BRANDYWINE REALTY TRUST Form 10-Q/A August 19, 2005

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A

Amendment No. 1

(Mark	One)
(IVIAIN	One

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities
Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005

or

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities
Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission file number 001-9106

Brandywine Realty Trust

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland

State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization

23-2413352

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

401 Plymouth Road, Plymouth Meeting, Pennsylvania

(Address of principal executive offices)

19462

(Zip Code)

(610) 325-5600

Registrant's telephone number

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

A total of 56,183,343 Common Shares of Beneficial Interest, par value \$0.01 per share, were outstanding as of August 8, 2005.

Explanatory Note

This Amendment No. 1 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Brandywine Realty Trust for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005 is being filed solely to amend the section of our Quarterly Report entitled Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 included in Part I of Item 1, Financial Statements. The amount listed for Minority Interest as of June 30, 2005 is amended to correct a printing error that resulted in \$41,366 instead of \$41,336. Also, total liabilities and beneficiaries equity on the June 30, 2005 balance sheet is being revised to substitute \$2,705,909 instead of \$2,705,939.

No other items or disclosures in our original report are being amended, and accordingly this Amendment No. 1 does not otherwise change or update any information that was presented in our original Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 8, 2005. While not amended, the remaining items of the Form 10-Q, including exhibits, are included with this Amendment No. 1 for convenience.

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. – Financial Statements

BRANDYWINE REALTY TRUST CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited, in thousands, except share and per share information)

		ne 30,		December 31, 2004
ASSETS				
Real estate investments:				
Operating properties	\$ 2,5	15,399	\$	2,483,134
Accumulated depreciation	(3	56,416)	_	(325,802)
Operating real estate investments, net	2,1	58,983		2,157,332
Construction-in-progress	2	13,246		145,016
Land held for development		85,708		61,517
Total real estate investments, net	2,4	57,937		2,363,865
Cash and cash equivalents		9,321		15,346
Escrowed cash		18,090		17,980
Accounts receivable, net		8,736		11,999
Accrued rent receivable, net		38,687		32,641
Marketable securities		661		423
Investment in real estate ventures, at equity		13,308		12,754
Deferred costs, net		34,447		34,449
Intangible assets, net		85,634		101,056
Other assets	-	39,088	_	43,471
Total assets	\$ 2,7	05,909	\$	2,633,984
LIABILITIES AND BENEFICIARIES' EQUITY				_
Mortgage notes payable	\$ 5	08,189	\$	518,234
Unsecured notes	6	36,534		636,435
Unsecured credit facility	2	65,000		152,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		43,877		49,242
Distributions payable		27,583		27,363
Tenant security deposits and deferred rents		18,417		20,046
Acquired below market leases, net of accumulated amortization of \$4,527 and \$2,341		36,520		39,271
Other liabilities		3,825	_	1,525
Total liabilities		39,945		1,444,116
Minority interest		41,336		42,866
Commitments and contingencies (Note 15)				
Beneficiaries' equity:				
Preferred Shares (shares authorized-10,000,000):				
7.50% Series C Preferred Shares, \$0.01 par value; issued and outstanding- 2,000,000 in 2005 and 2004		20		20
7.375% Series D Preferred Shares, \$0.01 par value; issued and outstanding- 2,300,000 in 2005 and 2004	ļ	23		23

Common Shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par value; shares authorized		
100,000,000; issued and outstanding-55,777,093 in 2005 and 55,292,752 in 2004	558	553
Additional paid-in capital	1,358,758	1,346,651
Cumulative earnings	388,859	370,515
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2,666)	(3,130)
Cumulative distributions	(620,924)	(567,630)
Total beneficiaries' equity	1,124,628	1,147,002
Total liabilities and beneficiaries' equity	\$ 2,705,909	\$ 2,633,984

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

BRANDYWINE REALTY TRUST CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(unaudited, in thousands, except per share information)

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,					For the six-month periods ended June 30,				
•		2005		2004 2005				2004		
Revenue:										
	\$	81,788	\$	64,316	\$	163,016	\$	127,996		
Tenant reimbursements	Ψ	11,078	Ψ	8,058	Ψ	23,160	Ψ	16,051		
Other		2,377		3,840		7,991		5,366		
·		2,377	_	3,010	_	7,551		3,300		
Total revenue		95,243		76,214		194,167		149,413		
Operating Expenses:										
Property operating expenses		27,801		20,054		57,680		42,204		
Real estate taxes		9,683		6,846		19,340		13,727		
Depreciation and amortization		27,948		16,829		56,383		32,633		
Administrative expenses		4,378		3,954		9,130		7,443		
Total operating expenses		69,810		47,683		142,533		96,007		
Operating income		25,433		28,531		51,634		53,406		
Other Income (Expense):										
Interest income		687		541		1,467		1,052		
Interest expense		(17,807)		(11,948)		(35,604)		(24,052)		
Equity in income of real estate ventures		993		674		1,551		908		
Net gain on sales of real estate				1,148				1,148		
Income before minority interest		9,306		18,946		19,048		32,462		
Minority interest attributable to continuing operations		(376)		(624)		(703)		(1,885)		
Income from continuing operations		8,930		18,322		18,345		30,577		
Discontinued operations:										
Loss from discontinued operations		_	_	(213)		_	_	(214)		
Net gain on disposition of discontinued operations		_	_	45		_	_	249		
Minority interest		_		6		_		(2)		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		_	_	(162)		_	_	33		
Net income		8,930		18,160		18,345		30,610		
Income allocated to Preferred Shares		(1,998)		(2,677)		(3,996)		(4,695)		
Preferred Share redemption/conversion benefit				_		_	_	4,500		
Income allocated to Common Shares	\$	6,932	\$	15,483	\$	14,349	\$	30,415		
Basic earnings per Common Share:										
	\$	0.12	\$	0.34	\$	0.26	\$	0.68		
Discontinued operations	Ψ	0.12	Ψ	0.54	Ψ	0.20	Ψ	- 0.00		

	\$ 0.12 \$	0.34	\$	0.26	\$	0.68
Diluted earnings per Common Share:						
Continuing operations	\$ 0.12 \$	0.34	\$	0.26	\$	0.67
Discontinued operations	_	_	_	_	_	
	\$ 0.12 \$	0.34	\$	0.26	\$	0.67

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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BRANDYWINE REALTY TRUST CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (unaudited, in thousands)

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,					For the six-month periods ended June 30,				
		2005		2004		2004 200		2005		2004
Net Income	\$	8,930	\$	18,160	\$	18,345	\$	30,610		
Other comprehensive income:										
Unrealized gain on derivative financial instruments		_	_	379		_	_	304		
Reclassification of realized losses on derivative financial										
instruments to operations		113		1,346		226		2,723		
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities		45		(92)		237		(884)		
Reclassification of realized losses (gains) on available for sale										
securities to operations		_	_	79		_	_	(154)		
Total other comprehensive income		158		1,712		463		1,989		
Comprehensive Income	\$	9,088	\$	19,872	\$	18,808	\$	32,599		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Proceeds from issuance of shares, net

BRANDYWINE REALTY TRUST CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited, in thousands)

	Six-month p ended Jur	
	2005	2004
Cash flows from operating activities:		_
Net income	\$ 18,345 \$	30,610
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:	, .	,
Depreciation	41,657	28,134
Amortization:	,	,
Deferred financing costs	1,293	1,032
Deferred leasing costs	4,057	3,942
Acquired above (below) market leases	(787)	117
Assumed lease intangibles	10,584	737
Deferred compensation costs	1,387	1,127
Straight-line rent	(6,500)	(2,838)
Provision for doubtful accounts	600	430
Real estate venture income in excess of distributions	(647)	(542)
Net gain on sale of interests in real estate	· —	(1,397)
Minority interest	703	1,887
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	3,631	408
Other assets	299	11,837
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(10,399)	(3,487)
Tenant security deposits and deferred rents	(1,629)	267
Other liabilities	(89)	1,078
Net cash from operating activities	62,505	73,342
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisition of properties	(38,854)	
Sales of properties, net	<u> </u>	19,949
Capital expenditures	(82,033)	(46,286)
Investment in unconsolidated Real Estate Ventures	(119)	(81)
Escrowed cash	(109)	(1,183)
Cash distributions from unconsolidated Real Estate Ventures		
in excess of equity in income	226	416
Increase in cash due to consolidation of variable interest entities		426
Leasing costs	(5,448)	(4,344)
M (10) 2 (12)	(126.227)	(21.102)
Net cash from investing activities Cosh flows from financing activities	(126,337)	(31,103)
Cash flows from financing activities:	112 000	(25,000)
Proceeds from (repayments of) Credit Facility borrowings Repayments of mortgage notes payable	113,000 (10,045)	(35,000) (39,100)
Payments of deferred financing costs	(10,043)	(3,165)
Repayments on employee stock loans	50	16
Exercise of stock options	10,432	1,200
	-,	-,

175,259

Minority partner contributions		_	_	19
Repurchases of Common Shares and minority interest units		(239)		(95,436)
Distributions paid to shareholders		(53,070)		(40,763)
Distributions to minority interest holders		(2,175)		(3,211)
Distributions to outside joint venture partners of consolidated variable interest entities				(65)
Net cash from financing activities		57,807		(40,246)
		_		
Decrease/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(6,025)		1,993
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		15,346		8,552
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	9,321	\$	10,545
	-			
Supplemental disclosure:				
Cash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest	\$	25,923	\$	20,869
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidates	ted fina	ncial statem	ents.	

BRANDYWINE REALTY TRUST

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2005

1. THE COMPANY

Brandywine Realty Trust, a Maryland real estate investment trust (collectively with its subsidiaries, the Company), is a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust (a REIT) active in acquiring, developing, redeveloping, leasing and managing office and industrial properties. As of June 30, 2005, the Company is portfolio included 223 office properties, 24 industrial facilities and one mixed-use property (collectively, the Properties) that contained an aggregate of approximately 19.6 million net rentable square feet. The Properties are located in the office and industrial markets in and surrounding Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Richmond, Virginia. As of June 30, 2005, the Company held economic interests in nine unconsolidated real estate ventures that contained approximately 1.6 million net rentable square feet (the Real Estate Ventures) formed with third parties to develop or own commercial properties. In addition, the Company owns interests in two consolidated real estate ventures that own two office properties containing approximately 0.2 million net rentable square feet.

The Company owns its assets through Brandywine Operating Partnership, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the Operating Partnership). The Company is the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership and, as of June 30, 2005, owned a 96.5% interest in the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership owns a 95% interest in a taxable REIT subsidiary, Brandywine Realty Services Corporation, a Pennsylvania corporation (the Management Company), that, as of June 30, 2005, was performing management and leasing services for 41 properties containing an aggregate of approximately 3.6 million net rentable square feet (including four of the Company s Real Estate Ventures). The remaining 5% of the Management Company is owned by a partnership comprised of a current executive and former executive of the Company, each of whom is a member of the Company s Board of Trustees.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company without audit except as to the balance sheet as of December 31, 2004, which has been derived from audited data, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the included disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring matters) for a fair statement of the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2005, the results of its operations for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 and its cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 have been included. The results of operations for such interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company s consolidated financial statements and footnotes included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include all accounts of the Company, its majority-owned and/or controlled subsidiaries, which consist principally of the Operating Partnership as well as the Management Company. The portions of these entities not owned by the Company are presented as minority interest as of and during the periods consolidated. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

When the Company obtains an economic interest in an entity, the Company evaluates the entity to determine if the entity is deemed a variable interest entity (VIE), and if the Company is deemed to be the primary beneficiary, in accordance with FASB Interpretation No. 46R, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities (FIN 46R). The Company consolidates the entities that are VIEs and of which the Company is deemed to be the primary beneficiary or non-VIEs which the Company controls. For VIE s where the Company is not deemed to be the primary beneficiary or the entity is not deemed a VIE and the Company s does not control the entity but has the ability to exercise significant influence are accounted for under the equity method, i.e. at cost, increased or decreased by the Company s share of earnings or losses, less distributions. The Company will reconsider its determination of whether an entity is a VIE and who the primary beneficiary is if certain events occur that are likely to cause a change in the original determinations.

BRANDYWINE REALTY TRUST

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2005

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Management makes significant estimates regarding revenue, impairment of long-lived assets and the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Operating Properties

Operating properties are carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The cost of operating properties reflects their purchase price or development cost. Costs incurred for the acquisition and renovation of an operating property are capitalized to the Company's investment in that property. Ordinary repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred; major replacements and betterments, which improve or extend the life of the asset, are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Fully-depreciated assets are removed from the accounts.

Purchase Price Allocation

The Company allocates the purchase price of properties to net tangible and identified intangible assets acquired based on fair values. Above-market and below-market in-place lease values for acquired properties are recorded based on the present value (using an interest rate which reflects the risks associated with the leases acquired) of the difference between (i) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to the in-place leases and (ii) the Company s estimate of the fair market lease rates for the corresponding in-place leases, measured over a period equal to the remaining non-cancellable term of the lease. Capitalized above-market lease values are amortized as a reduction of rental income over the remaining non-cancellable terms of the respective leases, including any fixed-rate renewal periods.

Other intangible assets also include amounts representing the value of tenant relationships and in-place leases based on the Company s evaluation of the specific characteristics of each tenant s lease and the Company s overall relationship with the respective tenant. The Company estimates the cost to execute leases with terms similar to the remaining lease terms of the in-place leases, include leasing commissions, legal and other related expenses. This intangible asset is amortized to expense over the remaining term of the respective leases. Company estimates of value are made using methods similar to those used by independent appraisers or by using independent appraisals. Factors considered by the Company in their analysis include an estimate of the carrying costs during the expected lease-up periods considering current market conditions and costs to execute similar leases. The Company also considers information obtained about each property as a result of its pre-acquisition due diligence, marketing and leasing activities in estimating the fair value of the tangible and intangible assets acquired. In estimating carrying costs, the Company includes real estate taxes, insurance and other operating expenses and estimates of lost rentals at market rates during the expected lease-up periods, which primarily range from three to twelve months.

Characteristics considered by the Company in allocating value to its tenant relationships include the nature and extent of the Company s business relationship with the tenant, growth prospects for developing new business with the tenant, the tenant s credit quality and expectations of lease renewals, among other factors. The value of tenant relationship intangibles is amortized over the remaining initial lease term and expected renewals, but in no event longer than the remaining depreciable life of the building. The value of in-place leases is amortized over the remaining non-cancellable term of the respective leases and any fixed-rate renewal periods.

In the event that a tenant terminates its lease, the unamortized portion of each intangible, including market rate adjustments, in-place lease values and tenant relationship values, would be charged to expense.

BRANDYWINE REALTY TRUST

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2005

Revenue Recognition and Accounts Receivable

Rental revenue is recognized on the straight-line basis regardless of when payments are due. The cumulative difference between lease revenue recognized under the straight-line method and contractual lease payment terms is recorded as accrued rent receivable on the accompanying balance sheets. The straight-line rent adjustment increased revenue by approximately \$3.2 million and \$6.5 million for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and approximately \$0.9 million and \$2.8 million for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2004. Tenant receivables and accrued rent receivables are carried net of the allowances for doubtful accounts of \$4.7 million as of June 30, 2005 and \$4.2 million as of December 31, 2004. The allowance is based on management s evaluation of the collectability of receivables, taking into account tenant specific considerations as well as the overall credit of the tenant portfolio. The leases also typically provide for tenant reimbursement of common area maintenance and other operating expenses. Tenant reimbursement revenue is recorded when earned, as the underlying expense of the Properties is incurred. Other income is recorded when earned and is primarily comprised of termination fees received from tenants, bankruptcy settlement fees, third party leasing commissions, and third party management fees. Other income includes net termination fees of \$0.9 million and \$4.9 million for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2005, and \$1.0 million and \$1.1 million during for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2004. Deferred rental revenue represents rental revenue received from tenants prior to their due dates.

Stock-Based Compensation Plans

In December 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS 148 (SFAS 148 *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation* – *Transition and Disclosure*. SFAS 148 amends SFAS 123 (SFAS 123), *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, to provide alternative methods of transition for an entity that voluntarily adopts the fair value recognition method of recording stock option expense. SFAS 148 also amends the disclosure provisions of SFAS 123 and APB Opinion No. 28, *Interim Financial Reporting*, to require disclosure in the summary of significant accounting policies of the effects of an entity s accounting policy with respect to stock options on reported net income and earnings per share in annual and interim financial statements. The Company adopted SFAS 148 on a prospective basis for all grants subsequent to January 1, 2002.

Prior to 2002, the Company accounted for stock options issued under the recognition and measurement provisions of APB Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees and Related Interpretations*. The following table illustrates the effect on net income available to common shares and earnings per share if the fair value based method had been applied to all outstanding and unvested awards in each period (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three-month periods ended June 30,					iods 80,		
		2005		2004		2005		2004
Net income available to Common Shares, as reported	\$	6,932	\$	15,483	\$	14,349	\$	30,415
Add: Stock based compensation expense included in reported net income		696		574		1,387		1,127
Deduct: Total stock based compensation expense determined under								
fair value recognition method for all awards		(813)		(713)		(1,643)		(1,404)
Pro forma net income available to Common Shares	\$	6,815	\$	15,344	\$	14,093	\$	30,138
Earnings per Common Share								
Basic – as reported	\$	0.12	\$	0.34	\$	0.26	\$	0.68
Basic – pro forma	\$	0.12	\$	0.34	\$	0.25	\$	0.67
•								
Diluted – as reported	\$	0.12	\$	0.34	\$	0.26	\$	0.67

				•	
Diluted – pro forma	\$	0.12	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.67
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BRANDYWINE REALTY TRUST

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2005

Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company accounts for its derivative instruments and hedging activities under SFAS No. 133 (SFAS 133 Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, and its corresponding amendments under SFAS No. 138, Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities An Amendment of SFAS 133. SFAS 133 requires the Company to measure every derivative instrument (including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts) at fair value and record them in the balance sheet as either an asset or liability. For derivatives designated as fair value hedges, the changes in fair value of both the derivative instrument and the hedged item are recorded in earnings. For derivatives designated as cash flow hedges, the effective portions of changes in the fair value of the derivative are reported in other comprehensive income. Changes in the ineffective portions of hedges are recognized in earnings in the current period. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, the Company was not party to any derivative contract designated as a fair value hedge.

The Company actively manages its ratio of fixed-to-floating rate debt. To manage its fixed and floating rate debt in a cost-effective manner, the Company, from time to time, enters into interest rate swap agreements as cash flow hedges, under which it agrees to exchange various combinations of fixed and/or variable interest rates based on agreed upon notional amounts.

As of June 30, 2004, the Company had in place an interest rate cap agreement designated as a cash flow hedge that was designed to reduce the impact of interest rate changes on its variable rate debt. The interest rate cap agreement effectively limited the interest rate on a mortgage with a notional value of \$28 million at 8.7% per annum until July 2004. The notional amount at June 30, 2004 provided an indication of the extent of the Company s involvement in these instruments at that time, but did not represent exposure to credit, interest rate or market risks. Prior to June 30, 2004, the Company had entered into interest rate swap agreements to effectively fix the LIBOR rate on \$175 million of its credit facility borrowings at approximately 4.2%. On June 29, 2004, these hedges expired and all amounts held in accumulated other comprehensive income relating to these hedges have been reclassified to operations.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be treated as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code). In order to maintain its qualification as a REIT, among other things, the Company is required to distribute at least 90% of its REIT taxable income to its shareholders and meet certain tests regarding the nature of its income and assets. As a REIT, the Company is not subject to federal income tax with respect to that portion of its income which meets certain criteria and is distributed annually to the shareholders. Accordingly, no provision for federal income taxes is included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The Company plans to continue to operate so that it meets the requirements for taxation as a REIT. Many of these requirements, however, are highly technical and complex. If the Company were to fail to meet these requirements, the Company would be subject to federal income tax. The Company is subject to certain state and local taxes. Provision for such taxes has been included in general and administrative expenses in the Company s consolidated statements of operations.

New Pronouncements

In October 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 123R (revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment* (SFAS 123R). SFAS 123R requires companies to categorize share-based payments as either liability or equity awards. For liability awards, companies will remeasure the award at fair value at each balance sheet date until the award is settled. Equity classified awards are measured at the fair value and are not remeasured. SFAS 123R will be effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2006. Awards issued, modified, or settled after the effective date will be measured and recorded in accordance with SFAS 123R. The Company believes that the implementation of this standard will not have a material effect on the Company s consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 153, *Accounting for Non-monetary Transactions* (SFAS 153). SFAS 153 requires non-monetary exchanges to be accounted for at fair value, recognizing any gain or loss, if the transactions meet a commercial-substance criterion and fair value is determinable. SFAS No. 153 is effective for non-monetary transactions occurring in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. The Company believes that the implementation of this standard will not have a material effect on the Company s consolidated financial position or results of operations.

BRANDYWINE REALTY TRUST

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2005

3. REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the carrying value of the Company s operating properties was as follows:

		June 30, 2005		December 31, 2004				
	(amounts in thousands)							
Land	\$	457,024	\$	452,602				
Building and improvements		1,919,277		1,892,153				
Tenant improvements		139,098		138,379				
	\$	2,515,399	\$	2,483,134				

Acquisitions and Dispositions

The Company s acquisitions are accounted for by the purchase method. The results of each acquired property are included in the Company s results of operations from their respective purchase dates.

2005

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2005, the Company acquired one industrial property containing 385,884 net rentable square feet and 28.4 acres of developable land for an aggregate purchase price of \$41.8 million.

2004

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2004, the Company sold three office properties containing 141,000 net rentable square feet, one industrial property containing 45,000 net rentable square feet and one parcel of land containing 5.3 acres for an aggregate of \$24.3 million, realizing a net gain of \$1.4 million. During the three-month period ended June 30, 2004, the Company sold one office property containing 103,000 net rentable square feet and one parcel of land containing 5.3 acres for an aggregate \$18.2 million, realizing a net gain of \$1.2 million.

On September 21, 2004, the Operating Partnership completed the acquisition of 100% of the partnership interests in The Rubenstein Company, L.P. (TRC). Through the acquisition, the Operating Partnership acquired 14 office properties (the TRC Properties) located in Pennsylvania and Delaware that contain approximately 3.5 million net rentable square feet. The results of TRC s operations have been included in the consolidated financial statements since that date.

The aggregate consideration for the TRC Properties was \$631.3 million, including \$29.3 million of closing costs, debt prepayment penalties and debt premiums that are included in the basis of the assets acquired. The consideration was paid with \$540.4 million of cash, \$79.3 million of debt assumed, \$1.6 million of other liabilities assumed, and 343,006 Class A Units valued at \$10.0 million. The value of the debt assumed was based on prevailing market rates at the time of acquisition. The value of the Class A Units was based on the average trading price of the Company s common shares.

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The following table summarizes the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition (in thousands):

	At September 21, 2004	
Real estate investments		
Land	\$ 105,302	
Building and improvements	434,795	
Tenant improvements	20,322	
Total real estate investments acquired	560,419	
Rent receivables	5,537	
Other assets acquired:		
Intangible assets:		
In-Place leases	49,455	
Relationship values	35,548	
Above-market leases	13,240	
Total intangible assets acquired	98,243	
Other assets	6,292	
Total Other assets	104,535	
Total assets acquired	670,491	
Liabilities assumed:	2, 2, 1, 2	
Mortgage notes pay able	79,330	
Security deposits and deferred rent	618	
Other liabilities:		
Below-market leases	39,204	
Other liabilities	943	
Total other liabilities assumed	40,147	
Total liabilities assumed	120,095	
Net assets acquired	\$ 550,396	
•		

The Operating Partnership agreed to issue the sellers up to a maximum of \$9.7 million of additional Class A Units if certain of the TRC Properties achieve at least 95% occupancy prior to September 21, 2007. At June 30, 2005, the maximum amount payable under this arrangement was \$6.7 million. Any contingent amounts ultimately payable would represent additional purchase price and would be reflected within the basis of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

At the closing of this transaction, the Operating Partnership agreed not to sell the TRC Properties in a transaction that would trigger taxable income to the contributors (i.e., sellers) for periods ranging from three to 15 years. In the event that the Operating Partnership sells any of the properties in such a transaction within the applicable restricted period, the Operating Partnership will be required to pay significant tax liabilities that would be incurred by the contributors.

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Pro forma information relating to the acquisition of TRC is presented below as if TRC was acquired and the related financing transactions occurred on January 1, 2004. These pro forma results are not necessarily indicative of the results which actually would have occurred if the acquisition had occurred on the first day of the periods presented, nor does the pro forma financial information purport to represent the results of operations for future periods (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three-month period ended June 30, 2004			Six-month period led June 30, 2004
	(uı	(unaudited)		inaudited)
Pro forma revenue	\$	96,012	\$	188,979
Pro forma income from continuing operations		14,303		22,540
Earnings per share from continuing operations				
Basic – as reported	\$	0.34	\$	0.68
Basic – as pro forma	\$	0.22	\$	0.42
Diluted – as reported	\$	0.34	\$	0.67
Diluted – as pro forma	\$	0.22	\$	0.42

4. INVESTMENT IN UNCONSOLIDATED REAL ESTATE VENTURES, AT EQUITY

As of June 30, 2005, the Company had an aggregate investment of approximately \$13.3 million in nine unconsolidated Real Estate Ventures (net of returns of investment). The Company formed these ventures with unaffiliated third parties to develop office properties or to acquire land in anticipation of possible development of office properties. Seven of the Real Estate Ventures own eight office buildings that contain an aggregate of approximately 1.6 million net rentable square feet, one Real Estate Venture developed a hotel property that contains 137 rooms and one Real Estate Venture is developing an office property located in Charlottesville, Virginia.

The Company also has investments in two real estate ventures (Four Tower Bridge Associates and Six Tower Bridge Associates) that are considered to be variable interest entities under FIN 46R and of which the Company is the primary beneficiary. The financial information for these two real estate ventures were consolidated into the Company s consolidated financial statements effective March 31, 2004. Prior to March 31, 2004, the Company accounted for its investment in these two ventures under the equity method.

The Company accounts for its non-controlling interests in its Real Estate Ventures using the equity method. Non-controlling ownership interests range from 6% to 50%, subject to specified priority allocations in certain of the Real Estate Ventures. The Company s investments, initially recorded at cost, are subsequently adjusted for the Company s share of the Real Estate Ventures income or loss and cash contributions and distributions.

The following is a summary of the financial position of the Real Estate Ventures as of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 (in thousands):

	 June 30, 2005	December 31, 2004		
Operating property, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 289,063	\$	294,378	
Other assets	26,995		29,944	
Liabilities	23,988		26,989	

Debt	206,195	209,624
Equity	85,875	87,709
Company's share of equity (Company basis)	13,308	12,754
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The following is a summary of results of operations of the Real Estate Ventures for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 (in thousands):

	Three-month periods ended June 30,					Six-month periods ended June 30,			
		2005		2005 2004		2005			2004
Revenue	\$	21,018	\$	11,349	\$	32,138	\$	21,630	
Operating expenses		12,520		4,534		17,450		9,049	
Interest expense, net		2,821		2,946		5,606		5,844	
Depreciation and amortization		2,224		2,022		4,442		4,212	
Net income		3,453		1,847		4,640		2,525	
Company's share of income (Company basis)		993		674		1,551		908	

As of June 30, 2005, the Company had guaranteed repayment of approximately \$0.6 million of loans for the Real Estate Ventures. The Company also provides customary environmental indemnities in connection with construction and permanent financing both for its own account and on behalf of the Real Estate Ventures.

5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

As of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the Company s intangible assets were comprised of the following (in thousands):

June	30,	2005
------	-----	------

	Т	otal Cost	Accumulated Amortization		Defe	erred Costs, net
In-place lease value	\$	51,712	\$	(11,959)	\$	39,753
Tenant relationship value		37,832		(3,554)		34,278
Above market leases acquired		15,149		(3,546)		11,603
Total	\$	104,693	\$	(19,059)	\$	85,634

December 31, 2004

	T			cumulated ortization	Def	erred Costs, net
In-place lease value	\$	55,165	\$	(6,117)	\$	49,048
Tenant relationship value		40,570		(2,377)		38,193
A bove market leases acquired		15,685		(1,870)		13,815
Total	\$	111,420	\$	(10,364)	\$	101,056

The reductions in the historical cost values during the six-month period ended June 30, 2005 were due to reallocations of the Company s purchase price for the TRC Properties among the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on final appraisals and the retirement of assets that became fully amortized during the aforementioned period.

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6. MORTGAGE NOTES PAYABLE

The following table sets forth information regarding our mortgage indebtedness outstanding at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 (in thousands):

Property / Location	June 30, 2005	December 31, 2004		,	
Grande B	\$ 79,738	\$	80,429	7.48%	Jul-27
Two Logan Square	72,999		73,511(a)	5.78%	Jul-09
Newtown Square/Berwyn Park/Libertyview	64,944		65,442	7.25%	May-13
Midlantic Drive/Lenox Drive/DCC I	64,384		64,942	8.05%	Oct-11
Grande A	61,639		62,177	7.48%	Jul-27
Plymouth Meeting Exec.	44,962		45,226(a)	7.00%	Dec-10
Arboretum I, II, III & V	23,468		23,690	7.59%	Jul-11
Six Tower Bridge	15,241		15,394	7.79%	Aug-12
Grande A	12,977		17,157(b)	6.10%	Jul-27
400 Commerce Drive	12,083		12,175	7.12%	Jun-08
Four Tower Bridge	10,827		10,890	6.62%	Feb-11
Croton Road	6,042		6,100	7.81%	Jan-06
200 Commerce Drive	5,944		5,976(a)	7.12%	Jan-10
Southpoint III	5,658		5,877	7.75%	Apr-14
440 & 442 Creamery Way	5,656		5,728	8.55%	Jul-07
Norriton Office Center	5,231		5,270	8.50%	Oct-07
429 Creamery Way	3,009		3,087	8.30%	Sep-06
481 John Young Way	2,390		2,420	8.40%	Nov-07
Grande A	2,300		3,040(b)	6.27%	Jul-27
111 Arrandale Blvd	1,072		1,100	8.65%	Aug-06
Interstate Center	 865		959(b)	4.69%	Mar-07
Principal balance outstanding	501,429		510,590		
Plus: unamortized fixed-rate debt premiums	 6,760		7,644		
Total mortgage indebtedness	\$ 508,189	\$	518,234		

⁽a) Loans were assumed upon acquisition of the related property. Interest rates presented above reflect the market rate at the time of acquisition.

During the six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, the Company s weighted-average interest rate on its mortgage notes payable was 7.1% and 7.5%, respectively.

7. UNSECURED NOTES

The following table sets forth information regarding our unsecured notes outstanding (in thousands):

	June 30,	December 31,		Stated	Effective
Year	2005	2004	Maturity	Interest Rate	

⁽b) For loans that bear interest at a variable rate, the rates in effect at June 30, 2005 have been presented.

					Interest Rate (1)
		_			
2008	\$ 113,000	\$ 113,000	Dec-08	4.34%	4.34%
2009	275,000	275,000	Nov-09	4.50%	4.62%
2014	250,000	250,000	Nov-14	5.40%	5.53%
Total face amount	\$ 638,000	\$ 638,000			
Less: unamortized discounts	(1,466)	(1,565)			
Total unsecured notes	\$ 636,534	\$ 636,435			

 $^{(1) \}quad \text{Rates include the effect of amortization related to discounts and costs related to settlement of treasury lock agreements}.$

The indenture relating to the 2009 and 2014 unsecured notes contains various financial restrictions and requirements, including (1) a leverage ratio not to exceed 60%, (2) a secured debt leverage ratio not to exceed 40%, (3) a debt service coverage ratio of greater than 1.5 to 1.0, and (4) an unencumbered asset value of not less than 150% of unsecured debt. In addition, the note purchase agreement relating to the 2008 unsecured notes contains covenants that are similar to the above covenants.

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8. UNSECURED CREDIT FACILITY

The Company utilizes credit facility borrowings for general business purposes, including the acquisition, development and redevelopment of properties and the repayment of other debt. The Company maintains a \$450.0 million unsecured credit facility (the Credit Facility) that matures in May 2007. Borrowings under the Credit Facility generally bear interest at LIBOR plus a spread over LIBOR ranging from 0.65% to 1.2% based on the Company s unsecured senior debt rating. The Company has the option to increase the Credit Facility to \$600.0 million subject to the absence of any defaults and the Company s ability to acquire additional commitments from our existing lenders or new lenders. As of June 30, 2005, the Company had \$265.0 million of borrowings and \$10.7 million of letters of credit outstanding under the Credit Facility, leaving \$174.3 million of unused availability. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, the weighted-average interest rate on the Company s unsecured credit facilities, including the effect of interest rate hedges during 2004, was 4.06% during 2005 and 4.55% during 2004.

The Credit Facility requires the maintenance of certain ratios related to minimum net worth, debt-to-total capitalization and fixed charge coverage and various non-financial covenants.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT AND USE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Risk Management

In the normal course of its on-going business operations, the Company encounters economic risk. There are three main components of economic risk: interest rate risk, credit risk and market risk. The Company is subject to interest rate risk on its interest-bearing liabilities. Credit risk is the risk of inability or unwillingness of tenants to make contractually required payments. Market risk is the risk of declines in the value of properties due to changes in rental rates, occupancy levels, interest rates or other market factors affecting the valuation of properties held by the Company.

Use of Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company s use of derivative instruments is limited to the utilization of interest rate agreements or other instruments to manage interest rate risk exposures and not for speculative purposes. The principal objective of such arrangements is to minimize the risks and/or costs associated with the Company s operating and financial structure, as well as to hedge specific transactions. The counterparties to these arrangements are major financial institutions with which the Company and its affiliates may also have other financial relationships. The Company is potentially exposed to credit loss in the event of non-performance by these counterparties. However, because of the high credit ratings of the counterparties, the Company does not anticipate that any of the counterparties will fail to meet these obligations as they come due. The Company does not hedge credit or property value market risks.

The Company formally assesses, both at inception of the hedge and on an on-going basis, whether each derivative is highly-effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of the hedged item. If management determines that a derivative is not highly-effective as a hedge or if a derivative ceases to be a highly-effective hedge, the Company will discontinue hedge accounting prospectively.

As of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the Company was not party to any derivative financial instruments.

In October 2004, in anticipation of the offering of the 2009 and 2014 unsecured notes, the Company entered into treasury lock agreements. The treasury lock agreements were designated as cash flow hedges of interest rate risk and qualified for hedge accounting. The treasury lock agreements were for notional amounts totaling \$194.8 million for an expiration of five years at an all-in-rate of 4.8% and for notional amounts totaling \$188.0 million for an expiration of 10 years at an all-in-rate of 5.6%. The treasury lock agreements were settled in October 2004 upon the completion of the offering of the 2009 and 2014 unsecured notes at a total cost of approximately \$3.2 million. The cost was recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss and is being amortized to interest expense over the terms of the respective unsecured notes.

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As of June 30, 2004, the Company had in place an interest rate cap agreement designated as a cash flow hedge that was designed to reduce the impact of interest rate changes on its variable rate debt. The interest rate cap agreement effectively limited the interest rate on a mortgage with a notional value of \$28 million at 8.7% per annum until July 2004. The notional amount at June 30, 2004 provided an indication of the extent of the Company s involvement in these instruments at that time, but did not represent exposure to credit, interest rate or market risks. Prior to June 30, 2004, the Company had entered into interest rate swap agreements to effectively fix the LIBOR rate on \$175 million of its credit facility borrowings at approximately 4.2%. On June 29, 2004, these hedges expired and all amounts held in accumulated other comprehensive income relating to these hedges have been reclassified to operations.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of tenants related to the Company s investments or rental operations are engaged in similar business activities, or are located in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their inability to meet contractual obligations, including those to the Company, to be similarly affected. The Company regularly monitors its tenant base to assess potential concentrations of credit risk. Management believes the current credit risk portfolio is reasonably well diversified and does not contain any unusual concentration of credit risk. No tenant accounted for 5% or more of the Company s rents during the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 or 2004.

10. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

For the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2005, the Company had no income from discontinued operations. For the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2004, income from discontinued operations relates to 4 properties that the Company sold during 2004. The following table summarizes the revenue and expense information for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2004 (in thousands):

	p ended	Three-month period ended June 30, 2004		x-month period d June 30, 2004
Revenue:		_		
Rents	\$	75	\$	268
Tenant reimbursements		63		296
Other		_	-	17
Total revenue		138		581
Expenses:				
Property operating expenses		212		461
Real estate taxes		62		154
Depreciation and amortization		77		180
Total operating expenses		351		795
Loss from discontinued operations before net gain on sale of interests in real estate and minority interest		(213)		(214)
Net gain on sales of interest in real estate		45		249
Minority interest		6		(2)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$	(162)	\$	33

Discontinued operations have not been segregated in the consolidated statements of cash flows. Therefore, amounts for certain captions will not agree with respective data in the consolidated statements of operations.

11. MINORITY INTEREST

On June 15, 2005, the Operating Partnership declared a \$0.44 per unit cash distribution to holders of Class A Units totaling \$0.9 million.

In February 2004, the Operating Partnership redeemed all of its outstanding Series B Preferred Units for an aggregate price of \$93.0 million, together with accrued but unpaid distributions from January 1, 2004. The Series B Preferred Units had an aggregate stated value of \$97.5 million and accrued distributions at 7.25% per annum. We recorded a gain of \$4.5 million related to the redemption.

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12. BENEFICIARIES EQUITY

On June 15, 2005, the Company declared a distribution of \$0.44 per Common Share, totaling \$24.7 million, which was paid on July 15, 2005 to shareholders of record as of July 6, 2005. On June 15, 2005, the Company declared distributions on its Series C Preferred Shares and Series D Preferred Shares to holders of record as of June 30, 2005. These shares are entitled to a preferential return of 7.50% and 7.375%, respectively. Distributions paid on July 15, 2005 to holders of Series C Preferred Shares and Series D Preferred Shares totaled \$0.9 million and \$1.1 million, respectively.

13. EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

The following table details the number of shares and net income used to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except share amounts):

Three-month periods ended June 30,

	2005					2004						
]	Basic	D	iluted	Basic			Diluted				
Income from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations		8,930	\$	\$ 8,930		18,322 (162)	\$	18,322 (162)				
Income allocated to Preferred Shares		(1,998)		(1,998)		(2,677)		(2,677)				
Net income available to common shareholders	\$	6,932	\$	6,932	\$	15,483	\$	15,483				
Weighted-average shares outstanding Options and warrants	55	,681,668	55 	,681,668 162,571	45	5,665,274	45	5,665,274 146,672				
Total weighted-average shares outstanding	55	,681,668	55	,844,239	45	5,665,274	45	5,811,946				
Earnings per Common Share:	ф	0.12	Ф	0.12	Φ	0.24	Φ	0.24				
Continuing operations Discontinued operations	\$	0.12	\$ 	0.12	\$ -	0.34	\$ - 	0.34				
	\$	0.12	\$	0.12	\$	0.34	\$	0.34				

Six-month periods ended June 30,

	20	05			2004						
	Basic	Diluted		Basic			Diluted				
Income from continuing operations	\$ 18,345	\$	18,345	\$	30,577	\$	30,577				
Income from discontinued operations	_	_	_	_	33		33				
Income allocated to Preferred Shares	(3,996)		(3,996)		(4,695)		(4,695)				
Preferred share redemption gain	 	_			4,500		4,500				
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 14,349	\$	14,349	\$	30,415	\$	30,415				

Weighted-average shares outstanding	55,5	562,384	55,	562,384	44	,876,459	44,	,876,459
Options and warrants				223,686				220,276
Total weighted-average shares outstanding	55,562,384		55,786,070		44,876,459		45,096,735	
Earnings per Common Share:								
Continuing operations	\$	0.26	\$	0.26	\$	0.68	\$	0.67
Discontinued operations		_	_	_	-		_	_
					_		_	
	\$	0.26	\$	0.26	\$	0.68	\$	0.67
				19				

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Securities (including Series A Preferred Shares of the Company and Class A Units of the Operating Partnership) totaling 2,052,959 and 3,057,739 as of June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively, were excluded from the earnings per share computations because their effect would have been antidilutive. The Series A Preferred Shares were converted to Common Shares in November 2004.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company currently manages its portfolio within five segments: (1) Pennsylvania–West, (2) Pennsylvania–North, (3) New Jersey, (4) Urban and (5) Virginia. The Pennsylvania–West segment includes properties in Chester, Delaware and Montgomery counties in the Philadelphia suburbs of Pennsylvania. The Pennsylvania–North segment includes properties north of Philadelphia in Berks, Bucks, Cumberland, Dauphin, Lehigh and Montgomery counties. The New Jersey segment includes properties in counties in the southern part of New Jersey including Burlington, Camden and Mercer counties and in Bucks County, Pennsylvania. The Urban segment includes properties in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania and the state of Delaware. The Virginia segment includes properties primarily in Albemarle, Chesterfield and Henrico counties, the City of Richmond and Durham, North Carolina. Corporate is responsible for cash and investment management, development of certain real estate properties during the construction period, and certain other general support functions.

Segment information as of and for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 is as follows (in thousands):

	Pennsylvania			nnsylvania									
		West	North		New Jersey	Urban		Virginia		Corporate			Total
As of June 30, 2005:													
Real estate investments, at cost:													
Operating properties	\$	835,305	\$	542,970	\$568,219	\$.	350,504	\$2	18,401	\$	_	- \$2	,515,399
Construction-in-progress		14,828		33,487	13,615		5,961		1,627		143,728		213,246
Land held for development		16,595		31,216	23,219		5,925		7,960		793		85,708
As of December 31, 2004:													
Real estate investments, at cost:													
Operating properties	\$	830,622	\$	533,142	\$553,969	\$.	349,911	\$2	15,490	\$	_	_ \$ 2	,483,134
Construction-in-progress		13,140		24,591	10,994		3,581		3,789		88,921		145,016
Land held for development		9,820		27,964	14,585		516		7,959		673		61,517
For the three-months ended June 30, 2005													
Total revenue	\$	26,656	\$	19,013	\$ 24,802	\$	16,467	\$	7,111	\$	1,194	\$	95,243
Property operating expenses and real estate taxes	,	9,922		8,444	9,730		6,527		2,861		_	_	37,484
	_		_			_		_		_		_	
Net operating income	\$	16,734	\$	10,569	\$ 15,072	\$	9,940	\$	4,250	\$	1,194	\$	57,759
For the three-months ended June 30, 2004	Φ.	10.602	Φ.	10.060	Φ 24052	Φ.	2.502	Φ.	<i>(</i> 7 4 <i>c</i>	Φ.	0.551	Φ.	56.01
Total revenue	\$	19,693	\$	19,368	\$ 24,063	\$	3,793	\$	6,746	\$	2,551	\$	76,214
Property operating expenses and real estate taxes		5,452	_	8,101	8,822	_	1,842		2,683	_			26,900
Net operating income	\$	14,241	\$	11,267	\$ 15,241	\$	1,951	\$	4,063	\$	2,551	\$	49,314

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Segment information for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 is as follows (in thousands):

	Pen	nsylvania –	Pen	nsylvania –										
		West	North		New Jersey		Urban		Virginia		Corporate			Total
For the six-months ended June 30, 2005										_				
Total revenue	\$	56,370	\$	38,475	\$	50,061	\$	32,427	\$	14,317	\$	2,517	\$	194,167
Property operating expenses and real estate taxes		20,204		17,622		20,403		13,065		5,726				77,020
Net operating income	\$	36,166	\$	20,853	\$	29,658	\$	19,362	\$	8,591	\$	2,517	\$	117,147
For the six-months ended June 30, 2004														
Total revenue	\$	39,622	\$	37,503	\$	48,529	\$	6,619	\$	13,378	\$	3,762	\$	149,413
Property operating expenses and real estate taxes		11,429		16,724		18,234		3,869		5,675		_	_	55,931
	_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Net operating income	\$	28,193	\$	20,779	\$	30,295	\$	2,750	\$	7,703	\$	3,762	\$	93,482

Net operating income is defined as total revenue less property operating expenses and real estate taxes. Below is a reconciliation of consolidated net operating income to net income (in thousands):

	Three-month periods ended June 30,					Six-month period ended June 30,						
		2005 2004			2005		2004					
Consolidated net operating income	\$	57,759	\$	49,314	\$	117,147	\$	93,482				
Less:												
Interest income		687		541		1,467		1,052				
Interest expense		(17,807)		(11,948)		(35,604)		(24,052)				
Depreciation and amortization		(27,948)		(16,829)		(56,383)		(32,633)				
Administrative expenses		(4,378)		(3,954)		(9,130)		(7,443)				
Minority interest attributable to continuing operations		(376)		(624)		(703)		(1,885)				
Plus:												
Equity in income of real estate ventures		993		674		1,551		908				
Net gain on sales of interests in real estate				1,148				1,148				
Income from continuing operations		8,930		18,322		18,345		30,577				
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		_		(162)		_		33				
Net income	\$	8,930	\$	18,160	\$	18,345	\$	30,610				

15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved from time to time in litigation on various matters, including disputes with tenants and disputes arising out of agreements to purchase or sell properties. Given the nature of the Company s business activities, these lawsuits are considered routine to the conduct of its business. The result of any particular lawsuit cannot be predicted, because of the very nature of litigation, the litigation process and its adversarial nature, and the jury system.

Environmental

As an owner of real estate, the Company is subject to various environmental laws of federal, state, and local governments. The Company s compliance with existing laws has not had a material adverse effect on its financial condition and results of operations, and the Company does not believe it will have a material adverse effect in the future. However, the Company cannot predict the impact of unforeseen environmental contingencies or new or changed laws or regulations on its current Properties or on properties that the Company may acquire.

BRANDYWINE REALTY TRUST

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2005

Related Party Transaction

We are a party to an agreement with one of our Trustees (Donald E. Axinn) in which we agreed to fund \$5.5 million in September 2010 to acquire a fifty percent interest in an approximately 141,725 square foot office building located at 101 Paragon Drive, Montvale, New Jersey. Our agreement provides for proceeds of our \$5.5 million payment to be used (together with funds provided by Mr. Axinn) to repay in full the third party loan that encumbers this property.

Ground Rent

Future minimum rental payments under the terms of all non-cancelable ground leases under which the Company is the lessee are expensed on a straight-line basis regardless of when payments are due.

Other Commitments or Contingencies

As part of our TRC acquisition, the Operating Partnership agreed to issue to the sellers up to a maximum of \$9.7 million of Class A Units of the Operating Partnership if certain of the acquired properties achieve at least 95% occupancy prior to September 21, 2007. At June 30, 2005, the maximum amount payable under this arrangement was \$6.7 million.

As part of the TRC acquisition, the Company acquired an interest in Two Logan Square, a 696,477 square foot office building in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, primarily through a second and third mortgage secured by this property pursuant to which the Company receives substantially all cash flows from the property. The Company currently does not expect to take title to Two Logan Square until, at the earliest, September 2019. In the event that the Company takes title to Two Logan Square upon a foreclosure of its mortgages, the Company has agreed to make a payment to an unaffiliated third party with a residual interest as a fee owner of this property. The amount of the payment would be \$0.6 million if we must pay a state and local transfer upon taking title, or \$2.9 million if no transfer tax is payable upon the transfer.

As part of the TRC acquisition and several of our other acquisitions, the Company has agreed not to sell the acquired properties. In the case of TRC, the Company agreed not to sell the acquired properties for periods ranging from three to 15 years from the acquisition date as follows: 201 Radnor Financial Center, 555 Radnor Financial Center and 300 Delaware Avenue (three years); One Rodney Square and 130/150/170 Radnor Financial Center (10 years); and One Logan Square, Two Logan Square and Radnor Corporate Center (15 years). The Company also owns 14 other properties that aggregate 1.0 million square feet and have agreed not to sell these properties for periods that expire through 2008. These agreements generally provide that we may dispose of the subject Properties only in transactions that qualify as tax-free exchanges under Section 1031 of the Code or in other tax deferred transactions. In the event that the Company sells any of the properties within the applicable restricted period in non-exempt transactions, the Company has agreed to pay significant tax liabilities that would be incurred by the parties who sold the applicable property

The Company invests in its Properties and regularly incurs capital expenditures in the ordinary course of business to maintain the Properties. The Company believes that such expenditures enhance the competitiveness of the Properties. The Company also enters into construction, utility and service contracts in the ordinary course of business which may extend beyond one year. These contracts include terms that provide for cancellation with insignificant or no cancellation penalties.

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Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere herein. This Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements for purposes of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and as such may involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions, there can be no assurance that these expectations will be realized. The Company assumes no obligation to update or supplement forward-looking statements that become untrue because of subsequent events. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from management s current expectations include, but are not limited to, changes in general economic conditions, changes in local real estate conditions (including changes in rental rates and the number of competing properties), changes in the economic conditions affecting industries in which the Company's principal tenants compete, the Company s failure to lease unoccupied space in accordance with the Company s projections, the failure of the Company to re-lease occupied space upon expiration of leases, the bankruptcy of major tenants, changes in prevailing interest rates, the unavailability of equity and debt financing, unanticipated costs associated with the acquisition and integration of the Company s acquisitions, costs to complete and lease-up pending developments, increased costs for, or lack of availability of, adequate insurance, including for terrorist acts, demand for tenant services beyond those traditionally provided by landlords, potential liability under environmental or other laws, the existence of complex regulations relating to the Company s status as a REIT and to the Company s acquisition, disposition and development activities, the adverse consequences of the Company s failure to qualify as a REIT and the other risks identified in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004.

OVERVIEW

The Company currently manages its portfolio within five geographic segments: (1) Pennsylvania West, (2) Pennsylvania North, (3) New Jersey, (4) Urban and (5) Virginia. The Company believes it has established an effective platform in these office and industrial markets that provides a foundation for achieving its goals of maximizing market penetration, optimizing operating economies of scale and creating long-term investment value.

As of June 30, 2005, the Company s portfolio consisted of 223 office properties, 24 industrial facilities and one mixed-use property that contained an aggregate of approximately 19.6 million net rentable square feet. As of June 30, 2005, we held economic interests in nine unconsolidated real estate ventures that contained approximately 1.6 million net rentable square feet (the Real Estate Ventures) formed with third parties to develop or own commercial properties. In addition, we own interests in two consolidated real estate ventures that own two office properties containing approximately 0.2 million net rentable square feet.

The Company receives income primarily from rental revenue (including tenant reimbursements) from the Properties and, to a lesser extent, from the management of properties owned by third parties and from investments in the Real Estate Ventures.

The Company s financial performance is dependent upon the demand for office and other commercial space in its markets. Current economic conditions, including recessionary pressures and capital market volatility, have enhanced the challenges facing the Company.

The Company seeks revenue growth through an increase in occupancy of its portfolio (91.4% at June 30, 2005, 87.8% including the five lease-up assets acquired as part of the TRC acquisition in September 2004) and through acquisitions. However, with a downturn in general leasing activity, owners of commercial real estate, including the Company, are experiencing longer periods of rental downtime and are incurring higher capital costs and leasing commissions to achieve targeted tenancies.

As the Company seeks to increase revenue, management also focuses on strategies to minimize operating risks, including (i) tenant rollover risk, (ii) tenant credit risk and (iii) development risk.

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Tenant Rollover Risk:

The Company is subject to the risk that, upon expiration, leases may not be renewed, the space may not be re-leased, or the terms of renewal or re-leasing (including the cost of renovations) may be less favorable than the current lease terms. Leases totaling approximately 7.4% of the net rentable square feet of the Properties as of June 30, 2005 expire without penalty through the end of 2005. In addition, leases totaling approximately 11.7% of the net rentable square feet of the Properties as of June 30, 2005 are scheduled to expire without penalty in 2006. The Company maintains an active dialogue with its tenants in an effort to achieve lease renewals. The Company s retention rate for leases that were scheduled to expire in the six-month period ended June 30, 2005 was 74.7%. If the Company is unable to renew leases for a substantial portion of the space under expiring leases, or promptly re-lease this space at anticipated rental rates, the Company s cash flow could be adversely impacted.

Tenant Credit Risk:

In the event of a tenant default, the Company may experience delays in enforcing its rights as a landlord and may incur substantial costs in protecting its investment. Management regularly evaluates its accounts receivable reserve policy in light of its tenant base and general and local economic conditions. The accounts receivable allowances were \$4.7 million or 9.1% of total receivables (including accrued rent receivable) as of June 30, 2005 compared to \$4.2 million or 8.4% of total receivables (including accrued rent receivable) as of December 31, 2004.

Development Risk:

As of June 30, 2005, the Company had in development three office properties and had in redevelopment three office properties aggregating 1.1 million square feet. The total net investment in these projects is estimated to be \$230.3 million of which \$167.0 million had been incurred as of June 30, 2005. As of June 30, 2005, these projects were approximately 80% leased. One of these development properties is Cira Centre, a 29-story office tower located adjacent to Amtrak s 30th Street Station in the University City District of Philadelphia. The total net investment in this project is estimated to be \$177.6 million and the Company expects to complete the project in the fourth quarter of 2005. As of June 30, 2005, the office portion of this project was approximately 93% leased. While the Company is actively marketing space at these projects to prospective tenants, management cannot provide assurance as to the timing or terms of any leases for such space. If one or more of the Company s assumptions regarding the successful efforts of development and leasing are incorrect, the resulting adjustments could impact earnings.

ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSITIONS OF REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2005, the Company acquired one office property containing 385,884 net rentable square feet and 28.4 acres of developable land for an aggregate purchase price of \$41.8 million.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations discusses the Company s consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Management bases its estimates and assumptions on historical experience and current economic conditions. On an on-going basis, management evaluates its estimates and assumptions including those related to revenue, impairment of long-lived assets and the allowance for doubtful accounts. Actual results may differ from those estimates and assumptions.

The Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004, contains a discussion of the Company s critical accounting policies. See also Note 2 in the Company s unaudited consolidated financial statements for the six-month period ended June 30, 2005 as set forth herein. Management discusses the Company s critical accounting policies and management s judgments and estimates with the Company s Audit Committee.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of the Three-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

The table below shows selected operating information for the Same Store Property Portfolio and the Total Portfolio. The Same Store Property Portfolio consists of 226 Properties containing an aggregate of approximately 15.0 million net rentable square feet that were owned for the entire three-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004. This table also includes a reconciliation from the Same Store Property Portfolio to the Total Portfolio (i.e. all properties owned by us as during the three-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004) by providing information for the properties which were acquired, sold, or placed into service and administrative/elimination information for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004.

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	Sar	me Store Pi	roperty Portf	olio	Propei Acquire		Develo Propo	pment	Adminis Elimin (l			Total Portfolio			
(dollars in thousands)	2005	2004	Increase/ (Decrease)	% Change	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	Increase/ (Decrease)	% Change	
Revenue:															
Rents	\$ 62,091	\$ 61,946	\$ 145	0%	\$ 18,452	1,301	\$ 1,245	\$ 1,069	-	_ =	§ 81,788	\$ 64,316	\$ 17,472	27%	
Tenant															
reimbursements	7,596	7,816	(220)	-3%	3,333	192	149	50	-		- 11,078	8,058	3,020	37%	
Other	916	1,260	(344)	-27%	264		_ 3	13	1,194	2,567	2,377	3,840	(1,463)	-38%	
Total revenue	70,603	71,022	(419)	-1%	22,049	1,493	1,397	1,132	1,194	2,567	95,243	76,214	19,029	25%	
Operating Expenses:															
Property operating expenses	22,360	21,321	1,039	5%	7,093	542	579	440	(2,231)	(2,249)	27,801	20,054	7,747	39%	
Real estate taxes	6,969	6,629	340	5%	2,446	5	268	212	_		- 9,683	6,846	2,837	41%	
Depreciation and amortization	16,277	15,763	514	3%	10,599	370	809	445	263	251	27,948	16,829	11,119	66%	
Administrative expenses		13,703	311	370	10,377	370	007	113	4,378		4,378	3,954	424	11%	
Total property operating expenses	45,606	43,713	1,893	4%	20,138	917	1,656	1,097	2,410	1,956	69,810	47,683	22,127	46%	
Operating Income Other Income (Expense):	24,997	27,309	(2,312)	-8%	1,911	576	(259)	35	(1,216)	611	25,433	28,531	(3,098)	-11%	
Interest											687	541	146	27%	
Interest expense Equity in income											(17,807)	(11,948)	(5,859)	49%	
of real estate ventures											993	674	319	47%	
Net gain on sales of interest in real estate												- 1,148	(1,148)	-100%	
Income before minority interest Minority interest											9,306	18,946	(9,640)	-51%	
attributable to continuing operations											(376)	(624)	248	40%	
Income from continuing operations										-	8,930	18,322	(9,392)	-51%	
Income from discontinued operations (c)											_	- (162)	162	-100%	

Net Income 8,930 18,160 (9,230) -51%

- (a) Represents the operations of properties acquired that are not included in the definition of the Same Store Property Portfolio.
- (b) Represents certain revenue and expenses at the corporate level as well as various intercompany costs that are eliminated in consolidation.
- (c) All properties sold during the respective periods meet the criteria for treatment as a discontinued operation and have been presented as such under SFAS No. 144 (SFAS 144),

Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets .

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Revenue

Revenue increased by \$19.0 million primarily due to properties that were acquired in 2004, offset by a decrease in other income in 2005 as compared to 2004. Average occupancy for the Same Store Properties increased to 92.3% in 2005 from 90.9% in 2004. Other revenue represents lease termination fees, bankruptcy settlement proceeds, leasing commissions and third-party management fees. Total portfolio other revenue decreased to \$2.4 million for the three-month period ended June 30, 2005 as compared to \$3.8 million for the comparable period in 2004 primarily due to the settlement of a previously disclosed litigation totaling \$1.0 million plus accrued interest on the Company s security deposit in 2004.

Operating Expenses and Real Estate Taxes

Property operating expenses increased by \$7.7 million in 2005 primarily due to the properties acquired in the latter half of 2004 and higher expense levels in 2005 on the Same Store Properties. Property operating expenses for the Same Store Properties increased by \$1.0 million in 2005 over 2004 due to increases in utility expenses and repairs and maintenance expenses at various Same Store Properties.

Real estate taxes increased by \$2.8 million primarily due to the properties acquired in the latter half of 2004. Real estate taxes for the Same Store Properties increased by \$0.3 million in 2005 as a result of higher tax rates and property assessments.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation and amortization expense increased by \$11.1 million in 2005 primarily due to the properties acquired in the second half of 2004 and amortization from additional tenant improvements and leasing commissions incurred over the year.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses increased by \$0.4 million in 2005 primarily due to the cost of additional personnel hired as part of the TRC acquisition in September 2004 and higher compensation and benefits costs for employees.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased by \$5.9 million in 2005 primarily due to increased debt from the Company s fixed rate unsecured notes issued in the fourth quarter of 2004 offset by a decrease in the effective borrowing cost under the Company s unsecured credit facilities, including the effect of interest rate hedges during 2004.

Equity in Income of Real Estate Ventures

Equity in income of Real Estate Ventures increased by \$0.3 million in 2005 as a result of increased net income from the Real Estate Ventures.

Net Gain on Sales of Interests in Real Estate

During the three-month period ended June 30, 2004, the Company sold one office property containing 103,000 net rentable square feet and one parcel of land containing 5.3 acres for an aggregate \$18.2 million, realizing a net gain of \$1.2 million (approximately \$45,000 of which is included in income from discontinued operations). There were no property sales during the three-month period ended June 30, 2005.

Minority Interest

Minority interest from continuing operations represents the equity in income attributable to the portion of the Operating Partnership not owned by the Company. Minority interest from continuing operations decreased by \$0.2 million in 2005 primarily due to decreased net income (as a result of a decrease in net gain on sales of interest in real estate and increased depreciation and interest expense).

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Discontinued Operations

Discontinued operations increased by \$0.2 million in 2005 primarily due to the timing of sales for assets included in discontinued operations.

Comparison of the Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

The table below shows selected operating information for the Same Store Property Portfolio and the Total Portfolio. The Same Store Property Portfolio consists of 226 Properties containing an aggregate of approximately 15.0 million net rentable square feet that were owned for the entire six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004. This table also includes a reconciliation from the Same Store Property Portfolio to the Total Portfolio (i.e. all properties owned by us during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004) by providing information for the properties which were acquired, sold, or placed into service and administrative/elimination information for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004.

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Properties Properties Total Portfolio	Deve	lopment	Adminis	strative/		Same	e Store P	'ropert	y Portfolio	Acqu	ired (a) Sold	(a) Pi	operti	es Elim	inations	
									_								
thousands	2005	2004 (D	ecrease)		ase/ %	2004 200	05 2004		crease/ % 2004 2005			2004	(Decre	ase) C	hange		
								-				-			-		

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Revenue: Rents\$124,009 \$124,406 (\$397)0%\$36,629 1,331 -137 \$2,378 \$2,122 -\$163,016 \$127,996 \$35,020 27% Tenant reimbursements 16,867 15,715 1,152 7% 6,006 192 -287 144 -23,160 16,051 7,109 44% Other 4,828 1,537 3,291 100% 562 8 -79 42 2,522 3,779 7,53	991 5.

Total revenue 145,704 141,658 4,046 3% 43,197 1,531 437 2,744 2,308 2,522 3,779 194,167 149,413 44,754 30% Operating Expenses:

Property operating
expenses 46,458 44,908 1,550 3% 14,790 542 -30 1,272 1,131 (4,840)(4,407) 57,680 42,204 15,476 37% Real estate taxes 14,023 13,247 776 6% 4,780 11 —537 469 —19,340 13,727 5,613 41% Depreciation and amortization 34,206 30,939 3,267 11% 20,410 370 —1,225 804 542 520 56,383 32,633 23,750 73% Administrative expenses

9,130 7,443 9,130 7,443 1,687 23%

Total property operating expenses
94,687 89,094 5,593 6% 39,980 923 —30 3,034 2,404 4,832 3,556 142,533 96,007 46,526 48%
74,001 07,074 3,373 076 37,700 723 30 3,034 2,404 4,032 3,330 142,333 70,001 40,320 4076

Operating Income 51,017 52,564 (1,547)-3% 3,217 608 -407 (290) (96)(2,310)223 51,634 53,406 (1,772)-3% Other Income (Expense):
Interest income 1,467 1,052 415 39% Interest expense (35,604) (24,052) (11,552)48% Equity in income of real estate ventures 1,551 908 643 71% Net gain on sales of interest in real estate -4,148
Income before minority interest 19,048 32,462 (12,266)-38% Minority interest attributable to continuing operations (703) (1,885) 1,182 63%
Income from continuing operations 18,345 30,577 (11,084)-36% Income from discontinued operations (c) -33 (33)-100%

Net Income	18,345 30,610 (11,117)-36%

- (a) Represents the operations of properties acquired that are not included in the definition of the Same Store Property Portfolio.
- (b) Represents certain revenue and expenses at the corporate level as well as various intercompany costs that are eliminated in consolidation.
- (c) All properties sold during the respective periods meet the criteria for treatment as a discontinued operation and have been presented as such under SFAS No. 144 (SFAS 144 Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets .

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Revenue

Revenue increased by \$44.8 million primarily due to properties that were acquired in 2004 and an increase in other income in 2005 as compared to 2004. Other revenue represents lease termination fees, bankruptcy settlement proceeds, leasing commissions and third-party management fees. Total portfolio other revenue increased by \$2.6 million when comparing the six-month period ended June 30, 2005 to the comparable period in 2004 primarily due to a \$3.7 million net termination fee associated with a single tenant termination in 2005 offset by the settlement of litigation totaling \$1.0 million plus accrued interest on the Company s security deposit in 2004.

Operating Expenses and Real Estate Taxes

Property operating expenses increased by \$15.5 million in 2005 primarily due to the properties acquired in the latter half of 2004 and higher expense levels in 2005 on the Same Store Properties. Property operating expenses for the Same Store Properties increased by \$1.6 million in 2005 over 2004 due to increases in snow removal costs, utility expenses and repairs and maintenance expenses at various Same Store Properties.

Real estate taxes increased by \$5.6 million primarily due to the properties acquired in the latter half of 2004. Real estate taxes for the Same Store Properties increased by \$0.8 million in 2005 as a result of higher tax rates and property assessments.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation and amortization expense increased by \$23.8 million in 2005 primarily due to the properties acquired in the second half of 2004 and amortization from additional tenant improvements and leasing commissions incurred over the year.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses increased by \$1.7 million in 2005 primarily due to the cost of additional personnel hired as part of the TRC acquisition in September 2004, higher compensation and benefits costs for employees and increased spending on process and technology improvements.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased by \$11.6 million in 2005 primarily due to increased debt from the Company s fixed rate unsecured notes issued in the fourth quarter of 2004 offset by a decrease in the effective borrowing cost under the Company s unsecured credit facilities, including the effect of interest rate hedges during 2004.

Equity in Income of Real Estate Ventures

Equity in income of Real Estate Ventures increased by \$0.6 million in 2005 as a result of increased net income from the Real Estate Ventures.

Net Gain on Sales of Interests in Real Estate

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2004, the Company sold three office properties containing 141,000 net rentable square feet, one industrial property containing 45,000 net rentable square feet and one parcel of land containing 5.3 acres for an aggregate of \$24.3 million, realizing a net gain of \$1.4 million (\$0.2 million of the net gain is presented in income from discontinued operations). There were no property sales during the six-month period ended June 30, 2005.

Minority Interest

Minority interest from continuing operations represents the equity in income attributable to the portion of the Operating Partnership not owned by the Company. Minority interest from continuing operations decreased by \$1.2 million in 2005 primarily due to decreased net income (as a result of a decrease in net gain on sales of interest in real estate and increased depreciation and interest expense).

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

General

Our principal liquidity needs for the next twelve months are as follows:

- fund normal recurring expenses,
- meet debt service requirements,
- fund capital expenditures, including capital and tenant improvements and leasing costs,
- fund current development costs, including continued development of Cira Centre in University City, Philadelphia, and
- fund distributions declared by our Board of Trustees.

We believe that these needs will be satisfied using cash flows generated by operations and provided by financing activities. Rental revenue, recovery income from tenants, and other income from operations are our principal sources of cash used to pay operating expenses, debt service, recurring capital expenditures and the minimum distribution required to maintain our REIT qualification. We seek to increase cash flows from our existing properties by maintaining quality standards for our properties that promote high occupancy rates and permit increases in rental rates while reducing tenant turnover and controlling operating expenses. Our sources of revenue also include third-party fees generated by our property management, leasing, development and construction businesses. Consequently, we believe our revenue, together with proceeds from financing activities, will continue to provide the necessary funds for our short-term liquidity needs. However, material changes in these factors may adversely affect our net cash flows. Such changes, in turn, would adversely affect our ability to fund distributions, debt service payments and tenant improvements. In addition, a material adverse change in our cash provided by operations may affect the financial performance covenants under our unsecured Credit Facility and unsecured notes.

Our principal liquidity needs for periods beyond twelve months are for the costs of developments, redevelopments, property acquisitions, scheduled debt maturities, major renovations, expansions and other non-recurring capital improvements. We draw on multiple financing sources to fund our long-term capital needs. Our Credit Facility is utilized for general business purposes, including the acquisition, development and redevelopment of properties and the repayment of other debt. In the fourth quarter of 2004 we completed two offerings of unsecured notes and expect to utilize the debt market and common equity as capital sources for other long-term capital needs.

Cash Flows

The following summary discussion of our cash flows is based on the consolidated statement of cash flows and is not meant to be an all-inclusive discussion of the changes in our cash flows for the periods presented.

As of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, we maintained cash and cash equivalents of \$9.3 million and \$15.3 million, respectively, a decrease of \$6.0 million. This decrease was the result of the following changes in cash flow from our activities for the six-month period ended June 30:

Activity	2005	2004			
Operating	\$ 62,505	\$	73,342		
Investing	(126,337)		(31,103)		
Financing	57,807		(40,246)		
Net cash flows	\$ (6,025)	\$	1,993		

Our principle source of cash flows is from the operations of our Properties. Our decreased cash flow from operating activities in the six-months ended June 30, 2005 compared to the same period in 2004 is primarily attributable to reductions in other assets which generated positive cash flow of \$11.8 million in the 2004 period, the timing of real estate tax and other payments which generated higher cash outflows in the 2005 period, and greater net cash inflows from a larger asset base in 2005 as compared to 2004.

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Decreased cash flows from investing activities (comparing the first half of 2005 to the first half of 2004) were attributable to our acquisition of properties and developable land parcels in 2005 (\$38.9 million), the absence of dispositions during 2005 (\$20.0 million in 2004) and construction costs related to our Cira Centre development project and various other capital and tenant improvement projects (contributing to a \$35.7 million increase in 2005).

Increased cash flows from financing activities was comprised of additional borrowings on our Credit Facility in 2005 (\$113 million) to fund acquisitions and development activities compared to the 2004 period in which equity issuances and the related proceeds were used to reduce outstanding indebtedness and to fund the repurchase of preferred units in our operating partnership.

Capitalization

Indebtedness

As of June 30 2005, we had approximately \$1.4 billion of outstanding indebtedness. The table below summarizes our mortgage notes payable, our unsecured notes and our revolving credit facility at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004:

	June 30, 2005		December 31, 2004		
		(dollars in	thou	usands)	
Balance:					
Fixed rate	\$	1,128,581	\$	1,133,513	
Variable rate		281,142		173,156	
Total	\$	1,409,723	\$	1,306,669	
Percent of Total Debt:					
Fixed rate		80%	o o	87%	
Variable rate		20%	6 	13%	
Total		100%	ó	100%	
Weighted-average interest rate at period end:					
Fixed rate		5.9%	o o	5.9%	
Variable rate		4.0%	6	3.5%	
Total		5.6%	ó	5.6%	

The variable rate debt shown above generally bears interest based on various spreads over LIBOR (the term of which is selected by the Company).

The Company utilizes credit facility borrowings for general business purposes, including the acquisition, development and redevelopment of properties and the repayment of other debt. The Company maintains a \$450 million unsecured credit facility (the Credit Facility) that matures in May 2007, subject to a one year extension option upon payment of a fee and absence any defaults at the time of the extension. Borrowings under the Credit Facility generally bear interest at LIBOR plus a spread over LIBOR ranging from 0.65% to 1.20% based on the Company s unsecured senior debt rating. The Company has an option to increase its maximum borrowings under the Credit Facility to \$600 million subject to the absence of any defaults and our ability to acquire additional commitments from our existing lenders or new lenders. The Credit Facility contains various financial and non-financial covenants. As of June 30, 2005, the Company was in compliance with all such covenants.

The Company expects to renegotiate its Credit Facility prior to maturity or extend its term.

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The Company utilizes unsecured notes as a long-term financing alternative. The indentures and note purchase agreements contain various financial restrictions and requirements, including (1) a leverage ratio not to exceed 60%, (2) a secured debt leverage ratio not to exceed 40%, (3) an debt service coverage ratio of greater than 1.5 to 1.0, and (4) an unencumbered asset value of not less than 150% of unsecured debt. In addition, the note purchase agreement relating to the 2008 Notes contains covenants that are similar to the above covenants. At June 30, 2005, the Company was in compliance with each of these financial restrictions and requirements.

The Company has mortgages, loans payable and other obligations which consist of various loans collateralized by certain of the Company s Properties. Payments on mortgages, loans payable and other obligations are generally due in monthly installments of principal and interest, or interest only.

The Company intends to refinance its mortgage indebtedness as it matures primarily through the use of unsecured debt or equity.

As of June 30, 2005, the Company s debt-to-market capitalization ratio was 42.9%. As a general policy, the Company intends, but is not obligated, to adhere to a policy of maintaining a debt-to-market capitalization ratio of no more than 50%.

Equity

On June 15, 2005, the Company declared a distribution of \$0.44 per Common Share, totaling \$24.7 million, which was paid on July 15, 2005 to shareholders of record as of July 6, 2005. The Operating Partnership simultaneously declared a \$0.44 per unit cash distribution to holders of Class A Units totaling \$0.9 million.

On June 15, 2005, the Company declared distributions on its Series C Preferred Shares and Series D Preferred Shares to holders of record on June 30, 2005. These shares are entitled to a preferential return of 7.50% and 7.375%, respectively. Distributions paid on July 15, 2005 to holders of Series C Preferred Shares and Series D Preferred Shares totaled \$0.9 million and \$1.1 million, respectively.

The Company s Board of Trustees approved a share repurchase program authorizing the Company to repurchase up to 4.0 million of its outstanding Common Shares. Through June 30, 2005, the Company had repurchased 3.2 million of its Common Shares at an average price of \$17.75 per share. Under the share repurchase program, the Company has the authority to repurchase an additional 762,000 shares. No Common Shares were repurchased during the six-month period ended June 30, 2005 under the share repurchase program. No time limit has been placed on the duration of the share repurchase program.

Shelf Registration Statement

The Company and the Operating Partnership have an effective shelf registration statement on Form S-3 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission that registered \$750 million in common shares, preferred shares, depositary shares and warrants and \$750 million in debt securities. As of June 30, 2005, the registration statement had the entire \$750 million of capacity for future issuances of common shares, preferred shares, depositary shares and warrants and had the entire \$750 million of capacity for future issuances of debt securities.

Short- and Long-Term Liquidity

The Company believes that its cash flow from operations is adequate to fund its short-term liquidity requirements. Cash flow from operations is generated primarily from rental revenues and operating expense reimbursements from tenants and management services income from providing services to third parties. The Company intends to use these funds to meet short-term liquidity needs, which are to fund operating expenses, debt service requirements, recurring capital expenditures, tenant allowances, leasing commissions and the minimum distributions required to maintain the Company s REIT qualification under the Internal Revenue Code.

The Company expects to meet its long-term liquidity requirements, such as for property acquisitions, development, investments in real estate ventures, scheduled debt maturities, major renovations, expansions and other significant capital improvements, through cash from operations, borrowings under its Credit Facility, other long-term secured and unsecured indebtedness, the issuance of equity securities and the proceeds from the disposition of selected assets.

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Inflation

A majority of the Company s leases provide for separate escalations of real estate taxes and operating expenses either on a triple net basis or over a base amount. In addition, many of the office leases provide for fixed base rent increases. The Company believes that inflationary increases in expenses will be significantly offset by expense reimbursement and contractual rent increases.

Commitments and Contingencies

The following table outlines the timing of payment requirements related to the Company s contractual commitments as of June 30, 2005:

Payments by Period (in thousands)

	Total		Less than 1 Year			1-3 Years	3-5 Years		More than 5 Years	
Mortgage notes payable (a)	\$	501,429	\$	14,888	\$	35,768	\$	104,207	\$	346,566
Revolving credit facility		265,000		_	_	265,000		_	_	_
Unsecured debt (a)		638,000		_	_	_	_	388,000		250,000
Ground leases (b)		259,990		1,435		2,869		2,993		252,693
Other liabilities		1,525		837		_		_	_	688
	_				_				_	
	\$	1,665,944	\$	17,160	\$	303,637	\$	495,200	\$	849,947

- (a) Amounts do not include unamortized discounts and/or premiums.
- (b) Future minimum rental payments under the terms of all non-cancelable ground leases under which the Company is the lessee are expensed on a straight-line basis regardless of when payments are due.

The Company intends to refinance its mortgage notes payable as they become due or repay those that are secured by properties being sold. The Company expects to renegotiate its Credit Facility prior to maturity or extend its term.

We are a party to an agreement with one of our Trustees (Donald E. Axinn) in which we agreed to fund \$5.5 million in September 2010 to acquire a fifty percent interest in an approximately 141,725 square foot office building located at 101 Paragon Drive, Montvale, New Jersey. Our agreement provides for proceeds of our \$5.5 million payment to be used (together with funds provided by Mr. Axinn) to repay in full the third party loan that encumbers this property.

As part of our purchase of the TRC Properties in September 2004, the Operating Partnership agreed to issue to the sellers up to a maximum of \$9.7 million of Class A Units of the Operating Partnership if certain of the acquired properties achieve at least 95% occupancy prior to September 21, 2007. At June 30, 2005, the maximum amount payable under this arrangement was \$6.7 million.

As part of the TRC acquisition, we acquired our interest in Two Logan Square, a 696,477 square foot office building in Philadelphia, primarily through a second and third mortgage secured by this property. We currently do not expect to take title to Two Logan Square until, at the earliest, September 2019. In the event that we take title to Two Logan Square upon a foreclosure of our mortgage, we have agreed to make a payment to an unaffiliated third party with a residual interest in the fee owner of this property. The amount of the payment would be \$0.6 million if we must pay a state and local transfer upon taking title, and \$2.9 million if no transfer tax is payable upon the transfer.

In our acquisition of the TRC Properties and several of our other acquisitions, we agreed not to sell the acquired properties. In the case of the TRC Properties, we agreed not to sell the acquired properties for periods ranging from three to 15 years from the acquisition date as follows: 201 Radnor Financial Center, 555 Radnor Financial Center and 300 Delaware Avenue (three years); One Rodney Square and 130/150/170 Radnor Financial Center (10 years); and One Logan Square, Two Logan Square and Radnor Corporate Center (15 years). We also own 14 properties that aggregate 1.0 million square feet and have agreed not to sell these properties for periods that expire through 2008. These agreements generally provide that we may dispose of the subject Properties only in transactions that qualify as tax-free exchanges under Section 1031 of the Code or in other tax deferred transactions. In the event that we sell any of the properties within the applicable restricted period in non-exempt transactions, we have agreed to pay significant tax liabilities that would be incurred by the parties who sold us the applicable property.

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We invest in our Properties and regularly incur capital expenditures in the ordinary course to maintain the Properties. We believe that such expenditures enhance the competitiveness of the Properties. We also enter into construction, utility and service contracts in the ordinary course of business which may extend beyond one year. These contracts include terms that provide for cancellation with insignificant or no cancellation penalties.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Market risk is the exposure to loss resulting from changes in interest rates, commodity prices and equity prices. In pursuing its business plan, the primary market risk to which the Company is exposed is interest rate risk. Changes in the general level of interest rates prevailing in the financial markets may affect the spread between the Company s yield on invested assets and cost of funds and, in turn, the Company s ability to make distributions or payments to its shareholders. While the Company has not experienced any significant credit losses, in the event of a significant rising interest rate environment and/or economic downturn, defaults could increase and result in losses to the Company which adversely affect its operating results and liquidity.

There have been no material changes in Quantitative and Qualitative disclosures in 2005 from the disclosures included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004. Reference is made to Item 7 included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 and the caption Liquidity and Capital Resources under Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

- (a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures. The Company s Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer, after evaluating the effectiveness of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, have concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- (b) Changes in internal controls over financial reporting. There was no change in the Company s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this quarterly report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Not applicable.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table summarizes the share repurchases during the three-month period ended June 30, 2005:

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	Total Number of Shares Purchased (A)		Average Price Paid Per Share		Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs		Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
2005							
April		— 5	\$	—		—	762,000
May		5	\$				762,000
June		_5	\$	_		_	762,000
				-		-	
Total		5	\$	_		_	762,000

⁽A) Rep resent Common Shares cancelled by the Comp any upon vesting of restricted Common Shares previously awarded to Comp any employees, in satisfaction of tax withholding obligations.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

We incorporate by reference the disclosure contained in Part II, Item 5 of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2005 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2005. This disclosure summarizes the voting results at our annual meeting of shareholders held on May 2, 2005.

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits

- 12.1 Statement re Computation of Ratios
- 31.1 Certification Pursuant to 13a-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- 31.2 Certification Pursuant to 13a-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- 32.1 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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SIGNATURES OF REGISTRANT

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BRANDYWINE REALTY TRUST

(Registrant)

Date: August 18, 2005 By: /s/ Gerard H. Sweeney

Gerard H. Sweeney, President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 18, 2005 By: /s/ Christopher P. Marr

Christopher P. Marr, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 18, 2005 By: /s/ Timothy M. Martin

Timothy M. Martin, Vice President-Finance and Chief Accounting Officer

(Principal Accounting Officer)