differential	11	31		
U.S. tax effect of noncontrolling interest attributable to non-U.S.				
investees	(3)	(9)		
Other	1	2	(6)	(11)
Income and mining tax expense	37 %	\$ 105	57 %	\$ 111

The Company continues to assess the income tax effects of the Act which was enacted on December 22, 2017. The Company anticipates completing the analysis within the one year measurement period. There are no new estimates or

finalized income tax items associated with the Act included in the income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

NOTE 10 NET INCOME (LOSS) FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The details of Net income (loss) from discontinued operations are set forth below:

	Three M Ended	Months March 31,
	2018	2017
Holt royalty obligation	\$ 19	\$ (23)
Batu Hijau contingent consideration (1)	3	
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ 22	\$ (23)

⁽¹⁾ See Note 15 for details on the Batu Hijau contingent consideration.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The Holt Royalty Obligation

At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the estimated fair value of the Holt royalty obligation was \$217 and \$243, respectively. Changes to the estimated fair value resulting from periodic revaluations are recorded to Net income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax. During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company recorded a gain (loss) of \$19 and \$(23), net of tax benefit (expense) of \$(4) and \$13, respectively, related to the Holt royalty obligation.

The Company paid \$3 during the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, related to the Holt royalty obligation. Refer to Note 15 for additional information on the Holt royalty obligation.

NOTE 11 NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS

	Three Mor	Three Months Ended			
	March 31,				
	2018 2017				
Merian	\$ 17	\$ 13			
Yanacocha	(18)	(1)			
Other		(1)			
	\$ (1)	\$ 11			

Newmont has a 75.0% economic interest in Suriname Gold Project C.V. ("Merian"), with the remaining interests held by Staatsolie Maatschappij Suriname N.V. ("Staatsolie"), a company wholly owned by the Republic of Suriname. Newmont consolidates Merian, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Newmont Suriname LLC., in its Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as the primary beneficiary in the variable interest entity.

In December 2017, Yanacocha repurchased 64 million shares (a 5% ownership) from International Finance Corporation, which resulted in Newmont's ownership in Yanacocha increasing from 51.35% to 54.05%, with the remaining interests held by Buenaventura (which increased from 43.65% to 45.95%). Newmont consolidates Yanacocha in its Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements due to a majority voting interest.

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The following summarizes the assets and liabilities of Merian (including noncontrolling interests):

	At March 31, 2018		At 1 201	December 31,
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	54	\$	27
Trade receivables		42		_
Inventories		76		79
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads		21		21
Other current assets (1)		4		6
		197		133
Non-current assets:				
Property, plant and mine development, net		771		769
Other non-current assets (2)		12		8
Total assets	\$	980	\$	910
Current liabilities:				
Other current liabilities (3)	\$	52	\$	50
		52		50
Non-current liabilities:				
Reclamation and remediation liabilities		18		18
Other non-current liabilities (4)		1		1
Total liabilities	\$	71	\$	69

⁽¹⁾ Other current assets include other accounts receivables, prepaid assets and other current assets.

NOTE 12 NET INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE

Basic net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing income available to Newmont common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income (loss) per common share is computed similarly, except that weighted average common shares is increased to reflect all dilutive instruments, including employee stock

⁽²⁾ Other non-current assets include intangibles, stockpiles and ore on leach pads.

⁽³⁾ Other current liabilities include accounts payable, employee-related benefits and other current liabilities.

⁽⁴⁾ Other non-current liabilities include employee-related benefits.

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

awards and convertible debt instruments. The dilutive effects of Newmont's dilutive securities are calculated using the treasury stock method and only those instruments that result in a reduction in net income per share are included in the calculation.

	Three Months End March 31,		
	2018	2017	
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders:			
Continuing operations	\$ 170	\$ 70	
Discontinued operations	22	(23)	
	\$ 192	\$ 47	
Weighted average common shares (millions):			
Basic	534	532	
Effect of employee stock-based awards	1	1	
Diluted	535	533	
Net income (loss) per common share attributable to Newmont stockholders: Basic:			
Continuing operations	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.13	
Discontinued operations	0.04	(0.04)	
	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.09	
Diluted:			
Continuing operations	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.13	
Discontinued operations	0.04	(0.04)	
-	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.09	

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company repurchased and retired approximately 1.7 million shares of its common stock for \$64. Additionally, during the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company withheld 1.0 million shares for payments of employee withholding taxes related to the vesting of stock awards.

When treasury shares are retired, the Company's policy is to allocate the excess of the repurchase price over the par value of shares acquired to both Retained earnings and Additional paid-in capital. The portion allocated to Additional paid-in capital is calculated on a pro-rata basis of the shares to be retired and the total shares issued and outstanding as of the date of the retirement.

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

NOTE 13 EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

	Three Months Ended			
	March 31,			
	2018	2017		
Pension benefit costs, net (1):				
Service cost	\$ 8	\$ 7		
Interest cost	10	11		
Expected return on plan assets	(17)	(15)		
Amortization, net	8	7		
Settlements		4		
	\$ 9	\$ 14		
	Three Mon	ths Ended		
	March 31,			
	2018	2017		
Other benefit costs, net (1):				
Interest cost	\$ 1	\$ 1		
Amortization, net	(2)	(1)		
·	\$ (1)	\$ _		

⁽¹⁾ Service costs are included in Costs applicable to sales or General and administrative and the other components of benefit costs and settlements are included in Other income, net.

NOTE 14 STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Three Months Ended			
Iarch 31,			
018	20	17	
9	\$	8	
10		7	
		1	
19	\$	16	
	March 31, 018	March 31, 018 20	

NOTE 15 FAIR VALUE ACCOUNTING

Fair value accounting establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Quoted prices in markets that are not active, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability; and
- Level 3 Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The following tables set forth the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis (at least annually) by level within the fair value hierarchy. As required by accounting guidance, assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

	Fair Value at March 31, 2018			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,111	\$ 3,111	\$ —	\$ —
Restricted cash	35	35		_
Trade receivable from provisional gold and copper concentrate				
sales, net	152		152	_
Diesel forward derivative contracts	5		5	_
Marketable equity securities	163	163		
Restricted marketable debt securities	61	22	39	_
Restricted other assets	7	7		
Batu Hijau contingent consideration	27			27
	\$ 3,561	\$ 3,338	\$ 196	\$ 27
Liabilities:				
Debt (1)	\$ 4,518	\$ —	\$ 4,518	\$ —
Holt royalty obligation	217			217
	\$ 4,735	\$ —	\$ 4,518	\$ 217
	Fair Value	at December	31, 2017	
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,259	\$ 3,259	\$ —	\$ —
Restricted cash	39	39		_
Trade receivable from provisional gold and copper concentrate				
sales, net	111		111	_
Diesel forward derivative contracts	6		6	_
Marketable equity securities	165	165		
Restricted marketable debt securities	55	17	38	
Restricted other assets	9	9		_
Batu Hijau contingent consideration	23			23
	\$ 3,667	\$ 3,489	\$ 155	\$ 23
Liabilities:				
Debt (1)	\$ 4,671	\$ —	\$ 4,671	\$ —
Foreign exchange forward derivative contracts	1		1	
Holt royalty obligation	243			243
	\$ 4,915	\$ —	\$ 4,672	\$ 243

(1) Debt, exclusive of capital leases, is carried at amortized cost. The outstanding carrying value was \$4,041 and \$4,040 at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The fair value measurement of debt was based on an independent third party pricing source.

The fair values of the derivative instruments in the table above are presented on a net basis. The gross amounts related to the fair value of the derivative instruments above are included in Note 16. All other fair value disclosures in the above table are presented on a gross basis.

The Company's cash and cash equivalent and restricted cash (which includes restricted cash and cash equivalent) instruments are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy because they are valued using quoted market prices. The cash and cash equivalent instruments and restricted cash are valued based on quoted market prices in active markets and are primarily money market securities and U.S. Treasury securities.

Table of Contents

Description

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The Company's net trade receivables from provisional gold and copper concentrate sales, which contain an embedded derivative and are subject to final pricing, are valued using quoted market prices based on forward curves for the particular metal. As the contracts themselves are not traded on an exchange, these receivables are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Company's derivative instruments are valued using pricing models, and the Company generally uses similar models to value similar instruments. Valuation models require a variety of inputs, including contractual terms, market prices, forward curves, measures of volatility, and correlations of such inputs. The Company's derivatives trade in liquid markets, and as such, model inputs can generally be verified and do not involve significant management judgment. Such instruments are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Company's marketable equity securities are valued using quoted market prices in active markets and as such are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the marketable equity securities are calculated as the quoted market price of the marketable equity security multiplied by the quantity of shares held by the Company.

The Company's restricted marketable debt securities are primarily U.S. government issued bonds and international bonds. The Company's South American debt securities are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy, using published market prices of actively traded securities. The Company's North American debt securities are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as they are valued using pricing models which are based on prices of similar, actively traded securities.

The Company's restricted other assets primarily consist of bank issued certificate of deposits that have maturities over 90 days and marketable equity securities. Both are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy as their fair values are based on quoted prices available in active markets.

The estimated value of the Batu Hijau contingent consideration was determined using (i) a discounted cash flow model, (ii) a Monte Carlo valuation model to simulate future copper prices using the Company's long-term copper price, and (iii) estimated production and/or development dates for Batu Hijau Phase 7 and the Elang projects in Indonesia. The contingent consideration is classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The estimated fair value of the Holt royalty obligation was determined using (i) a discounted cash flow model, (ii) a Monte Carlo valuation model to simulate future gold prices using the Company's long-term gold price, (iii) various gold production scenarios from reserve and resource information and (iv) a weighted average discount rate. The royalty obligation is classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The following tables set forth a summary of the quantitative and qualitative information related to the unobservable inputs used in the calculation of the Company's Level 3 financial assets and liabilities at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

At
March 31, Range/Weighted
2018 Valuation technique Unobservable input average

Batu Hijau contingent					
consideration	\$ 27	Monte Carlo	Discount rate	17.50	%
			Short-term copper price	\$ 3.16	
			Long-term copper price	\$ 3.00	
Holt royalty					
obligation	\$ 217	Monte Carlo	Discount rate	3.82	%
-			Short-term gold price	\$ 1,329	
			Long-term gold price	\$ 1,300	
			Gold production scenarios (in		
			000's of ounces)	350 - 1,592	ļ
28					

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

	At December 31,						Range/Weighted		
Description Batu Hijau contingent	20	17	Valuation technique	Unobservable input	av	erage			
consideration	\$	23	Monte Carlo	Discount rate		17.50	%		
				Short-term copper price	\$	3.09			
				Long-term copper price	\$	3.00			
Holt royalty									
obligation	\$	243	Monte Carlo	Discount rate		3.32	%		
				Short-term gold price	\$	1,275			
				Long-term gold price Gold production scenarios	\$	1,300			
				(in 000's of ounces)		402 - 1,7	79		

The following tables set forth a summary of changes in the fair value of the Company's Level 3 financial assets and liabilities:

	Bat	u Hijau			Η	olt		
	Con	ntingent	To	tal	R	oyalty	To	otal
	Con	sideration			O	bligation		
	(1)		A	Assets	(1)	Li	abilities
Fair value at December 31, 2017	\$	23	\$	23	\$	243	\$	243
Settlements		_				(3)		(3)
Revaluation		4		4		(23)		(23)
Fair value at March 31, 2018	\$	27	\$	27	\$	217	\$	217

	Asset Backed Commercial	Batu Hijau Contingent Consideration	Total	Holt Royalty Obligation	Total
	Paper (2)	(1)	Assets	(1)	Liabilities
Fair value at December 31, 2016	\$ 18	\$ 13	\$ 31	\$ 187	\$ 187
Settlements	(18)		(18)	(3)	(3)
Revaluation			_	36	36
Fair value at March 31, 2017	\$ —	\$ 13	\$ 13	\$ 220	\$ 220

⁽¹⁾ The gain (loss) recognized is included in Net income (loss) from discontinued operations.

(2) The gain (loss) recognized is included in Other income, net.

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NOTE 16 DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Company's strategy is to provide shareholders with leverage to changes in gold and copper prices by selling its production at spot market prices. Consequently, the Company does not hedge its gold and copper sales. The Company has and will continue to manage certain risks associated with commodity input costs, interest rates and foreign currencies using the derivative market.

Cash Flow Hedges

The Company uses hedge programs to mitigate the variability of its operating costs primarily related to diesel price fluctuations. Prior to adoption of ASU No. 2017-12, Newmont's hedge portfolio consisted of Nevada diesel swaps and Australian dollar foreign currency forwards. Subsequent to the adoption of this ASU, the Company initiated new diesel hedge programs for all of its Nevada sites in North America, Merian in South America and Boddington, Tanami and KCGM in Australia. The Company's final Australian dollar foreign currency forwards expired during the quarter.

The following diesel contracts were transacted for risk management purposes and qualify as cash flow hedges. The unrealized changes in market value have been recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and are reclassified to income during the period in which the hedged transaction affects earnings.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The Company has the following diesel derivative contracts outstanding at March 31, 2018:

	Expecte				
	2018	2019	2020	2021	Total/ Average
Diesel Fixed Forward Contracts: North America					
Diesel gallons (millions) Average rate (\$/gallon)	12 1.67	3 1.78	2 1.93	 1.90	17 1.73
South America Diesel gallons (millions) Average rate (\$/gallon)	_		1 1.87	 1.87	1 1.87
Australia Diesel barrels (thousands) Average rate (\$/barrel)	<u> </u>		45 75.84	_	45 75.84

The hedging instruments at the sites above consist of a series of financially settled fixed forward contracts, which run through the first quarter of 2021 in North America, the first quarter of 2021 in South America, and the third quarter of 2020 in Australia.

Derivative Instrument Fair Values

The Company had the following derivative instruments designated as hedges at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Fair Valu	es of Derivative I	nstruments				
	At March 31, 2018						
	Other	Other	Other	Other			
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current			
	Assets	Assets	Liabilities	Liabilities			
Diesel fixed forwards	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —			

Fair Values of Derivative Instruments
At December 31, 2017
Other Other Other Other
Current Non-current Current Non-current

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	Assets	Assets	Liabilities	Liabilities
A\$ operating fixed forwards	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —
Diesel fixed forwards	6		_	
	\$ 6	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, all hedging instruments held by the Company were subject to enforceable master netting arrangements held by various financial institutions. In general, the terms of the Company's agreements provide for offsetting of amounts payable or receivable between it and the counterparty, at the election of both parties, for transactions that occur on the same date and in the same currency. The Company's agreements also provide that in the event of an early termination, the counterparties have the right to offset amounts owed or owing under that and any other agreement with the same counterparty. The Company's accounting policy is to not offset these positions in its accompanying balance sheets. As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the potential effect of netting derivative assets against liabilities due to the master netting agreement was not significant.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The following table shows the effect of cash flow hedge accounting in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

(Gain) Loss Recognized from			ed from
Cash Flow Hedges			
Three Months Ended March 3			March 31,
20	2018 2017		
\$	1,029	\$	957
\$	(2)	\$	2
\$	3	\$	8
\$	53	\$	67
\$	3	\$	2
	Ca Th 20 \$ \$ \$	Cash Flow Hee Three Months 2018 \$ 1,029 \$ (2) \$ 3 \$ 53	Cash Flow Hedges Three Months Ended M 2018 20 \$ 1,029 \$ \$ (2) \$ \$ 3 \$ \$ 53 \$

The following table shows the location and amount of (gains) losses reported in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements related to the Company's hedges.

	Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts		Diesel Fixed Forward Contracts		Interest Rate Contracts	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
For the three months ended March 31,						
Cash flow hedging relationships:						
(Gain) loss recognized in Other comprehensive						
income (loss)	\$ —	\$ (4)	\$ (1)	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ —
(Gain) loss reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into income (loss)	\$ 3	\$ 8	\$ (2)	\$ 2	\$ 3	\$ 2

At March 31, 2018, the amount expected to be reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax to income during the next 12 months is a loss of approximately \$6.

Batu Hijau Contingent Consideration

Consideration received by the Company in conjunction with the sale of PT Newmont Nusa Tenggara included the Contingent Payment and the Elang Development deferred payment deeds, which were determined to be financial instruments that met the definition of a derivative, but do not qualify for hedge accounting, under ASC 815. See Note 15 for additional information. Contingent consideration of \$27 and \$23 was included in Other non-current assets in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Provisional Gold and Copper Sales

The Company's provisional gold and copper concentrate sales contain an embedded derivative that is required to be separated from the host contract for accounting purposes. The host contract is the receivable from the sale of the gold and copper concentrates at the prevailing indices' prices at the time of sale. The embedded derivative, which does not qualify for hedge accounting, is marked to market through earnings each period prior to final settlement.

At March 31, 2018, Newmont had gold and copper sales of 97,000 ounces and 20 million pounds priced at an average of \$1,328 per ounce and \$3.04 per pound, respectively, subject to final pricing over the next several months.

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

NOTE 17 INVESTMENTS

	Fair	March 31, 2018 Value/ htty Basis (1)
Current:		
Marketable equity securities	\$	59
Non-current: Marketable equity securities: Continental Gold Inc. Other marketable equity securities	\$	103 1 104
Other investments		12
Equity method investments: TMAC Resources Inc. (28.76%) Minera La Zanja S.R.L. (46.94%)		108 49 157
	\$	273
Non-current restricted investments: (2) Marketable debt securities (3) Other assets	\$ \$	61 7 68

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

	At Decen	Fair					
	Cost/Equ	Cost/EquityUnrealized					
	Basis	Gain	Loss	Basis (1)			
Current: Marketable equity securities	\$ 38	\$ 32	\$ (8)	\$ 62			
Non-current: Marketable equity securities:							
Continental Gold Inc.	\$ 109	\$ —	\$ (8)	\$ 101			
Other marketable equity securities	4 113	_	(2) (10)	2 103			
Other investments	12	_	_	12			
Equity method investments:							
TMAC Resources Inc. (28.79%)	115		_	115			
Minera La Zanja S.R.L. (46.94%)	50			50			
	165	\$ 	<u> </u>	165			
	\$ 290	5 —	\$ (10)	\$ 280			
Non-current restricted investments: (2)							
Marketable debt securities	\$ 58	\$ —	\$ (3)	\$ 55			
Other assets	8	1		9			
	\$ 66	\$ 1	\$ (3)	\$ 64			

⁽¹⁾ Subsequent to adopting ASU No. 2016-01 as of January 1, 2018, gains and losses related to marketable equity securities are recorded in Other income, net. Previously, gains and losses related to marketable equity securities were recorded in Other comprehensive income (loss).

NOTE 18 INVENTORIES

⁽²⁾ Non-current restricted investments are legally pledged for purposes of settling reclamation and remediation obligations and are included in Other non-current assets. For further information regarding these amounts, see Note 6.

⁽³⁾ There was \$1 of unrealized gain recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as of March 31, 2018, related to marketable debt securities.

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	A 201	at March 31,	At December 31, 2017			
Materials and supplies	\$	421	\$	416		
In-process		121		131		
Concentrate and copper cathode		75		83		
Precious metals		40		49		
	\$	657	\$	679		

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

NOTE 19 STOCKPILES AND ORE ON LEACH PADS

	At March 31,		At	December 31,		
	20	18	20	17		
Current:						
Stockpiles	\$	304	\$	330		
Ore on leach pads		336		346		
	\$	640	\$	676		
Non-current:						
Stockpiles	\$	1,514	\$	1,502		
Ore on leach pads		383		346		
_	\$	1,897	\$	1,848		

	At March 31, 2018		At 20	December 31,
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads:				
Carlin	\$	440	\$	441
Phoenix		67		68
Twin Creeks		334		340
Long Canyon		43		34
CC&V		328		314
Yanacocha		259		270
Merian		29		25
Boddington		448		431
Tanami		3		4
Kalgoorlie		130		125
Ahafo		398		409
Akyem		58		63
•	\$	2,537	\$	2,524

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company recorded write-downs of \$79 and \$29, classified as components of Costs applicable to sale and Depreciation and amortization, respectively, to reduce the carrying value of stockpiles and ore on leach pads to net realizable value. Of the write-downs during the three months ended March 31, 2018, \$26 is related to Carlin, \$16 to Twin Creeks, \$24 to Yanacocha, \$20 to Ahafo and \$22 to Akyem.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company recorded write-downs of \$40 and \$13, classified as components of Costs applicable to sales and Depreciation and amortization, respectively, to reduce the carrying value of stockpiles and ore on leach pads to net realizable value. Of the write-downs during the three months ended March

31, 2017, \$23 was related to Carlin, \$4 to Twin Creeks, \$8 to Yanacocha and \$18 to Ahafo.

NOTE 20 DEBT

Scheduled minimum debt repayments are \$- for the remainder of 2018, \$626 in 2019, \$- in 2020, \$- in 2021, \$992 in 2022 and \$2,474 thereafter. Scheduled minimum capital lease repayments are \$3 for the remainder of 2018, \$3 in 2019, \$1 in 2020, \$1 in 2021, \$1 in 2022 and \$1 thereafter.

In December 2017, the Company began the early phases of the Tanami Power project which includes the construction of a gas pipeline to the Tanami site, and construction and operation of two on-site power stations under agreements that qualify for build-to-suit lease accounting. As of March 31, 2018, the financing obligations under the build-to-suit arrangements were \$44, of which \$3 was classified as current.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

NOTE 21 OTHER LIABILITIES

	At March 31, 2018		At I 201	December 31,
Other current liabilities:				
Reclamation and remediation liabilities	\$	105	\$	103
Accrued operating costs		103		124
Accrued capital expenditures		71		77
Accrued interest		62		52
Royalties		34		63
Holt royalty obligation		15		15
Taxes other than income and mining		8		7
Derivative instruments				1
Other		9		20
	\$	407	\$	462
Other non-current liabilities:				
Holt royalty obligation	\$	202	\$	228
Income and mining taxes		47		47
Power supply agreements		31		32
Social development obligations		22		22
Other		9		13
	\$	311	\$	342

NOTE 22 RECLASSIFICATIONS OUT OF ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

			Pension and	Unrealized Ga	ain
	Unrealized Gai	inForeign	Other	(Loss) on	
	(Loss) on Currency Marketable Translation		Post-retiremen	ntCash flow	
			Benefit	Hedge	
	Securities, net	Adjustments	s Adjustments	Instruments	Total
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ (116)	\$ 130	\$ (208)	\$ (98)	\$ (292)
Cumulative effect adjustment of adopting					
ASU No. 2016-01	115			_	115
Net current-period other comprehensive					
income (loss):					

Change in other comprehensive income					
(loss) before reclassifications	2	(3)	_	1	_
Reclassifications from accumulated other					
comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	5	3	8
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 2	\$ (3)	\$ 5	\$ 4	\$ 8
Balance at March 31, 2018	\$ 1	\$ 127	\$ (203)	\$ (94)	\$ (169)

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Components	Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensiv Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 2017				Affected Line Item in the Condensed Consolidated Statements e IndoOpee(Inions):	
Pension and other post-retirement benefit						
adjustments:						
Amortization	\$	6	\$	6	Other income, net	
Settlements		_		4	Other income, net	
Total before tax		6		10		
Tax		(1)		(4)		
Net of tax	\$	5	\$	6		
Hedge instruments adjustments:						
Operating cash flow hedges	\$	1	\$	10	Costs applicable to sales	
Interest rate contracts		3		2	Interest expense, net	
Total before tax		4		12		
Tax		(1)		(4)		
Net of tax	\$	3	\$	8		
Total reclassifications for the period, net of tax	\$	8	\$	14		

NOTE 23 NET CHANGE IN OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations attributable to the net change in operating assets and liabilities is composed of the following:

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2018	2017		
Decrease (increase) in operating assets:				
Trade and other accounts receivables	\$ (77)	\$ 39		
Inventories, stockpiles and ore on leach pads	(89)	(55)		
Other assets	(4)	(2)		

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Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	(91)	(57)
Reclamation and remediation liabilities	(10)	(13)
Employee related liabilities	(80)	(96)
	\$ (351)	\$ (184)

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

NOTE 24 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following Condensed Consolidating Financial Statements are presented to satisfy disclosure requirements of Rule 3-10(e) of Regulation S-X resulting from the inclusion of Newmont USA Limited ("Newmont USA"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Newmont, as a co-registrant with Newmont on debt securities issued under a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 filed under the Securities Act of 1933 under which securities of Newmont (including debt securities guaranteed by Newmont USA) may be issued (the "Shelf Registration Statement"). In accordance with Rule 3-10(e) of Regulation S-X, Newmont USA, as the subsidiary guarantor, is 100% owned by Newmont, the guarantees are full and unconditional, and no other subsidiary of Newmont guaranteed any security issued under the Shelf Registration Statement. There are no restrictions on the ability of Newmont or Newmont USA to obtain funds from its subsidiaries by dividend or loan.

Certain amounts have been retrospectively reclassified for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and at December 31, 2017 to conform to the current period presentation and reflect a change in Newmont's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows required with the adoption of ASU No. 2016-15 and ASU No. 2016-18, the correction of an error related to Newmont's reclamation and remediation liabilities and other adjustments as described in Note 2.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2018					
	(Issuer)	(Guarantor)	(Non-Guarantor)		Newmont	
	Newmont				Mining	
	Mining	Newmont	Other		Corporation	
Condensed Consolidating Statement of						
Operation	CorporatiorUSA		Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated	
Sales	\$ —	\$ 512	\$ 1,305	\$ —	\$ 1,817	
Costs and expenses:						
Costs applicable to sales (1)	_	324	705		1,029	
Depreciation and amortization	1	87	213		301	
Reclamation and remediation	_	3	25		28	
Exploration	_	11	29		40	
Advanced projects, research and						
development		6	28		34	
General and administrative	_	19	40		59	
Other expense, net	_	1	10		11	
	1	451	1,050		1,502	
Other income (expense):						
Other income, net	8	7	6		21	
Interest income - intercompany	34	11	9	(54)	_	
Interest expense - intercompany	(8)		(46)	54	_	
Interest expense, net	(49)	(2)	(2)		(53)	
	(15)	16	(33)		(32)	
Income (loss) before income and mining						
tax and other items	(16)	77	222		283	

Income and mining tax benefit (expense) Equity income (loss) of affiliates	3 205	(14) (57)	(94) (9)	— (148)	(105) (9)
Net income (loss) from continuing		, ,			
operations Net income (loss) from discontinued	192	6	119	(148)	169
operations		_	22	_	22
Net income (loss)	192	6	141	(148)	191
Net loss (income) attributable to					
noncontrolling interests			1	_	1
Net income (loss) attributable to					
Newmont stockholders	\$ 192	\$ 6	\$ 142	\$ (148)	\$ 192
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 200	\$ 6	\$ 141	\$ (148)	\$ 199
Comprehensive loss (income)					
attributable to noncontrolling interests			1		1
Comprehensive income (loss)					
attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 200	\$ 6	\$ 142	\$ (148)	\$ 200

⁽¹⁾ Excludes Depreciation and amortization and Reclamation and remediation.

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

	Newmont Mining Corporation Consolidated Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 As		
	Previously		As
Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operation	•	Adjustments	Revised
Sales	\$ 1,659	\$ 31	\$ 1,690
Costs and expenses:			
Costs applicable to sales (1)	933	24	957
Depreciation and amortization	293	7	300
Reclamation and remediation	30	(1)	29
Exploration	36		36
Advanced projects, research and development	26	_	26
General and administrative	55	_	55
Other expense, net	17	_	17
	1,390	30	1,420
Other income (expense):			
Other income, net	(9)		(9)
Interest income - intercompany	_		_
Interest expense - intercompany			
Interest expense, net	(67)		(67)
•	(76)		(76)
Income (loss) before income and mining tax and other items	193	1	194
Income and mining tax benefit (expense)	(110)	(1)	(111)
Equity income (loss) of affiliates	(2)	_	(2)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	81		81
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations	(23)		(23)
Net income (loss)	58	_	58
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(12)	1	(11)
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 46	\$ 1	\$ 47
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 70	\$ —	\$ 70
Comprehensive loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(12)	1	(11)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 58	\$ 1	\$ 59
comprehensive meeting (1999) and remaine to the initial stockholders	4 20	₩ ±	Ψ 0,

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

	Three Moi (Issuer)		ed March	31, 2017 (Guaranto	or)		(Non-Guar	antor)		
	Newmont Mining Corporation		Newmon	t USA		Other Subs	idiaries		Elimination	
Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operation Sales Costs and	As Previously Reported \$ —		As n Rus ised \$ —	As Previousl Reported \$ 403	•	As ne Rts vised \$ 424	As Previously Reported \$ 1,256	Adjustm \$ 10	As neRtesvised \$ 1,266	As Previously Reported \$ —
expenses: Costs applicable to sales (1)	_	_	_	285	18	303	648	6	654	_
Depreciation and amortization Reclamation and	1	_	1	79	4	83	213	3	216	_
remediation Exploration Advanced projects,		_	_	4 9	(1)	3 9	26 27	_	26 27	_
research and development General and	_	_	_	1	_	1	25	_	25	_
administrative Other expense,	_	_	_	17	_	17	38	_	38	_
Other income (expense): Other income,	1	_	1	6 401	21	6 422	11 988	9	11 997	_
net Interest income	3	_	3	_	_	_	(12)	_	(12)	_
intercompany Interest expense -	24	_	24	_	_	_	7	_	7	(31)
intercompany	(8) (62)	_	(8) (62)	(2)	_	(2)	(23) (3)	_	(23) (3)	31

Interest expense, net Income (loss) before income	(43)	_	(43)	(2)	_	(2)	(31)	_	(31)	_
and mining tax and other items Income and mining tax	(44)	_	(44)	_	_	_	237	1	238	_
benefit (expense) Equity income	16	_	16	_	_	_	(126)	(1)	(127)	_
(loss) of affiliates Net income (loss) from	74	1	75	(84)	_	(84)	(1)	(1)	(2)	9
continuing operations Net income (loss) from	46	1	47	(84)	_	(84)	110	(1)	109	9
discontinued operations		_	_	_	_	_	(23)	_	(23)	_
Net income (loss) Net loss (income) attributable to	46	1	47	(84)	_	(84)	87	(1)	86	9
noncontrolling interests Net income (loss) attributable to	_	_	_	_	_	_	(12)	1	(11)	_
Newmont stockholders	\$ 46	\$ 1	\$ 47	\$ (84)	\$ —	\$ (84)	\$ 75	\$ —	\$ 75	\$ 9
Comprehensive income (loss) Comprehensive loss (income) attributable to	\$ 58	\$ 1	\$ 59	\$ (79)	\$ (1)	\$ (80)	\$ 82	\$ —	\$ 82	\$ 9
noncontrolling interests Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Newmont	_	_	_	_	-	_	(12)	1	(11)	_
stockholders	\$ 58	\$ 1	\$ 59	\$ (79)	\$ (1)	\$ (80)	\$ 70	\$ 1	\$ 71	\$ 9

⁽¹⁾ Excludes Depreciation and amortization and Reclamation and remediation.

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

	Three Mo (Issuer) Newmont	onths Ended M (Guarantor)	or)	Newmont Mining	
	Mining	Newmont	Other		Corporation
Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows	Corporation	041CA	Subsidiaries	Eliminatio	ns Consolidated
Operating activities:	Corporati	OIUSA	Subsidiaries	Lillilliatio	ns consondated
Net cash provided by (used in) operating					
activities of continuing operations	\$ (24)	\$ 75	\$ 215	\$ —	\$ 266
Net cash provided by (used in) operating	,				
activities of discontinued operations			(3)		(3)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating					
activities	(24)	75	212		263
Investing activities:					
Additions to property, plant and mine					
development		(58)	(173)		(231)
Proceeds from sales of investments	_	_	_		
Other	_	2	(7)		(5)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing		(5.6)	(100)		(226)
activities	_	(56)	(180)		(236)
Financing activities:	(7.6)				(7.6)
Dividends paid to common stockholders	(76)				(76)
Repurchase of common stock	(64)	_	_	_	(64)
Payments for withholding of employee taxes		(20)			(20)
related to stock-based compensation Funding from noncontrolling interests	_	(39)	32	_	(39) 32
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	_	_	(31)		(31)
Net intercompany borrowings (repayments)	— 164	20	(184)		(31)
Other	104	20	(1)		(1)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing	_		(1)	_	(1)
activities	24	(19)	(184)		(179)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash,	21	(17)	(101)		(17))
cash equivalents and restricted cash	_				
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and					
restricted cash	_		(152)		(152)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at					,
beginning of period		_	3,298	_	3,298
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at					
end of period	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,146	\$ —	\$ 3,146

Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,111	\$ _	\$ 3,111
Restricted cash included in Other current					
assets	_		1		1
Restricted cash included in Other noncurrent					
assets	_		34		34
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted					
cash	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,146	\$ 	\$ 3,146
			·		•
40					

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

	Three Mo (Issuer) Newmont	(Guarantor)	Iarch 31, 2017 (Non-Guaranto	or)	Newmont Mining
	Mining	Newmont	Other		Corporation
Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows Operating activities:	Corporation	orUSA	Subsidiaries	Elimination	ns Consolidated
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations Net cash provided by (used in) operating	\$ (51)	\$ (12)	\$ 440	\$ —	\$ 377
activities of discontinued operations Net cash provided by (used in) operating	_		(6)		(6)
activities	(51)	(12)	434	_	371
Investing activities: Additions to property, plant and mine					
development		(60)	(120)		(180)
Proceeds from sales of investments			19		19
Other			3		3
Net cash provided by (used in) investing					
activities		(60)	(98)	_	(158)
Financing activities:					
Dividends paid to common stockholders	(27)	_	_	_	(27)
Repurchase of common stock			_	_	
Payments for withholding of employee taxes					
related to stock-based compensation		(13)			(13)
Funding from noncontrolling interests			21		21
Distributions to noncontrolling interests			(32)		(32)
Net intercompany borrowings (repayments)	78	86	(164)		
Other	_	(1)		_	(1)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing					
activities	51	72	(175)	_	(52)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash,					
cash equivalents and restricted cash	_	_	1	_	1
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and					
restricted cash	_		162		162
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at					
beginning of period	_	1	2,781	_	2,782
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at					
end of period	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ 2,943	\$ —	\$ 2,944

Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ 2,918	\$ 	\$ 2,919
Restricted cash included in Other current					
assets		_	1		1
Restricted cash included in Other noncurrent assets	_	_	24		24
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ 2,943	\$ _	\$ 2,944

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

	At March 31 (Issuer)	, 2018 (Guarantor)	(Non-Guarantor	•)	Newmont
	Newmont	(Guarantor)	(1 toll Gaarantol	,	Mining
	Mining	Newmont	Other		Corporation
Condensed Consolidating Balance	8				F
Sheet	Corporation	USA	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Assets:	1				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,111	\$ —	\$ 3,111
Trade receivables		48	163	_	211
Other accounts receivables	_	3	116	_	119
Intercompany receivable	1,949	4,598	3,510	(10,057)	
Investments	<u> </u>		59		59
Inventories	_	163	494	_	657
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads		195	445	_	640
Other current assets		35	106	_	141
Current assets	1,949	5,042	8,004	(10,057)	4,938
Property, plant and mine	ŕ	•	,		,
development, net	17	3,062	9,260	(28)	12,311
Investments	108	5	160		273
Investments in subsidiaries	12,230	(411)	20	(11,839)	_
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads		640	1,257		1,897
Deferred income tax assets	81		419	_	500
Non-current intercompany					
receivable	1,669	448	1,793	(3,910)	_
Other non-current assets	<u> </u>	254	310	_	564
Total assets	\$ 16,054	\$ 9,040	\$ 21,223	\$ (25,834)	\$ 20,483
Liabilities:					
Debt	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ 6	\$ —	\$ 7
Accounts payable		57	274	_	331
Intercompany payable	1,368	2,270	6,419	(10,057)	_
Employee-related benefits	_	85	135	_	220
Income and mining taxes		5	211	_	216
Other current liabilities	62	114	231	_	407
Current liabilities	1,430	2,532	7,276	(10,057)	1,181
Debt	4,041	3	44	_	4,088
Reclamation and remediation					
liabilities	_	300	2,058	_	2,358
Deferred income tax liabilities	_	124	472	_	596
Employee-related benefits	1	221	172	_	394
Non-current intercompany payable	7	_	3,931	(3,938)	_
Other non-current liabilities	_	19	292		311

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Total liabilities	5,479	3,199	14,245	(13,995)	8,928
Equity:					
Newmont stockholders' equity	10,575	5,841	5,998	(11,839)	10,575
Noncontrolling interests			980	_	980
Total equity	10,575	5,841	6,978	(11,839)	11,555
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 16,054	\$ 9,040	\$ 21,223	\$ (25,834)	\$ 20,483

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

	Newmont Mining Corporation Consolidated At December 31, 2017 As				
	Previously		As		
Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet	Reported	Adjustments	Revised		
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,259	\$ —	\$ 3,259		
Trade receivables	124		124		
Other accounts receivables	113		113		
Intercompany receivable			_		
Investments	62		62		
Inventories	679		679		
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads	676		676		
Other current assets	153		153		
Current assets	5,066		5,066		
Property, plant and mine development, net	12,267	71	12,338		
Investments	280		280		
Investments in subsidiaries	_	_	_		
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads	1,848		1,848		
Deferred income tax assets	537	12	549		
Non-current intercompany receivable			_		
Other non-current assets	565		565		
Total assets	\$ 20,563	\$ 83	\$ 20,646		
Liabilities:					
Debt	\$ 4	\$ —	\$ 4		
Accounts payable	375	_	375		
Intercompany payable	_	_	_		
Employee-related benefits	309		309		
Income and mining taxes	248	_	248		
Other current liabilities	459	3	462		
Current liabilities	1,395	3	1,398		
Debt	4,061	_	4,061		
Reclamation and remediation liabilities	2,154	191	2,345		
Deferred income tax liabilities	595	_	595		
Employee-related benefits	386	_	386		
Non-current intercompany payable		_	_		
Other non-current liabilities	342	_	342		
Total liabilities	8,933	194	9,127		
Equity:					
Newmont stockholders' equity	10,609	(74)	10,535		

Noncontrolling interests	1,021	(37)	984
Total equity	11,630	(111)	11,519
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 20,563 \$	83	\$ 20,646

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Condensed	At Decemb (Issuer) Newmont M As	Mining Co	orporation	As	t USA		(Non-Gua Other Sub As	bsidiaries		Eliminatio As
Consolidating Balance Sheet Assets:	Previously Reported		As adatsvised	Previously Reported		As m Rem vised	Previously Reported	•	As mer Re vised	Previously Reported
Cash and cash equivalents Trade	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,259	\$ —	\$ 3,259	\$ —
receivables Other accounts	_		_	18	_	18	106	_	106	—
receivables Intercompany	_	_	_	_	_	_	113	_	113	_
receivable Investments Inventories Stockpiles and	2,053 — —	=	2,053 — —	4,601 — 181	_ _ _	4,601 — 181	3,484 62 498		3,484 62 498	(10,138) — —
ore on leach pads Other current	_	_	_	196	_	196	480	_	480	_
assets Current assets Property, plant and mine	2,053	_	2,053	38 5,034	_	38 5,034	115 8,117	_	115 8,117	(10,138)
development, net	17	_	17	3,067	15	3,082	9,210	56	9,266	(27)
Investments Investments in	106	_	106	4	_	4	170	_	170	
subsidiaries Stockpiles and ore on leach	12,086	(74)	12,012	(311)	_	(311)	_	_	_	(11,775)
pads Deferred income	_	_	_	648	_	648	1,200	_	1,200	_
tax assets Non-current intercompany	84	_	84	(1)	6	5	454	6	460	_
receivable Other	1,700	_	1,700	401	_	401	7	_	7	(2,108)
non-current assets	_	_	_	255		255	310		310	

Total assets Liabilities:	\$ 16,046	\$ (74)	\$ 15,972	\$ 9,097	\$ 21	\$ 9,118	\$ 19,468	\$ 62	\$ 19,530	\$ (24,048)
Debt	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ 3	\$ —
Accounts	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
payable				83		83	292		292	
Intercompany										
payable	1,338		1,338	2,145	_	2,145	6,655	_	6,655	(10,138)
Employee-related										, , ,
benefits			_	143		143	166	_	166	
Income and										
mining taxes				18		18	230		230	
Other current										
liabilities	52		52	163	_	163	244	3	247	
Current										
liabilities	1,390		1,390	2,553	_	2,553	7,590	3	7,593	(10,138)
Debt	4,040		4,040	4	_	4	17	_	17	
Reclamation and										
remediation										
liabilities				287	22	309	1,867	169	2,036	
Deferred income										
tax liabilities	_		_	121	_	121	474	_	474	_
Employee-related										
benefits	_		_	222		222	164	_	164	
Non-current										
intercompany										
payable	7		7				2,128		2,128	(2,135)
Other										
non-current										
liabilities			_	18	_	18	324	_	324	
Total liabilities	5,437		5,437	3,205	22	3,227	12,564	172	12,736	(12,273)
Equity:										
Newmont										
stockholders'	10.600	(- 1)	40.707	7 000	245	7 004	7 00 0	(=0)	7 040	(4.4. ====)
equity	10,609	(74)	10,535	5,892	(1)	5,891	5,883	(73)	5,810	(11,775)
Noncontrolling							1.001	(25)	004	
interests		— (7.4)	10.525		(1)		1,021	(37)	984	<u> </u>
Total equity	10,609	(74)	10,535	5,892	(1)	5,891	6,904	(110)	6,794	(11,775)
Total liabilities	¢ 16046	ф <i>(</i> 7 4)	¢ 15 070	ф 0.00 7	¢ 21	¢ 0 110	¢ 10 460	Φ (2	¢ 10.520	e (04.040)
and equity	\$ 16,046	\$ (74)	\$ 15,972	\$ 9,097	\$ 21	\$ 9,118	\$ 19,468	\$ 62	\$ 19,530	\$ (24,048)

NOTE 25 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

General

Estimated losses from contingencies are accrued by a charge to income when information available prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability could be incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Legal expenses associated with the contingency are expensed as incurred. If a loss contingency is not probable or reasonably estimable, disclosure of the contingency and estimated range of loss, if

determinable, is made in the financial statements when it is at least reasonably possible that a material loss could be incurred.

Operating Segments

The Company's operating and reportable segments are identified in Note 4. Except as noted in this paragraph, all of the Company's commitments and contingencies specifically described herein are included in Corporate and Other. The Yanacocha matters relate to the South America reportable segment. The Fronteer matters relate to the North America reportable segment.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

Environmental Matters

The Company's mining and exploration activities are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and are generally becoming more restrictive. The Company conducts its operations so as to protect the public health and environment and believes its operations are in compliance with applicable laws and regulations in all material respects. The Company has made, and expects to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations, but cannot predict the full amount of such future expenditures.

Estimated future reclamation costs are based principally on legal and regulatory requirements. At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, \$2,163 and \$2,144, respectively, were accrued for reclamation costs relating to currently or recently producing mineral properties in accordance with asset retirement obligation guidance. The current portion of \$60 at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, is included in Other current liabilities.

In addition, the Company is involved in several matters concerning environmental obligations associated with former mining activities. Generally, these matters concern developing and implementing remediation plans at the various sites involved. The Company believes that the related environmental obligations associated with these sites are similar in nature with respect to the development of remediation plans, their risk profile and the compliance required to meet general environmental standards. Based upon the Company's best estimate of its liability for these matters, \$300 and \$304 were accrued for such obligations at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. These amounts are included in Other current liabilities and Reclamation and remediation liabilities. Depending upon the ultimate resolution of these matters, the Company believes that it is reasonably possible that the remediation liability for these matters could be as much as 42% greater or 0% lower than the amount accrued at March 31, 2018. The amounts accrued are reviewed periodically based upon facts and circumstances available at the time. Changes in estimates are recorded in Reclamation and remediation in the period estimates are revised.

Refer to Note 6 for further information regarding reclamation and remediation. Details about certain of the more significant matters are discussed below.

Newmont USA Limited - 100% Newmont Owned

Ross-Adams mine site. By letter dated June 5, 2007, the U.S. Forest Service ("USFS") notified Newmont that it had expended approximately \$0.3 in response costs to address environmental conditions at the Ross-Adams mine in Prince of Wales, Alaska, and requested Newmont USA Limited pay those costs and perform an Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis ("EE/CA") to assess what future response activities might need to be completed at the site. Newmont agreed to perform the EE/CA pursuant to the requirements of an Administrative Settlement Agreement and Order on Consent ("ASAOC") between the USFS and Newmont. The EE/CA was provided to the USFS in April 2015. During the first quarter of 2016, the USFS confirmed approval of the EE/CA, and Newmont issued written notice to the USFS certifying that all requirements of the ASAOC had been completed. During the third quarter of 2016, Newmont received a notice of completion of work per the ASAOC from the USFS, which finalized the ASAOC. The USFS issued an Action Memorandum in April 2018 to select the preferred Removal Action alternative identified in the EE/CA. Newmont is continuing to negotiate the terms of a future agreement with the USFS for Newmont to implement the approved Removal Action. No assurances can be made at this time with respect to the outcome of such

negotiations and Newmont cannot predict the likelihood of additional expenditures related to this matter.

Dawn Mining Company LLC ("Dawn") - 51% Newmont Owned

Midnite mine site and Dawn mill site. Dawn previously leased an open pit uranium mine, currently inactive, on the Spokane Indian Reservation in the State of Washington. The mine site is subject to regulation by agencies of the U.S. Department of Interior (the Bureau of Indian Affairs and the Bureau of Land Management), as well as the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA").

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

As per the Consent Decree approved by the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Washington on January 17, 2012, the following actions were required of Newmont, Dawn, the Department of the Interior and the EPA: (i) Newmont and Dawn would design, construct and implement the cleanup plan selected by the EPA in 2006 for the Midnite mine site; (ii) Newmont and Dawn would reimburse the EPA for its costs associated with overseeing the work; (iii) the Department of the Interior would contribute a lump sum amount toward past EPA costs and future costs related to the cleanup of the Midnite mine site; (iv) Newmont and Dawn would be responsible for all other EPA oversight costs and Midnite mine site cleanup costs; and (v) Newmont would post a surety bond for work at the site.

During 2012, the Department of Interior contributed its share of past EPA costs and future costs related to the cleanup of the Midnite mine site in a lump sum payment of \$42, which Newmont classified as restricted assets with interest on the Consolidated Balance Sheets for all periods presented. In 2016, Newmont completed the remedial design process (with the exception of the new water treatment plant ("WTP") design which was awaiting the approval of the new NPDES permit). Subsequently, the new NPDES permit was received in 2017 and new WTP design will re-commence in 2018.

The Dawn mill site is regulated by the Washington Department of Health and is in the process of being closed. Remediation at the Dawn mill site began in 2013. The Tailing Disposal Area 1-4 reclamation earthworks component was completed during 2017 with the exception of the embankment erosion protection anticipated to be completed in 2018. The remaining closure activity will consist primarily of addressing groundwater issues.

The remediation liability for the Midnite mine site and Dawn mill site is approximately \$185 at March 31, 2018.

Other Legal Matters

Minera Yanacocha S.R.L. - 54.05% Newmont Owned

Administrative Actions. The Peruvian government agency responsible for environmental evaluation and inspection, Organismo Evaluacion y Fiscalizacion Ambiental ("OEFA"), conducts periodic reviews of the Yanacocha site. In 2011, 2012, 2013, 2015, 2016 and 2017, OEFA issued notices of alleged violations of OEFA standards to Yanacocha and Conga relating to past inspections. OEFA has resolved some alleged violations with minimal or no findings. In 2015 and 2016, the water authority of Cajamarca issued notices of alleged regulatory violations, and resolved some allegations in 2017 with no findings. The experience with OEFA and the water authority is that in the case of a finding of violation, remedial action is often the outcome rather than a significant fine. The alleged OEFA violations currently range from zero to 27,140 units and the water authority alleged violations range from zero to 59 units, with each unit having a potential fine equivalent to approximately \$.001287 based on current exchange rates (\$0 to \$35). Yanacocha and Conga are responding to all notices of alleged violations, but cannot reasonably predict the outcome of the agency allegations.

Conga Project Constitutional Claim. On October 18, 2012, Marco Antonio Arana Zegarra filed a constitutional claim against the Ministry of Energy and Mines and Yanacocha requesting the Court to order the suspension of the Conga project as well as to declare not applicable the October 27, 2010, directorial resolution approving the Conga project Environmental Impact Assessment ("EIA"). On October 23, 2012, a Cajamarca judge dismissed the claims based on formal grounds finding that: (i) plaintiffs had not exhausted previous administrative proceedings; (ii) the directorial

resolution approving the Conga EIA is valid, and was not challenged when issued in the administrative proceedings; (iii) there was inadequate evidence to conclude that the Conga project is a threat to the constitutional right of living in an adequate environment and; (iv) the directorial resolution approving the Conga project EIA does not guarantee that the Conga project will proceed, so there was no imminent threat to be addressed by the Court. The plaintiffs appealed the dismissal of the case. The Civil Court of the Superior Court of Cajamarca confirmed the above mentioned resolution and the plaintiff presented an appeal. On March 13, 2015, the Constitutional Court published its ruling stating that the case should be sent back to the first court with an order to formally admit the case and start the judicial process in order to review the claim and the proofs presented by the plaintiff. Yanacocha has answered the claim. Neither the Company nor Yanacocha can reasonably predict the outcome of this litigation.

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

Yanacocha Tax Dispute. In 2000, Yanacocha paid Buenaventura and Minas Conga S.R.L. a total of \$29 to assume their respective contractual positions in mining concession agreements with Chaupiloma Dos de Cajamarca S.M.R.L. The contractual rights allowed Yanacocha the opportunity to conduct exploration on the concessions, but not a purchase of the concessions. The tax authority alleges that the payments to Buenaventura and Minas Conga S.R.L. were acquisitions of mining concessions requiring the amortization of the amounts under the Peru Mining Law over the life of the mine. Yanacocha expensed the amounts at issue in the initial year since the payments were not for the acquisition of a concession but rather these expenses represent the payment of an intangible and therefore, amortizable in a single year or proportionally for up to ten years according to Income Tax Law. In 2010, the tax court in Peru ruled in favor of Yanacocha and the tax authority appealed the issue to the judiciary. The first appellate court confirmed the ruling of the tax court in favor of Yanacocha. However, in November, 2015, a Superior Court in Peru made an appellate decision overturning the two prior findings in favor of Yanacocha. Yanacocha has appealed the Superior Court ruling to the Peru Supreme Court. The potential liability in this matter is in the form of fines and interest in an amount up to \$75. While the Company has assessed that the likelihood of a ruling against Yanacocha in the Supreme Court as remote, it is not possible to fully predict the outcome of this litigation.

NWG Investments Inc. v. Fronteer Gold Inc.

In April 2011, Newmont acquired Fronteer Gold Inc. ("Fronteer").

Fronteer acquired NewWest Gold Corporation ("NewWest Gold") in September 2007. At the time of that acquisition, NWG Investments Inc. ("NWG") owned approximately 86% of NewWest Gold and an individual named Jacob Safra owned or controlled 100% of NWG. Prior to its acquisition of NewWest Gold, Fronteer entered into a June 2007 lock-up agreement with NWG providing that, among other things, NWG would support Fronteer's acquisition of NewWest Gold. At that time, Fronteer owned approximately 47% of Aurora Energy Resources Inc. ("Aurora"), which, among other things, had a uranium exploration project in Labrador, Canada.

NWG contends that, during the negotiations leading up to the lock-up agreement, Fronteer represented to NWG, among other things, that Aurora would commence uranium mining in Labrador by 2013, that this was a firm date, that Aurora faced no current environmental issues in Labrador and that Aurora's competitors faced delays in commencing uranium mining. NWG further contends that it entered into the lock-up agreement and agreed to support Fronteer's acquisition of NewWest Gold in reliance upon these purported representations. On October 11, 2007, less than three weeks after the Fronteer-NewWest Gold transaction closed, a member of the Nunatsiavut Assembly introduced a motion calling for the adoption of a moratorium on uranium mining in Labrador. On April 8, 2008, the Nunatsiavut Assembly adopted a three-year moratorium on uranium mining in Labrador. NWG contends that Fronteer was aware during the negotiations of the NWG/Fronteer lock-up agreement that the Nunatsiavut Assembly planned on adopting this moratorium and that its adoption would preclude Aurora from commencing uranium mining by 2013, but Fronteer nonetheless fraudulently induced NWG to enter into the lock-up agreement.

On September 24, 2012, NWG served a summons and complaint on the Company, and then amended the complaint to add Newmont Canada Holdings ULC as a defendant. The complaint also named Fronteer Gold Inc. and Mark O'Dea as defendants. The complaint sought rescission of the merger between Fronteer and NewWest Gold and \$750 in damages. In August 2013 the Supreme Court of New York, New York County issued an order granting the defendants' motion to dismiss on forum non conveniens. Subsequently, NWG filed a notice of appeal of the decision and then a

notice of dismissal of the appeal on March 24, 2014.

On February 26, 2014, NWG filed a lawsuit in Ontario Superior Court of Justice against Fronteer Gold Inc., Newmont Mining Corporation, Newmont Canada Holdings ULC, Newmont FH B.V. and Mark O'Dea. The Ontario complaint is based upon substantially the same allegations contained in the New York lawsuit with claims for fraudulent and negligent misrepresentation. NWG seeks disgorgement of profits since the close of the NWG deal on September 24, 2007 and damages in the amount of C\$1.2 billion. Newmont, along with other defendants, served the plaintiff with its statement of defense on October 17, 2014. Newmont intends to vigorously defend this matter, but cannot reasonably predict the outcome.

Table of Contents

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

Other Commitments and Contingencies

Newmont is from time to time involved in various legal proceedings related to its business. Except in the above described proceedings, management does not believe that adverse decisions in any pending or threatened proceeding or that amounts that may be required to be paid by reason thereof will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

Table of Contents

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") provides information that management believes is relevant to an assessment and understanding of the consolidated financial condition and results of operations of Newmont Mining Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively, "Newmont," the "Company," "our" and "we"). We use certain non-GAAP financial measures in our MD&A. For a detailed description of each of the non-GAAP measures used in this MD&A, please see the discussion under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" beginning on page 61. References to "A\$" refers to Australian currency.

This item should be read in conjunction with our interim unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto included in this quarterly report. Additionally, the following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Consolidated Financial Condition and Results of Operations and the consolidated financial statements included in Part II of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 filed February 22, 2018 and revisions filed April 26, 2018 on Form 8-K.

Certain amounts have been retrospectively reclassified for the periods presented for changes in Newmont's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows required with the adoption of Accounting Standard Update ("ASU") No. 2016-15 related to the classification of certain items on the statement of cash flows and ASU No. 2016-18 related to the inclusion of restricted cash in the statement of cash flows, and the correction of an immaterial error in calculating and recording Newmont's Reclamation and remediation liabilities and other individually insignificant errors not previously recorded that the Company concluded were immaterial to our previously issued Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. For further information regarding these revisions, see Note 2 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Overview

Newmont is one of the world's largest gold producers and is the only gold company included in the S&P 500 Index and Fortune 500. We have been included in the Dow Jones Sustainability Index-World for 11 consecutive years and have adopted the World Gold Council's Conflict-Free Gold Policy. We are also engaged in the exploration for and acquisition of gold and copper properties. We have significant operations and/or assets in the United States ("U.S."), Australia, Peru, Ghana and Suriname.

We continue to focus on improving safety and efficiency at our operations, maintaining leading environmental, social and governance practices, and building a stronger portfolio of longer-life, lower cost mines to generate the financial flexibility we need to fund our best projects, reduce debt, and return cash to shareholders.

Consolidated Financial Results

The details of our Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Newmont stockholders are set forth below:

Three Mo	onths Ended	
March 31	,	Increase
2018	2017	(decrease)
\$ 170	\$ 70	\$ 100

Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Newmont stockholders Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Newmont

stockholders per common share, diluted

\$ 0.32 \$ 0.13 \$ 0.19

The increase to Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Newmont stockholders for the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017, was impacted by higher average realized metal prices during the first quarter of 2018, partially offset by higher Costs applicable to sales and slightly lower production at various mine sites.

Table of Contents

The details of our Sales are set forth below. See Note 5 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information:

	Three Mon	nths Ended			
	March 31,		Increase	Perce	nt
	2018	2017	(decrease)	Chan	ge
Gold	\$ 1,739	\$ 1,619	\$ 120	7	%
Copper	78	71	7	10	
	\$ 1,817	\$ 1,690	\$ 127	8	%

The following analysis summarizes consolidated gold sales:

	Three Mon	ths Ended
	March 31,	
	2018	2017
Consolidated gold sales:		
Gross before provisional pricing	\$ 1,744	\$ 1,618
Provisional pricing mark-to-market	2	8
Gross after provisional pricing	1,746	1,626
Treatment and refining charges	(7)	(7)
Net	\$ 1,739	\$ 1,619
Consolidated gold ounces sold (thousands)	1,312	1,328
Average realized gold price (per ounce):		
Gross before provisional pricing	\$ 1,330	\$ 1,218
Provisional pricing mark-to-market	1	6
Gross after provisional pricing	1,331	1,224
Treatment and refining charges	(5)	(5)
Net	\$ 1,326	\$ 1,219

The change in consolidated gold sales is due to:

	Th	ree Months	
	En	ded	
	Ma	arch 31,	
	20	18 vs. 2017	
Change in consolidated ounces sold	\$	(20)	
Change in average realized gold price		140	
Change in treatment and refining charges			
	\$	120	

Gold sales increased 7% during the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017, primarily due to higher average realized prices during the first quarter of 2018, partially offset by slightly lower production at various mine sites. For further discussion regarding changes in production volumes, see Results of

Consolidated Operations below.

The following analysis summarizes consolidated copper sales:

	Three Mont	hs Ended
	March 31,	
	2018	2017
Consolidated copper sales:		
Gross before provisional pricing	\$ 85	\$ 70
Provisional pricing mark-to-market	(4)	4
Gross after provisional pricing	81	74
Treatment and refining charges	(3)	(3)
Net	\$ 78	\$ 71
Consolidated copper pounds sold (millions)	27	26
Average realized copper price (per pound):		
Gross before provisional pricing	\$ 3.14	\$ 2.65
Provisional pricing mark-to-market	(0.14)	0.15
Gross after provisional pricing	3.00	2.80
Treatment and refining charges	(0.12)	(0.12)
Net	\$ 2.88	\$ 2.68

The change in consolidated copper sales is due to:

	Thre	ee Months
	End	ed
	Mar	ch 31,
	201	8 vs. 2017
Change in consolidated pounds sold	\$	2
Change in average realized copper price		5
Change in treatment and refining charges		
-	\$	7

Copper sales increased 10% during the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017, primarily due to higher average realized prices and higher copper pounds sold. For further discussion regarding changes in volumes, see Results of Consolidated Operations below.

The details of our Costs applicable to sales are set forth below. See Note 4 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information:

	Three Mon	ths Ended		
	March 31,		Increase	Percent
	2018	2017	(decrease)	Change
Gold	\$ 982	\$ 918	\$ 64	7 %
Copper	47	39	8	21
	\$ 1,029	\$ 957	\$ 72	8 %

The increase in Costs applicable to sales for gold during the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017, is primarily due to higher stockpile and leach pad inventory adjustments, higher milling costs primarily at Boddington, higher underground mining costs at Tanami and Ahafo due to higher tons mined, higher oil prices and higher royalties due to higher metal prices.

The increase in Costs applicable to sales for copper during the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017, is primarily due to higher mill maintenance costs at Boddington.

For discussion regarding variations in operations, see Results of Consolidated Operations below.

Table of Contents

The details of our Depreciation and amortization are set forth below. See Note 4 for additional information:

	Three Mo	nths Ended			
	March 31	,	Increase	Percent	
	2018	2017	(decrease)	Change	
Gold	\$ 284	\$ 283	\$ 1	0 %)
Copper	10	9	1	11	
Other	7	8	(1)	(13)	
	\$ 301	\$ 300	\$ 1	0 %)

Depreciation and amortization for gold and copper during the three months ended March 31, 2018, remained relatively flat compared to the same period in 2017, as sales volumes remained consistent.

Reclamation and remediation during the three months ended March 31, 2018, remained flat compared to the same period in 2017, as Reclamation and remediation liabilities remained consistent.

Exploration increased by \$4 during the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017, primarily due to increased expenditures at various projects in Australia and Africa as we continue to focus on developing future reserves.

Advanced projects, research and development increased by \$8 during the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017, primarily due to costs associated with full potential opportunities in North America, as well as on-going study costs on the Long Canyon Phase 2 project in North America and the Chaquicocha underground and Yanacocha Sulfides projects in South America.

General and administrative increased by \$4 during the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017, primarily due to higher labor costs.

Other expense, net decreased by \$6 during the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017, primarily due to write-downs of obsolete assets in South America and Australia and net adjustments to the contingent consideration and related liabilities associated with the acquisition of the final 33.33% interest in Boddington in June 2009 in 2017.

Other income, net increased by \$30 during the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017, primarily due to decreases in Australia denominated liabilities due to a weaker Australian dollar.

Interest expense, net decreased by \$14 during the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017, primarily due to reduced debt balances as a result of the repayment of the 2017 Convertible Senior Notes in July 2017 and higher capitalized interest related to various development projects in 2018.

Table of Contents

Income and mining tax expense (benefit) was \$105 and \$111 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The effective tax rate is driven by a number of factors and the comparability of our income tax expense for the reported periods will be primarily affected by (i) variations in our income before income taxes; (ii) geographic distribution of that income; (iii) impacts of the enactment of tax reform; (iv) the non-recognition of tax assets; (v) percentage depletion; (vi) and the impact of specific transactions and assessments. As a result, the effective tax rate will fluctuate, sometimes significantly, year to year. This trend is expected to continue in future periods. See Note 9 for further discussion of income taxes.

		onths Ende 1, 2018(1)	d	
			Income Tax	(
	Income	Effective	Expense	
	(Loss)(2)	Tax Rate	(Benefit)	
Nevada	\$ 98	16	% \$ 16 (3)	
CC&V	25	_	— (4)	
Corporate & Other	(67)	20	(13)	
Total US	56	5	3	
Australia	172	37	63 (5)	
Ghana	34	34	12	
Suriname	59	27	16	
Peru	(37)	(4)	2 (6)	
Other Foreign	(1)	_		
Rate adjustments	_	N/A	9	
Consolidated	\$ 283	37	(7) % \$ 105	

- (1) The March 31, 2017 information has not been presented as such comparison would be meaningless as a result of tax restructuring implemented by the Company at December 31, 2017. Due to changes the Act made to certain international tax provisions, it was prudent for the Company to restructure the holding of its non-U.S. operations for U.S. federal income tax purposes. This was accomplished by executing and filing various "check the box" elections made with respect to certain non-U.S. subsidiaries of the Company. The elections resulted in the conversions of these subsidiaries from branches and/or foreign partnerships to regarded foreign corporations.
- (2) Represents income (loss) from continuing operations by geographic location before income taxes and equity in affiliates. These amounts will not reconcile to the Segment Information for the reasons stated in Note 4.
- (3) Includes deduction for percentage depletion of (\$11) and mining taxes of (\$6).
- (4) Includes deduction for percentage depletion of (\$6).
- (5) Includes mining taxes of (\$10).
- (6) Includes valuation allowance of (\$10)
- (7) The consolidated effective income tax rate is a function of the combined effective tax rates for the jurisdictions in which we operate. Variations in the relative proportions of jurisdictional income could result in fluctuations to our consolidated effective income tax rate.

We continue to assess the income tax effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Act") which was enacted on December 22, 2017. We anticipate completing the analysis of the impacts of the Act within the one year measurement period provided for under the Security and Exchange Commission's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118. There are no new estimates or finalized income tax items associated with the Act included in the income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

Equity income (loss) of affiliates decreased by \$7 during the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017, primarily due to increased losses recognized at TMAC Resources Inc.

Net income (loss) from discontinued operations details are set forth below:

	Three Mo	onths Ended		
	March 31,		Increase	Percent
	2018	2017	(decrease)	Change
Holt royalty obligation	\$ 19	\$ (23)	\$ 42	(183) %
Batu Hijau contingent consideration	3		3	N.M.
	\$ 22	\$ (23)	\$ 45	(196) %

N.M. – Not meaningful.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Holt royalty obligation decreased primarily due to a decrease in expected production based on gold reserves and resources from Kirkland Lake Gold Ltd., which were updated in the first quarter of 2018, as

Table of Contents

well as an increase in the discount rate, resulting in net income from discontinued operations for the quarter. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Holt royalty obligation increased primarily due to an increase in expected production based on gold reserves and resources from Kirkland Lake Gold Ltd., which were updated in the first quarter of 2017, and resulted in a net loss from discontinued operations.

For additional information regarding our discontinued operations, see Note 10 and Note 16 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests from continuing operations decreased by \$12 during the three months ended March 31, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017, primarily due to increased losses at Yanacocha from lower operating margin and increased spend on projects.

Results of Consolidated Operations

	Gold or Copper Produced		Costs Applicable to Sales (1)		Depreciation and Amortization		All-In Sustaining Costs (2)	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Three Months Ended March 31,								
Gold	(ounces in thousand \$\\$ per ounce sold)			(\$ per ounce sold)		(\$ per ounce sold)		
North America	490	504	\$ 765	\$ 767	\$ 234	\$ 243	\$ 944	\$ 953
South America	221	243	782	652	236	238	999	852
Australia	366	360	707	651	131	140	855	776
Africa	209	220	746	624	325	258	904	751
Total/Weighted-Average for								
continuing operations	1,286	1,327	\$ 748	\$ 691	\$ 222	\$ 219	\$ 973	\$ 900
Attributable to Newmont	1,209	1,234						
Copper	(pounds in millions)(\$ per pound sold)				(\$ per pound sold)		(\$ per pound sold)	
North America	7	10	\$ 1.88	\$ 1.80	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.50	\$ 2.17	\$ 2.10
Australia	19	19	1.68	1.31	0.31	0.25	2.03	1.56
Total/Weighted-Average for								
continuing operations	26	29	\$ 1.74	\$ 1.50	\$ 0.37	\$ 0.34	\$ 2.07	\$ 1.77
Copper	(tonnes in thousands)							
North America	3	4						
Australia	9	9						
Total/Weighted-Average for								
continuing operations	12	13						

⁽¹⁾ Excludes Depreciation and amortization and Reclamation and remediation.

Three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to 2017

Consolidated gold production decreased 3% due to lower mill grades and recovery at CC&V, lower leach tons placed and ore grade milled at Yanacocha, and lower ore grade mined and milled at Boddington and Akyem, partially offset by higher ore grades mined and milled at Carlin and Phoenix, higher leach tons placed at Long Canyon, draw-down of in-circuit inventory at Merian and higher throughput and ore grade milled at Tanami and Ahafo.

⁽²⁾ All-In Sustaining Costs is a non-GAAP financial measure. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures beginning on page 61.

Consolidated copper production decreased 10% primarily due to lower ore grade milled and lower leach placement at Phoenix.

Costs applicable to sales per consolidated gold ounce increased 8% primarily due to higher oil prices, higher mill maintenance costs at Boddington, an unfavorable Australian dollar foreign exchange rate and higher stockpile and leach pad inventory adjustments. Costs applicable to sales per consolidated copper pound increased 16% primarily due to lower copper grades milled at Phoenix, and higher mill maintenance costs, higher oil prices, an unfavorable Australian dollar foreign currency exchange rate and higher co-product allocation of costs to copper based on a higher relative copper sales value at Boddington.

Depreciation and amortization per consolidated gold ounce was in line with the prior year. Depreciation and amortization per consolidated copper pound increased 9% due to a higher co-product allocation of costs to copper based on a higher relative copper sales value.

Table of Contents

All-in sustaining costs per consolidated gold ounce increased 8% primarily due to higher costs applicable to sales per ounce sold and higher advanced projects and exploration spend. All-in sustaining costs per consolidated copper pound increased 17% primarily due to higher costs applicable to sales per pound sold.

North America Operations

Gold or Copper Costs Applicable Depreciation and All-In Sustaining Produced to Sales (1) Amortization